

REPORT OF THE MYSORE PAY COMMISSION 1966-1968

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CHAPTER 47 Mysore Government Secretariat

Section attached to the General Administration Department The staffing pattern is uniform in almost all the sections riz.

One Section Officer.

One Senior Assistant.

Two Assistants,

One Junior Assistant

One Dalayat

This structure is based on the work load of 8 effective receipts per Assistant per day

47.5 The Organisation and Methods Section may assess and review the work load periodically and make its suggestions for modifications in the strength of the Sections and their distribution wherever necessity.

General Administration Department

Accounts Section

47.6 The Accounts Section in the Secretariat is responsible for all bill relating to the Secretariat Organisation The salary bill is prepared and encashed by this Section and the amount is sent to the Departments concerned where the silary due to individual officials is dishursed. The work in this Section in generally of a mechanical nature This Section consists of 2 Section Officers, Senior Assistants 8 Assistants (one doing the work of Cashier) and 5 Junior Assistants As there may not be much noting work in this Section the services of Semor Assistants may not be necessary. They may be replaced by Assistants The officials working in this Section are in receipt of a Special Pay equivalent to 10 per cent of the pay on the ground that the nature of their work is arduous. As pointed out earlier the work done in this section is primarily of a routine and mechanical nature The Commission has suggested in Chapter 9 that necessary equipment like the Bradma machines may be installed for the repetitive items of work and if this recommendation were to be accepted the work in this section minght become so simple that the existing staff could be reduced by at least 30 per cent. This question may be examined after the equipment is installed and brought into use. There is however, no case for the payment of Special Pay to the officials in this section and it may be discontinued. The special pay to be granted to the cashier may however be determined in accordance with the principles In I down in this behalf in Chapter 5

Registry Section

47.7 Each So returnst Department has a Registry Section. This a ctire consists of one Senior Assistant leaguage I as the Registry four Junior Assistants and four Dilaysts. The work of the Junior Assistants is to distribute and recepts and a fill term on to the sections and a fill difference received from the various sections in cloud covers to the 40 nearly Depart Is States as Charles on Junior 114 organization and Medicale Sectional and Italiant while the Junior Assistants in Charles of receipts were heavily worked during the

first half of the day with almost no work in the second half; the Junior Assistants of despatch had very lieavy work in the latter of the day and almost no work in the former half. It was, therefore suggested in the Study Report that all the Junior Assistants might handle receipts in the first half of the day primarily and the despatches in the second half of the day primarily. This arrangement may be tried. The Registry is not required to maintain any account of Service Stamps as the actual despatch is done in the General Despatch Section. It has been suggested that the Registry Section could be entrusted with some more work, namely, comparing of fair copies, supervision of Typing Pool, securing articles of stationery for the Department, collecting and consolidating information relating to the Department for purposes of answering Assembly Questions etc. It was also urged before the Commission that entrusting these items of work to the Registry Section would ensure co-ordination and better efficiency and keep the staff of the Section fully engaged, and, as this addition would increase the responsibilities of the Registrar in the Registry Section, it would be appropriate to apprade the post of Senior Assistant (Registrar) to that of a Section Officer. After carefully considering the nature of work proposed to be entrusted to the Registry Section, the Commission is of the view that the rontine duties proposed to be entrused to the Registry Section may keep the Section adequately employed, but will not simultaneously increase the responsibilities of the Registrar to such an extent as to justify the upgrading of the post to that of a Section Officer. The Commission, therefore, considers that no change in the structure of the Registry Section is warranted even after entrusting the proposed additional work and that the Senior Assistant may continue to Remain as the Registrar of the Registry Section.

General Despatch Section

47.8. This is under the supervision of one Assistant. The work of despatch is done by 8 Junior Assistants. This section maintains the Stamp Account. No change in the set up of this section is called for for the present. The number of Junior Assistants may be reduced by 4 when the "addressing machine" (Bradma) referred to earlier is installed and brought into use.

General Records Section

47.9. This section is in charge of a Section Officer assisted by 6 Assistants, 7 Junior Assistants, 1 Typist and 18 Class IV Officers. The Attenders in the Vidhana Soudha are under his control and assist the departments in securing the files required by them. It may be mentioned that the Attenders have been withdrawn from the Departments and their services are being utilised in the General Records Section. There are 28 Attenders now attached to this section but all of them may not be required in this section. They must be assigned regular work elsewhere after retaining the minimum number required for the Records Section. It has been suggested in Chapter 4 (iii) that such of the Attenders as have passed S.S.L.C. Examination might be promoted as Second Division Clerks or Junior Assistants, that the other Attenders might be retained in that eadre

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Ore Junior Assistant

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till they retire but that no fresh recruitment need be made to this cadre 28. Atteaders are not really required in the General Records Section and thur number is surprisingly by They could be posted at the rate of one circle to the Registry sections attached to the Department and to the General Despatch Section retrenching corresponding nomber of posts of Junior Assistants. Even though they may not be able to attend to the full work load of Junior Assistants generally they should be able to attend to routine work expected of them in these general branches particularly in view of the simplification of work recommended. The other attenders may continue in the General Records Section.

Multigraph Section

47.10 This Section is in the charge of the Section Officer of the General Records, assisted by trained Attenders who attend to copying of stencil sheets or anothines. The work of the entire Section and the Planning Department where there are separate machines is carried out in this Section. Although the centralisation of this work has the disadvantage of resulting in avoidable delay, the alternative method of his major a machine for every Department would be equally disadvantageous in the sense that the machines are sure to remain idle for want of sufficient work and entail a lititional cost which woold not be justifiable. Each department may send an intimation to the branch at least one or two days in advance, indicating the volume of work it proposes to sand firs stencilling and the dated by which it expects the work to be kept ready system will help the branch to adjust its work on priority basis so that argent items of work are attended to promptly. With this modification, the present arrangement may continue

Personal Establishments of Ministers

4711 The Personal Letablishments of Ministers, Ministers of State and Deputy Ministers consist of—

Ministers

•
1 (Class II or Higher (ir) le)
2
1
1 (if require 1)
4 (mela ling 2 Cycle Or lethes)
linu'ers of S ate
1 (Clara II er lower grade)
2

Assistant Unior Assistant I fiften pred)

Cass IV Officers 4 (including 2 Cycle Orderlies)

Deputy Ministers

Assistant

Junior Assistant 1 (if required)

Stenographer

Class IV Officers 3 (including one Cycle Orderly).

In a democratic set up, citizens are bound to approach the Ministers directly as they think that their business would be attended to more expeditiously by such approach than through the local officers or that their business even if strictly not in accordance with the rules will still be done if they approach the Ministers. In an ideal set of circumstances the genuine grievances of a citizen should be attended to expeditiously even if he approaches the authority at the lowest level competent to give relief and if the grievance is not genuine and cannot be redressed according to the rules, it should make no difference even if the highest authority is approached. It is essential that all concerned should create such an atmosphere by their precept and example. If a citizen realises that he will get what is justly due to him and with greater facility by approaching the local officers he would naturally prefer to do so. The general issues relating to this question have been discussed in Chapter 9.

- 47.12. In most cases, the Ministers send the petitions to the Sccretary for verification and report instead of directing the party to approach the concerned competent authority or marking the petition to such authority for disposal; this sets the entire administrative machinery in motion and adds to their work to find ultimately that possible relief had already been given to the party or that Government cannot under the rules interfere in the matter. The Private Secretaries may be authorised in such cases to send the petitions, letters etc., direct to the lowest authority competent to handle the cases for disposal; such a course would lead to reduction of routine work at the Secretariat and other levels. It may be desirable in such cases to advise the party also to approach the concerned competent authority and not to pursue the matter from the top. Apart from such cases, there are several others in which the Ministers send the petitions, letters, etc., to the Secretary to Government for disposal and these are sent down after observing all the formalities increasing the work in the Department.
 - 47.13 The Personal Establishments of the Chief Secretary and other Secretaries to Government consist of—

Cheif Secretary to Government. 3 Stenographers and one Junior Assistant.

Secretaries to Government. 2 Stenographers and one Junior Assistant.

Joint Secretaries and Deputy 1 Stenographer and one Junior Assistant.

Secretaries to Government.

When the Secretariat Departments were reorganised in 1963, the Chief Secretary was given 2 Stenographers and 2 Junior-Assistants and other Secretaries to Govern ment one Stenographer and 2 Junior Assistants. As regards Joint Secretaries, no pattern was prescribed and every Deputy Secretary was given one Stenographer and one. Junior Assistant. For the sake of convenience, some of the Secretaries

to Government have got the posts of Junior Assistants converted 10to those of Stenographers. It has been recommended in Chapter 9 that tape recorders might be given to the Officers who are entitled to have Stenographers. As and when tape recorders are provided to Secretaries to Government, the strength of the Personal Establishments may consist of one Stenographer and one Typist. The pattern of establishment applicable to Secretaries to Government should also be made equally applicable to the Additional Secretaries to Government. The Joint Secretaries and the Deputy Secretaries to Government may each be given one Steoographer and one Junior Assistant.

Organisation and Methods Section

- 47 14 The Planning Commission stressed in its Second Five Year Plan proposals on the need for setting up special units for "Organisation and Methods" as part of the nermal machinery of State Administration in order to provide for a pool of technically trained persons on whose experience the various departments could draw and suggested that the State Governments might get their staff trained at the Directorate of Organisation and Methods at New Delhi
- 47 15 There is a small "Organisation and Methods" Wing in the General Administration Department
- 47.10 The Resources and Economy Committee had suggested in para 3.103 (pages 135-136) of its Report that the Organisation and Methods Wing should be further expanded and reorgonized to deal with administrative and service matters concerning all Government Departments and to bring about inter departmental inderstanding and co-ordination. The Committee also suggested that the following specific functions might be entrusted to this Wing
 - (1) Scrutiny of proposals for additional staff , and
 - (ii) watching implementation of policy decisions and important orders of Government

The Secretary to Government, Home Department, is designated coocurrently as Special Secretary (Organisation and Methods) and he is assisted by one Deputy Secretary, one Under Secretary, three Section Officers one Work Study Analysis, four Senior Assistants. 4 Assistants and 3 Junior Assistants. It is represented that for want of adequate staff, the Organisation and Methods Wing is somewhat liandicapped in attending to its work, that this section should be attengished and there should be a whole time Secretary for this Wing. The Commission has examined this matter and has made its recommendations in Chapter 3 in this regard.

Hospitality Organisation

- 47.17 The Hospitality Organization at Delhi consists of an Assistant Engineer cum Reception O'neer in the scale of pay of the που -10-1000 (this post is temporary), three Class III posts and a number of Class IV posts in different scales of pay
- 47 In The Hospitalite Organisation within the State condition of one Superpotential of brate Guest Houses in the water for the unit 1000-25-250 with

- a special pay of Rs. 30 per month, two Managers (Grade I) in the scale of pay of Rs. 250—15—310—20—470 with a special pay of Rs. 15 per month and three Managers (Grade II) in the scale of pay of Rs. 180—10—320; there are five Accountant-cum-I Division Clerks, seven II Division Clerks and a Typist. There are also a large number of Class IV Officials, viz., Butlers, Drivers, Cleaners etc.
- 47.19. Expenditure on State Hospitality Organisation has been commented upon both by Mr. Gorwala and the Mysore Resources and Economy Committee. While Mr. Gorwala suggested the sale of Government cars kept at the Residency, closing down of Government Guest Houses and reduction in the scale of entertainments given by Ministers, the Resources and Economy Committee felt that some expenditure on the organisation was inevitable but suggested that it should be considerably reduced. It was stated that the net expenditure in 1960-61 was about 5 lakhs and the Committee suggested that the expenditure should be reduced to Rupees 2 lakhs. In view of its importance, the Hospitality Organisation at New Delhi may be necessary but the status of the Officer and the number of subordinates can be conveniently reduced. The utility of the Organisation in the State is not clear. Instead of incurring expenditure on Guest Houses, it may be possible for Government to have some arrangement with some reputed Hotels in Bangalore. As this Organisation entails considerable expenditure, it may be wound up as soon as possible and, in any case, after the 'Five Star Hotel' is commissioned, as accommodation and other facilities can be provided to the Government Guests in Hotels appropriate to their status.
 - 47.20. After winding up the Hospitality Organisation in the State, it would not be necessary to maintain a flect of cars. The vehicles under the control of the Organisation may be handed over to the Mysore State Road Transport Corporation on payment of book value. Government may engage vehicles for the use of their guests by taking them on hire from the Corporation at rates to be mutually agreed upon.

Library

- 47.21. There are two libraries in the Secretariat—one attached to the Law Department and the other to the General Administration Department. The General Library is intended for general reading and reference. The library in the Law Department is mainly for the use of the officers of that Department in connection with all legal matters, There is, in addition, a library for the use of the Legislative Department and the Legislature. The total budget provision for all these libraries is about Rs. 60,000.
- 47.22. The Librarian in charge of the General Library holds a Diploma in Library Science and is assisted by one Assistant, two Junior Assistants and two Class IV Officials. He is in the scale of pay of the Senior Assistant and gets a special pay of Rs. 20 per month.
- 47.23. The Librarian in charge of the Law Library is an Assistant who has undergone Certificate Training Course (shorter course) in Library Science and is

assisted by one Class IV official. He is in the scale of pay of an Assistant and draws a special pay of Rs. 15 per month

- 47.24 . The Librarian in the Legislsture Secretariat is in the scale of $\,$ pay of Rs. $\,250{-}20{-}350{-}25{-}500$
- 47.25 The Librarian attached to the Law Department has requested that bis special pay might be raised to Rs. 50 in view of the ardious nature of the work entrusted to him, whereas the Librarian of the General Libraria has requested that his scale of pay might he raised to that of a Section Officer. As the duties performed by the Librarian are not on par with those of a Section Officer there is no case for equating the scale of pay of the Librarian attached to the General Libraria to that of a Section Officer. He may, however, continue to draw the existing Special Pay. The special pay given to the Librarian attached to the Law Department may also be raised from Rs. 15 to Rs. 20 per month.
- 47.26 The Commission also went into the question whether the three 1 ibraries could be merged into one. The hooks maintained in the Law I ibmry and in the Legislature Secretariat Library are of a nature which are different from the hooks maintained in the General Library. Besides, they would be required for ready reference by the departmental officers very often. In one these books are given to a common library, the officers of the Law Department and the Legislature Secretariat may not be able to get reference books in time and without delay. In these circumstances, the Commission is of the view that the three libraries may continue as separate entities.
- 47.27 The Commission also recommends that each Department may have a small departmental Library and each Officer may have a complete set of up to date Act and Rules pertaining to the work which he is handling
- 47.28 The General Administration Department has requested the Commission to tons let the feasibility of creating a post of I ibrary Skilled Helper in the scale of pay of Rs 70-2-90-3-110, as such a helper would be very useful in attending to indexing, issuing of books etc. The General Administration Department has also suggested that this post might be filled by promotion of a Class IV official who has been doing this type of work for a long time and I that he is in the scale of pay of n Dalayat. The Commission considers that while it may not be recessary to create a post of a skilled helper in an isolated calife one slightly higher scale of pay than that of Dalayats it would not be fair to expect an official in the extegors of Dalayats to attend to this relatively important and skilled work on his own; is and accordingly recommends that the efficial doing this work may be given a small special pay of Rs 10 per measure as this would alequately serve the parpose.
- 47.29 It was also suggested to the Commission that the General Library should be kept oven an bour before and an Eour after the $\sigma^{m}r_0$ hours. The

Commission considers this to be a reasonable suggestion and accordingly recommends that this arrangement may be tried for a period of six months or one year instance and in ease the library attracts a reasonably large number of readers both before and after office hours, this system may continue on a permanent basis.

Watch and Ward

The Watch and Ward staff comprises Class IV Officers working under the control of the General Administration Department (Executive). There is also a Police Outpost attached to the Vidhana Soudha and a Security Officer in the rank of Sub-Inspector of Police. The Commission was informed that the present Watch and Ward system was not very effective, as by and large Class IV Officers who were not found fit for work in the Sections or with officers were posted to this The Commission considers that the Watch and Ward staff should be eventually replaced by appointing competent and smart ex-Servicemen or by taking on deputation competent and smart constables from the Police Department. Obviously the number of ex-Servieemen or Policemen required work would be less than the Watch and Ward staff employed for this work as with their training and background such ex-Servicemen or Policemen would be able to discharge their duties more effectively than the present Class IV Officers. They could be placed under the direct control of the Security Officer. IV staff rendered surplus could be transferred to the Field Offices preferably to the home district of the employee concerned.

Community Bath Rooms

47.31. The Commission was informed that the condition of the Community Both Rooms in the Vidhana Soudha left much to be desired and that the present standard of maintenance might have to be improved. The Commission is of the view that a Health Inspector may be taken on deputation from the Department of Health and Family Planning Services to see that there are no complaints about the insanitary conditions of bath rooms in the Vidhana Soudha. Such an officer may be attached to the Executive Section of the General Administration Department.

Lunch Room Facilities

47.32. It was represented by some of the officials of the Secretariat Departments that proper lunch room facilities had not been provided in the Secretariat and that the small room at present provided was neither suitable nor sufficient for this purpose and that officials have, therefore, to take their lunch in their rooms or seek some place in the parks. It is true that only a small percentage of officials in the Vidhana Soudha might be requiring lunch room facilities as most of them go to hotels and restaurants for their lunch. Even so, it may be necessary to have one lunch room in every floor of the Vidhana Soudha building. In ease this is not possible, some arrangement may be provided somewhere near the Secretariat building. Each lunch room should have a few tables and chairs or benches and water facilities. One watchmen may be entrusted with the duties to see that the lunch rooms are kept neat and clean and always in a hygienic condition and that

they are not misused. The cost involved in providing this facility may not be much, but the satisfaction derived by this arrangement will be of immense value and would adequately compensate the little cost involved in providing auch facilities

Law Cells and Finance Cells

47 33 Frequent references are made to the Law Department and the Finance Department even in relatively unimportant matters by several Departments of the Secretaria. Such references cannot, however, he avoided under the Rules of Business and in the larger interests of Government. In order to obviate such frequent references to these Departments and minimise delay in the disposal of such files, the Commission has suggested the constitution of 'Law Cells' and Finance Cells' in Clapter 3.

Education Department

47.34 It was represented before the Commission both by the Gazetted Officers' Association and the Secretary to Government, Fducation Department that the work in the Education Department had considerably increased and it was therefore, necessary to create one more post of Joint Secretary or Deputy Secretary in the Department. The Chief Secretary to Government was of the view that the work in the Education Department had considerably increased and that an additional post of Deputy Secretary might have to be created. The Commission also considered the question whether by suitable delegation of powers to the Under Secretaries the work of the Deputy Secretary could not be reduced. This was, however not found feasible. The Commission, therefore, agrees to the proposal that one post of Deputy Secretary may be created in the Education. Department This I as been dealt with while discussing the revised set up of all. Departments of the Secretariat in Chapter.

Finance Department

- 47 35 The Finance Department has requested for the creation of additional posts in the Department on the ground that the work in the Budget Section has considerably increased and is continuing to increase the Commission in this regard are made in Chapter 3
- 47.36 As far as the Secretariat Service is concerned in the necessary that a certain percentage of officers of the Indian Administrative Service (Mysore Administrative Service cadres are also drawn at the Deputy Secretaries' and Under Secretaries levels in the larger interest of the public service. The existing system in this regard may continue.
- 47.37 Officers of the Subordinate Judiciary are also appointed in the Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs as their experience and knowledge as Prevaling, Officers of Courts will be useful to Government. This aveter may also continue in the interest of efficience. However, while selecting outsiders, only competent efficers may be taken to the Sectetariat. It would be desirable for Government to select these officers in consultation with the High Court, after to king into the Confidential Reports of the Officers concerned if necessary. The

Commission is of the view that only Munsiffs who have put in not less than seven years of service may be selected for the posts of Under Secretaries.

Cadre and Recruitment Rules and Scales of Pay Chief Secretary to Government:—(1)

47.38. The appointment to this post is made in accordance with the Indian Administrative Service Cadre Rules. Although no specific provision is made to this effect, the appointment is made by selection from the officers holding supertime scale posts in the Indian Administrative Service. The Mysore Secretariat Services Recruitment Rules, 1957, do not provide for the mode of recruitment to this post. The Commission considers that specific provision may be made in the Mysore Secretariat Service Recruitment Rules, 1957 to provide for appointment to the post of Chief Secretary.

Secretaries to Government:—(12)

- 47.39. Appointments to the posts of Secretaries are made in accordance with the Indian Administrative Service Cadre Rules. The Secretaries are in the senior time scale or the selection grade of the Indian Administrative Service. They get their pay in the time scale applicable to them and a special pay of Rs. 150 per month. This arrangement may continue in the case of Secretaries in the time scale/selection grade.
- 47.40. The Commissioner for Land Reforms is functioning as the ex-officio Secretary, Revenue Department and the Development Commissioner is concurrently functioning as the Secretary, Planning and Social Welfare Department. Both these Officers are in the supertime scale of the Indian Administrative Service. The Commission has made its recommendations in regard to the future set up of the Secretariat at the level of Secretaries and other officers in Chapter 3. In the revised set up as proposed some of the Secretaries will be in the supertime scale and the others in the time-scale/selection grade of the Indian Administrative Service. No special pay need be given to the Officers in the supertime scale.

Secretary to Government and Additional Secretary to Government,

Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs:—(2)

47.41. Appointment to these posts is made from the cadre of District Judges. They draw the pay in the scale of pay applicable to them in the cadre of District Judges and a special pay of Rs. 150 per month. This arrangement may continue.

Joint Secretaries to Government:—(3)

47.42. At present, there are post of Joint Secretaries in the Public Works Department and the Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs. In the Public Works Department the post is filled by the appointment of a Chief Engineer and it carries a special pay of Rs. 150 per month. It has already been indicated in Chapter 3 that the post of Joint Secretary, Public Works Department might be upgraded to that of Additional Secretary. The Chief Engineer appointed as the

Additional Secretary may be given a special pay of Rs 150 per month in addition to the pay which he draws in the time scale of pay admissible to him

- 47 43 It has also been recommended in that Chapter that the Director of Agriculture might be appointed concurrently as Additional Secretary in the Agriculture and Forest Department. He may also be given a special pay of Rs. 150 per month so long as he functions as Additional Secretary.
- 47 44 In the Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs, one post of Joint Secretary is filled by appointment of a District Jadge and carries a special pay of Rs 150 per month. This arrangement may continue. The other post of Joint Secretary is filled by promotion of the Deputy Draftsman and cz officio Deputy Secretary and is in the scale of pay of Rs 1,100—50—1,200—60—1 800 this post also carries a special pay Rs 160 per month. He is entrusted with the duties relating to drafting of legislation and subordinate legislation. The scale of pay for this post when held by an Officer of the Secretariat Service may be revised as Rs 1,300—60—1,600—50—1,800 but no special pay need he given to him. If this post is held by a District Judge, the Officer concerned may draw bis pay in the scale applicable to him and he may be given a special pay of Rs 150 per month.
- 47.45 There are no posts of Joint Secretaries in other Departments in the Secretariat. The work study has, however, disclosed that in certain departments there is very heavy work necessitating relief to the Secretary of such Departments. This has been discussed separately in Chapter 3. Having regard to the duties and responsibilities of this post, the Commission considers that the scale of pay for these posts, when created may be thosame as that for the Joint Secretary, Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs when filled by a Secretariat Service. Officer. When this post is filled by taking an Officer from other Departments such Officer might opt either to this scale or retain the scale applicable to him in the parnet Department, he may be given special pay of Rs. 150 per month in the latter event.
- 47 46 The Commission has taken note of the fact that the Secretariat Officers have promotional chances to the extent of 75 per cent of the vacancies in the cadre of Under Secretaries and 50 per cent in the cadre of Deputy Secretaries and is of the view that a small proportion in the new cadre of Joint Secretaries is also necessary. The Commission accordingly recommends that the posts of Joint Secretaries and when created, other than those in the Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs and the Public Works and Electricity Department may be filled to the extent of
 - (i) 25 percent by promotion from the cadre of Deputy Secretaries on the hash of selection, and
 - (n) 73 per cent by appointment of Officers in the senior ture scale of pay of the Indian Administrative Service or the Mysore Administrative Service

The Rules for Recoustness to these posts may be framed accordingly

- 50 per cent of these posts are filled by promotion by selection of Under Secretaries who have put in a minimum service of three years as Under Secretaries. Six posts are encadred in the senior time-seale of the Indian Administrative Service and the remaining posts are filled by transfer of officers from the senior seale of the Mysorc Administrative Service. The present modes of recruit-The Officers of these Services draw pay in the scales of pay ment may continue. applicable to them in their own services, viz., Rs. 900-1,800 and Rs. 900-1300, respectively. The Commission considers that having regard to the duties and responsibilities of the Deputy Secretaries, the scale of pay for these posts when held by officers of the Secretariat Service may be revised as Rs. 900-40-1,100-50-1.300. Officers of the Indian Administrative Service and the Mysore Administrative Service may, however, draw their pay in the scales of pay admissible to them and be given in addition a special pay of Rs. 100 per month. Officers of other Departments posted as Deputy Secretaries may be given the option of eoming lover under the Secretariat scales of pay as fixed for the Deputy Secretaries of the Secretariat service or to retain the scales of pay applicable to them in their parent departments and if they opt for the latter, they may be given special pay of Rs. 100 per month in addition to their pay in the scale of pay as applicable to them in the parent department.
 - 47.48. Two posts of Deputy Secretaries in the Public Works Department are filled by taking on deputation officers holding the rank of Executive Engineers from the Public Works Department. They may continue.
 - 47.49. The following are the special posts held as ex-o fficio posts of Deputy Secretaries:—
 - (1) Deputy Draftsman and ex-officio Deputy Secretary, Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs, filled by promotion of Assistant Draftsman and ex-officio Under Secretary, Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs—Scale of pay Rs. 600—1,000;
 - (2) Solieitor and cx-officio Deputy Secretary and Additional Solicitor and ex-officio Deputy Secretary in the Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs filled either by taking on deputation an Officer of the Judicial Service holding the post of Subordinate (Civil) Judge or any post superior to that or by promotion of Assistant Solicitor and ex-officio Under Secretary, Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs:
 - (3) Gold Control Officer and ex-officio Deputy Secretary, Finance Department, held at present by the Director of Treasuries;
 - (4) Budget Officer and ex-officio Deputy Secretary, Finance Department, in the scale of pay of Rs. 800—40—1,000—50—1,200 plus special pay of Rs. 100 per month;

- (5) Special Officer and exofficio Deputy Secretary, Finance D partment held by an Officer of the rank of Assistant Accountant General in his scale of pay with a special pay of Rs 100per month
- 47 50 The Badget Officer and exoffices Deputy Scretary, Finance Depart ment is in a scale of pay which is higher than that of a D puty Secretary but lower than that of a Joint Secretary. Baving regard to the complicated nature of the work of the Officer and the position be occupies in the set up of the Finance Department, the Commission recommends that the post of Budget Officer may be upgraded to that of a Joint Secretary. The scale of pay for the existing mean bent may be revised as Bis 1,100-50-1,300-60-1,600 as long as he continues in the present post. The special pay which he is now drawing may however, be discontinued as in the case of the other Officers of the Secretariat Service. As regards the other exoffice posts the present mode of recruitment may contiane, the officers holding these posts may early their scales of pay in the parent departments and get a special pay of its 100 per month.

Under Secretaries to Government (72)-(Rs 350-25-650-30-800) plus special pay of Rs 75 per month

47 51 According to the Rules of Recruitment, appointment to these posts is made upto 75% of the vacancies by promotion from the cadre of Section Officers who have put in 6 years of service or so on the basis of seniority cum merit and the remaining vacancies by transfer of Class I (Junior Scale) Officers from the non Secretariat Departments on tenure basis for a period of not mor than three years It was represented to the Commission that these posts might be filled exclusively by promotion of persons from the cadre of Section Officers astle Union Secretaries were the Junior most Officers empowered to take netion by or l r and in the name of the Governor' As these Officers were responsible for suggesting courses of action it was stated that experience in Secretarist might have to be the only criterion for appointment to these posts. It was also used that the promotional opportunities of Secretariat Officers which were mengre should not be affected The Commission having ear fully examined all aspects of the matter is of the view that while promotional opportunities may be affir led to the Officers of the Secretariat in this coder it may also to be a training ground for the Officers of the Mysore Admin stratise Servi e and of the other D partin ats like the Public Works D partment in the working of the Governmental Or attention at the Healquarters which the Commission fels is essertial in a democratic set un In this saw, the Commission age es with the view extre sel la the Masore Resources and I Conomy Committe that an interchange of the cretariat and field staff is desiral I. There is no rule prevaling for appointment of Uniter 5 retain a in charge of equivalent posts in the con Secretar at Departine, ta except in of for the system of field training. The Commission considers that an Under Secretary should be placed in charge of a fett office like say a Perence ful Dair n for the same tenure as a con-Secretarist Officer is transferre lan lie stellas Uniter Secretary Such an arrangement would be alvantage is to be he the individual and the alministration. The interclarge of officers should be an design view I wis

and without prejudice to the promotional prospects of the Officers in the Secretariat. Appropriate amendments may be made to the relevant Cadre and Recruitment Rules relating to non-Secretariat Departments.

- 47.52. At present, the scales of pay for the post of Under Secretary to Government and the junior scale in Mysore Administrative Service (Class I) are identical except that the former carries a special pay of Rs. 75 per month. The scale of pay for the officers in the Secretariat service appointed as Under Secretaries may be fixed as Rs. 450—30—660—EB—40—900 taking into consideration the duties and responsibilities attached to these posts. No special pay need be given to them. Officers of other departments posted as Under Secretaries may be given the option of either coming under the Secretariat scales of pay or retaining the scale of pay applicable to them in their parent Departments and if they opt for the latter, they may be given a special pay of Rs. 75 per month.
- 47.53. One post of Under Secretary in the Public Works Department is filled by taking on deputation an Assistant Engineer from the Public Works Department. This post may be retained.
- 47.54 The following are the special posts held as ex-officio posts of Under Secretaries:—
 - (1) Special Officer (Pensions), Finance Department; this posts is not filled at present but orders have been issued posting an officer as the Special Officer;
 - (2) Assistant Draftsmen and ex-officio Under Sccretaries, Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs (two posts) filled by transfer from the cadre of Munsiffs; and one post filled by promotion by selection of Section Officers;
 - (3) Assistant Solicitor and ex-officio Under Secretary to Government, Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs (two posts) filled by transfer from the cadre of Munsiffs.
- 47.55 The existing arrangements and designations may continue. Section Officers: (142)—(Rs. 250—20—350—25—500)
- 47.56 The existing scale of pay for these posts corresponds to the scale o pay of Class II Officers of the Mysore Administrative Service. This includes the two posts of Section Officers in the drafting sections of the Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs. According to the Rules of Recruitment the Section Officers (other than those in the drafting section) are appointed by promotion from the eadre of Senior Assistants on the basis of seniority-cum-merit. This mode of recruitment may continue. The Section Officers constitute an important link between the Under Secretary and the Case Worker and are responsible for maintaining discipline in the sections and ensuring prompt disposal of work at elerical level. They are also responsible for training the Assistants in the working of the Secretariat and they are required themselves personally to handle complicated cases entrusted to them. The posts of Section Officers were formerly designated

as Superintendents and were in the non-gazetted cadre; they were upgraded to Class II Gazetted Cadre without any change in the scales of pay. It was proposed that a special pay of Rs. 35 might be sanctioned to Section Officers The Commission considers that the additional duties of Section Officers are not enough to justify grant of special pay. Haxing regard to the duties and responsibilities of Section Officers and on the general principles relating to higher scales of pay it Secretariat level, the Commission considers that the scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. 275—20-375—ER-25 325 The Commission also considers that the gazetted status of these posts may continue

47.57. There are two posts of Section Officers in the Drafting Sections of the Department of Law and Parliamentary Affors for which separate Rules of Recruitment bave been made providing for (1) promotion of Drafting Assistants, (11) transfer of Section Officers who hold a Degree in Law and are conversant with practice and procedures of Legislature; have good knowledge of Constitutional Law and are able to draft Bills and Statutory Drafts, and (3) direct recruitment of persons holding a Degree in Law preferably a Master's Degree in Law and bave experience of drafting Bills etc. At present, it appears no direct recruitment has been made to these posts. The work relating to diffiting of legislation is of a highly technical nature and long experience in this kind of work is required to ensure the required standard of efficiency. The Commission considers that the post mny be filled by prometion of Drafting Assistants subject to the condition that they have put in a service of not less than 5 years as Drafting Assistants The Commission also considers that this and the transfer of Section Officers of the Secretariat who possess the required qualifications are adequate to meet all contingencies, and that recourse to direct recruitment to these posts as provided for at present should be had only if suitable candidates for promotion are not The Recruitment Rules may be suitably amended. The scale of pay for the posts of Section Officers (Drafting) may be the same as for other Section Officers in the Secretariat. The Gazelted status of these posts may also continue

Senior Issistante: (149)-(Rs. 200-10-250-15-355-20-115]

47.58 The cadre was created for the first time in the Secretarist in the year 1904 for creating a class of experienced. Assistants who would work under the principle of 'level-jumping' thus quickening the prior of disposal of work and affording relief to the Section Officers and to a certain extent providing promotional opportunities in lower non-gazetted cadres. According to the Rules of Recruitment, these posts are filled (i) by promotion on the basis of semioritiscium merit of Assistants who have put in service as Assistants for not less than five years and (ii) by transfer in every seventh variety of a Selection Grade Semographers, subject in both cases to their lessing passed the prescribed departmental examinations. The scale of pay for the post of Selection Grade Semographer is identical with that of the post of Semon Assistant. The terminous considers that the cydro of Senior Assistants is necessary to create a permit est, stiff of

quality which would in due course contribute to a substantial proportion of qualified candidates for supervisory posts in higher cadres. The Commission recommends that the present modes of appointment to this cadre and the provision for transfer of Selection Grade Stenographers may continue.

47.59. These posts have been created recently to ensure a permanent cadre of Officers in the Drafting Section of the Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs. Appointment to these posts is made (i) by promotion by selection from the cadre of Assistants of persons who possess a Degree in Law and are able to draft Bills, Statutory Rules, Notifications, and (ii) by direct requirement of persons who hold a Degree in Law, preference being given to candidates who have passed in I Class in the Degree Examination in Law or possess a Degree of Master of Laws. The methods of recruitment are reasonable and may continue. For the present, only three posts have been filled by selection of Assistants. If the workload in the Section does not justify filling of the other three posts, they may be abolished. Since Drafting Assistants have to seek promotion in the Drafting Section of the Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs and since the Commission has recommended that the Drafting Assistants should have put in a minimum service of 5 years in that cadre for being considered for promotion as Section Officers, (Drafting) the Commission considers that the revised scale of pay for the posts of Drafting Assistants and for the Senior Assistants may be the same and may be revised as Rs. 225-10-305-15-350-EB-20-450.

- 47.60 The duties of the Cipher Assistant are in the nature of encoding and decoding of Cipher messages and are of top-secret nature. The Conneil Assistant has been entrusted with this work in addition to his own duties as Council Assistant. It has been suggested that the post of Cipher Assistant might be upgraded to the post of Section Officer in the scale of pay of Rs. 250—20—350—25—500 and the present incumbent continued against this post. In view of the fact that the duties pertaining to the Cipher Assistant and Conneil Assistant are being discharged by one official there is no need to have the post of Cipher Assistant. The duties attached to the post of Cipher Assistant could as well be combined with the duties performed by the Council Assistant. The post of Cipher Assistant may, therefore, be abolished and the post of Council Assistant may be upgraded to that of Section Officer and included in the eadre of Section Officers.
- 47.61. The present incumbent was in the cadre of I Grade Stenographers in the scale of pay of Rs. 130—5—150—8—190—10—270. He has been recently promoted as a Selection Grade Stenographer in the scale of pay of Rs. 200—10—280—15—355—20—415 and transferred to the cadre of Senior Assistants on the same scale of pay. He may be permitted to continue in the revised scale of pay of Senior Assistant, viz., Rs. 225—10—305—15—350—EB—20—450 as long as he continues as Cipher-cum-Council Assistant. He may also be permitted to draw the special pay of Rs. 65 which he has been drawing at present. In future,

p rsons holding the posts of Section Officers may be trained in Cipher work and the post filled by transferring one such officer. He may be given a special pay of Rs 50 per month in addition to the grade pay modified suital by

Personal Issistant to the Chief Secretary (1) -(Rs 250-20-350-25-500)

47 62 Normally, this post is filled on tenure basis by appointment of a Stenographer according to the choice of the Chief Secretary for the time being it appears, however, that the present incumbent was first taken on deputation from the Department of Industries and Commerce and later on confirmed in the post of Personal Assistant to the Chief Secretary. It has been brought to the notice of the Commission that in order to avoid hardship to the individual the post had been upgraded to Class II G wetted cadre in the scale of pay of Rs 250-This is an isolated cadre and the moumbent has, of course no chances of promotion in the regular line in the Secretariat. Had he retained his lien on his post in the parent department and continued on deputition in the Secretarist he would have had his regular promotional opportunities in his parent department He has represented that he might be given a higher scale of pay than at present as he had no chances of pro notion and had nearly resched the maximum su the scale of pay applicable to him. The Commission is satisfied that the duties of the post do not warrant the appointment of an otherslof a status higher than that of a Selection Grade Stenographer. The vale of pay for the past of Personal Assistant to the Chil Secretary may be the same as that for other Sheetion Grade Stenographers. The a so of the present are ambent seeins to be a very neculiar one and in the circumstanc a the Commission considers that the intriost that could be done in his case would be to provide a surtable scale of his applica ble to him personally and accordingly recommends that the scale of the of Rs 275-20-375-IB-25-327 may be given to him se long as he continues in this post

Laft Attenders (8)—(Rs 70—2—80—7—110 (2)—(Rs 100—4—140 (Selection Grade)

47 63. No Rules of Recruitment for the posts of Life Attenlers have been frimed. Appointment to these posts appear to have been an active basis. Appointment to the post of S. Letion Grade. Life Att. lees is until by production of the Life Attenlers. The Commission conclusive their cruitment to the calls of Lafe Attenlers may be useled selection of Class V. Officers who have at least pass. I the VIII S. and and examination and art found to be extreous and will behave I. The Life Attenlers have represent to the Gamin soon if it this reads of passing the enhanced on the ground that some of their half all left it maximum and were structured and it ground that some of their half all left the maximum and were structured and it ground that some of their half all left the residued the work is admission of considering. It may at the most term note in max. Then is a Life Mechanic to attend to the requires, etc. and the work of Life Attenlers is the sucleaced to metals of criticing the life. However, the succession of the continuous matter of the mosts are the sucked of the structure of the some and the sucked of the structure of the some and the structure of the some and the sucked of the structure of the some and the structure of the some some structure of the some some structure of the some some some structure of the some some some some structure of the some section of the some some some structure of the some section of the some some some structure of the some section of the some some some

pay for these posts may be revised as, time-scale Rs. 85—2—95—3—125—EB—4—145 — Selection Grade Rs. 130—5—170—6—200—EB—10—240.

Typewriter Mechanic: (1) (Rs. 100-5-150-6-180-10-200)

- 47.64. The Typewriter Mechanic is entrusted with the work of repairs of all typewriters in the Vidhana Soudha and offices of the State Government within the City of Bangalore. The present incumbent of the post has already reached the maximum of the scale. It appears, in view of the repairs having been managed by this departmental agency, a substantial saving of money which would other wise have to be paid to private firms for carrying out repairs is saved. The present incumbent represented to the Commission that he was formerly a typist and chose to under take the work of a Typewriter Mechanic in 1951 in view of the better scale of pay which the post carried at that time. He has further stated that he had reached the maximum of the scale of pay for the post of Mechanic and that had he continued as a Typist, he would have had an opportunity to seek promotion as a Stenographer, and as such he might be given the scale of pay of Rs. 250-500. The Commission, after taking all aspects of the matter into consideration, is satisfied that the duties of this post do not justify the enhancement of the scale to the extent requested for. The reason that he is stagnating is a personal one. As he was a typist, it may be open to Government to give him the chance to seek promotion, if any, on the basis of his seniority as typist after restoring his lien on the post of a typist. The Commission is of the view that there may have to be a regular programme of work for these Mechanics to ensure proper maintenance of the typewriters. . Having regard to the fact that this is an isolated cadre and there are no chances of promotion to higher posts, the scale of pay for this post may be revised as Rs. 130-5-170-6-200-EB-10-240.
- 47.65. There are no Rules of Recruitment for this post. It appears that in the past, 'typewriter mechanism' was a compulsory subject for examinations in typewriting. At present, however, this has been removed from the syllabus. It may, therefore, not be possible for typists to have any knowledge of mechanism, and it may, consequently, be necessary to train some typists in the mechanism of typewriters. The Commission considers that one or two typists may be required to work as under studies under the Typewriter Mechanic and also assist him in the repair work. In due course, such typists may either be permitted to retain their lien in the cadre of typists or seek promotion to the post of typewriter mechanic.

Assistant Typewriter Mechanic: (1) Rs. 70-2-80-3-110)

- 47.66. Appointment to this post appears to have been made by direct Recruitment on an ad hoc basis. There are no Rules of Recruitment. The Commission has suggested the appointment of typists as under-studies to the typewriter mechanic. The scale of pay and special pay for the post of Assistant Typewriter Mechanic may, therefore, be the same as for the Typists.
- 47.67. Necessary amendments may be made to the relevant Cadre and Recruitment Rules in the light of these recommendations.

47 68 The existing incumbent has recently passed the S S L C examination (it is understood) and the Senior Typewriting examination with Typewriter Nechanism as one of the subjects. He may also be given the same scale of pay and special pay as Typists, ciz, Rs 95—3—123—4—145—EB—5—200 and special pay of Rs 10 per month

Clock Mechanic (1) (Rs 100-5-150-6-180-10-200)

- 47 69 He attends to the maintenance of clocks in the Vulham Soudha, the offices in Bungalore City and the resilences of Ministers The Clock Mechanic has represented that his work is ardinous and that his scale of pay might be revised suitably He is also in receipt of a Conveyance Allowance of Rs 10 per month The General Administration Department in forwarding his request for enhancement of the scale of pay has recommended that in view of the ardious nature of the work, the scale of war might be raised to its 200-400. It is not clear how Government did not in the past consider this if the ardnoss nature of work is such as to justify enhancement of scale of pay to this extent. The General Administration Department has also recommended that the Consevance Allonance of Rs 10 s netioned to the Clock Mechanic might be enlanced to its 35 per month to enable him to maintain a scooter. The Commission is entisfied that it would be adequate if the scale of pay for this post after taking into consideration all the duties and responsibilities of the post including the need for occasionally attending to clocks outside the Vidhana Soudha, is respect as Rs 130-5-170-6-200-LR 10 240
- 17.70 The Commission recommends that the Consequence Allowance may be abolished in the cale of pay has been fixed after taking into consultration the duties for performing which such consequence allowance was given
- 17.71 Appointment to this post appears to have been made on an allocobists on direct recruitment. The present incombent has been trained in the verk of maintaining and charging batteries councied to electric clocks, at Messis.

 O Butteries. Bales may be frimed for future appointment to this post providing for direct recruitment of a candidate who has passed the S.S.L.C. Executation and termination in eccessars training to him on appointment at the cost of Govern, ascent

Lift Mic+a nc (1) (Rs 100 -5 150)

- 47.72 The nuties of the Laft Mechanic are mainly confined to the repairs of lifts whenever the gas out of order. This is also an isolated post. His scale of pix may be elightly higher than that of Laft Attenders and may be revised as Bs. 150. 5. 170. 6. 200. LB 10. 24).
- 17.73 No Rules of he cruit next to it is post last been nache. The present accountent of a are to have been appointed to ving regard to his experience. In the Pall, Works Departing their overflep street life. Mechanics can Metades in the cities of present of the Commission has suggested that the Life Mechanics can Attend its should be appointed by direct recruitment of

persons who have at least passed the Standard VIII examination and have experience in lift mechanism for a period of not less than two years. The scale of pay for the posts in the Public Works Department is, however, lower than that for the Lift Mechanic in the Secretariat. The Commission considers that in future, this work of attending to the repairs of lift may be entrusted to the Public Works Department and the post in the Secretariat abolished after the present incumbent ceases to be in service.

Revenue Inspector, General Administration Department: (1) (Rs. 110-5-150-6-180-10-220).

47.74. He is on deputation from the Revenue Department. His work relates to verifying the correctness of statements furnished by officials regarding construction of houses etc., to enable them to draw instalments of advances. He also ensures that officials furnish the required security like mortgage deeds etc. This post may be necessary and may be continued. The mode of appointment by deputation may also continue. The scale of pay for the post may be the same as the scale of pay recommended for the corresponding posts in the Revenue Department.

Telephone Operators: (4) (Rs. 100-5-150-6-180).

47.75. One of these posts is filled by appointment of a Local Candidate and three by deputation from the Public Works Department. No rules of recruitment have been framed for filling these posts so far. It also appears that efforts to seeme operators from the Telephone Department of the Government of India have not proved fruitful. It is, however, possible to get batches of Junior Assistants trained in the job in consultation with the Telephones Department. Such Junior Assistants may, however, continue to be borne on the cadre of Junior Assistants. The cadre of Telephone Operators may be abolished. The three Operators taken on deputation from the Public Works Department may eventually be repatriated to that Department and replaced by trained Junior Assistants. The services of the local candidate may be regularised in the cadre of Junior Assistants, if necessary. In these circumstances, the Commission does not propose to recommend revised scales of pay for Telephone Operators.

47.76. Common categories of posts:

The scales of pay for these common categories of posts have been discussed in Chapter 4. Certain points which are peculiar to the Secretariat Departments in relation to some of these posts and which have not been discussed in the General Chapter have been discussed below.

47 77 In the Secretariat, recruitment to the posts of Jumor Assistants and Assistants, Typists and Strnographers is made by direct recruitment based on the results of the competitive examination held by the Public Service Commission in accordance with the rules made by the Governor in this behalf The qualifications prescribed for appointment to these posts in the Secretariat are similar to those of the corresponding posts in the field departments, ie, in the case of Assistants the candidates should pose and degree of a recognized University and in the case of Junior Issistants, Typists and Stenographers the candidates should have passed the S S L C Examination and in the case of Lypists and Steno graphers, the candidates should have obtained additional qualification of senior graphers, the chindren's account are to meet administrative described typewriting and senior shorthand and senior typewriting respectively. The Secretarist is largely concerned with policy making its work being by and large deliberative, involving consideration of all proposals from the administrative, legitland finan cial points of view The Secretariat has to assist the Ministers in regard to their work in the Legislature Apart from this, there is more of sceret and confidential work in the Secretariat than in other offices and this naturally requires staff with high standards of rectitude and reliability. Recruitment to various posts ia the Secretariat has, consequently to be very selective, competitive and from as wide a field as possible. That would ensure building up in the Secretariat a permanent staff which would contribute a substantial proportion of qualified candidates for supervisory and higher grade of Secretariat Officers In this view, the Commission considers that direct recruitment to various posts in the Secretariat may be made only from among the candidates seening higher ranks in the selection made for such posts on the lines indicated in Chapter 8 As n common selection is made for similar posts both in the Secretariat and in the field offices, the Commission recommends that option may be given to candidates securing the higher ranks to enter either the Secretarist or other offices. This will ensure availability of more and more suitable candidates in the Secretariat STV ICES

Selection Grade Stenographers (10) (Its 200-10-280-15-355-20-115)

47 78 There are ten posts of Selection Grade Stenographers in the scale of pay of Rs 200-10-280-15 355 20-415 which is indentical with that for the Sanor Assistants. According to the Rules of Recruitment, appointments to these posts are made by promotion from the eadre of stenographers who have put in five years of service as stenographers on the basis of semority comment. The present mode of recruitment may continue. The cadre appears to have been created for ensuring services of stenographers at meetings, conferences, etc. No proper truming seems to have been given to stanographers at achieve the objective. The cadre also provides opportunities for stenographers, although the number of such posts is very small. There are, of course, opportunities for the 5 lection Grade Stenographers to come into the general immisterial calre and to get further promotions in this cadre.

47.79 The Sterographers Association has represented that promotional opportunities available to the atenographers might be unifrowed as the existing chances for promotion are negligible. It appears that formerly the aten graphers

were promoted as Superintendents in the ratio of 1:5 (that is, against every six vacancies, five were given to Assistants and one to stenographers). Consequent on the creation of the cadre of Senior Assistants, the chances of promotion for stenographers have been reduced. They are being transferred as Senior Assistants in the proportion of 1:6 (that is, for every seven vacancies of Senior Assistants, six are provided to Assistants and the seventh to a stenographer) and they will have to earn their promotion as Section Officers according to their seniority, in the eadre of Senior Assistants. They have represented that the present arrangement has had reduced their promotional chances considerably.

- representations On the other hand, there are the Secretariat Association and other Assistants that in providing chances ministerial line. their chances stenographers to come to the promotion have been proportionately curtailed; the stenographers not snitably qualified to do the work of Assistants or Senior Assistants; they might not be brought into the ministerial cadre but provided with chances of promotion in their own line; the nature of work done by the Assistants and Stenographers was entirely different and therefore the Stenographers might not be placed on the same footing as Assistants. There is no doubt that Stenographers should gain some experience as Assistants or in any other suitable capacity before they are considered for promotion to higher posts, but it would not be correct to deny them the promotional chances which are existing at present. 'The Assistants' contention that their promotional opportunities are curtailed by giving a small chance for Selection Grade Stenographers to become Senior Assistants is not reasonable. On the other hand, the Stenographers had formerly more chances for promotion as Superintendents (now, Section Officers).
- 47.81. In these eircumstances, the Commission considers that the present arrangements for the transfer of Stenographers to the ministerial endre, having regard to their qualifications, method of recruitment and experience, needs no change.
- 47.82. It was represented that some of the Selection Grade Stenographers did not acquire sufficient proficiency in stenography so as to be able to attend to the Reporting work adequately when they were drafted for doing Reporting work at conferences and meetings and that they should be replaced by regular 'Reporters'. As matters now stand, Stenographers are promoted to the Selection Grade if they are fairly efficient as Stenographers. The Commission is, therefore, of the view that the cadre of Selection Grade Stenographers as now constituted may continue, but such of the Stenographers who have passed proficiency test and are not in the Selection Grade may be paid Rs. 10 per day as allowance if indented upon for Reporting work at the conferences and meetings.
- 47.83. The existing proportion between the Assistants and Selection Grade Stenographers for becoming Senior Assistants may continue.
- Stenographers: (210) (Rs. 130-5-150-8-190-10-270)
- 47.84. Such of the Stenographers as are attached to the Personal Establishments of Ministers, Ministers of State and Deputy Ministers, get an additional

special pay of Rs 30 p m and those attached to the Personal Establishments of Secretaries to Government get an additional special pay of Rs 25 p m Recruitment to these posts is made by selection of candidates who have passed the SS LC or equivalent examination and have passed the senior typewriting and senior shorthand examination of a recognised Institute, through competitive examination held in accordance with the Mysore State Civil Services (Recruitment to the Posts of Stenographers, Jusior Stenographers and Typists) Rules 1966 No separate examination is held for recruitment of Stenographers for Secretariat Services. The principles indicated in respect of recruitment to other equivalent posts may be adopted in respect of recruitment to the posts of Stenographers and the system of conducting examinations for the selection of candidates for appointment to these posts may be given up

47 85 30 per cent of the posts to the cadre of Stenographers are filled by promotion of Typists who have put to at least one vear's service and have passed the senior shorthand and senior typewriting examinations. The Commission considers that as in the case of promotion to the cadre of Assistants, 50 per cent of the vacancies in the cadre of Stenographers may be filled hy promotion of Typists satisfying these conditions. Necessary amendments may be made to the Rules of Recruitment in the light of this recommendation.

Transfers of Officers in the Secretariat

- 47 86 The Cadre and Recruitment Rules provide for transfer of Officers of the Mysore Administrative Service Class I to the Secretariat for appointment as Under Secretaries and Deputy Secretaries. There is however, no provision for the transfer of Under Secretaries against posts held by Officers of the Mysore Administrative Service. The Commission considers that it would be conducted to improvement of general efficiency of Officers if the policy of transferring persons holding certain posts is rationalised. The Commission accordingly makes the following recommendations in this behalf.—
- (1) Class III Officers of the Secretarist of and below the rank of Senior Assistants may be retained in the Department which they join until they are promoted to the cadre of Section Officers, but they may be transferred from one section to another within the same Department after a period of three wars.
- (ii) On proportion as a Section Officer the Officer concerned may be transferred from the D partner at in which he was working as a non-graetical officer and posted to another Department in which he was formerly working. He may be retained in that Department in which he was formerly working. He may be retained in that Department until he is promoted as an liniter Secretars. But he may be transferred from one section to another after putting in three years of ervice in any one section. When an officer is promoted as an Under Secretary he may be transferred to set another Department in which he may be retained in one Department should not exceed five years. An Under Secretary may he retained in one Department should not exceed five years.

(iii) Under Secretaries who belong to the cadre of Secretariat Officers may be deputed to Field Offices to the same extent to which offices of Class I Mysore Administrative Service (Junior Scale) are transferred to the Secretariat for being appointed as Under Secretaries. It is necessary, however, that the Under Secretaries deputed to the Field Service are placed in charge of a sub-division as far as possible. The period of deputation of Under Secretaries to the Field Offices may be three years. Necessary provision in this behalf may be made in the relevant Rules of Recruitment.

Governor's Secretariat:

47.87. The Governor's Secretariat was shifted from Mysore to Bangalore in 1964 after His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore ceased to hold the office of the Governor. The posts of officers and servants for the establishment of the Governor's Secretariat were sanctioned in Government Order No. GAD 30 PRF 64, dated the 18th July, 1964. No Rules of Recrnitment to the various posts appear to have been framed.

47.88. The Secretary to the Governor is an officer in the senior time-scale of the Indian Administrative Service. There are two A. D. Cs. in the scale of pay of Rs. 600—40—1,000 (personal to the incumbents). These posts are filled by taking on deputation officers of the Defence Services. The other staff with their scales of pay are indicated below:—

I Under Secretaries

(2) (Rs. 350—25—650—30—800 + special pay of Rs. 75)

2 Section Officers

- (2) (Rs. 250-20-350-25-500+special pay of Rs. 35)
- 3 Personal Assistant to the Governor
- (1) (Rs. 250-20-350-25-500 nongazetted-held by a Stenographer of the Mysore Government Secretariat)

4 Surgeon

(1) (Rs. 300-25-550-30-700) (By deputation from the Department of Health and Family Planning Services).

5 House Superintendent

- (1) (Rs. 200—10—280—15—400 contract appointment)
- 6 Assistant Director of Horticulture.
- (1) (Rs. 275—20—375—25—600 + special pay of Rs. 35 on deputation from the Department of Horticulture)
- 7 Private Secretary to Governor
- (1) (Rs. 900-50-1,250) Personal
- 8 Public Relations Officer
- (1) (Rs. 500 fixed on contract)
- 9 Honorary Surgeon
- (1) (Rs. 200 p.m. honorarium)

- 47 89 The following posts are filled by appointment of officers holding corresponding posts in the Secretariat
 - 1 Under Becretaries
 - 2 Section Officers
 - 3 Senior Assistants
 - 4. Assistants
 - 5 Junior Assistanta 6 Stenographers

However, these posts do not appear to have been included in the strength of the corresponding cadres in the Secretariat. The Commission considers that the codre atrength of the Secretariat in these cadres should be increased correspondingly and appointments to the Governor's Secretariat made from these cadres. The scales of pay for these posts may be identical with the scales of pay prescribed for the corresponding posts in the Secretariat.

- 47 90 Besides, there is a large number of staff both in Class III and Class IV categories

 It is understood that most of the Class IV officials are recruited from the open market and the Class III officials have been taken on deputation from various Departments including the Secretariat. As these posts are common to most of the Departments, their acales of pay may be the same as for corresponding posts in other Departmenta. There is one post of Head Driver in the scale of pay of Rs. 80—150. There is no post in the Secretariat which corresponds to the post of the Head Driver on the establishment of the Governor. His scale of pay may be revised as Rs. 95—3—125—4—145—ED—5—200
- 47 01 The post of Personal Assistant to the Governor is filled by appointment of a Stenogropher from the Secretariat and has been given a higher scale of pay of Rs 250-20-350-25-500 (non gazetted) The scale of pay for this post may be revised as Rs 275-20-375-bB-23-525
- 45.92 The posts of the Accountant and the Cashier have been filled by appointment on coatract and two Junior Assistants have been taken on deputation from the State Accounts Department and the Mysore Government Insurance Department respectively. The Commission considers that the datas of the Accountant and Cashier can as well be performed by persons holding posts of Assistants in the Secretariat. The Commission accordingly recommends that after the expiry of the period of controct, the posts of the Accountant and the Cashier may be filled by transfer of persons holding the posts of Assistants in the Secretariat Similarly, the post of House Superintendent (now filled by contract) may, after the expiry of the period of contract, he filled by transfer of an officer of appropriate cadre from the Secretariat Service. Further, for the sake of uniformity, the two posts of Junior Assistants in the Secretariat. The scales of pay for these posts may be the same as for corresponding posts in the Secretariat.
- 47.93 The following officers have been taken on deputation from the Depart ment of Health and Family Planning Services and the Department of Horticalture, as the case may be. This arrangement may continue

- 1. Surgcon
- 2. Compounder
- 3. Staff Nurse
- 4. Female Nursing Orderly
- 5. Assistant Director of Horticulture
- 6. Garden Assistant
- 7. Gardeners.

The scales of pay for these posts may be the same as for the corresponding posts in the parent Departments.

- 47.94. The Commission does not propose revision of the seale of pay for the following posts which have been filled either by contract or on a special scale of pay personal to the incumbents:—
 - 1. A.D.Cs.
 - 2. Private Sccretary to the Governor
 - 3. Honorary Surgeon
 - 4. Public Relations Officer
 - 5. Personal Assistant
 - · 6. Accountant
 - 7. Cashier
 - 8. House Superintendent
- 47.95. As the strength of the staff of various eategories in the Governor's Secretariat and other matters relate to the privileges of the Governor, the Commission does not propose to make any detailed examination in regard to these matters. The Commission, however, feels that the staff in the various categories in the Governor's Secretariat is somewhat large. The Commission suggests that the Secretary to the Governor may undertake a proper assessment of work in the Governor's Secretariat and effect reduction in the number and cadres of posts, wherever possible, in the interest of economy.

Evaluation and Manpower Wing:

- 47.96. This is a Unit in the Planning and Social Welfare Department. The work of this Wing mainly involves reviewing the Plan Programmes. Obviously, the Wing would have to be a temporary establishment. No Rules of Recruitment to the posts in the Wing have so far been framed. It is understood that proposals are under the consideration of Government for revising the Rules of Recruitment. In view of the temporary nature of the Department, the Commission considers that it may not be necessary to make any appointment by direct recruitment to any of the posts in the Wing. As appointments to the various cadres in the Bureau of Economics and Statistics are made by selection of candidates holding high qualifications in economics, mathematics and statistics, the Commission feels that appointment to these posts by taking officers on deputation from these cadres generally would serve the purpose.
 - 47:97. The Wing consists of the following staff:
- 1. Director of Evaluation and ex-officio Deputy Secretary (1) (encadered in the senior time-scale of the Indian Administrative Service).

This mode of recruitment is adequate and may continue

- 2 Under Secretary and Ex afficia Deputy Invector of Ecaluation (Administration) (1) (R* 350-25-650-30-800)
- 47.98 This post is filled by taking an deputation no officer of the Mysore Administrative Service (Junior Scele). The Commission considers that this post may be included in the cadre of the Under Secretaries to Government and filled in accordance with the Rules of Recruitment applicable to the Under Secretaries or in the alternative this may be filled by takin, an deputation au Under Secretary from the Secretariat. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as that for Under Secretaries in the Secretariat.
- 3 Deput J Director of Evaluation (Statistics) (1) (Rs 350-25-650 30-800)
- 47 99 This post is filled by taking an deputation an officer of corresponding rank from the Bureau of Economics and Statistics. This mode of recruitment is indequate and may continue. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as for the corresponding posts in the Bureau of Economics and Statistics.
- 4 Deput J Director of Evaluation (Economics) (1) (Rs 350-5-050-30-800)
- 47 10) This post is filled by appointment of an officer of the Commercial Taxes Department holding a Degree of Dectorate in Economics. This post can as well be filled by taking an officer an deputation from the Bureau of Economics and Statistics. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The scale of pay for this post may be the same os for the corresponding posts in the parent Department. For the existing incumbent, the scale of pay may be the same as in his parent Department.
- 5 Deputy Director of Traduction (Sociology) (1) (Rs 350-25-650-30-800)
- 47.101 This post is filled by taking an deputation an officer belonging to the general service in the cadre of District Development Assistants The Commission recommends that this post may be filled by taking on deputation an officer of corresponding rank from the D partiaent of Bureau of Leonomics and Statistics The Pules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as for the corresponding posts in the Bureau. The criting incumbent may draw the scale of pay as fixed for him in his parint. Department
 - 6 Dentty Director of Mangouer (1) (Its 350-25-650-30-800) (l'acant)
- 47 102. The mode of recruitment to this post may be the same as suggested for the officers of similar rank err, by taking on deputation an officer of the status of Deputy Director from the Bureau of Leonomics and Statistics. The Rules of Recruitment rais 1 of frait of accordingly. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as for Deputy Directors in the Bureau.

- 7. Assistant Director (Evaluation): (5) (Rs. 250—20—350—25—500)
 Assistant Director (Manpower): (1) (Rs. 250—20—350—25—500)
- 47.103. Of the five posts of Assistant Directors (Evaluation), one post is filled by taking on deputation an Assistant Director of Statistics from the Bureau of Economics and Statistics; one by taking on deputation a Block Development Officer; two by local appointment through the Employment Exchange of candidates who possess a H Class Master's Degree in Mathematics, Economics and Statistics; one post has not been filled. All these posts may be filled by taking on deputation officers of corresponding rank from the Bureau of Economics and Statistics. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for corresponding posts in the Bureau of Economics and Statistics.
- 47.104. The post of Assistant Director of Manpower is filled by taking on deputation an Assistant Director from the Bureau of Economics and Statistics. This arrangement is satisfactory and may continue. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as for the corresponding post in the parent Department.
 - 8. Section Officers: (2) (Rs. 250--20--350--25--500).
- 47.105. These posts are filled by the appointment of Section Officers from the Secretariat. This mode of recruitment may continue. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for Section Officers of the Secretariat.
 - 9. Senior Investigators: (5) (Rs. 150-8-190-10-270) Investigators: (2) Rs. 110-5-150-6-180-10-220)
- 47.106. The posts of Senior Investigators are filled by taking on deputation Senior Statistical Assistants from the Bureau of Economics and Statistics. This arrangement is satisfactory and may continue. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The seale of pay for these posts may be the same as for posts of corresponding rank in the Bureau of Economics and Statistics.
- 47.107. The posts of Investigators which have not been filled so far, may also be filled by taking officers on deputation from the Bureau of Economics and Statistics. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for corresponding posts in the parent Department.
 - 10. Computers: (4) (Rs. 80-3-110-5-150)
- 47.108. Two of these posts have been filled by taking on deputation computers from the Bureau of Economics and Statistics. The other two posts are filled by direct recruitment by making local appointments through the Employment Exchange, the qualification prescribed for local appointment being a pass in the S. S. L. C. Examination. The Commission is of the view that all the posts of Computers may be filled by taking on deputation officials holding the posts of computers from the Bureau of Economics and Statistics. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for corresponding posts in the Bureau of Economics and Statistics.

- 47 109 In addition to the posts indicated in the preceding paragraphs, the Evaluation and Manpower Wing has the following posts
 - 1 Senior Assistants (2) (Rr 200-10-280-15-355-20-415)
 - 2 Assistants (4) (Rs 130-5-150-8-190-10-270)
 - 3 Junior Assistants (3) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)
 - 4 Stenographers (5) (Rs 110-5-150-8-190-10-260-15-320)
 - 5 Typists (4) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-180)
 - 6 Driver (1) (lls 80-3-110-4-130-5-180)
 - 7 Dilayats (10) (Rs 50-1-60)
- 47 110 All these posts are filled by taking officers holding similar posts from the Secreturit excepting for one post of Assistant which is said to have been filled by taking on deputation a I Disson Accounts clerk from the State Accounts Department. The existing mode of recruitment is adequate and may continue One of the posts of Assistants may however be designated as Accounts Clerk. These officials may draw their pay in the scales of pay applicable to them in their parent Departments.

Office of the Special Commissioner Uysore New Delhi

- 47 111 The post of Special Commissioner My sore New Delhi, was formerly sanctioned in the senior time scale of the In Ian Administrative service. This was subsequently downgraded to the scale of pay of Rs 600—40—1000 and continued for a periol of one year. Considering the importance of the work entirusted to the Special Commissioner, it was considered necessity in criefly post of Special Commissioner on a higher scale of pay. The post was necordingly created in the scale of pay of Rs 1309 10—1800 in Government. Order No. GAD 244 SGO 67, dated "6th January 1968 with off, it from 28th December 1968 so long as the present incumbent continues as Special Commissioner, Wester New D th
- 47.112 . The staff sanctude I to the Special Commissioner and the scales of pay attached to them are as follows:

1 Gaectted Staff

- (1) Special Commissioner
 Wester New D Bu
- Rs 1700-50 1800 (suthout dearness allowance) Converance Allowance of Rs 150 Special Pay of Rs 700 Intertainment Allowance of Rs 100 and
- Intertument Allowanc of Rs. 100 and (its Compensators Allowanc) of Rs. 75
 Rs. 750 -25-500-30-300-1 B-30-
- (2) Assistant Special Commisumer Vissor New Delhi
- (3) Personal Assistant to the Chi f Minister at Delhi
- Rs 210- 10 270-15-200-1 B-15 450 1,B-20-530

aco-1 B -30--830 35--900

Special Pay of Re 50 p m

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11 Non-Gazetted Staff:
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- Rs. 210-10 -270-15-300-EB-15-(1) Stenographers (2) 450 -EB--20--530 130-5-160-8-200-EB-8-256-Upper Division Clerk (1) (2)EB-8-280-10-300 110-3-131. -1-155-EB-1-175-Lower Division Clerk (1) (3)5-180 110 -3- -131--1--155--EB--4--175--Telex-Typists (2) (4)(1 post is vacant) 5---180 Telex-Messengers (2) Rs. 70---1---85 (5)70-1--85 Peons (3) $\{6\}$ 75 - 1 - 85 - 2 - 95 Attender (1) (7) Peon-cum-Farash (1) 70--1--85 (8)
- 47.113. The duties of Special Commissioner are broadly as follows:-
- (1) to keep in close touch with the Central Government and pass on useful information of prospective developments of unportance particularly as regards Plan Schemes to the State Government:
- (2) to follow up action initiated by the State Government in any Department where the usual process of reminding by letters is likely to lead to difficulties or delay;
- (3) to represent officers of the State Government at meetings, conferences and committee work at Delhi where the Agent would be competent to take their place with the assistance of a brief;
- (4) to keep the State Government informed of the visits of foreign technical teams, representatives of International Organisations and Foreigners of importance, direct contact with whom may possibly help the industrial and economic development or other interests of the State;
- (5) To look after the interests of the State Government generally in so far as they are affected by activities in all fields of the Union Government and All India Organisations with economic, social and similar non-political activities, and
- (6) to act as Agent of the State Government in all miscellaneons matters where so specifically instructed by any Department.
- 47.114. From the information available to the Commission, it is not possible to assess whether the Special Commissioner has been able to discharge effectively the several duties, which he is expected to perform, especially in respect of representing officers of the State Government, at the Meetings, Conferences and Committee work in Delhi with the assistance of a brief from the concerned Heads of Departments from here. It is seen that in spite of the Special Commissioner working in Delhi, large numbers of officers from here are proceeding periodically to New Delhi for attending Conferences and Meetings. Of course, in some cases it may be necessary for officers from here to go to New Delhi for attending Meetings in spite of the Special Commissioner being there. But it may not be necessary every now and then as is happening now, if the Special Commissioner could represent the Depart-

ments adequately at such conferences, meetings etc., by suitable and timely briefing

- 47 115 In the absence of adequate material, the Commission is not in a position to pronounce on the necessity or justification for the continuance of the post of the Special Commissioner and his staff. Government may conduct a study of the work which this officer has been doing and then decide upon the need of continuing the office and its establishment in New Delhi in its present form or with any modifications.
- 47 116 Some of the staff of the Special Commissioner are recruited locally, some ore taken on deputation from the Government of India and some from the State Government. The officers referred to at Serial Numbers I and 2 mintioned at para 112 are officers of the State Government. One Stenographer/the Upper Division Clerk, the Lower Division Clerk and the Personal Assistant to the Commissioner ore taken on deputation from the Government of India and the rest of the members are recruited locally.
- 47 117 The scales of pry for the staff attriched to the Special Commissioner nee higher than those of the corresponding posts in the State Government. Phase higher scales appear to have been spectroned in view of the special crommstances obtoining in Delhi. The Commission therefore considers that the scoles of pay os now eractioned for these posts may continue, but that wherever the scales of pay of corresponding posts in the State Government become higher than the existing scales of pay attached to the staff at Delhi consequent on the general revision in the scales of pay of Government employees, the benefit of the revision may be extended to the corresponding posts of tricked to the Special Commissioner.

Delegation of pricers

- 47118 The Mysore Resources and Economy Committee observed that "additional expenditure by increasing the number of top posts have early be moded by the Secretaries should be encouraged to delegate more powers to Deputy Secretaries and Under Secretaries. The latter my also be empowered wherever possible to submit specified classes of cases direct to the Minister for orders." In regard to apportionment of worl between the Secretary, D puty Secretaries and Under Secretaries, the Committee recommended that a standard of work constituting 35.50 the work in each Department being fain field by the Under Secretary, 40. by the Deputy Secretary, she lib is inforced by a Standing Order.
- 47/119 The question of delegation of powers was also discussed by the Commission with the Chief Secretary to Government. He was of the view that there was scope for more delegation of powers than at present. The Commission is of the view that there is a ope for further delegation of powers than at present. The Commission is of the view that there is a ope for further delegation of powers and the entegenies of cases in which level jumping could be resorted to may be last down for officies at all levels and raide applicable to all the Departments of the Secretaria. In all littor to such

general orders, the Secretary to Government in each Department may, after obtaining the orders of the Minister concerned, issue orders applicable to his Department, specifying the further powers which may be exercised by the junior officers and the further categories of cases in which level jumping may be resorted to by them.

47.120. As regards financial powers, no proposals for further delegation were placed before the Commission. The Commission has also no recommendations to make in this regard.

Special Pay

- 47.121. Whenever officers drawn from other services are posted as Deputy Secretaries or Under Secretaries they are paid a special pay of Rs. 100 or Rs. 75 per month as the case may be. In view of the fact that the scales of pay for the posts of Deputy Secretaries and Under Secretaries in the Secretariat are revised taking into account the special pays that are being given to them, the Commission considers that the officers drawn from outside cadres may be permitted to have the option of drawing the scales of pay of the posts to which they are being appointed or retain the scales of pay of their own post and draw special pay of Rs. 100 in the case of Deputy Secretaries and Rs. 75 in the case of Under Secretaries.
- 47,122. In the Governor's Secretariat, all the staff are given special pay ranging from Rs. 10 to Rs. 150. The staff working in the personal establishments of the Chief Minister, Ministers of State and Deputy Ministers also draw special pay ranging from Rs. 10 to Rs. 100.
- 47.123. The following officers in the establishment of the Governor and of the Ministers may continue to get special pay at the existing rates:

Governor's Establishment .--

Secretary
A.D.C.
Stenographers
Personal Assistant
Cashier
Household Superintendent
Driver of Governor's car
Steward

Minister's Establishment.—
Private Secretary
Personal Assistants
Stenographers
Driver

47.124. The Personal Assistant to the Chief Secretary draws a special pay of Rs. 50 per month and the Stenographers Rs. 30 per month, in addition to the special pay as Stenographer and the Junior Assistant Rs. 15 per month. In the establishment of the Secretaries to Government the Stenographers draw a special

pay of Rs 25 per month in addition to special pay as Stenographers. In accordance with the principles laid down in Chapter 5, all the incumbents in the Personal Establishments referred to above may continue to draw the special pays at the present rates.

47 125 In addition to the staff working in the personal establishments Class II, Class III and Class IV staff working in the General Administration Department (Executive) Cabinet Section and Despatch Section are also drawing special pays ranging from Rs 5 to Rs 35

47 126 As regards the Accounts Section, it has been indicated at para 6 that continuance of special pay is not instifiable and may be abolished

47 127 As regards the Cabinet Section it has been stated that the Cabinet Assistant in also looking after the work of the Capber Assistant and as such he may continue to draw the special pay drawn by him and the post of Capher Assistant may be abolished (11de para 60) There is a typist in the Cabinet Section and he is drawing a special pay of Rs 20 in addition to special pay of Rs 10 as a typist This may continue

47 128 The special pay drawn by the employees in the General Administration Department (Executive) and the Despatch Section, may he discontinued in accordance with the principles laid down in Chapter 5

CHAPTER 47

Mysore Government Secretariat

•	Кетагкв		To be abolished	•	ű				•							
	Recommended scales of pay and special pay	Rs.	I.A.S.	1. As	1,300—60—1,600—50—1,800 + Special Pay Rs. 150 p. m.	I. A. S. Scale + Special Lay 1800	1,300—60—1,050—55 + Special Pay Rs. 150 p. m.	+Special Pay Rs. 150 p. m.	1,300—60—1,600—50—1,800	+ Special Pay R8. 150 Pr 1,300—60—1,600—50—1,800 1,500—60—1,600—50—1,800	+Special Lay res. 100 F.	1,300-60-1,600-50-1,800 +Special Pay Rs. 150	1,300-60-1,600-50-1,800	I. A. S. Scale	900-40-1,100-50-1,300 +8nccial Pay Rs. 100 p. m.	2 2 -
	Existing scales of pay and special pay	4	Rs. I. A. S.		::	I. A. S. Scale + Special Pay Rs. 150 p. m.	1,100-50-1,200-60-1,800 + Special Pay Rs. 150 p.m.	1,100-50-1,200-601,800 + Special Pay Rs. 150 p. m.	008 1 000,	1,300-50-1,000 + Special Pay Rs. 150 p. m.	+ Special Pay Rs. 150 p. m.	1,100-50-1,200-60-1,800 + Special Pay Rs. 150 p. m.		Held by the Director of Treasuries.	600-40-1,000	+ Special Pay Ks. 100 p. m.
	Number	or posts		1	New post	12	-	-		, . ,		,		Now posts	ہے۔	
		Designation		Chief Secretary	Development Secretary, Department of ficio Spreinl Production.		້ ຫັ			6 Joint Secretary to Government, Public Works and Electricity Department	7 Draftsman and Ex-Officio Joint Secretary	to Government, Departs a Joint Secretary to Government, Departs.		g Joint Secretary to Government	10 Gold Control Officer and Incommentational Deputy Secretary, Finance Department	11 Solicitor to Government and the June 11 Poputy Secretary, Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs
	1.	oX.I	sl	 (3 5	,		•	_	-	-				_

Mysore Government Secretariat—(contd.)

Romarks		000		If held by Sceretariat Officer	If held by Officer of M.A.S. Junior scale.	450	450		00	000								•			; }			0	
Recommended scales of pay and Special Pay.	£	Ka.	350-25-600-30180-151540300	(1) 450—30—660—EB—40—900	(2) 400—30—700—EB—40—900 +Special Pay Rs. 75 p.m.	275-20-375 BB-25-525	225—10—305—15—350—ED—20—450 995—10—305—15—350—EB—20—450		170—5—180—8—220—BB—10—300	250—10.—300—15—420—143-20—500	+Special Pay Rs. 30 p.m.	95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200	95_3_125_4_145_EB_5-200	+ Special Pay Rs. 10 p.m.	85_2_95_3_125_EB_4_145	85-2-95-3-125-EB-4-145	80-2-90-3-120-4-140	85-2-95-3-125-EB-4-145	of 9 05-3 195-FB-4-145		80-2-90-3-120-4-140	60-1-80-2-90	60-1 80-2-90	05 3 195 4 145 FB B - 5 - 200	0.000
of Existing scales of pay and Special Pay		Rs.	300-25-550-30-700	. +Special Pay Ks. 10 3502565030800	+Special Pay Rs. 75	250-20-350-25-500	200-10-280-15-355-20-416	200-10-220-10-200-20-10	130-5-150-8-190-10-270	200-10-280-15-355-20-415	130_5150_8190_ 10z/0 LSpecial Pay Rs. 30 p.m.	80-3-110-1-130-5-150	00 9 110 4 130 5 150	+Special Pay Rs. 10 p.m.	60-1 70-2-90	60-1-70-2-90	55 1 65 2 75	30 9 80 3—110	017-00-01-01-01	80-3-110-4-130 -5-140	70-2-90 + Spl. Pay Rs. 5 p.m.			00-1-00	8031101130
Number o			_	72		142	149	ဗ	387	10	201	417		<u> </u>	28	7	4 5	ų G	N .		_	9	610	: ;	67
Designation Ne			italian Question to Government, Public	Works and Electricity Department.	Under Secretary to Government	Oliver		Ä	and Parliamentary Alfairs.	Ashering Grade Stenographers			Innior Assistant	Typist		Attenders	•		; Despatch Rider	7 Binder			39 Daliyat, Watchman	40 Sweeper	41 Direct
f.oX	'IS	i	5	3	24	5	20 S	27	,	8 5	ຣິ		31	35	i	:	ñ	35	ë	37		•	n		_#-

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Mysore Government Secretariat—(contd.)

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#i5	Designation	Nun of Jo	Number of posts	Existing scale of pay * and special pay	Recommended scale of pay Remarks and special pay
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Ba
1		•	5	525-525-500 plus Spl. Pay 275-20-375-BB-25-525	$275-20-375-{ m EB}-25-525$
د،	Section Officer .	:		Rs. 35 p.m.	275-20-375-BB-25-525 (non-
, 	P. A. to the Governor	:	_	250-20-350-25-500 (non-gazenta)	gazeted).
•		;	, .	5-20-115 plus	225 - 10305 - 15 33015b20
i.c	Tenior And this	:	t	81.1. Pay Rs. 30 p.m. 1205150819010270 plus 17051808220EB10300	170-5-180-8-220-EB-10-300
ŷ	A pirtant	:	<u>.</u> .	Spl. Pay Rs. 25 p.m.	000 - 100 -
:-	Innior Assistant	;	9	80-3-110-1-130-5-150 plus	95
			-	appropriate the rest and rest	85-2-95-3-125-BB-1-145
90	Jamedar	:	÷.	0:	80-2-90-3-120-1-140
æ.	Patiedar	:	÷ ;	0:)	60-180290
2	Pron	- :	<u>ဂ</u>	00-100	
=	Cicle Orderly	:	\$ 1	301-:0	Personal to the incumbent.
: 3	Personal Attendant to the Governor	:		70-2-30	Contract.
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113 core Government Secretariat—(contd.)

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Mysore Government Secretariat—(contd.)

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÷.	Assistant Director of Evaluation and	9	250-20-350-25-500	275-20-375-BB-25-525	
9.5	Manpower. Section Officer	61	250-20-350-25-500	275-20-375-EB-20-525	
9	Senior Investigator	್ತಾ	150-8-190-10-270	175-10-275-15-350-BB-20-450	
t	Investigators	61	110-5-150-6-180-10-220	140 - 5 - 150 - 8 - 190 - 155 - 10 - 200 - 155 - 10 - 15 - 10 - 15 - 10 - 15 - 10 - 15 - 10 - 10	
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Nysore Covernment Secretariat-(contd)

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Mysore Government Secretariat—(contd.)

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Mysore Government Secretariat -(concld.)

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CHAPTER 48

Mysore Gazetteer Department

- 48.1. The Department was set up in the State in the year 1958 under a Centrally sponsored scheme. Sanction to the scheme expires by the 31st March 1971. The Central Government have agreed to meet 80% of the cost of compilation subject to the maximum of between Rs. 50,000 and Rs. 65,000 per volume per year commencing from 1968-69. So far they are giving assistance to the extent of 40% of the expenditure subject to a maximum of Rs. 14.800 per volume and 40 per cent of the cost of printing. The State Government have been permitted to retain the sale proceeds of the publications which have been reckoned at 20 per cent of the cost of compilation.
- 48.2. The Department is classified as a Minor Department with the Chief Editor as the Head of the Department. The present incumbent has been appointed on contract. He is assisted by five Editors, an Administrative Officer, a small ministerial stuff and five Class IV Officers. As the Department is temporary, all posts (excepting for Class IV Officers who have been taken by direct recruitment) have been filled by deputation from the various departments. Of the five posts of Editors two are vacant; one Editor has been appointed on contract; two posts have been filled by taking on deputation; (i) a Section Officer from the Mysore Government Secretariat and (ii) an Editor from the Department of Information and Tourism.

Scales of Pay and Cadre and Recruitment Rules Cheif Editor: (1) (Rs. 900-40-1,100-50-1,300).

48.3. The present incumbent has been appointed on contract which will be in force till the end of March 1970. The scale of pay for the post is Rs. 900—40—1,100—50—1,300, i.e., equivalent to a Minor Head of Department. As the present incumbent is appointed on a contract, the Commission considers that neither the status nor the pay of the post can be revised.

Editors: (5) (Rs. 250-20-350-25-500)

48.4. Having regard to the minimum qualifications now prescribed and the present mode of recruitment, the Commission considers that the scale of pay is adequate, subject to the normal revision proposed in the scale of pay of posts carrying like duties and responsibilities in other departments. The revised scale of pay for comparable posts in other Departments is Rs. 275—20—375—EB—25—525. The scale of pay for the post of Editors may also, therefore, be Rs. 275—20—375—EB—25—525.

48.5 The problem of this Department appears to be one of securing men of proper calibre to undertake the special type of work that is expected of them. The Commission considers that for this purpose the Rules of Recruitment may be modified to provide for (1) bigber qualification viz, post griduates or Doctorate in History, Economics or Politics, (1) recruitment on contract of qualified persons in the event of such persons not being available in corresponding posts in other Departments, and (11) a higher initial pay between the minimum and the maximum of the scale for persons appointed on contract basis. The scale of pay for the post in the event of the Rules of Recruitment being modified may be Rs 350—25—600—30—780—EBR—40—900

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Administrative O fficer (1) (Rs 250-15-310-20-470)
(Rs 250-20-350-25-500) (personal to the present incumbent)
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48.0 According to the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department, there is one post of Superintendent in the scale of pay of Rs 230—135—310—204—470. The present incumbent was holding the post of Superintendent in the scale of pay of Rs 250—15—310—20—470, in the Department of Information and Tourism, which has since been upgraded and designated as Administrative Officer in the scale of pay of Rs 250—20—350—25—500 (Class II Gazetted). This scale is personal to the present incumbent. The scale of pay for this post may be revised as Rs 275—20—375—EB—25—525. Having regard to the duties of the Administrative Officer, the Commission considers that the post may be filled in future by taking on deputation a Section Officer from the Secretariat and it may have the same scale of pay as the Section Officer in the Secretariat.

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Assistants (2) (Rs 130-5-150-8-100-10-270)

Junior Assistants (1) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)

Stenographers (2) (Rs 130-5-150-8-100-10-270)

Daffedar (1) (Rs 65 2-85)

Cycle Orderly (1) (Rs 50-1-60)

Peons (2) (Rs 50-1 60)

Night Watchman (1) (Rs 50-1-60)
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- 49.7 The posts of Assistants, Junior Assistants and Stenographers are filled by taking on deputation persons holding similar posts in the Secretariat. The present mode of recruitment to these posts may continue. As regards Class IV posts, the existing mode of recruitment may continue.
- 48.8 The officials on deputation from other Departments of Government may draw their pay in the scales of pry applicable to them in their parent Departments. The Class IV officers who have been recruited directly will get the same scale of pay as is prescribed for that class of officers in other Departments.
- 48.9 It was urged before the Commission that the bienographers working in the Department had heavy typing work in addition to taking down dictation and transcribing the matter and that they should be given special pay in addition

to the Stenographic allowance admissible to Stenographers. The Commission considers that the work-load of typing may be assessed and, if necessary, additional posts of Typists may be created but that there is no need to give any additional special pay to the Stenographers.

Delegation of Powers

48.10. The Department is a temporary one. It has its office only at the State Head-quarters and has no offices at the Divisional or District levels. So far as the delegation of administrative powers is concerned, the general recommendations made by the Commission in this behalf may apply mutatis mutandis to this Department. In view of the limited scope available in this Department for the use of financial powers and since no further delegation has been sought, no change in the existing arrangement is necessary.

CHAPTER 48

Mysore Cazetteer Department

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Remarks	Confract	Personal to the present										
Recommended scale of 1 ay	Rs	215-20-315-1 B-25-525	2130- 313-FB-25127	320-23-COC-30-7c0-TB-10 900 (for recruit with higher qualifications)	170-5-189-8-220-EB-10-300	170-7-190-8-220-FB-10-300 + hpecial Pay of Ra 30 p m	9) -3-12's 4- 145 KB-7-09	80-2 30-3-120-4-140	CO-1-80-2-90 +Cycle Mowance Rs . p m	601-20-2-90	60-1-40-2-50	
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CHAPTER 49

Mysore Public Service Commission

- 49.1. The Mysore Public Service Commission was established under Article 315 of the Constitution of India by Government Notification No. Ch.S.1483/GE. 31—51—1, dated the 18th May 1951.
- 49.2. The Public Service Commission is classified as Major Department. It consists of five Members including the Chairman. The Commission is assisted in its work by a Secretary, a Deputy Secretary, two Assistant Secretaries and a Deputy Controller of Examinations. The work of the Commission is distributed among the following 9 Branches, viz.—
 - 1. Organisation and Methods Branch;
 - 2. Special Branch;
 - 3. Accounts Branch;
 - 4. Administrative Branch:
 - 5. Examination Branches I & II;
 - 6. Recruitment Branches I & II; and
 - 7. Departmental Examinations Branch.

Staffing pattern and scales of pay

49.3. The ministerial staff consists of nine Superintendents (one of whom is the Personal Assistant to the Chairman), 21 Assistants, 31 Junior Assistants, 11 Stenographers, and 9 Typists. There are 46 Class IV Officers of various categories. There is no well-defined staffing pattern and the services of the staff are ntilised in several Branches according to the needs of the situation. Two posts of Assistant Secretaries and one post of Deputy Secretary have been created on a temporary basis. It was urged before the Commission that these posts should be made permanent and that the staffing pattern in the Office of the Public Service Commission should be the same as that in the Secretariat. The work which the Public Service-Commission is now attending to was formerly being attended to initially by the Central Recruitment Board and later by the Public Service Commissioner; and the scales of pay for the staff working in the Office of the Central Recruitment Board and the Office of the Public Service Commissioner were the same as the scales of pay for corresponding post in the Secretariat. of pay for the posts in the Office of the Public Service Commission continued to be the same as the seales of pay for the corresponding posts in the Secretariat till At the time of revision of the scales of pay in 1961, a higher scale of pay was given to the officials of the Mysore Government Secretariat and a lower scale of pay was given to the officials working in the office of the Public Scrvice Commission. In view of the facts that the Public Service Commission is a statutory body established under Article 315 of the Constitution of India, that its

work is of a very important nature and the staff working in the Office of the Commission are required to discharge duties and shoulder responsibilities comparable to those of the staff working in the Secretariat, the Commission considers that the scales of pay for the several posts in the Office of the Public Service Commission may be the same as the scales of pay for corresponding posts in the Mysore Government Secretariat and recommends that the scales of pay may be regulated accordingly

- 49 4 It is understood that the work load at the different levels in the Offico of the Public Service Commission has not been fixed after undertaking a regular work study, while in the Mysore Government Secretariat the structure of each Section has been determined after such in assessment. The Commission, there fore, considers that a thorough work study may be conducted at various levels in the Office of the Public Service Commission and that a decision may be taken only thareafter as to which of the temporary posts of the Members of staff including those of the Deputy Secretary and 2 Assistant Secretaries should be made permanent
- 49 5 In view of the fact that the Commisson considers that the seales of pay and staffing pattern of the Office of the Public Service Commission and those of the Mysoro Government Secretariat may be identical, the designations of the arrous posts in the Office of the Public Service Commission may be changed to those of the comparable posts in the Mysore Government Secretariat. There is no cadre of Senior Assistants now in the Office of the Public Service Commission A eadre of Senior Assistants with the same scale of pay as in the Secretariat with similar duties and responsibilities will have to be created in some Sections if the work load warrants their creation

Cadre and Recruitment Rules

- 19 6 The Rules of Recruitment to the various cadres in the Public Service Commission appear to he reasonable. Necessary amendments may, however, he made at the time of implementing the foregoing decisions of the Commission as also in the light of the recommendations made relating to the various cadres in the Secretariat.
- 49.7 The post of the Deputy Controller of Framinations carries a special privof its 75 pm. The Commission considers that as the scales of pay for Officers getting special pay in the Secretariat have been suitably revised so as to include the special pay and as the Officers of the Public Service Commission are to get pay prescribed for posts in the corresponding grades in the Secretariat no special pay need he continued for this post. Accordingly, the Commission recommends that this special pay may be abolished.

Appointment of additional staff for seasonal work

49.8 It appears that there is seasonal increase in the volume of work in the Public Service Commission and that such seasonal work is also of an urgent nature necessitating the alpointment of temporary additional staff. At present the

Public Sevice Commission has powers to appoint temporary staff upto a period of three months in anticipation of sanction of Government, the expenditure being met from the savings of the Department within the budget allotment. It was represented that on occasions it might be difficult to exercise this power in case there were no savings in the budget allotments and consequently the seasonal work might suffer. The Government of Maharashtra have empowered the Public Service Commission in that State to employ, for special reasons, temporary staff at a cost not exceeding Rs. 3,000 in any one year. The Mysore Public Service Commission has to appoint temporary staff only occasionally. Such occasions are, however, bound to increase fairly frequently in view of the additional functions like the conduct of competitive examinations for recruitment to Gazetted and non-Gazetted posts assigned to the Public Service Commission recently. It is, however, difficult to make any assessment of the extent to which temporary staff will have to be employed on each of such occasions. It has been suggested by the Public Service Commission that it might be empowered to appoint temporary staff without the approval of the Governor but subject to the condition that the total expenditure on account of such staff appointed during the year would not involve an increase of the appropriations in the budget estimate for that year. The Commission considers that it would be adequate if provisions on the lines of the one obtaining in Maharashtra are made in respect of the Mysore Public Service Commission and recommends accordingly.

Delegation of powers

- 49.9. The Chairman of the Public Service Commission has been declared the Head of the Department. A substantial amount of work of a very routine nature and not falling within his functions under the Constitution is required to be submitted to him for his orders. The Commission considers that all the powers of the Head of the Department generally may be vested in the Secretary, Public Service Commission. In particular, all appointments in the Office of the Public Service Commission, whether initial or promotional, of Class IV and non-Gazetted Officers may be vested in the Secretary. All matters connected with appointments of Officers of the Gazetted ranks in the Office of the Public Service Commission may, however be dealt with as before.
- 49.10. It has already been suggested that the staffing pattern in the Office of the Public Service Commission might be identical with that in the Secretariat. The delegation of administrative powers may accordingly be made in consonance with the recommendations made in this behalf in relation to the Secretariat.

CHAPTER 49 MYSORE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

	Desgnation	Number of Posts	Pristing scale of pay and special pay	Number of Printug seale of pay and special pay Recommended scale of pay and special posts	Remarks
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	"operatendent (including P A to	•	250-15-310-20-470	215-20-315-EB 25 -525	
	Ass 14ant	21	120-3-150-8-190-10-340	179-5-180-8-220-FB-10-300	
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CHAPTER 50

Mysore Vigilance Commission

- Order No. GAD 19 OAC 64 dated the 11th February 1965. The powers and functions of the Vigilance Commission are defined by the Mysore State Vigilance Commission Rules. 1965, made by the Governor in exercise of the powers conferred on him by the proviso to Article 300 of the Constitution. The Vigilance Commission has jurisdiction in matters to which the executive powers of the State extend. It has jurisdiction accordingly over all the Mysore Government servants including those on deputation or on foreign service to Local Bodies, Corporations or Co-operative institutions or undertakings wholly owned by the Government of Mysore or in which the Government of Mysore have a major share. Its jurisdiction, however, does not extend over Government servants who are members of the Mysore Judicial Service Class I.
 - 50.2. There are two wings of the Vigilance Commission, namely:
- I The Bureau of Investigation:—This is headed by a Deputy Inspector-General of Police. The Bureau investigates into complaints made by the members of the Public or petitions or complaints referred to the Vigilauce Commission by Government. The Vigilauce Commission has also the power of investigating into any complaint of corruption or misconduct against a Government servant. All cases of investigation are duly processed and submitted to the Vigilauce Commissioner who suggests to Government the appropriate course of action.
- II The Directorate of Vigilance:—This wing is responsible for conducting proceedings, which are entrusted to the Vigilance Commission by Government against Government Servants. Inquiries are conducted by the wing after following the procedure prescribed by the Mysore Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1957. After completion of the enquiry, the Commissioner makes appropriate recommendations to Government as to the punishment to be awarded.

Status, powers and duties

50.3. The Commission considers that the Vigilance Commission, in order to be effective, should have statutory status and that its powers and duties should be defined in clear terms. The Commission, however, understands that the recommendations of the Administrative Reforms Commission set up by the Government of India regarding the appointment of a Lok Ayukta for the State under a statute are under the consideration of Government. In case the institution of the Lok Ayukta is set up, the Vigilance Commission becomes redundant. The recommendations in regard to the Vigilance Commission are made subject to the assumption that this institution would continue.

- 50 4 As matters now stand, Government have to coasult the Public Service Commission on matters on which the Vigilance Commission has, after enquiry, made its recommendations. This results in delay in the disposal of cases but consultation with the Public Service Commission is inevitable unless the constitutional provisions necessitating such consultation are amended
- 50.5 The Commission recommends that the respective roles of the Vigilance Commission and the Public Service Commission may be clearly defined so that cases each disposed of as expeditiously as possible. The Commission does not think that the Government of India can be persuaded to mmend the Constitution in relation to the powers and functions of the Public Service Commission and hence the only course open to the Government is to ovolve such procedure or conventions for disposal of cases as would not affect the status of the Vigilance Commission.
- 50 6 According to the Mysore Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Vigilance Commissioner sends a Report to Government, if he considers that an investigation conducted by the staff of the Commission discloses a prima facie case necessitating the holding of a regular enquiry in respect of any officer Government then examine the records to see whether it is necessary to conduct a regular enquiry and if so, whether such enquiry should be conducted by the staff of the Vigilance Commission or by the concerned Authorities of the Department in those cases in which Government are satisfied that a regular enquirs should be conducted and that the conduct of such enquirs should be entrusted to the Vigilance Commission they request the Vigilance Commissioner to get a regular enquiry conducted, the Vigilance Commissioner gets the canquiry conducted and ngain sends the papers to Government for further notion if the regular enquiry conducted by his officer discloses that the accused Covernment Officer has been guilty of any act which merits the award of any punishment The procedure prescribed by the Wysore State Vigilance Commission Rules, 1965 and the Mysore Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules may be an ended so as to enable the Vigilance Commission not only to have the prelimit nary investigation conducted but also to order the preliminary enquiry in cases in which the Commission is extisted that n prima facie case of corruption, miscon luct irregularity etc has been made out against the officer concerned without obtaining the orders of Government
- 50.7 Rul 8 of the Mysore Civil bervices (Classification Control and Appeal)
 Rules 1937 implies that Government may either accept or reject the recommendations made by the Vigilance Commission. While this rule may stand as it is a
 convention may be built up that the recommendations of the Vigilance Commission
 are ordinarily accepted by Government and that in cases in which recommends
 tions are not accepted the revenue for doing so are intimated to the Vigilance
 Commission, if necessary hy a confirmal letter.
- 50.8 It was represented to the Commission that investigation suffered for want of co-operation of witnesses and at times ewing to the absence of the accused florenment Officer. The Commission therefore reconstrained that provision for

the following matters may be made by amending the appropriate rules to ensure quick and effective enquiry:—

- (a) Both the enquiry officer and the Vigilance Commissioner should have the powers of Civil Courts for securing attendance of the delinquent Government servants and the witnesses and the production of documents and for service of notices and summonses in the manner prescribed by the Code of Civil Procedure.
- (b) The Vigilance Commission should be authorised to proceed with the enquiry exparts in cases in which the delinquent Government officers wilfully absent themselves from the proceedings even after having been duly served with notices issued by the Commission.
- (c) The Vigilance Commissioner should be given the power to grant, in his discretion, exemption from appearance to the delinquent Government officer in cases in which he is represented by a Comisel.
- (d) The units of the Bureau of Investigation which are headed by officers not below the rank of a Deputy Superintendent of Police should be declared as Police Stations for purposes of the Criminal Procedure Code.

Procedure to be followed in the conduct of enquiries

- 50.9. Government had formerly issued procedural instructions for the guidance of Inquiry Officers and those instructions were helpful to them substantially in the conduct of departmental enquiries strictly in accordance with the procedure prescribed by the Mysore Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1957. Government have not, however, examined the need for amendments or modifications that may have to be made in those instructions with reference to the decisions rendered by the High Court and the Supreme Court in regard to procedural matters. It is common experience that wherever the orders passed in departmental enquiries are quashed by the High Court, they do so on account of procedural irregularities or failure on the part of the officer holding the enquiry to follow the rules of natural justice. It is, therefore, desirable that Government should issue revised procedural instructions for the guidance of Inquiry Officers and get them printed with the Mysore Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules as before for reference.
- 50.10. The Commission consider that the jurisdiction of the Vigilance Commission may be enlarged so as to cover the employees of Local Bodies and Corporations.

Staff

- 50.11. The staff working under the Vigitance Commission consists of:
- (a) staff working against various posts sanctioned on a permanent basis for the former Directorate of Anti-Corruption and continued as permanent staff of the Vigilance Commission; and
- (b) staff taken over on deputation against temporary posts sanctioned for the Directorate from the regular Departments of Government.

- 50.12. All the officers of other Departments on deputation to the Commission get Special Pay while the officers/officials continued as permanent staff of the Vigilance Commission do not get Special Pay.
- 50 13 The Commission considers that the liens of the officers who constitute the permanent establishment of the Vigilance Commission may be shifted against corresponding posts in one or the other of the regular Departments of Government and that they may be treated as on deputation to the Vigilance Commission so that the mobility of the officials working in the Commission between the parent departments and the Commission could be ensored. The rules of recruitment may be amended on the lines suggested. In view of this soggestion, no separate scales of pay applicable to the various posts are proposed as the officers on deputation to the Commission will draw pay in the scales applicable to them in their parent departments.

Special Pay

50 14 The Commission considers that having regard to the duties of the post of Personal Assistant to the Vigilance Commissioner be may be given Special Pay at the same rate as for the Private Secretaries to the Ministers. In consonance with the general principles had down regarding the grant of Special Pay, none of the other officials working in the Vigilance Commission need be granted any Special Pay.

Public Grievances

- 50 15 The Vigilance Commissioner had previously moved Government to emposer him to deal with public grievances. It appears that Government then felt that he had enough work on the Vigilance side, that even that work was falling into arrears and that it might not be desirable in public interest to overloud the Commissioner by entrusting additional responsibilities and duties to him.
- 50 1b. As on the 30th June, 1968, 134 cases were pending before the various officers of the Vigilance Commission. Of them, 32 cases were less than aix months old, 55 were over air months but less than twelve months old, 16 were over twelve months but less than twenty-four months old 31 were over exempt-four months old. This would show that the number of cases pending on the files of the various officers of the Vigilance Commission is really inconsiderable. It was explained that the delays were mostly due to the dilatory tactics adopted by the delinquent officials and absence of powers in the Commission to enforce attendance of witnesses and to hold proceedings expanse if the delinquent officer absented himself widulb.
- 50.17 The Vigilance Commissioner is even now taking action for redressal of grievances of parties who approach him for assistance in petting relief at the Lands of the officers of various departments. The Vigilance Commissioner has been able to secure such relief by addirecting the converted officers. It would, therefore, be desirable to clothe him with authority to deal with such cases so that he may not be put to any embarraxment by he authority for handling such cases, being

questioned by any of the concerned officers to whom he might write in respect of such matters. If necessary, the power may be expressly restricted to grievances against officers of Government only.

Conveyance Allowance

50.18. The commission considers that there is no need to give Conveyance Allowance to any of the staff of the Vigilance Commission as one car, one van and five jeeps have been allotted to the Commission for the use of its officers.

Delegation of Powers

50.19. The Director of Vigilance exercises the powers of a Head of a Major Department. No suggestions or representations have been made to the Commission in regard to further delegation of powers. The Commission considers that the powers already delegated are adequate.

CHAPTER 50 Mysore State Vigilance Commission

Hemarks															
Recommended scale of pay and Special Pay	Re	-	IAS Scela	1 4 S Senior Scale	000,1-00-00 - 1 200-001,	1.300 60-1.600-50-1.800	I P S Scale	1.100 -50-1 300-60-1.600	I P 8 Stale	10	600-40 -1 000	400-30-700-EB-10-900	400-30 -700-EB -40 -900	400-30-700-EB-40-900	700-10-900-50-1,200
Friting scale of pay and Special Pay	Te.	3,500	I 1 8 Scale	(I) LAS Senior Scala	M 1 8 Senor Scals+Special pay Ita 100 pm 900-10-1 100-50-1,300 1	(2) Scale of District Judge 1 100 - 70 - 1,200 - 60 - 1,800	L''S Scala	900 - 10 - 1 100 - 50 - 1,300 + Special	IPS Scaln+Special pay Re 100	**************************************	650-30 - 600-10-900+Special pay its 100 pm	330 25 650 30 800 + Special pay Re 50 pm	350-25-670-30-800+Special	350-23-650 30-300 + Special	(1) (20) (10 pm) (1a 75 pm) (2) (20) (40 pm) (3) (40 pm)
Number of Posts		-	_	**			-	-	-			-	-	-	•
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			Mysore	Mysore State Vigilance Commission—(Contd.)	-(Contd.)	
. 55	Designation	No. of Posts	f f	Existing Scale of Pay and Special Pay	onded Scale of Pay and Special Pay	Remarks
Š.				ţ	Rs.	
			300	Rs. 300—25—500—20—700 + Special	3502560030780EB	
Ξ	11 Assistant Engineer	:	pa 000	pay Rs. 50 p.m. 900_10_300_15_375 + Special	275-20-375EB-25-525	
2	Junior Engineer	•	ed.	•	9501030015420EB20	•
13	Personal Assistant to Vigilance Commis-	nis- 1	1 250-	250_20_350_25_500 + Special nay Rs. 35 p.m.	500 + Special Pay Rs. 50 p.m.	,
	<pre></pre>	-	. 250-	250_{-20}	275	
Ξ		: :	006 9	300_20_40025_600 + Special	40030100505	
13	Deputy Superincendence of torce			pay Rs. 50 p.m.	27520375BB25525	
16	Inspector of Police	or		,	1751027515350EB-20-450	
1.7	Sub-Inspector of Police	27		-		
<u> 7</u>		:	1 250.	470	275-20-375	
. 61		:	1 220			
9		į	1 150	-270+Special pay	140-5-150-8-190-15B-10- $260-15-290$	
8				Ks. 20 p.m.	250-10-300-15-420	
<u>es</u>	Selection Grade Stenographer	:	1 ZZ:0	ZZ510	175-10-27515350EB-20450	
57 57	g Stenographer	:		260—15—320 or	140-5-150-8-190-EB-10-	
				+Special pay Rs. 15 p.m.	260-15-290 + Special pay 18: 30	
				(except 10r a Stenographers, Allo-		
9	1 West Division Clerk	ţ.	13 12	wance Rs. 30 p·m. 120-6-150-8-190-10-240+	140 - 5 - 150 - 8 - 190 - EB - 10 - 260 - 15 - 290	
i				case of six I Division Clerks)	95-3-125-4-145-BB-5-200	
77	1 Second Division Clerk	:	10 80-	80-3-110-4-130-3-130-7 Special pay Rs. 10 p.m.		

Mysore State Vigilance Commission (Concld.)

	Pers atu	Number of posts	Existing scale of pay and Special Pay	Recommended scale of pay and Special Pay	Remarks	
1	CONTRACTOR OF STREET,		Rs.	12		
	11.11	2	(41-3_110_4_130_5_150+	95-3-125-1-145-EB-7-200+		
	-		Typing Mowance Rs 10 pm. +	Special pay Re 10 pm		
			special Allowance Ra. 10 p m. (execpt in case of one typist)			
-	Head togetal te	9	85 2-105+Special pay Ra. 8 pm	85 2-105+Special pay Ra. 8 pm 95 -3-125-4-115 -EB5-200		
•	1 20.02 1	42	65-1-79-2-90 + Special pay Nr. 2-95-3-127-EB-1-115	5-2-35-3-125-EB-1-115		
			Re 5 pm			
-	Van Diner	r~	70-2-2-110	852-05-11.5EB-1-115		
	Jamelar	^,	10- 3-90	83-2-93-3-125-133-1-145		
-	teren Jer	es	711-2-90	85-2-97-3-121-EB 4-115		
	\ sn Cleaner	G	55_1_65	60-1-10-2-20		
	tr's Orderly	•	70-1-50	69-1-50-2-30		37
_	Palarat	=	70_1—G	60-1-80-3-90		
	Watchnan	~·	50-1-60	60-1-80-2-90		
	Aureles	_	20-1-60	60-1-80-2-90		
			•			

CHAPTER 51

Drugs Control Department.

- 51.1. The Director of Public Health was notified as the Licensing and Controlling Authority under the Drugs Control Act, in 1957. A small unit was constituted in 1959 under the Director of Public Health as Ex-Officio Drugs Controller. During 1962, the Unit was made a separate and independent Department with a full time Drugs Controller. In the III Five Year-Plan, the Drugs Testing Laboratory for analysis of different types of drugs was commissioned. In 1964, a separate and independent College of Pharmacy was started and placed directly under the administrative control of this Department. This College caters to over 300 students and provides various courses in Pharmacy. The functions of this Department are mainly:
- (i) enforcing various statutes relating to drugs control and implementing the schemes under the Health Programme:
- (ii) analysis of different types of drugs through the Drugs Testing Laboratory which is under the administrative control of this Department; and
 - (iii) Pharmaceutical Education.
- 51.2. This Department is classified as a Minor Department. The Drugs Controller is the Head of this Department. He is the Controlling and licensing authority under the provisions of the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940. He is also in overall charge of the enforcement of the Poisons Act, 1919, the Drugs and Magic Remedies (objectionable advertisement) Act, 1954 and the Pharmacy Act, 1948. He is assisted by a Deputy Drugs Controller, three Assistant Drugs Controllers, two Drugs Inspectors (Headquarters) and 20 Drugs Inspectors at the Divisional level (6 Divisions consisting of 20 Districts) and other Officers. The Drugs Testing Laboratory is under the control of the Superintendent assisted by a Senior Chemist, a Bio-Chemist, a Pharmacologist and other non-gazetted Officers. The Government College of Pharmacy is under the immediate control of the Principal.

Creation of the posts of Law Officer, Senior Drugs Inspectors

51.3. At present, one of the Assistant Drugs Controllers is looking after complaints, investigations, Court cases, etc., relating to this Department. There are 22 Drugs Inspectors in the Department. It was represented to the Commission that it would be necessary to create six posts of Senior Drugs Inspectors and one post of Law Officer based on the Report of the Committee on Drugs Control constituted by the Government of India. It was also represented that the posts of Senior Drugs Inspectors would be necessary at the Divisional level to supervise and guide the work of the Drugs Inspectors in charge of Districts. The Commission, after examining all the points made on behalf of the Department,

fields that there is no oeed to create the posts of Seoior Inspectors at a level intermediate between the posts of Assistant Drugs Controllers and the Druga Inspectors. The Commission, however, recommends that four posts of Drugs Inspectors may be converted into posts of Seoior Drugs Inspectors so as to provide promotional opportuoities to the Inspectors and that the Senior Inspectors may be posted to the heavier Districts. The Commission also considers that there is no need to create a separate post of Law Officer and that it would be adequate to continue the existing arrangement, namely, one of the Assistant. Drugs Controllers (who is duly qualified) attending to this work.

Drugs Testing Laboratory

51 4 The Drugs Testing Laboratory is under the administrative Control of this Department It was represented that the Saperintendent of this Laboratory should be treated as the head of a Minor Department It was, however, clarified on hehalf of the Department that the Laboratory had got 2 Sections and facilities to analyse only certain types of drugs and that other types of Drugs were being sent to the laboratory run by the Government of India for analysis. It was represented that it was necessary to add six more sections so that the Lahomtors might become a full fledged Drugs Testing Laboratory in the State with all facilities for the analysis and standardisation of all categories of drugs. It was added that this Department had been approached by the Governments of Assim and Orissa for analysis of drugs sent by them, that the Government of India had also asked the Department whether the Laboratory could afford the necessary facilities to them and that the Department could undertake such work and provide whole time work to all the Sections if they were sanctioned Commission considers that there is no need to declare the Superintendent, Drugs Testing Lahoratory as the Head of a Minor Department as his work is not independent of the main Department nor is he called upon to discharge duties and reponsibilities independently of the Drugs Controller which would justify his being declared the He ul of a Minor Department. The Commission suggests that the question of adding six more sections to the Drugs Testing Laborators mas he over and the existing arrangements for the analysis of drugs which cannot be analysed locally with the existing facilities may continue for the present The additional sections may be created according to a phased programme depending on the quantum of work involved in each of such actions thus making tle Laborators a full fie lged one within a period of five years or so As and when the Laborators receives requisitions for analysing the drugs as int by Governments of other States and by the Government of India, the capacity of the existing sections may be increased depending on the additional work-load devolving on the Laboratory

Police Bing

51.3 During the course of discussion, it was represented by the Drugs Controller that a separate Police Wing would be never any for the Dispartment as they were not able to get Police Lelp in time. It was start I that such Police

Wings had been sanctioned by the Governments of Maharashtra, West Bengal and Andhra Pradesh. This matter was discussed with the Inspector-General of Police, the Secretary to Government in the Home Department and the Secretary to Government in the Health and Municipal Administration Department. The Commission considers that the Drugs Controller need not have a separate Police Wing under him as it may not be desirable to have Police Cells for individual Departments and that the regular Police may be asked to give him such assistance as he requires.

.Cadre and Recruitment Rules and Scales of Pay

- 51.6. Even though the Department was constituted as a separate and independent Department as long back as in 1962, the Cadre and Recruitment Rules for this Department have not been finalised yet. Government may take suitable steps to finalise the Cadre and Recruitment Rules early and regularise the present appointments.
- Controller are being applied for the present, the Commission has based its recommendations on these Rules. The Commission is of the view that in cases in which conveyance allowance and/or special pay is attached to an isolated post or to all posts in a cadre it would be more appropriate to so regulate the scale of pay for such posts as to compensate the officers drawing such conveyance allowance or special pay fully for the duties and responsibilities attached to the posts than to continue such conveyance allowance or special pay. Several of the posts in this Department carry conveyance allowance. The scale of pay for these posts are regulated in consonance with the principle indicated above.

Drugs Controller: (1) (Rs. 800-40-1,000-50-1,100)

- 51.8. According to the draft Rules of Recruitment, appointment to the post of Drugs Controller can be made by promotion on the basis of selection from the cadre of Deputy-Drugs Controller. The Commission considers that this mode of recruitment would be adequate. However, the words 'by selection' may be deleted as there is only one post of Deputy Drugs Controller in the Department.
 - 51.9. The scale of pay prescribed for this post is Rs. 800—40—1,000—50—1,100. The post also carries a conveyance allowance of Rs. 75 per month. The scale of pay for this post may be fixed as Rs. 900—40—1,100—50—1,300.

Deputy Drugs Controller: (1) (Rs. 600-40-1,000)

- 51.10. According to the draft Rules of Recruitment, the post of Deputy Drugs Controller is to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Assistant Drugs Controllers. The Commission considers that it would be desirable to provide for this post being filled from the cadre of Assistant Drugs Controllers by selection. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.
- 51.11. The scale of pay for this post is Rs. 600—40—1,000. The post carries a conveyance allowance of Rs. 75 per month. The scale of pay for this post may be fixed as Rs. 800—40—1,000—50—1,200.

Assistant Drugs Controllers (3) (Rs 300-25-550-30 700)

- 51 12 These posts are to be filled according to the draft Rules of Recruit ment, by promotion from the cadre of Drugs Inspectors on the basis of seniority cum ment. The Commission has recommended in para 51 3 that a new eadre of Senior Drugs Inspectors might be created and filled by the promotion of Drugs Inspectors. The posts of Assistant Drugs Controllers may be filled by the promotion of Senior Drugs Inspectors in the basis of seniority cum ment. The Rules of Recruitment may be fruned accordingly
- 51 13 These posts are in the scale of pay of Rs 300-25-650-30-700 They carry a conveyance allowance of Rs 75 per month. The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs 450-30-6600-LB-40-000

Drugs Inspectors (22) (Rs 250-20-350 25-500)

- 51 14 The draft Rules of Recruitment provide that the posts of Drugs Inspectors have to be filled by direct recruitment of graduates in Pharmacy or Pharmaceutical Chemistry or persons holding post graduate degree in Chemistry with Pharmaceutical subject or diploma holders in Pharmaceutical Chemistry granted by the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain or graduates in Medicine or Science who have had at least one year's post graduate training in a Laboratory or a Fellow of the Royal Institute of Chemistry of Great Britain (Brinch I). The Commission considers that this rande of recruitment is addeduate.
- 51 15 It has been recommended earlier that four posts of Drugs Inspectors may be converted into posts of Senior Drugs Inspectors. The posts of Drugs Inspectors are in the scale of pay of Re 250 20-350-25-500 and they entry a conversance of Rs 35 per month. The scale of pay may be fixed for the Senior Drugs. Inspectors as Rs 350-25-660-30-30-780-FB-40-900, and for the Brugs Inspectors as Rs 300-25-550-FB-30, 700.

Superintendent, I rugs Testing Laboratory (1) (Rs 600-10-1,000)

- 51 16 Under the draft Rules of Recruitment this post is to be filled either by promotion from the easter of Pharmacologist/Senior Chemist/Bio Chemist on the basis of seniority cum merit or by direct recruitment of graduates in Pharmacy and Chemistry who should have undergon training in Modern methods of Analysis and who should have 10 years' Pescarch/Training Alministrative experience of the Drugs and Cosmetic Act and Rules therein her or persons who possess a degree of M Sc. in Chemistry/Bio-Chemistrs/Microbiology/Pharmacology. The post requires a high degree of specialisation and it is therefore, necessary to retain both the modes of recruitment.
- 51 17 The state of pay for this post may be fixed as Re 700-40-909 50-1 200

Bio (kemit (1)) Sei ier (Temit (1)) (Rs. 200-25-5-0-30-700) Pharmacologist (1)) 51.18. These posts are proposed to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Junior Chemists on the basis of seniority-cum-merit or by direct recruitment. The qualifications prescribed for these posts are as under:

Pharmacologist: Degree in Medicine or a degree in Pharmacy or Science.

Senior Chemist: A First or Second Class Degree in Pharmaceutical Chemistry

or a Post-graduate degree in Chemistry with Pharmaceutics

as a special subject.

Bio-Chemist: A First or Second Class degree in Pharmaceutical Chemis-

try or a Post-graduate degree in Bio-Chemistry.

The Commission suggests that both the modes of recruitment may be retained.

51.19. The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 350—25—600—30—780—EB—40—900.

Principal, Government College of Pharmacy: (1) (Rs. 600-40-1,000)

- 51.20. According to the draft Rules of Recruitment, appointment to this post can be made either by promotion on the basis of seniority-cum-merit from the cadre of Readers or by direct recruitment of persons who have had the Post-graduate degree in Pharmacy with experience of 3 years in teaching line/Industrial and/or Administrative line. The Commission suggests that both the modes of recruitment may be retained.
- 51.21. This post is in the scale of pay of Rs. 600—40—1,000 and carries a special pay of Rs. 100 per month. The scale of pay for this post may be fixed as Rs. 800—40—1,000—50—1,200.

Readers: (2) (Rs. 600-40-1,000)

- 51.22. These posts are proposed to be filled either by promotion on the basis of seniority-cum-merit from the cadre of Assistant Professors or by direct recruitment of persons who possess a Post-graduate degree in Pharmacy. The Commission considers that the existing modes of recruitment are adequate.
 - 51.23. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 700-40-900-50-1,200.

Assistant Professors: (4) (Rs. 450-25-750-30-900)

- 51.24. These posts are proposed to be filled either by promotion on the basis of seniority-cum-merit from amongst Lecturers in Pharmacy or by direct recruitment of persons who possess a Post-graduate degree in Pharmacy. The Commission suggests that both the modes of recruitment may be retained.
- 51.25. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 500—30—650—40—850—EB—50—1,000.

Lecturers: (7) (Rs. 230-20-350-25-500)

51.26. There are seven posts of Lecturers, two in Pharmacy and five in Non-Pharmacy subjects. The Lecturers are proposed to be appointed by direct recruitment of graduates in Pharmacy. The Commission considers that this mode of recruitment is adequate.

- 51 27. The ecale of pay for these po ts may be Rs 275-20-375-ER-25-525
- Superintendent (Office) (1) (Rs 225-10 285-15-375)
- 5128 This post is proposed to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Manager/Statistician on the basis of seniority-cum merit. It has been recommended in a subsequent paragraph that the post of Statistician should be transferred to the common cadre in the Bineau of Economics and Statistics. The mode of recruitment may provide for promotion to this post from the cadre of Managers (proposed to be redesignated as Superintendents)
- 51 29 At present, the ministerial head of the Office is a Superinteadent in the scale of pay of Rs 225-10-285-15-375. It was represented that in view of the expanding activities of the Department it would be necessary to have a post of an Administrative Officer (Gazetted) in the scale of pay of an Assistant Commissioner to look after all routine service and administrative mitters. The Commissione considers that there is no need to upgrade the post of the office Superintendent to the rank of an Assistant Commissioner (Class I Junior Scale) but that this post may be converted into that of a Massger in the scale of pay of Rs 250-10-300-15-420-EB-20-600)

Accounts Superintendent (1) (Rs 220-10-320-15-440)

51 30 This post is proposed to be filled by taking on deputation an officer holding a corresponding post in the State Accounts Department. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as is recommended for officers holding comparable posts in the State Accounts Department.

Demonstrators (2) (Rs 150-8-190-10-300)

51 31 These posts are proposed to be filled by direct recruitment of graduates in Phenrimacy This mode of recruitment is adequate The reale of pay for these officers may be Rs 175—10—275—15—750—FB 20—450

Juntor Chemists (4) (Rs 150 -8-100-10-320-15-350)

51 32 These posts are proposed to be filled either by promotion from the cadre of Lahoratory Technician Grade I or by direct recruitment of graduates in Pharmacy These modes of recruitment are adequate The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as He 175—10—275—15—330—TB—20—470

Statistician (1) (Rs 150-8-190-10-270)

51 33 It has already been recommended that the posts of Statisticians in all the field Departments should be transferred to the common cadre in the Bureau of Feonomics and Statistics and Officers taken on deputation from that Department. Necessary provision may be made in the Cafre and Recroitment Rules of this Department accordingly. The official working at present against this post may either be given the often to continue in this Department for heing alsorbed in any of the corresponding posts in the Department of toget transferred to the Bureau of Feoremies at 1 Statistics. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as that for corresponding Foots in the Bureau.

- Laboratory Technician Grade I (Drugs): (3) (Rs. 140-5-150-6-180-10-200)
- 51.34. These posts are proposed to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Laboratory Technician Grade II/Technician on the basis of seniority-cum-merit or by direct recruitment of graduates in science. These modes of recruitment may be adopted.
- 51.35. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as is recommended for the corresponding posts in the Department of Health and Family Planning Services.
- Accountant: (1) (Rs. 120-5-150-8-190-10-240)
- 51.36. This post is proposed to be filled either by deputation from the State Accounts Department or by promotion from the cadre of Cashier/First Division Clerk/Record Keeper. The Commission suggests that only the former mode of recruitment may be retained. The scale of pay for the post may be the same as that recommended for corresponding posts in the State Accounts Department.
- Librarian/Library Assistant: (2), Examiner (Advertisement) (2): (Rs. 110-5-150-6-180-10-220)
- 51.37. These posts are proposed to be filled by direct recruitment of candidates who have passed the Intermediate or P.U.C. examination with Diploma in Library Science. This mode of recruitment is adequate. The scale of pay for these posts is identical with that of I Division Clerks. These officials may be given the scale of pay applicable to the post of I Division Clerks.
- Laboratory Technician Grade II: (3) (Rs. 100-5-150-6-180-10-200)
- 51.38. These posts are proposed to be filled by direct, recruitment of candidates who have passed the Intermediate or P. U. C. examination with Chemistry as "elective" subject. This mode of recruitment is adequate. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as that recommended for the corresponding posts in the Department of Health and Family Planning Services.
- Technicians (College): (4) (Rs. 100-5-150-6-180)
- 51.39. These posts are proposed to be filled by direct recruitment of candidates who have passed the Intermediate or P. U. C. examination with Chemistry as "elective" subject. This mode of recruitment is adequate. The scale of pay for these officials may be the same as that for officials holding comparable posts in the other allied Institutions of Government.
- Store Keeper: (1) (Rs. 120-5-150-8-190-10-240)
- 51.40. This post is proposed to be filled by promotion from the Cadre of Cashier/I Division Clerk/Record Keeper/Examiner. This post may be included in the Cadre of I Division Clerks and the Rules of Recruitment framed on this basis. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as that for I Division Clerks.

Electrician cum Mechanic (1) (Rs. 150-8-190-10-320) Mechanic (1) (Rs. 140-5-150-8-190-10-250)

- 51 41 These posts are proposed to be filled either by direct recruitment of diploma holders in Mechanical/Electrical Engineering or by deputation from other Departments. The Commission considers that the first alternative mode or recruitment, vir., direct recruitment may not be necessary as there would be no promotional opportunities for these officials in this Department. It would be better to fill these posts by taking on deputation officials holding corresponding posts in the Department of Technical Education. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The liens of the present incumhents may be shifted against corresponding posts in the Department of Technical Education and they may be treated as on deputation to this Department.
- 51 42 The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as that for the corresponding posts in the Department of Technical Education

Laboratory Attendants (4) (Rs 70-2-90)

51 43 These posts are proposed to be filled by promotion from other Class IV Servants or by direct recruitment of persons who have passed the VIII standard examination. These modes of recruitment are adequate and may be retained. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as that for the corresponding posts in the other Departments of Government.

Common Posts

Managers (6) (Rs 150 -8-190-10-270) (to he redesignated as Super intendents)

I Division Clerks/Cashier/Record Leoper (15) (Rs 110-5 150-6-180-10-220)

Steographer (Senior) (1) (Its 110-5-150-0-180-10-220)+Special Pay Its 30 per month

Pay Rs 20 per month (3) (Rs 80-3-110-1-120-5-150)+Special Pay Rs 20 per month

Typists (2) (Rs 60-3-110-4-130-5-150)+Special pay Rs 10 per month

II Division Clerks (11) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130 5-150)

II Division Clerks cum Typists (20) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-150) +Special pay Rs 5 per month

Attenders (6) (Rs 70-2-90)

Cycle Orderly, Servants Peons Watchman-cum Sweeper Home Orderly Malis (36) (Rs 50-1-60)

51.44 There are posts common to all Departments of Government and the scales of pay prescribed for these posts in all Departments may apply to them in this Department also Special pay to the Scienceaghers Typicta and Ovello-Orderlies may be regulated to accordant a with the general principles is I down in Chapter 5.

Delegation of Powers

- Government regarding the delegation of powers to the Drugs Controller, the Superintendent, Drugs Testing Laboratory and to the Principal, College of Pharmaey, Bangalore. It was stated that the Finance Department had not yet agreed to the proposals sent by the Drugs Controller. The Commission considers that the general powers vested in the other Heads of Departments under the Manual of Financial Powers may be continued to be exercised by the Drugs Controller also. The proposed special powers which need mention are (i) to incur investigational charges and to remunerate informants helping investigation upto Rs. 25 in each case and upto Rs. 500 per annum; (ii) to grant rewards upto a maximum limit of Rs. 100 in each case, subject to the total sanctioned provision available for such rewards; rewards being awarded only in exceptional cases with sound discretion.
- 51.46. Taking into consideration the nature of work performed by this Department, the Commission considers that the special powers now vested in the Superintendent of Police under the Manual of Financial Powers in this regard may be made applicable to the Drugs Controller. As regards the delegation of powers to his subordinate officers, viz., the Superintendent, Drugs Testing Laboratory and the Principal, Government College of Pharmacy, Bangalore, the Commission recommends that such of the powers as are now vested in the Heads of Offices under the Manual of Financial Powers may be made applicable to these two Officers.

CHAPTER 51 Drugs Control Department

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CHAPTER 52

Department of Health and Family Planning Services

- 52.1 Meer the reorganisation of States in the veir 1956, the Senior Surgeon who was in charge of the Medical Services was designated as the Director of Medical Services, and the Director of Pullic Health was in charge of the Health Services. In the year 1965, both these Departments were similar mated and brought under the administrative control of one officer designated as the Director of Health Services. The designation of the Department was charged in the year 1968 as the Director of Health and Paintly Plunning Services.
- 52.2 The Department compress three transless namely Medical and Health Medical Education and Department of Indian Medicine. This Department is classified as a Wajor Department.
- 32.3 The Director is the Head of the Department the is assisted by four Joint Directors at the State bed each in charge of We head. I aboratories. Health and Medical I diduction I miss. Other rechnical Officers in the State level are five Departy. Directors a Color Assistant Directors a Superintendent of Narsing Services e B eternologie to a State Color and a Food Analysis.
- 52.4 On the administrative side there is an Administrative Officer assisted by an Assistant Administrative Officer and a Linaucial Assistant

service conditions of the officials of the three units which were integrated as enumerated below:—

- (a) The promotions were being regulated according to the different Cadre and Recruitment Rules pertaining to the individual units, in view of the fact that there was no common inter-departmental seniority list for all the units together and that common Cadre and Recruitment Rules were issued only in respect of a few posts in the Department;
- (b) The Second Division Clerks of the Public Health Branch were being promoted on completion of five years of service in that cadre, whereas their counterparts in the Medical and the Indian Medicine Branches were not getting promotions;
- (e) There were gazetted posts of Lay Secretaries only in the Medical and the Indian Medicine Cadres and not in the Public Health Cadre, though the total number of ministerial staff was comparatively less in the former two Cadres. The eadre strength of ministerial staff of the Department might, therefore, be rationalised to provide for promotional opportunity to gazetted posts for the ministerial staff in the Public Health Branch also from the common seniority list of the personnel of the Department; and
- (d) The promotional avenues for the ministerial staff of the Public Health Cadre was much less than for the staff belonging to the Medical Cadre.
- 52.8. It was stated on behalf of Government that mere framing of common Cadre and Recruitment Rules might not solve the difficulties created by the amalgamation, unless, a common Inter-departmental seniority list in respect of different eategories of staff was finalised.
- 52.9. After examining the points made in the representation, the Commission recommends that the ministerial cadres in all the three sections, viz. Medical, Health and Medical Education might be integrated into a single cadre, a common seniority list might be prepared and promotions regulated on the basis of the integrated list. Since, however, it is likely to take time (as unlike in the Technical Wing a common list is yet to be prepared) the existing arrangement of having separate seniority lists in the different sections may be continued, pending preparation of the combined list and promotions may be ordered in each section without prejudice to the rights of these officials as might be determined after preparation of common seniority lists finally.
- 52.10. It was represented to the Commission that the duties and responsibilities of Medieal Officers working in the Public Health wing were more onerous than those of the Officers working in the Medieal wing who had the added advantage of having private practice, which was denied to the Officers of the Public Health wing. It was stated that there was reluctance on the part of Medieal personnel to accept Public Health assignments and consequently, it had become difficult to make doctors volunteer for Post-Graduate Education in Public Health. The Official Committee appointed by Government which went into this question had recommended the creation of a Cadre of Deputy District

Health Officers with reasonable scales of pay to create incentives for the doctors to opt for the Public Health wing. There is already common recruitment at the level of the Assistant Surgeons-cum Class II Health Officers for the Medical and Public Health Sections Officers who enter this culte have to elect or the authorities have to indicate the wings to which each of them would have to be allotted when they are due for promotion to the next higher culter, such election relection would be based on the special qualifications that they acquire and the work which they were handling in the lower cada. The Commission, therefore, recommends that there could be integration of Vedical and Health Sections and that there could be a single list of sumority for purposes of promotion to the level immediately above the level of entry, the placement of each officer may, however, depend upon his specialisation

52 11 In view of the suggestion that there should be common lists of seniority for the doctors, the Commission is of the opinion that there is no need for creating a separate cadre of Deputy District Health Officers as suggested to the Commission.

Joint Directors

recomme Adations. The Commission, therefore, recommends that a "Time and Motion Study" of the work-load may be got conducted and the staff required for each District Hospital in the light of the work study sanctioned.

Creation of posts of Lay Secretaries for all the Districts

- 52.15. It was urged before the Commission that the posts of Lay Secretaries (Gazetted) should be created in all the District Health and Family Planning Offices to assist the District Health and Family Planning Officers as their work had increased considerably on account of the Family Planning work and as the Managers in the Office would not have adequate status to deal with matters at the District level. It was added that the creation of such posts would also provide promotional opportunities for the ministerial staff of the Public Health section.
- 52.16. The Commission agrees that the work in these offices has increased and that adequate assistance should be provided to the District Health and Family Planning Officers and accordingly recommends that 19 posts of Lay Secretaries may be created for working as Headquarters Assistants to the District Health and Family Planning Officers. It has been represented to the Commission that the work has increased in the Directorate also and that two posts of Gazetted Assistants in the same grade as the Lay Secretaries should be sanctioned for the Directorate. The Commission recommends that two posts may be sanctioned as represented.

Upgrading the post of Deputy Director, Family Planning

52.17. It was represented before the Commission that the Government of India have suggested that the post of Deputy Director (Family Planning) should be upgraded as Joint Director (Family Planning) in view of the importance attached to Family Planning Programmes. The Commission considers that the proposal is reasonable and in view of the nation-wide propaganda and momentum which the Family Planning movement is gaining with the substantial assistance of the Central Government the post of the Deputy Director (Family Planning) may be upgraded to the status of Joint Director in keeping with the status of other Officers of the Department in charge of the important functions and activities of the Department.

Creation of the post of Assistant' Controller in the Directorate

52.18. It was represented to the Commission that the Deputy Controller of Accounts attached to the Directorate was not in a position to cope with the entire accounts and financial aspects of the Department in addition to undertaking periodical audit of the accounts of the four Medical Colleges and other Hospitals in the State; that he required relief in respect of at least a portion of the work which he was handling and that one post of Assistant Controller might be created for dealing exclusively with the accounts relating to Family Planning work as the accounts relating to this item of work had to be kept neatly and accurately as this Scheme was eligible for assistance from the Government of India and such assistance would be available only if the accounts were rendered properly. Taking into consideration all the relevant points, the Commission recommends that one post

of an Assistant Controller may be created in the Directorate in addition to the existing post of a Deputy Controller and that this post may be filled by taking an Officer in the cadre of Assistant Controllers on deputation from the State Acrountal Department. It is also suggested that the Deputy Controller and the Assistant Controller may work independently of each other—one in the Vedical Section and the other in the Public Health Section subject to the condition that in matters of policy relating to his charge, the Assistant Controller may route the papers through the Deputy Controller

Creation of posts of Accountants

52 19 It was represented to the Commission that the accounts work in the District Health and Firials Planning Offices was increasing particularly in respect of the work relating to Family Planning and that Accountant of the status of Accountants working in the Community Development Blocks or of Head Accountants should be posted to each District Office. The Commission considers this to be a reasonable proposal and recommends that posts of Accountants of the rank of Accountants working in the Community Divelopment Blocks may be created in each of the District Health and Family Planning Offices

Non Practising Allowance to personnel in the Health Department

52 20 This question has very much perplexed the mind of the Commission as the views of the experts thereon are conflicting. The views expressed before-the Commission by officials and nor officials may fairly be divided into three extraories.

- (ii) such practice does not interfere with the teaching and hospital work of the concerned doctor.
- 52.21. Before dealing with these three views on the question, it is necessary to mention that in our State the medical personnel on the Clinical and Public Health sides have been permitted private practice outside their duty hours. Doctors in the teaching profession attached to Government Colleges are not generally permitted private practice and are paid a fixed Non-Practising Allowance. Professors, Associate Professors, Assistant Professors, Lecturers (and others) are respectively paid Rs. 200, Rs. 150, Rs. 100 and Rs. 75 per month.
- 52.22. It is explained on behalf of the Directorate that Medical Officers posted to Dispensaries and Hospitals are in a position to resort to private practice as the hours of work in the Hospital and Dispensaries are fixed and they are in a position to attend to patients outside the office hours without prejudice to their legitimate work. Only the District Family Planning Officers are paid Non-Practising Allowance of Rs. 150 per month as they will have no time to practise due to the onerous nature of their duties and heavy touring work.
 - 52.23. The Health Survey and Planning Committee appointed by the Government of India (1959-61) under the Chairmanship of Dr. A. Lakshmanaswami Mudaliar considered the question of non-practising allowance and stated:
 - "One of the unfortunate features of the difficulty in recruiting medical men to the services is the low salaries that are being offered to them on the ground that private practice is still allowed. We are definitely of the opinion that in the teaching eadres which we have suggested full-time units must be there with no practice whatsoever. Even in regard to other persons recruited as whole-time Government Officers, we would suggest that it is desirable to have a service which will be completely non-practising and which will have such salaries as are commensurate with the academic qualifications and long period of training. We have no hesitation in suggesting that the following minimum scales should be accepted:

 All Professors
 ... Rs. 1,500 -2.500

 Associate Professors
 ... Rs. 1,250 -2,000

 Readers (Assistant Professors)
 ... Rs. 1,000 -1,500

 Lecturers and Registrars
 ... Rs. 600 -1,000

 Tutors and Demonstrators
 ... Rs. 350 -600

- It would be relevant to mention here that the above scales are also in line with the revised scales of pay of teachers in certain of the Engineering and Technological Colleges prossessing parallel qualifications and training.
- In the Medical Services, those persons who are taken into Government Service, whether they do preventive or curative work, should be taken as whole-time officers, without any non-practising allowance and they should be paid the same scale of pay as are applicable to Indian

Administrative Service Officers. There should not be any special non-practising allowance for medical officers merely because they work on the clinical side."

- 52.24. It is thus obvious that the Mudahar Committee is in favour of payment of high salaries and complete abolition of payment of non-practising allowance to any medical personnel, whatever may he the field of work. The Office-Bearers of the Mysore Medical Association appeared before the Commission and pleaded that if the pay scales recommended by the aforesaid Committee were accepted fully, there should be no difficulty in abelishing payment of non-practising allowance. They further submitted that if for economic reasons of the State, it was not feasible for the Government to accept the pay scales recommended by the Committee, then it would be only equitable to permit the medical personnel in service to have private practice outside the office hours. They produced a copy of the Report of the Meeting of the Pay, Status, etc. Sub Committee held at the Indian Medical Association House, New Deliu, on March 5, 1907, presided over hy Dr. 6. C. Sen. The following recommendations of the Sub-Committee are relevant and are therefore reproduced below.
 - *The private practice for all doctors in the whole time Government service (including those in the States, in the Railways and in other Government organizations and industries) should be abobshed provided the scales of remuneration recommended by the Indian Medical Association are accepted and implemented.
 - Further, where the eruplaying authorities including the State Governments are, due to financial difficulties, unable to implement the adequate pay scale for whole time non-practising medical officers as recommended by the Indian Medical Association, part-time doctors may be employed on associated have and private practice outside duty hours should be allowed. Certain posts must, however be whole-time with no practice allowed.
- 52 25 The view of the Special Committee appears to be that private practice should be abolished provided the scales of remuneration recommended by the Indian Medical Association are accepted and implemented by the State Governments and other organisations employing medical men
- 52.26. The Mysore Government appointed Major General S. I. Bhatia in 1900 to report on the reorganisation of Medical and Public Health Services in the Mysore State. The recommendation contained in the Report at page 25 is that Professors, Assartant Professors, Austino Frences, Sections and Registrary who are whole time Government of Officers about the detained from private practice.
- 22 27. The Commission has given 6 I consideration to the views expressed by the different Committees and Medical Officers irrelating Preference and Specialists. There cannot be any dealt that it would be an idealistic state of affairs if all prof. all personnel in service are wholly probable from private fraction.

The medical profession is a noble profession and thoroughly humanistic. The problems of disease and ill-health are to be approached with a human and compassionate outlook irrespective of the financial capacity of the suffering patient. Like other Government Servants, the medical personnel in service are also supposed to be on duty all the 24 hours and where emergency requires, it would not be wrong in principle to expect them to attend to work at any time of the day or night.

- 52.28. The question, however, is whether it is possible in practice to sustain this ideology amongst the medical personnel with the present scales of pay. The persons in service will necessarily compare themselves with persons possessing identical qualifications and experience in private practice, as medicine is a practical and professional seience. There should be no objection to expect adherence to this ideal if the State Government is in a position to adopt the scales recommended by the All India Medical Council in which case the question of paying non-practising allowance to any of the medical personnel, whether working on the clinical or non-clinical side, may not arise.
- The Commission is inclined to think that the whole problem should be approached in a realistic manner. It is common knowledge that even though non-practising allowance is being paid to all Doctors working in Colleges, many of them practise privately in a clandestine manner. The nature of the profession itself is such that persons in the teaching cadre who are experts in their lines are approached for private consultation outside their office hours, whether during day or night. It would be unethical in one sense to decline attendance on such patients if their condition is such as would not brook waiting till the next day for the Doctor to attend the hospital and examine the patient. Commission feels that no public purpose is served by paying non-practising allowance and at the same time overlooking cases of Doctors clandestinely indulging in private practice. This is a profession, like some other professions, which is wholly dependent upon the conscience and ethical standard of persons entering the profession and accepting service under the State Government. would be neither conducive to good morals nor to good economy to pay nonpractising allowance to a number of officers and remain helpless overlooking breach of rules relating to prohibition of private practice.
- 52.30. Having regard to the economic condition of the State, the Commission considers that it would not be possible to adopt the scales of pay recommended by the All India Medical Council. The non-practising allowance recommended by that body is 50% of the pay, subject to the maximum of Rs. 600. It would not be possible to pay non-practising allowance at this rate. The only two courses open to the Government are:
 - (1) to pay all the medical personnel a high scale of salary approximating the scales prescribed for the Indian Administrative Service, or lesser salary with high rates of non-practising allowance;
 - . (2) to prescribe reasonable scale of salary and permit everybody to practise outside office hours.

- 52/31 . Of these two courses, the Commission is inclined to accept the latter for the following measures
 - (i) It is not possible in actual practice to prohibit. Doctors from practising prayects
 - (2) With the present scales of salary at is too much to expect every one of them to be alleadate in outlook and conduct
 - (3) While all the doctors attached to non-teaching hospitals and all dispersions are permitted private practice—there is no convincing teason for debarring only the experts in their respective lines from that concession.
 - (4) Some of the doctors in the teaching cadre have been exempted from the restriction by Government under special orders and are permitted private practice.
 - (5) Private practice was allowed for all doctors in the State till 1961.
- 52 32 It was submitted that if members of the teaching profession were permittel private practice, they would have no time for preparation of their lessons and for attending to research work. Research in the field of inclical science is not given to every medical tun as it requires a special temperament with a high sense of dedication and self-ternal coupled with an inquisitive outle ik to pursue assiduously certain involved riddes of human disease and treatment. Besides research is undertaken in European and American countries because there are very generous endowments created a falour of second in specific diseases and the State or private organisations provide all the modern costs instruments and appliances necessars for the particular scheme. It is a line for the Specialist and not for persons who are appointed in ordinary hospi tals or who do the normal teaching work. As regards the argument that they would not have time to prepare their lessons at would be difficult to liebeac that persons appointed to responsible posts would neglect their routine work. In these days when students are sufficiently awakined a Professor or a Lecture can hardly have the courage of going to his class unpripired. As already of served preparation of less me and discharge of one a own duties conseion ti use are matters of infestigal conseience and ethics

to by each of them. In practice, there may be very little difference between limited and full private practice as the difficulties of tracing whether a Doctor has received money privately or not would be insurmountable. The Commission, therefore, feels that the system of limited practice may not work successfully.

- 52.34. For all these reasons, the Commission recommends that payment of non-practising allowance should be wholly stopped and that members in all services and at all levels should be permitted private practice subject to the following two conditions:
 - (1) Such practice or consultation should be wholly outside the working hours. During the working hours and in the hospital hours, no private consultation on payment should be permitted;
 - (2) Private practice even outside the office hours should not come in the way of the discharge of official work, whether clinical or non-elinical.

Non-practising Allowance to Health Officer on the Public Health side

52.35. Under the existing rules, the Health Officers in the Public Health Wing are not entitled to non-practising allowance; and they are allowed to have private practice outside their hours of duty. It was represented to the Commission that as the officers working in the health wing would not be in touch with the clinical work, they would not be in a position to attract private patients to the same extent as their counterparts in the medical wing and that they should be granted reasonable non-practising allowance on par with the personnel on the medical side. In view of the principles outlined in the preceding paragraphs and the fact that it is proposed to have a common cadra for officers in the medical and health wings and to allow them to have private practice, the Commission recommends that the officers in the Health Wing need not be given either Non-Practising Allowance or higher scales of pay than their counterparts in the Medical Wing.

Non-Practising Allowance to the Staff of the Devial College

52.36. The Commission recommends that the decision taken in respect of the teaching staff of the Medical Colleges may be applied to the teaching staff of the Dental College also, regarding non-practising Allowance.

Specialist Allowance or Qualification Pay

52.37. The question of granting Specialist Allowance or Qualification pay to the doctors possessing Post-graduate qualification when posted to the General Hospitals other than Teaching Institutions was raised before the Commission for consideration. It was stated that Specialist Allowances ranging from Rs. 100 to Rs. 150 per month were being paid to Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons in the former Mysore State but that this scheme was subsequently discontinued; that this had caused discontentment among the young doctors holding post-graduate qualifications and it had resulted in gradual depletion of Specialists in Hospitals.

already built up their reputation outside were appointed as Honorary Medical Officers. After eareful examination of all the arguments advanced in this connection, the Commission considers that the system of having Honorary Medical Practitioners may continue; but only those doctors who have built up a reputation outside for competency may be appointed to these posts and if necessary suitable rules may be framed for plugging the loopholes in the system. The Commission does not however, consider that it is necessary to increase the rates of honoraria as the Honorary Surgeons and Physicians render service in the Hospitals with the motive of doing good to the poorer sections of the Community who cannot afford to consult them in their consulting rooms after paying their fees and not with the motive of making money.

Change of Designation of Nursing Superintendent.

52.41. It was represented to the Commission that the Bhatia Committee had recommended that the post of the Superintendent, Nursing Services should be designated as "Assistant Director of Medical Services," and that this post might earry the same scale of pay as is prescribed for the Assistant Directors of Health Services. It was also brought to the notice of the Commission that the Officer corresponding to the Superintendent of Nursing Services in the Directorate General of Health Services of the Government of india had been given a designation of that nature. The Commission considers this to be a reasonable suggestion and accordingly recommends that the designation of the Superintendent, Nursing Services may be changed as "Assistant Director of Health (Nursing)".

Subsidised Medical Practitioners

52.42. The seheme of appointing Subsidised Medical Practitioners was in vogue in the erstwhile Bombay State and is, at present, in force in the Bombay area. It was represented that all the rules applicable to regular Government servants should be made applicable to the subsidised Medical Practitioners and that they should be paid increased rates of Honoraria. It was suggested to the Commission that the existing system might continue as medical facilities had not been extended to such an extent as to justify the elimination of this category of officers altogether. The Commission accepts this suggestion and recommends that the existing system of subsidised Medical Practitioners may be continued under the existing terms and conditions in respect of those who have already come under the Scheme, but that no further appointment need, however, be made under the scheme.

Stipends for House Surgeons

52.43. It was represented on behalf of House Surgeons that the stipend of Rs. 100 per month paid at present to medical graduates and Rs. 75 to dental graduates might be enhanced to Rs. 150 per month in view of the all round increase in the present day cost of living. The Commission considers this to be a reasonable representation and accordingly recommends that House Surgeons (both Medical and Dental) may be given a stipend of Rs. 150 per mensem.



Nurse-Patient Ratio

Services in Major and District Hospitals of the State was received for the consideration of the Commission. The Bhatia Committee had recommended in this connection, the employment of one nurse for every 5 beds. Government had, however, sanctioned additional posts of Nurses so as to bring the ratio to 1:10, i.e., one Nurse for every ten beds. It has been represented that the Nurses to be appointed according to this ratio would not be able to discharge their duties as efficiently as was necessary, that very heavy burden would, then, be cast on the nursing staff, and that a ratio of one nurse to every 6 patients might be adopted so as to improve the standards of nursing services. The Commission considers this to be a reasonable standard and recommends that the Nurse-patient ratio may be reduced to 1:6 from 1:10. If this ratio were adopted, 544 additional nurses would be required. The Commission suggests that the number of posts of nurses may be increased accordingly within a period of three to five years according to a phased programme.

Grant-in-aid to Medical Institutions

- 52.48. The Grants-in-aid to Private Medical Institutions in the State are at present regulated by the following rules:—
 - (a) The Mysore Medical Institutions (Allopathic Medicine) Grant-in-Aid Rules, 1964; and
 - (b) The Mysore Medical Institutions (Indian Medicines) Grant-in-Aid Rules, 1964.

Under these Rules, recurring grants are admissible upto ½ of the estimated cost of full expenditure and limited to the extent of deficit in the case of Institutions which dispense allopathic medicine. In the case of Institutions which dispense Indian Medicine, recurring grants are admissible upto 50 per cent for Institutions administered by Taluk Development Boards and in other cases upto 25 per cent of the estimated annual expenditure limited to the extent of the deficit.

52.49. It was represented on behalf of some private institutions that the annual recurring grants might be based on actual expenditure incurred by each Institution and not on the deficit arrived at as a result of the total transactions of the Institution and that recurring grants should be given to the extent of 100 per cent of the expenditure and non-recurring grants to the extent of 85 per cent of the expenditure. The Silver Jubilce Health Centre, Bijapur represented to the Commission that it might be given a fixed grant after taking the requirements of the Institution into account or the actual deficit. The Commission has examined the working of this Institution and finds that the fees charged by the institution are nominal and that it is run primarily with the help of the local people. The same situation is probably existing in other similar Institutions. The Commission, therefore, recommends that based on the actuals the entire deficit of recurring expenditure and 85 per cent of the non-recurring expenditure may be sanctioned as grant in respect of Institutions which are functioning

general dearth of Lady doctors. The Commission has examined this matter and recommends that Rural Allowance may be given to the Lady Doctors posted to Taluk places and below the Taluk level and to men doctors below the Taluk level at the following rates:—

- 1. Men Doctors posted to below Taluk Rs. 100 per mensem. level.
- 2. Lady Doctors posted to Taluk places Rs. 100 per mensem. and below Taluk level.

Risk Allowance

52.53. At present, the staff of the Department handling X-Ray equipment have been sanctioned Risk Allowance at the rates mentioned in Government Order dated 13th October 1963, regarding rationalisation of allowances viz., at the following rates:—

	Designation 1	Hospital in cities (i.e. with population of one lakh and above)	District Headquarters Hospitals not falling under (2) 3	Hospitals in other places 4
;	Surgeons (including Hon. Surgeons). Assistant Surgeons (Gazetted). Assistant Surgeons (Nongazetted).	Rs. 50 per month. Rs. 30 per month. Rs. 25 per month.	Rs. 40 per month. Rs. 25 per month. Rs. 20 per month.	Rs. 30 per month. Rs. 20 per month. Rs. 15 per month.
₹. .;.	Technicians Class IV staff	Rs. 10 per month Rs. 5 per month.	Rs. 10 per month Rs. 5 per month.	Rs. 10 per month Rs. 5 per month.

52.54. Subsequently, these allowances were made applicable to the teaching staff attached to Medical Colleges handling the X-Ray Units. It was represented by the Department that frequency of X-Ray radiation was more in Government College of Indian Medicine, which was also a teaching hospital and therefore, the staff working in X-Ray Departments attached to Ayurvedic Colleges and Hospitals might be sanctioned risk allowance as detailed below:—

(i) Lecturers, Assistant Lecturers, Physical Rs. 20 per month. cians (Non-gazetted) attached to X-Ray Department

- (ii) Technicians ...
- . Rs. 10 per month.
- (iii) Class IV staff .. Rs. 5 per month.

52.55. In the circumstances stated above, the Commission recommends that risk allowances that are being paid already may be continued at the existing rates and that such allowances may be granted at the same rates to the Officers of corresponding status in the Ayurvedic colleges and hospitals.

Two grades of Health Inspectors

- 52 56 It was represented on behalf of an Association of employees that on account of the limited number of posts of Senior Health Inspectors, the promotional opportunities for Junior Health Inspectors were limited and that as many senior officials were stagnating at the maximum of the scale, the existing scale of pay itself might be revised.
- 52 of The Commission has examined this question and considers that as the number of posts in the senior grade is nearly 25 per cent of the number in the junior grade the promotional of portunities available to the officials in the latter grade are adequate. Officers in the junior grade may be promoted to the senior grade on the basis of senionit cum ment. both the categories may be given similar charges that among such charges the senior grade lasy ectors may be posted to the relatively more important charges and the junior grade. Inspectors to the other charges and recommends that action may be taken accordingly

fquation of posts of Chemists

52.54 It was represented by the Junior Chemists of the D partment that the duties and responsibilities shouldered by them and the qualification priscribed for their posts were similar to those of the Assistant Chemists of the Department of Mines and Geology and they should therefore be given the same scale of pay as the Assistant Chemists of the Department of Mines and Geology. The representation was also supported by the Department. In view of the fact that identical qualifications are prescribed for both the categories of posts the Continuous accordingly and recommends that the Chemists of this D partment about 1 be given the same scales of pay as the Chemists in the Department of Mines and Geology and recommends accordingly.

frezion of pists of Senior Compounders

Technicians Examination. This provides adequate opportunity of promotion to the Junior Technicians. The Commission does not, therefore, consider that any change in the existing position is necessary.

Indian Medicine (Special System)

52.61. It was represented to the Commission that the officers working in the Allopathic wing were given higher scales of pay than the officers of corresponding rank working in the Ayurvedic wing, that this discrimination should be removed and that the Ayurvedic doctors should be given the same scales of pay as officers of corresponding rank in the Allopathic wing and that Non-Practising Allowances, given to the teaching staff of the Medical Colleges, might be made applicable to reposals for the rationalisation of the scales of pay and designations in the Indian Medicine Branch of the Department for the consideration of the Commission. This has been dealt with separately under the "Cadre and Recruitment Rules and Scales of Pay" of the Indian Medicine Branch later in this Chapter.

Non-Practising Allowance to the teaching stuff of Indian Medicine Branch

52.62. The question relating to Non-Practising Allowance to the Allopathic personnel in the Health Department has been dealt with separately in paragraphs 20 to 36 of this Chapter. The same principles will apply to Doctors In this branch.

Cadre and Recrultment Rules and Scales of Pay

Director: (1) (Rs. 1,300-50-1,800) plus special pay Rs. 100

- 52.63. According to the Cadre and Recruitment Rules, this post is to be filled by promotion by selection from the cadre of Joint Directors and if no suitable person is found in the cadre, by the appointment of a suitable candidate on contract. Since the Commission is of the opinion that the post should be filled only by promotion, the clause permitting appointment on contract basis may be deleted. The Commission has equated the posts of Deans with the posts of the Joint Director (Education). Provision may, therefore, be made for the post of the Director being filled by promotion by selection from the cadre of Deans and Joint Directors and the Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.
- 52.64. It was suggested that the Head of the Department should be given a decent fixed pay commensurate with the responsibility involved and an alternative suggestion made was that the running scale of pay for the Director could be short and that he could be given the same scale of pay as is given to the Chief Engineers. The Commission recommends that the scale of pay for this post may be revised as Rs. 1,300—60—1,600—50—1,800. The Director is in receipt of a special pay of Rs. 100 per month. This special pay may be abolished and may be treated as part of the pay for determining his pay in the revised scale.

Joint Director (Education) (1) (Rs 1,100-50-1,500)

52 65 The Rules of Recruitment provides for this post being filled by promotion by selection from the cadre of Deans and if no suitable person from this cadre is available then by promotion by selection from among the Superintendents of Major Hospitals or from the cadres of Professors and Associate Professors in Medical College of the Mysore Medical Service (Teaching and Technical Personnel in M dical and D-ntal Colleges) These Rules of Recruitment may be amended by substituting the words ' by transfer from the cadre of Dean ' for the words promotion by selection from the a if no suitable person is availed _ n by promotion by selection from among of Deans", and by deleting the words the Superintendents of Major I vitals These posts were created and tho present scales of pay fixed for them in September 1965 when the Department was reorganised. At the date these posts were created the other Joint Directors under Government, namely, Joint Director of Agriculture, Joint Director of Public Instruction Joint Director of Industries and Commerce and other posts of the same grade were all in the scale of pay of Rs 900-40-1 100-50-1 300 The post of the Deputy Director of Public Health which was the post next to the Director of Public Health was given the same scale of pay as the Joint Directors in the other Departments | Judging by the pattern of the scales of pay prescribed for officers at the level of Joint Directors these officers would probably hav been given the same scale of pay as the Joint Directors in the other Department had the fosts leen in existence at the time of the general revision of the seine of I iv in 1961 The Comer has accordingly recommended the same real ecale of pay for these post he posts of Joint Directors in other Departmen

The scale of passfor this post may be revised as Rs 1 300 CO 1 COO

Joint Director (Medical) (I) (Bs 1 100 50 1 500)

52 67 The Rules of Recruitment provide for this post being fill ti n ly selection from the culte of Doans in the Apare Medical Serv and Techni al Personnel in Medical and Dental Colleges) and in the absence of and recum at resonant this cadre then f im the cadres of Superintendents of Majo Business person from the Director of Misore Vedical Department Service. The Rules of Lermitient may be amended so as to provide for the post of Joint Butes of a countries and the transfer of a Dean or by prometion of the Deputy

52 cs. The scale of pay for this post may be Ha 1 100-50-1 300-00-1.600

Joint Director (Special System): (1) (Rs. 1,100-50-1,500)

52.71. According to the Rules of Recruitment, this post is to be filled by promotion by slection from among the officers of the Indian Medicine Branch of the Medical Department, who possess a degree or diploma in Ayurveda from a recognised Institute in addition to a Degree in Modern Medicine. As stated earlier, this post may be abolished and the work which this Joint Director is now doing may be transferred to the Joint Director (Medical). But until this recommendation is accepted and the post abolished, the scale of pay for the post may be the same as for other Joint Directors.

- 52.72. The Rules of Recruitment provide for this post being filled by promotion by selection from the cadre of Surgeons. This post may be filled, in future, by promotion by selection of an officer in the cadre of Superintendents of Major Hospitals. The Rules of Recruitment may be amended accordingly.
 - 52.73. The scale of pay for this post may be fixed as Rs. 1,000-50-1,500.
- Deputy Director (Malaria and Filaria, Family Planning, Maternity, Child Health, Laboratory and Communicable diseases): (4) (Rs. 900-40-1,100-50-1,300).
- 52.74. According to the Rules of Recruitment, these posts are to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Health Officers. Class I. This mode of requirement may continue.
 - 52.75. The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 1,000 -50-1,500.
- Administrative Officer: (1) (Rs. 900-40-1,100-50-1,300)
- 52.76. According to the Rules of Recruitment, this post is to he filled by thing on deputation an officer in the senior time scale in Class I of the Mysore Aministrative Service. This mode of recruitment may continue.
- 52.77. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as for officers holding corresponding posts in the Mysore Administrative Service.

Financial Assistant (Deputy Controller): (1) (Rs. 600-40-1,000)

- 52.78. According to the Rules of Recruitment, this post is to be filled by taking on deputation a Deputy Controller of the State Accounts Department. This mode of recruitment is adequate and may continue.
- 52.79. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as for Deputy Controllers of the State Accounts Department.

Assistant Administrative Officer: (1) (Rs. 350-25-650-30-800)

52.80. According to the Rules of Recruitment this post is to be filled by promotion from the eadre of Lay Secretaries on the basis of seniority-cum-merit and if no suitable person is available from this eadre, then by taking on deputation an officer in the Junior time scale of Class I of the Mysore Administrative Service. These modes of recruitment may continue.

52.81. The scale of pay for this post may be Rs. 400-30-700-EB-40- 900.

Assistant Director of Medical Stores and Employees' State Insurance Scheme (Medical Education): (3) (Rs. 600—10—1.000)

- 52.82. According to the Rules of Recruitment, these posts are to be filled by transfer of a Surgeon of the Mysore Medical Service. This mode of recruitment is adequate and may continue
 - 52 83 The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for the Surgeons.

Assistant Directors (Maternity and Child Health, Tuberculosis Health Education and School Health, Planning and Lealuation) (5) (Rs. 600-40-1,000)

- 52 84 According to the Rules of Recruitment, these posts are filled by transfer of Surgeons or of Health Officers, Class I This mode of recruitment may continue
 - 52 85 The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for the Surgeons.
- Assistant Director (Bureau of Nutrition) . (1) (Rs. 600-10-1,000)
- 52 86 The Rules of Recruitment provide for this post being filled by promotion of an Assistant Nutrition Officer and if no suitable qualified person is available for promotion, by transfer from the cadre of Health Officer, Class I. These modes of recruitment are adequate and may be continued.
- 52 87. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as for Health Officers Class 1.

Superintendent of Nursing Services (1) (Rs 350 25 650 30 800)

- 52.88. According to the Rules of Recruitment, the post is to be filled by direct recruitment of person who possesses a Dip'oma in Nursing or Midwifery or by selection of Nursing Superintendent Grade I or Grade II. As already recommended earlier, the designation of this post may be changed as Assistant Director of Health (Nursing)
- 52.89 . The scale of pay for this post may be Rs. 500-30-650-40-850 \pm EB $^{\circ}$ 50 $^{\circ}$ 1,000.

52.91. The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs.700-40-900-50-1,200.

Health O fficer--Class I: (16) -(Rs. 600-10-1,000)

- 52.92. According to the Rules of Recrnitment, 20 per cent of these posts are to be filled by Direct Recrnitment of Graduates in Medicine or persons with Doctorate in Public Health or equivalent qualification and 80 per cent by promotion from the cadre of Class II Health Officers. The Commission recommends that as in the case of the Civil Surgeons and the Lady Surgeons all the posts in this eadre may be filled by promotion of officers in the next lower cadre (of Class II Health Officers).
 - 52.93. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs.700 -10-900-50-1,200.
- Health O fficers -- Class II-cum-Assistant Sergeons: (1,086) (Rs. 300-25-550-30-700)
- 52.94. According to the Rules of Recruitment 50 per cent of these posts are to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Health Officers Class III-cum-Assistant Medical Officers of Health-cum-Assistant Surgeons, Grade III and the remaining 50 per cent by direct recruitment of persons, possessing M.B.B.S., Degree of a recognised University or equivalent qualification. These modes of recruitment may continue.
- 52.95. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 400-30-700-EB-40-900.

Superintendent of Tuberculosis Hospitals: (4) -(Rs. 600-40-1,000) Superintendents of Mental Hospitals: (2) -(Rs. 600-40-1,000)

- 52.96. According to the Rules of Recruitment, these posts are to be filled by selection from the cadre of Assistant Surgeons, Grade I or by direct Recruitment, in the case of T.B. Hospitals of persons who possess M.D. or M.R.C.P. with T.B. as Special Subject; M.D. in Medicine with T.D.D. or M.R.C.P. with T.D.D. and in the case of Mental Hospitals of persons who possess M.D. in Medicine, with D.P.M. or M.R.C.P. with D.P.M. or M.D. with Psychiatry as Special Subject or M.R.C.P. with Psychiatry, if no person is eligible for selection from this cadre. This mode of recruitment may continue.
- 52.97. The seale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 700-40-900-50-1,200.
- Superintendents of Major Hospitals: (37) (Rs. 800-40-1,000-50-1,100)
- 52.98. According to the Rules of Recruitment, these posts are to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Surgeons. This mode of recruitment may continue.
- 52.99. The seale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 900-40-1,100-50-1,300.

- Resident Pathologist (Junior) (4)—Bload Bank Officer (4)—Pathologist for Post-Graduate Course (2)—Bio-Chernst for Post-Graduate Course (3)— (Rs. 300-25-550-30-700)
- 52.100 Rules of Recruitment have not been prescribed for these posts. These posts may be included in the common cadre of Health Officers Class II-cum-Assistant Surgeons and filled from this common pool.
- 52.101 The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for Health Officers Class II cum-Assistant Surgeons

Angesthetist-S D.S. Samtonum Bargalore (1) (Rs. 300-25-550-30-700)

- 52 102 The Rules of Recruitment provide for filing this post by Direct Recruitment of persons with a Begree in Medicine with a Diploma in Anaesthesia of a University recognised by the Indian Medical Council or by promotion from the cadre of Assistant Surgeons. This post may be included in the common cadre of Health Officers Class II cum Assistant Surgeon and the post filled from this common pool by officers with necessary background and experience
- 52 103. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as for Health Officers Class H-cum-Assistant Surgeons.

Lay Secretaries of Hosp tals-Grade I, (17) (Rs 250-20-350-25 -500)

- 52 101 According to the Rules of Recruitment, these posts are to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Secretaries of Hospitals (Lay) Grade II This mode of recruitment may continue
- 52 103 The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 275-20-375-EB

Secretary, District Hospital Bellary

52 106. The post of Scretary, District Hospital, Bellary, is in the scale of pay of Re, 220-40. It was represented to the Commission that the scale of pay for this post must be the same as for Lay Secretaries, Grade I, as he had to shoulder additional responsibility in view of the development of the Traching Hospital and increase in its bed strength. The Commission considers this request to be reasonable and recommends that the post of the Secretary, District Hospital Bellary, may be included in the Calre of Lay Secretaries, Grade I as in the case of the other Major Hospitals.

Herlik Officer, Class III-cum-Assistant Medical Officer of Health-cum-Assistan Surgeon, Grade III, (700)

appointed to this cadre and given the lower scale of pay of Rs. 140—320 and that recruitment of persons with these qualifications has now been stopped. It may, not, therefore, be necessary to perpetuate two scales of pay for persons discharging identical duties.

It is accordingly recommended that all the Officers in this eadre may be given the revised scale of pay of Rs. 200-10-280-15-370-EB-20-450.

Secretaries of Hospitals (Lay) Grade II, (3) (Rs. 220-10-320-15-440)

52.108. According to the Rules of Recruitment, these posts are to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Managers Grade I. This mode of recruitment may continue.

52.109. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 250-10-300-15-420-EB-20-500.

Nursing Superintendent, Grade I, (21) (Rs. 300-15-450)

52.110. According to the Rules of Recruitment, these posts are to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Nursing Superintendents and if no suitable candidates are available then by direct recruitment of candidates holding a Diploma in Administrative course or sister Tutor course recognised by the Indian Nursing Council. The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed us Rs. 350—25—600—30—780—EB—40—900.

Nursing Superintendents-Grade II, (137) (Rs. 225-10-275-15-350)

52.111. According to the Rules of Recruitment, these posts are to be filled by promotion from the eadre of Nurses Grade I. This mode of recruitment may continue.

52.112. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 275—20—375—EB—25—525.

Nursing Tutors (64) (Rs. 225-10-275-15-350)

52.113. The Rules of Recruitment have not been prescribed for these posts so far. The Commission suggests that these posts may be filled from the cadre of Nurses who have passed Diploma in Nursing Education of the Bangalore Medical College. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

52.114. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 275—20—375—EB—25—525.

District Nursing Supervisors: (25) (Rs. 300-15-450)

52.115. The Rules of Recruitment provide for these posts being filled by promotion from the eadre of the Senior Public Health Nurses. This mode of recruitment may continue.

52.116. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 350—25—600—30—780—EB—40—900.

Staff Nurses: (1,559) (Rs. 140-5-150-8-190-10-220)

52 117 According to the Rules of Recruitment, all these posts are to be filled by Direct Recruitment of persons "preferably with SSLC qualification" with training in Sick Nursing and Midwifery for 31 years. This mode of recruitment may continue.

52 118 The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 175-10-275-15-350-EB-20-450

Lady House Keeper (19) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)

52 110 According to the Rules of Recruitment, these posts are to be filled by direct recruitment of persons holding SSLC or equivalent qualification with knowledge of House and Linen keeping

52 120 This mode of recruitment may continue

52 121 The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 95-3-125-4-145-LB-5-200

Health Visitors (301) (Rs 140-5-150-8-190-10-220)

52 122 Rules of Recrustment have not been prescribed for these posts so far It is suggested that these posts may be filled by direct recruitment of persons with SSLC or equivalent qualification and possessing a recognised. Health Visitors Cirtificate which involves triuming for 21 years. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

52 123 The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 170-5-180-8-220-EB-10 300

Melieures/Auxiliary Vurse Medicires (3 657) -(Rs 70-2-80-3-125)

52 124 According to the Rules of Recruitment, these posts are to be filled by direct recruitment of candidates with Standard VIII or equivalent qualification and subsequent training in Midwalety for the months in Hospitals

52 125 This mode of recrutment may continue

52 123 The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs 05-3-125-4 145-4.18-5-200

Pay-tolories (a) (Rs 200 -10-300-20-500)

52 127 According to the Calife and Recraitment Rules, these posts are to be first by direct recruitment of persons holding MA Degree of a recognised University with Diploms in Medical Psychology. This mode of recruitment may confirm.

22 128. In siew of the high-qualifeations required for these posts and taking into account the scales of pay of turing in other States for corresponding posts the scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Re. 275-20-375-EB-25-525

- Biochemists: (2) (Rs. 100-5-150-6-180-10-220)
- 52.129. The Rules of Recruitment provide for the o posts by being filled by direct recruitment of persons possessing a degree in Science with Chemistry as main subject. This mode of recruitment may continue.
- 52.130. The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 140-5-150-8-4100-EB 10-260-15-200.
- Senior Laboratory Technicians; (93) (Rs. 140 5 150 6 480 410 -220)
- 52.131. The Rules of Recruitment provide for these posts being filled to the extent of 25 per cent by direct recruitment of persons with a pass in Intermediate or Pre-University Examination with Cemistry of a recognised. University and 75 per cent by promotion from the eadre of Junior Laboratory Technicians, It was suggested that 50 per cent of the posts of Senior Laboratory Technicians could be filled by promotion from the cadre of Junior Laboratory Technicians and 50 per cent by direct recruitment. If this suggestion were to be accepted, the promotional opportunities available to the Junior Technicians would be reduced without any significant corresponding advantage. The existing modes of recruitment and the existing percentages fixed for direct recruitment and for promotion may continue.
- 52.132. Even though these officials are not graduates they were given a scale of pay higher than for graduates. Further revision to a higher level does not appear to be equitable. The scale of pay for these posts may, therefore, he fixed as Rs. 140 $^{-5}$ -150 $^{-8}$ 190 $^{-8}$ EB -10 $^{-2}$ 60 15 290.
- Laboratory Technicians (Juniars), (229) (Rs. 100 5 150 -6 180)
- 52.133. According to the Rules of Recrnitment, 80 per cent of these posts are to be filled by direct recrnitment of persons holding S.S.L.C. qualifications with Science as optional subject, and 20 per cent by promotion of Laboratory Assistants with 10 years of experience. Both these modes of recrnitment may continue.
- 52.134. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 110 4 130 5 170 EB 6 200.
- Radiographers: (14) (Rs. 140-5-150-6-180-10-220)
- 52.135. The Rules of Recrnitment have not been prescribed for these posts. It was suggested that these posts might be filled by direct recrnitment of persons with Intermediate Science or equivalent qualification with a pass in the examination of Radiographers conducted by a recognised Body or by promotion on the basis of Seniority-cum-merit from among the Junior X-Ray Technicians.
- 52.136. It was represented on behalf of the Rudiographers that the scale of pay for this category might be brought on par with that for Physio-Therapists. The Commission, however, understands that the responsibilities and duties of Radiographers are lower than those of Physio-Therapist. The scales of pay

for these two extegories of posts need not therefore be identical. These person are already in the scale, of pay which more or less corresponds to the scale of pay the provide scales for d for graduates. Hence the Commission does not consider it equivable to revise the scale with a higher starting pay. The revise scale may therefore be Rs. 140—5 150—8—190—18—10—260—15—290

1 Ray Technicians (87) (Rs 100-5-150-6-180)

52 137 According to the Rules of Recruitment these posts are to be fill by direct recruitment of persons possessing a Certificate granted by the Depaiment of having successfully undergone training as X Ray Technician in a 11c pital for 12 months

52 138 This mode of recruitment is adequate and may continue

52 139 The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 110 -4-130-5-170-EB- 6 200

Senior Microscopiets (17) (Re 110-3-150 6-180-10-220)

52 140 The Rules of Recruitment have not been prescribed for the pests. It is suggested that these posts might be filled to the extent of 75 per ce by direct recruitment of persons with P t. C or equivalent qualification at 25 per cent by promotion from Junior Microscopists. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

52 141 The scale of pas for these posts may be Rs 130 - 5 - 170 - 6--200-FB - 10 - 240

Junior Viceotropists (226) (Rs 100-5 150 6-180)

52 142. The Rules of Recruitment have not been presented for the posts so far. It is suggested that these posts might be filled by direct recruitment of tirsum with S. L.V. or equivalent qualification. The Rules of R cruitment may be framed accordingly. The scale of pay for these posts may it Rs. 110. 4, 130. 5-170. Fit. 6, 200.

- 52.145. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for I Division Clerks of this Department.
- Assistant Food Supervisors:—(4) (Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-5-150-) plus special pay Rs. 10 per month.
- 52.146. The Rules of Recruitment have not been prescribed for these posts. The Commission suggests that these posts may be included in the common category of Second, Division Clerks of the Department and the posts filled from this common cadre.
- 52.147. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for Second Division Clerks of this Department. The Special Pay may, however, be discontinued.
- Medico-Social Workers (Senior): (2) (Rs. 150-8-190-10-320).
- . 52.148. According to Rules of Recruitment, these posts are to be filled by direct recruitment of persons with a degree of a recognised University and a diploma in Social Science from a recognised Institution or by promotion from the cadre of Medico-Social Workers (Junior). These modes of recruitment are adequate and may continue.
- 52.149. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 175-10-275-15-350-EB-20-450.
- Medico-Social Workers (Junior):-(17) (Rs. 140-5-150-6-180-10-200).
- 52.150. The Rules of Recruitment provide for 50 per cent of these posts being filled by direct recruitment of persons with a pass in Intermediate or Pre-University Examination or an equivalent examination with experience in social work, and 50 per cent by promotion from the cadre of Non-Medical Assistants (Para-Medical Workers). These modes of recruitment are adequate and may continue.
- 52.151. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 170—5—180—8—220—EB—10—300.
- Non-Medical Assistants (Para-Medical Workers) :—(87) (Rs. 80—3—110—4—130—5—150).
- 52.152. According to the Rules of Recruitment, these posts are required to be filled by direct recruitment of persons with S.S.L.C. or equivalent qualification. This mode of recruitment may continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200.
- Scientific Assistants: -(5) (Rs. 180-10-320).
- 52.153. Rules of Recruitment have not been prescribed for these posts. These posts may be filled by direct recruitment of persons with a degree in Science with sufficient experience in Malaria Laboratory work. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

72.154 The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 200-10-280-15-270 EB-20 450

Dental Mechanics (4) (lis 150 8 190-10 320)

- 52 155 Rules of Recruitment have not been prescribed for these posts. The Commission suggests that these posts may be filled by direct recruitment of persons possessing SSLC or equivalent qualification with a Certificate in Dental Mechanism of a recognised Institution or Body. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.
- 52 15t. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 170 5 180--8 220 EB -10 700 taking into consideration the qualifications proposed and the nature of work involved.

Hodellers (3) (fix 90 4 110 5 130)

- 52 157. Rules of Recrimment have not been presented for these posts. The Commission suggests that these posts may be filled by direct recrimment of persons with a pass in the 5.5 L.C. or equivalent examination with a Diploma or Certificists in Modelling (CLV) Art of a recognised Institution or Body. The Rules of Recrimment may be framed accordingly.
- 53–158. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 110. –4.—130. β =170.— LB $|\alpha|$ 200

Social Hurkers (4) (Rs 110 5 150 6 180 10 200)

- 12 159 The Rules of Recruitment provide for these posts being filled by direct recruitment of persons with Buchelor's Degree in Sociology, Anthropology or Psychology of a recognised University with a Diploma in Social Work This position may contain:
- $52\,300$. The scale of pay for these posts may be Hs. 170 , 54–180 $\,8-220\pm1\,\mathrm{H}$. 10 , 500

Psychiatric Social Worker (11 ffts 200 to 700 20 500)

52 161 Appointment to this post is to be made according to the Rules of Bereutrient by direct recruitment of a Graduate of a recognised University processing a Diploms in Social Work. This mode of recruitment may continue The scale of jay for this post may be fixed as By 170 5 180 8 220 BB - 10 350 being the scale of jay fixed for other josts requiring similar qualifications. Since the present incumbent is una higher scale of jay he may be permitted to continue in this scale of he so degree.

BCG Technocons (103) (Ps. 80-3-110-1-15), 5-140)

52 ft 2. Bules of Bermitment Lave not been prescribed for these posts. The Commission suggests that these posts may be filled by direct resultment of presents with a pass in 8.5 k.C. or equivalent examination and after training for six weeks at the Lafy William in T. B. Den institution and Training Centre, Pangalore. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

- 52.163. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 95—3—125—4—145—EB—5—200.
- Entomological Assistants (Junior): (4) (Rs. 120-5-150-8-190-10-240).
- 52.164. According to the Rules of Recrnitment these posts are to be filled by direct recrnitment of persons with a Degree in Zoology as the main subject of a recognised University or equivalent qualification. This mode of recrnitment may continue.
- 52.165. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 140—5—150—8—190--EB—10—260—15—290.
- Refractionists: (10) (Rs. 110-5-150-6-180-10-220).
- 52.166. The Rules of Recruitment have not been prescribed for these posts. The Commission suggests that these posts may be filled by direct recruitment of persons possessing S.S.L.C. (E.C. & P.S.) qualification with a pass in the Examination of Refractionist conducted by a recognised Body or Institution.
- 52.167. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 110—1—130—5—170— EB—6—200 being the scale proposed for other posts requiring similar qualifications. As the present scales are higher than those now proposed, the present incumbents may be permitted to retain their existing scales if they so desire.
- Senior Health Inspectors: (252) (Rs. 140-5-150-8-190-10-220).
- 52.168. These posts are to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Junior Health Inspectors. This mode of recruitment may continue.
- 52.169. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 170-5-180-8-220-EB-10-300.
- Junior Health Inspectors: (1,026) (Rs. 100-5-150-6-180)
- 52.170. According to the Rules of Recruitment these posts are to be filled by direct recruitment of persons with S.S.L.C. or equivalent qualification and a pass in Health Inspectors' Training Examination. This mode of recruitment is adequate and may continue.
- 52.171. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 110-4-130-5-170-EB-6-200.
- Family Planning Health Assistants: (911) (Rs. 100-5-150-6-180).
- 52.172. Rules of Recruitment have not been prescribed for these posts. The Commission suggests that these posts may be filled by transfer from the cadre of Junior Health Inspectors or by promotion from the cadre of Family Planning Field Workers. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.
- 52.173. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 110-4-130-5-170 EB-6-200.

52.154 The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 200-t0-280-15-370 FB--20--430

Dental Mechanics (4) (Rs 150 S t90-10 320)

52 t55 Rules of Recruitment have not been prescribed for these posts The Commission suggests that these posts may be filled by direct recruitmer of persons possessing SSLC or equivalent qualification with a Certificate : Dental Mechanism of a recognised Institution or Boils The Rules of Recrui nent may be frain d accordingly

52 156. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. t70. 3-180-8, 220. FB -to 300 taking into consideration the qualifications proposed and th nature of work involved.

Modellers (3) (Rs 90 4 110 5 150)

52 157 Rules of Recruitment have not been prescribed for these post-The Compussion suggests that these posts may be filled by direct recruitment of persons with a pass in the SSLC or equival at examination with a Diplomi or (criticiti in Modelling (Clas) Art of a recognised Institution or Boily The Rul - of Recruitment may be framed meordingly

52 174 The scale of pas for the seposts may be Rs 110-4-130 5-170-FB 6 200

Social Borlers (4) (Bs 110 5 150 6 t80 10 200)

"2 139 The Rules of Recruitment provide for these posts being filled by threet recruitment of persons with Bullefor a Digne in Sociology, Anthropo Ligs or Psychology of a recognised I inversity with a Diploma in Social Work This position may continue

52 100 The scale of perfect less posts may be Rs. 170 5- 180 8 220 -FR 10 200

Psychiatric Social Worker (1) (Ps. 200 to 300 20 500)

Appointment to this post is to be made according to the Rules of Permitment by direct recruitment of a Graduate of a recognised University a Ferminen and Social Wirk. This mode of recruitment may continue The scale of tay for this post may 1 fixed as Rs t70 5 180 8 220 EB-10 30 being the scale of the fixed frother losts requiring similar qualif cate no. Specific present incumient is in a ligher scale of pay he may be permitted to continue in this seate if he scalesing

BC 6 Tr Amount (105) (La NO 7 tt0 4 L + 5 t40)

52 tr 2 Rules of Recruits ert have not been prescribed for these posts The Commerce is suggested that these posts may be filled by direct recruitment of pers no with a Jaw in 5.5 Lt. or extraorder examination and after training for pers no with a passing to the Lafe Willington T. H. Dern netration and Training Centre, largal re. The I ules of Persu to cet may be framed accordingly

- 52.163. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 95—3—125—4—145— EB—5—200.
- Entomological Assistants (Junior): (4) (Rs. 120-5-150-8-190-10-240).
- 52.164. According to the Rules of Recruitment these posts are to be filled by direct recruitment of persons with a Degree in Zoology as the main subject of a recognised University or equivalent qualification. This mode of recruitment may continue.
- 52.165. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 140—5—150—8—190--EB—10—260—15—290.
- Refractionists: (10) (Rs. 110-5-150-6-180-10-220).
- 52.166. The Rules of Recruitment have not been prescribed for these posts. The Commission suggests that these posts may be filled by direct recruitment of persons possessing S.S.L.C. (E.C. & P.S.) qualification with a pass in the Examination of Refractionist conducted by a recognised Body or Institution.
- 52.167. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 110—4—130—5—170— EB—6—200 being the scale proposed for other posts requiring similar qualifications. As the present scales are higher than those now proposed, the present incumbents may be permitted to retain their existing scales if they so desire.
- Senior Health Inspectors: (252) (Rs. 140-5-150-8-190-10-220).
- 52.168. These posts are to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Junior Health Inspectors. This mode of recruitment may continue.
- 52.169. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 170—5—180—8—220—EB—10—300.
- Junior Health Inspectors: (1,026) (Rs. 100-5-150-6-180)
- 52.170. According to the Rules of Recruitment these posts are to be filled by direct recruitment of persons with S.S.L.C. or equivalent qualification and a pass in Health Inspectors' Training Examination. This mode of recruitment is adequate and may continue.
- 52.171. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 110-4-130-5-170-EB-6-200.
- Family Planning Health Assistants: (911) (Rs. 100-5-150-6-180).
- 52.172. Rules of Recruitment have not been prescribed for these posts. The Commission suggests that these posts may be filled by transfer from the cadre of Junior Health Inspectors or by promotion from the cadre of Family Planning Field Workers. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.
- 52.173. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 110-4-130-5-170 EB-6-200.

Basic Health Workers (1,032) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-150) Rs 75 (Fixed)

52 174 Rules of Recruitment have not been prescribed for these posts so far The Commission suggests that these posts may be filled by direct recruitment of persons with SSLC qualification and a pass in Health Inspectors' Examination The Rules of Recruitment may be farmed accordingly

52 175 It was represented that some officials in this category were getting only Rs 75 as fixed pay and that a suitable scale of pay might be fixed for them and that all Basic Health Workers who have completed five years of service might be given a suitable scale of pay The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs 110-4-130-5-170-EB-6-200

Malaria Suricillance Horlers (543) (Rs 75 pm fixed)

52 176 According to the Rules of Recruitment these posts are to be filled by Direct Recruitment of persons with a pass in S S L C or equivalent examination or by promotion from the cadre of Supervisory I ield Workers. These modes o recruitment may continue

52 177 The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 95-3-125-4-145 EB-5-200

Malaria Surieillance Inspectors (135) (Rs 80-3-110-4-150)

52 178 Rules of Recrutment have not been prescribed for these posts. The Commission suggests that these posts may be filled by promotion from y cadre of Malana Survillance Workers under National Malana Eradienth Programme Selection. The Rules of Recrutment may be framed iccording.

52 179 The scale of pay for these posts may be Re 110-4-130-5-170-LB-6-200

Family Hanning Field Horkers (38) (Rs 89-3-110-4-150)

52 180 Rules of Recruitment base not been presented for these posts. The Commission suggests that these posts may be filled by direct recruitment of persons possessing SSLC qualification. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

52 181 The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 95-3-125-4-145-FB-5-200

Physical Tlerapist (1) (Rs 225-10-285-15-375)
Occupation of Therapist (1)

52 182 It is ascertained that the posts are now vacant

52 183 Rules of Recrustment have not been prescribed for these posts so far. The Commission suggests that these posts may be filled by promotion from the codices of Thysio Therapit and Occupational Therapist Grade II. The Pinles of Recrustment may be framed accordingly. The scales of pay for these posts may be Res. 223–116, 200-415—200-450.

- Occupational Therapist: (1) (Rs. 175-10-225-15-300-20-400)
- 52.184. Rules of Recruitment have not been prescribed for this post. The Commission suggests that this post may be filled by direct recruitment of a person possessing S.S.L.C. qualification with two years of training in Physio-Theraphy or Occupational Therapy as the case may be and five years of experience as a Nurse. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. This post may be redesignated as Occupational Therapist Grade II.
- 52.185. The scale of pay for this post may be revised as Rs. 200-10-280-370-EB-20-450.
- Physio-Therapists: (2) (Rs. 110-5-150-6-180-10-220)
- 52.186. The Rules of Recruitment provide for these posts being filled by direct recruitment of persons possessing S.S.L.C. or equivalent qualification and a certificate for having passed Physio-Therapists course from any of the recognised Institutions. This mode of recruitment may continue.
- 52.187. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 130—5—170—6—200—E. --10—240.
- Malaria Supervisors: (3) (Rs. 180-10-320)
- 52.188. According to the Rules of Recruitment these post are to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Senior Health Inspectors. This mode of recruitment may continue.
- 52.189. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 200-10-280-15-370-EB-20-450.

52.190. Rules of Recruitment have not been prescribed for these posts. As the officials holding these posts have no promotional opportunities, these posts may be filled by taking on deputation officials holding corresponding posts from the Bureau of Economics and Statistics. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The liens of the present incumbents of these posts may be shifted against corresponding posts in the Bureau and they may be treated as on deputation to this Department. The scale of pay for these officials may be the same as for the officials holding corresponding posts in the Bureau of Economics and Statistics.

Assistant Unit Officers (Non-Medical): (5) (Rs. 180-10-320)

- 52.191. Rules of Recruitment to these posts have not been prescribed. The Commission suggests that these posts may be filled by promotion from the cadre of Senior Health Inspectors The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accodingly.
- 52.192. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 200-10-280-15-370-EB-20-450.

Teacher in Health Education (1) (Rs 180-10-320)

52 193 Rules of Recruitment base not been prescribed for this post so far The Commission suggests that this post may be filled by direct recruitment of a graduate with B Fd or B T with five years of experience in a Training School o College. The Rules of Recruitment may be trained accordingly

52 194 The scale of pay for this post may be Rs 200-10-280-15-370-EB-20-450

District Health Educators (7) (Rs 180-10-320)

52 195 Rules of Recruitment bave not been prescribed for these post The Commission suggests that these posts may be filled by direct recruitmen of persons poss-ssing Buchelors Degree in Social Science with experience in Audi-Visual Education The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly

52 196 The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 200-10-280-15-370-EB-20-450

Heolth Education Fxtension Workers (2)
District Health Fducators (Viole) (19) { (Rs 180-10-320)
District Fxtension Educators (Frmale) (19) }

52 107 Rules of Recruitment bave not been prescribed for these post It is suggested that these posts may be filled by promotion from the cadro Block Urban I tunsion I ducators or by taking officials bolding corresponding posts on deputation from the Department of Public Instruction or by direcremitment of graduates who possess the additional qualification of BFd and The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly

52 109. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 200-10-280-15-370-1 B-20 450

Physio Therapiste (Leprosy Scheme) (11) (Rs 180-10-320)

52 199 Rules of Recruitment base not been prescribed for these post The Commission suggests that these posts may be filled by direct recruitment of persons with SSLC or equivalent qualification with a certificate for howing passed Physiotherapists Course from any of the recognised Institution, liftendly Win rial Legross Foundation Wardly CMC College, Vellore Central Cepture Teaching Research Institute Madras. The Rules of Recruitment in the framed accordingly

52 200 The scale of pas for these posts may be Rs 200 10 280-15 370-Fit -0 470

Strutted landonts (2) (1 - 150 8 100-10 -270)

52 201 Rules of Re rutinert have not been prescribed for these post. The repair has te filed is taking an deputation off half bilding corresponding of first tell ureau of it nown and Statistus. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed a corresponding to the reset the present incumbents of these posts.

may be shifted against corresponding posts in the Bureau and they may be treated as on deputation to this Department.

52.202. The scale of pay for these officials may be the same as for officials holding corresponding posts in the Bureau of Economics and Statistics.

52.203. Rules of Recruitment have not been prescribed for these posts. It is suggested that 50 per cent of these posts may be filled by transfer from the cadre of Senior Health Inspectors and the other 50 per cent by direct recruitment of graduates in Arts and Science. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

52.204. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 170-5-180-8-220-EB-10-300.

52,205. According to the Rules of Recruitment these posts are to be filled by direct recruitment of candidates with Standard VIII qualification with a Certificate in Compounding granted by the Department. This mode of recruitment may continue.

52.206. The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200.

Compounders (Senior Grade):

52.207. The Commission has recommended in para 59 that 10 per cent of the posts of Compounders may be upgraded as Senior Grade Posts and filled by promotion of the Compounders on the basis of seniority-cum-merit. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

52.208. The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 130-5-170-6-20'-EB-10-240.

- 2.209. According to the existing Rules of Recruitment, the posts of Senior Mechanics are to be filled by promotion from the Cadre of Junior Mechanics or Drivers and the posts of Junior Mechanics by direct recruitment of persons holding a Diploma in Automobile Engineering or experience of five years in a Workshop. It is not correct to promote Drivers as Senior Mechanics unless they possess the same qualifications as the Junior Mechanics. The provision for this promotion of the Drivers as Senior Mechanics may be amended suitably.
- 52.210. The scales of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. 170—5—180—8—220—EB—10—300 for Senior Mechanics and Rs. 95—3—125—4—145—EB—5—200 for Junior Mechanics.

Projectionists (2) (Rs 140-5-150-8-190-10-320)

52 211 According to the Rules of Recruitment, these posts are to be filled hy direct recruitment of persons possessing a certificate in Cinematography of Jayachamarajendra Technical Institute or equisalent qualification This mode of recruitment may continue

52 212 The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs 175-10-275-15-350-EB-20-450

Dais (39) (Rs 40-2-60)

52 213 The Rules of Recruitment provide for these posts being filled be direct recruitment of persons possessing a certificate of Dus training from recognised Institution. This mode of recruitment may continue

52 214 The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 60-1-80-2-9

Laboratory and \ Ray Attenders (18) (Rs 60-1-70-2-90)

52 215 According to the Rules of Recruitment there posts are to be fille to the extent of 50 per cent by direct recruitment and 50 per cent by promotio from among A Ray Attenders Grade II or Laboratory Attenders Grade II Th provision for direct recruitment may be deleted and the Rules of Recruitment amended accordingly

52 216 The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 80-2-00-3-120-4-140

Laboratory Assistants (27) (Rs 65-1-70-2-90)

52 217 According to the Rules of Recruitment these posts are to be fille by promotion of Senior Ward Attendants with practical experience in Laborator work. This mode of recruitment may continue

52 218 The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 80-2-90-3 120-4-140

Superior Field Workers. (37) (Rs 55-1-65-2 85)

52 210 The Rules of Recruitment provide for these posts being filled by direct recruitment of persons with Standard VIII Qualification. This mode of recruitment may continue

52 220 The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 65 1-75 2 95

O T Attenders (66)
O P Attenders (19)
and Barbers (12)

(Rs. 55 1 65-2-75)

32-221 The Pulse of Recomment have not been prescribed for these posts. The Contemporary stattless posts as leveluded in the common category of Class B. Of cash, and these posts filled from the common pool by person with requisite experience.

52.222. The scale of may for these posts may be Rs. 00-1-80-2-90.

52.223. These posts are filled by direct recruitment in respect of the first two posts, no qualifications have been prescribed for direct recruitment. The posts of Tailors are filled by persons possessing certificate in Tailoring and Cutting from a recognised Institution. This mode of recruitment is adequate and may continue.

52.224. The scale of pay for these officials may be Rs. 65-1-75-2-95.

52.225. The Rules of Recruitment provide for these posts being filled by direct recruitment of persons possessing M.Sc., Degree in Nuclear Physics of a Recognised University with one year's practical training in Atomic Energy Commission, Bombay, This mode of recruitment is adequate. It is understood that it has become very difficult to secure the services of persons with the prescribed qualifications for either of the 'aforesaid scales of pay. In view of the high qualifications prescribed for the post and dearth of suitable persons to hold these posts the scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. 300—25—550—EB—30—700.

Research Assistant: (1) (Rs. 180-10-270-15-360)

52.226. The Rules of Recruitment provide for this post being filled by direct recruitment of persons holding a degree in Zoology of a recognised University or equivalent qualification. This mode of recruitment may continue.

52.227. The scale of pay for this post may be Rs. 200-10-280-15-370-EB-20-450.

52.228. The Rules of Recruitment provide for being filled by direct recruitment of persons possessing a recognised Diploma in Draughtsmanship. There are corresponding posts in the Public Works Department and the officials of corresponding rank may be taken on deputation from that Department. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The liens of the present incumbents may be shifted against corresponding posts in the Public Works Department and they may be treated as on deputation to this Department.

52.229. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for corresponding posts in the Public Works Department.

Physical Cultural Instructors: (4) (Rs. 150-8-190-10-250)

52.230. According to the existing cadre and Recruitment Rules, these posts are to be filled by Direct Recruitment of persons possessing a Degree or Diploma

in Physical Training These are corresponding posts in the Department of Public Instruction and officials of Corresponding rank may be taken on deputation from that Department The Rules of Recruitment may be amended accordingly The liens of the present incumbents may be shifted against corresponding posts in the Department of Public Instruction and they may be treated as on deputation to this Department

52 231 The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for corresponding posts in the Department of Public Instruction

Teacher in Child Psychiatry (1) (Rs 200-10-300-20-500)

52 232 The Rules of Recruitment provide for this post heing filled direct recruitment of a person possessing B Fd Degree of a recognised Universi or equivalent qualification and experience in teaching subnormal and defection the Commission suggests that consistently with the mature of that wit would be necessary to prescribe that the candidates should also possess a Degi in Psychology The Rules of Recruitment may be modified accordingly

52 233 In view of the high qualifications required for this posts and t scales of pay of taining for similar posts in the neighbouring States, the scala pay for this post may be fixed as Rs 250-10-300-15-420-EB-20-56

Junior Chemists (16) (Rs 150-8-190-10-320 -15-350)

52 234 The Rules of Recruitment provide for these posts being filled direct recruitment of persons holding a Degree in Chemistry of a recognis University or equivalent qualification. This mode of recruitment my continu

52 235 Since the Present scale is higher than what is recommended it posts like those of Blochemists with similar qualifications, the Commission conders it necessary to presentse for these posts the same scale as for Bio Chinis The present scale af they so deau

Bearing Instructor (1) (Rs 150-8-190-10-320)

52 236 The Rules of Recruitment provide for this post being filled I direct recruitment or by taking on deputation an officer of corresponding stat from the Department of Industries and Commerce. As this official will not ha any promotional opportunities in this Department, the provision for direct recruitment may be deleted and the post filled only by taking on deputation a official of corresponding status from the Department of Industries and Commerce If the present menumbent has been appointed by direct recruitment his lien may be shifted against a corresponding post in the Department of Industries an Commerce and liver as be tracted as on deputation to this Department

*2 23" The scale of pas for this post may be the same as for corresponding posts in the Department of Industries and Commerce.

- 52.238. Rules of Recruitment have not been prescribed for these posts. As these officials will not have any promotional opportunities in this Department these posts may be filled by taking on deputation, officials holding equivalent posts from the Department of Technical Education. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. If the existing incumbents have been appointed by direct recruitment, their liens may be shifted against corresponding posts in the Department of Technical Education and they may be treated as on deputation to this Department.
- 52.239. The seale of pay for these officials may be the same as for corresponding posts in the Department of Technical Education.

- 52.240. The Rules of Recruitment have not been prescribed for these posts. As these officials will not have any promotional opportunities in this Department, these posts may be filled by taking on deputation officials holding equivalent posts from the Department of Printing and Stationery. The liens of the present incumbents may be shifted against corresponding posts in the Department of Printing and Stationery and they may be treated as on deputation to this Department. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.
- 52.241. The seales of pay for these posts may be the same as for corresponding posts in the Department of Printing and Stationery.

- 52.242. Rules of Recruitment have not been prescribed for this post. It is suggested that this post may be filled by direct recruitment of a literate person with practical experience of 3 years in Warping, Drawing in mounting and knowing other loom adjustments. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.
- 52.243. The seale of pay for this post may be Rs. 85-2-95-3-125-EB-4-145.

- 52.244. Rules of Recruitment have not been prescribed for these posts. It is suggested that these posts may be filled by direct recruitment of persons who have passed S.S.L.C. or equivalent examination with a certificate of training in T.B. Demonstration and Training Centres. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.
- 52.245. It was represented that on account of lack of promotional opportunities, these posts should carry better scales of pay than at present. The Commission considers that these officials should get the same scale of pay as the Health

Vis ters in the Department and accordingly recommends that they may be given the same scale ert, Rs 170-5-180-8-220-EB-10-300

Supercrior, Wearing Section (1)
Wearing Instructives (1)
Wearing Instructives (1)
Wearing Instructives (1)
Symmetry Instruction (1)

(Rs. 100-5-150-8-180-10-200)
Symmetry Instruction (1)

- 52 246 The Rules of Recrottment provide for these posts being filled by direct recruitment, in the case of the Supervisor. Weaving Section by direct recruitment of persons with Solf C or equivalent qualification with Diploma in Weaving and in the case of the Veaving Instructives: the Weaving Assistant and the Spinning Assistant by direct recruitment of persons who have passed Standard VIII with a Diploma in Weaving or Spinning or by taking on deputation officials holding equivalent posts from the Department of Industries and Commerce As these officials will not have any promotional chances in this department, these posts may be filled only by taking on deputation officials holding equivalent posts from the Department of Industries and Commerce and the provision for direct recruitment may be deleted. The Rules of Recruitment may be modified accordingly. The hence of the existing incumbents of these posts may be shifted against corresponding posts in the Department of Industries and Commerce and they may be treated as on deputation to this Department.
- 52 247 The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for corresponding to it in the D partment of In lastness and Commerce

B' sol Bank Techn cian (1) Birk Birm Isin'ants (4) (Rs 80 -3 110-4-130 5-150)

- 52 248 The Rules of Recruitment provide for these posts being filled by direct recruitment of persons with SELO or equivalent qualification in respect of Hood Bank Technicians and with Stanfard VIII qualification in respect of Dark Poom Verstants. These modes of recruitment are adequate and may be continued.
- 52 249 The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 05-7 125-4-145-1 B-5-200 in the case of Blood Bank Trehineran and Rs 80-2 90-3-120-4-140 in the case of Dark Boom Assistants Ay the present scale of pay for the Dark Room Assistants by the present scale of pay for the Dark Room Assistants is more advantage ons to them than revised scale, the expling in undents may be allowed to retain the present scale, if they so desire

tleckreise (1) (Rs. 70 2, 40 3 ~125)

- 52 250. The Pules of Be reitnent provide for this post being filled by direct recrustment of a person possessing a certificate from a re-ognised Polytechne.
- 22 221. The privious for direct recruitment may be deleted as the official will not have any price of challes posturates in this Department. An official to fill this post may be taken only a silepatation from the Pahli. Works Dopartment. The home of the existing is imbent to avoid a first against corresponding post.

in the Public Works Department and he may be treated as on deputation to this Department. The Rules of Recruitment may be modified accordingly.

- 52.252. The scale of pay for this official may be the same as for similar officials in the Public Works Department.
- House and Linen Keeper: (3) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-140)
 - 52.253. The Rules of Recruitment provide for these posts being filled by direct recruitment of candidates possessing S.S.L.C. or equivalent qualification.
 - 52.254. These posts may be included in the common cadre of Second Division Clerks of the Department and the official to fill these posts drawn from that eadre.
 - 52.255. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for Second Division Clerks.
 - Plumber: (1) (Rs. 55-1-65-2-85)
 - 52.256. According to the Cadre and Recruitment Rules this post is to be filled by direct recruitment of a person with S.S.L.C. or equivalent qualification. This mode of recruitment is adequate and may be continued.
 - 52.257. The scale of pay for this post may be Rs. 95—3—125—4—145—

 3—5—200 as the educational qualification prescribed for the post is S.S.L.C.

 xamination.
 - Theatre Assistant: (1) (Rs. 50-1-60)
 - 52.258. The Rules of Recruitment provide for this post being filled by promotion of Senior Ward Servants or Attendants trained in Operation Theatre work.
 - 52.259. It is suggested that these posts may be included in the Common Cadre of Class IV Officials and the post filled by transfer of a suitable person from this eategory.
 - 52.260. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as for other Class IV officials of the Department.
 - Electrician Grade II: (3) Wiremen: (Rs. 65—1—75—2—90)
 - 52.261. The Rules of Recruitment provide for these posts being filled by direct recruitment. This mode of recruitment may continue.
 - 52.262. The scale of pay for these officials may be Rs. 85—2—95—3—125— EB—4—145.
 - Carpenters: (5)
 Tailors: (7) (Rs. 55-1-65-2-85)
 - 52.263. According to the Cadre and Recruitment Rules, all these posts are filled by direct recruitment of persons possessing certificate in earpentry, and

an Officer holding a corresponding post in the Department of Public Instruction when a vacancy arises — The Rules of Recruitment may be amended suitably

52 254 The scale of pay for this post may be Rs 350-25-600-30 - 780-18-40-200

I ublic Health Nurse (1) (Rs 140 5-150-6-180-10-220)

52 2-5 According to the Cadre and Recruitment Rules this post is to filled by direct recruitment of a person who has passed S.S.L.C. Examinate and I as secured a Diplemen in Sick. Nursing and Midwifery. This mode recruitment is adequate and may continue.

52 286 The scale of pay for this post may be the same as for Staff Aurses

Silk Screening Technician (1) (Rs 80 3 110 4 130 5-150)

52 287 According to the Cadre and Recruitment Rules this post is to filled by direct recruitment of person with a pass in VIII Standard with knowled in printing on the silk screen. This mode of recruitment may continue

52 288 The scale of pa) for this post may be Rs 95-3-125-4 145 1B 5-200

Library Assistant (1) (Rs 110-5-150-6-180-10-220)

52 259 According to the Cadre and Recrimtment Rules, this post is to filled by direct recrimtment of a person possessing a degree of a recognised Unit sity. As no special qualification in Labrary Science has been presembed this post it may be included in the cadre of 1 Division Clerks. In future, I Division Clerk who has secured in Critificate or Diploma in Library Science in the posted as the Lil rary Vesistant and 1.6 paid the pay of a 1 Division Clerk addition to a special pay of Rs. 20 per month.

Artest cum Photographer (1) (Rs 140-5-150-8-190-10-320)

52 200 According to the Rules of Recruitment this post is to be filled direct recruitment of a person possessing a Diploma in Photography of a recognis Institute. This post may be filled by taking on deputation an official bolding corresponding post from the Department of Information and Tourism Then of the present incumbent may be slufted against the corresponding to the Information and Tourism Department and he may treated as an deputation to this Department. The Rules of Recruitment in the amended accordingly

52 201. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as for the officiently a coverage ning pay in the D partment of Information and Tourism

52.293. The scale of pay for this post may be Rs. 200—10—280—15—370— EB—20—450.

Craftsmen: (1) (Rs. 140-5-150-6-180-10-220)

- 52.294. The Rules of Recruitment provide for this post being filled by direct recruitment of a person who has passed the VIII Standard Examination with a Certificate in the Craft of Preparation of Models, from a recognised Craftsmen Training Centre. As this official will not have any promotional opportunity in this Department, this post may be filled by taking on deputation an official bolding a corresponding post in the Department of Technical Education and the provision regarding direct recruitment may be deleted. The lien of the present incumbent may be shifted against a corresponding post in the Department of Technical Education and he may be treated as on deputation to this Department.
- 52.295. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as for a person holding a similar post in the Department of Technical Education.

Sub-Editor: (1) (Rs. 140-5-150-8-190-10-320)

- 52.296. The Rules of Recruitment provide for this post being filled by direct recruitment of a person holding a degree of a recognised University. The present mode of recruitment may be continued.
 - 52.297. The scale of pay for this post may be Rs. 175—10—275—15—350— EB—20—450.

Tome Science Assistant: (1) (Rs. 180-10-320)

- 52.298. The Rules of Recruitment provide for this post being filled by lirect recruitment of a person possessing a Degree in Home Science. The present node of recruitment may continue.
- 52.299. The scale of pay for this post may be Rs. 200—10—280—15—370—EB—20—450.

Surveyor: (1) (Rs. 200-10-300-15-375)

- 52.300. This post is to be filled by taking on deputation an official holding a corresponding post from the Public Works Department. This mode of recruitment is adequate and may continue.
- 52.301. The seale of pay for this post may be the same as for corresponding posts in the Public Works Department.

Insect Collectors: (17) (Rs. 55-1-65-2-85)

- 52.302. The Rules of Recruitment provide for these posts being filled by direct recruitment of persons who have passed the Standard VIII Examination. This mode of recruitment may continue.
 - 52.303. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 65-1-75-2-95.

Assistant Mechanics (2) (Rs 70-2-50-3-110)

52 304 The Cadre and Recruitment Rules provide for these posts being filled by dire t recruitment of persons possessing a Certificate in Automobile Engineering or specience of three years in a Workshop. This mode of recruitment may continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. \$5-2-07-3-125-116-4-145

(arganizes (1) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-150) (title (1) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)

52 505. The Rules of Recruitment provide for these posts being filled by direct recruitment of persons possessing a Certificate in Carpentry or Diplome in first as the case may be from layachamacijendra Technical Institute. This mad of recruitment may continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be regard as Rs 95-3-12-44-145-45-5-200.

Propagandists (2) (Bs 140-5-150-6-180-10-200)

52 200 According to th Cadre and Recruitment Rules these posts arto b filled by transfir of 8 mor Health Inspectors. This mode of recruitmen by diguste and may continue

52 307. The wake of pay for these posts may be the same as for Semo Health Inspectors

Lifrarians (14) (Rs 180-10-320)

*2.3 38. The Rules of Recruitment have not been prescribed for these posts. The Commission suggests that the qualification for the Librarians should be prescribed as a Digite in Science or Arts with a Diploma in Library Science. The Rules of Recruitment into be framed accordingly. The scale of pay for these posts may be rayed as Rs 200—10—20—15—370—113—20—150.

Secul (1) (Rs 180-10-120)

2.2 (c) The Rules of Recruitment have not been prescribed for this post I is a consistent this pest may be filled by promotion on the basis of semantly comment from the culti-of I Dission Clerks. The Rules of Recruitment may be fracted a cordingly.

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52,323 All these categories of posts may be brought under one categor, in accordance with the principles had down by the Commission in Chapter 4

52 324 The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 60 1 89-2-90

Dicks (1) (Rs 55 1 65 2 75)

52 325 According to the Rules of Recruitment this post is to be filled by direct recruitment. This mode of recruitment may continue

52 326 The scale of par for this post may be Rs 65 1 -75 2 95

Sergeants Geade 1 (7) (Rs 55 1 65 2 75)

52 327 These posts are to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Sergeant Grade H This mode of recruitment may centinue

52 329 The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 65 1-75 2-95

Sergeants Geade II (1) (Rs. 50 1 60)

52 329 According to the Rules of Recruitment, this post is to be filled by direct recruitment. This mode of recruitment may continue with the modification that the minimum educational qualification of VIII Standard may be prescribed for direct recruitment. The Rules of Recruitment may be amounted accordingly.

52 330 The scale of pay for this post may be Rs 60 1 80 2 90

Senior Calf Attendant and Head Statleman (2) (Ils 55-1 65 2 75)

52 551. The Rul s of Becruitment provide for these points hime filled by Call Attender and Stableman of the Vaccine Institute. This Rule may be amended providing for the promotion of the Call Attenders and Stableman as Senior Call Attendent and Read Stableman respectively. This mode of recruit reput may continue.

52 332 The scale of pas for these Posts 1123 be Rs 63 1 73 2-95

Calf Attendants (6) (11: 50-1 60)

22,233. The Rules of Recruitment provide for these posts being filled by direct recruitment. This mode of recruitment may frontinue. The scale of pay for these posts may be Re 80, 1, 80, 2, 90.

Statteman (1) (Its to 1 co)

52 334. The Rules of Rectairment provide for this post being filled by direct rectairment. This mode of rectairment may continue. The scale of pay for this part may be I'm 60. 1-50-2. 50

52 337. According to the Rules of Recruitment these post is are to be filled by promotion by selection from the cadre of Professors of Post-Ghynduate Studies professors and Associate Professors who are Heads of Departments, the semionty being determined among the candidates on the basis of total period on a none or more of the cadres not lower than that of Associate ProfessChapt mode of recruitment may be continued.

52 338 The cale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs 1,100-50-1,300-60-1,600

Professors of Post-Graduate Studies (3)-{Rs. 800-40-1,000-50-1,100} plus Non-Practising Allowance of Rs. 200 pm.

32 339 Under the existing Rules of Recruitment these posts are to be filled by pronotion from the cades of (i) Professors, (ii) Assistant Professors and Readers in the concerned subjects. The Rules also provide for these posts being filled by direct recruitment of Graduates in Medicine with Post-Graduate qualifications in the subjects concerned, if no suitable person is available for promotion. The Rules of Recruitment may be amunded so as to provide for these posts being filled by the transfer of Professors.

52-340. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for the Professors

Professors (34) (R< 700 40 900 50-1100)

plus Non practising Allowance of Rs 200 per month

52 341 According to the Rules of Recruitment these posts are to be filled by promotion by selection from the cadres of (t) Associate Prafessors and Residers, (n) Associate Professors (in) Lecturers/Uneum Curators in the concerned subjects. Resident Pathologist in Pathology, Epidemiologistic-uno-Bio Statistician in Preventive and Social Medicine. Lecturer cum-Registrary Registrary in the concerned subjects or by promotion by selection from the cadres of (t) Surgions (ii) Health Officers Class II. (iii) Assistant Surgions strade I and II. (iv) Health Officers Class II. (v) Health Officers Class II. (vi) Resident of Graduates in Medicine with Post Graduate qualifications in the subject concerned The Commission considers that these modes of recruitment are not rational as they provide equal appearitmatics for promotion for officers of unequal grades and recommends that

Under the Rules of Recruitment, these posts are to be filled (a) by promotion by selection from the eadres of (i) Assistant Professors, (ii) Assistant Associate Professors, (iii) Lecturers/Museum Curators in the concerned subjects, Resident Pathologist in Pathology, Lecturer-cum-Registrars, Registrars in the concerned subjects, or (b) by transfer by Selection from the cadres of Surgeons and Health Officers Class I or by promotion by selection from the cadres of (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II, (ii) Health Officers Class II, (iii) Health Officers Class II-cum-Assistant Surgeons (Class II) or (c) by direct recrnitment of Graduates in Medicine with Post-Graduate qualifications in the subjects concerned. The Commission considers that for the reasons stated in connection with the Rules of Recruitment to the posts of Professors it would be sufficient if the appointments are made by promotion by selection from the cadres of (i) Assistant Professors, (ii) Assistant Associate Professors; (iii) Surgeons and Health Officers Class I or (b) by direct recruitment of Graduates in Medicine with Post-Graduate qualification in the subjects concerned. Rules of Recruitment may be amended accordingly.

52.345. The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 800—10—1,000—50—1,200.

Assistant Professors and Residents: (87) (Rs. 450-25-750-30-900) plus Non-Practising Allowance of Rs. 100 per month.

52.346. According to the Rules of Recruitment 50 per cent of these posts are to be filled by (a) Promotion by selection from the cadres of Assistant Associate Professors, Lecturers/Museum Curators in the concerned subjects, Resident Pathologists in Pathology. Epidemiologist-cum-Bio-Statistician in Preventive and Social Medicine, Lecturer-cum-Registrars/Registrars in the concerned subjects. or (b) by promotion by selection from the cadres of (i) Assistant Surgeons Grade I and II, (ii) Health Officers Class II, (iii) Health Officers Class II-cum-Assistant Surgeons (Class II) and the other 50 per cent of the posts by direct recruitment of Graduates in Medicine with Post-graduate qualifications in the subjects concerned. The Commission suggests that these posts may be filled by promotion of Assistant Associate Professors. The Rules of Recruitment may be amended accordingly.

52.347. The seale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. 600—40—1,000.

Assistant Associate Professors: (102)

(Rs. 400—25—650—30—800+Non-Practising Allowance Rs. 100 per month).

52.348. According to the Rules of Recruitment, 50 per cent of the posts are to be filled (a) by promotion by selection from the eadre of Lecturers/Lecturers-cum-Registrars/Registrars in the concerned subjects, (b) or by promotion by selection from the eadres of (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II, (ii) Health Officers Class II, (iii) Health Officers Class II-cum-Assistant Surgeons (Class II) and the other 50 per cent by direct recruitment of Graduates in Medicine with post-graduate qualifications in the subjects concerned. The Rules of

Recruitment may be amerded so as to provide also for promotions of Lection . cum-Museum Curators in the concerned subjects, Resident Pathologist in hits logy, Epidemiologist-cum-Bio-Statistician in presentive and Social Medicine ar Lecturers-cum-Registrars/Registrars in concerned subjects.

52 349 The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs 500-30-650-40-\$50-EB-50-1,000.

Lecturers . Museum Curators , Resident Pathologists ; Epidemologist-cum-Bio-Statistician , Lecturers-cum-Registrars , Registrars (327)

(Rs 300-25-550-30-700+ Non Practising Allowance of

Rs 100 (or Rs 75 per month)

52 350 According to the Rules of Recruitment these posts are these posts either by direct regretiment of Graduates in men, c or by transfer from the following codies (i) Assistant Surgeons Grade I and IL sallable for Officer Class II , (iii) Health Officers, Class II-cum Assistant Surgeor provide for The existing modes of recruitment may be continued

J De

L Professors

The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs 46 700 EB-40 900

posts filled only by taking on deputation officers holding comparable posts in the Department of Collegiate Education. The liens of such of the existing incumbents who have been recruited directly may be shifted against corresponding posts in the Department of Collegiate Education and they may be treated as on deputation to this Department. The Rules of Recruitment may be modified accordingly.

52.355. The scale of pay given to the Lecturers of the Department of Collegiate Education may be given to these officers also.

Dental Surgeons and Assistant Dental Surgeons

vola. 356. It was represented to the Commission that the scale of pay for sufficient if one and Assistant Dental Surgeons might be revised and brought cadres of the scales of pay for "Dental Graduates" working in the Dental (iii) Surgeon Medical Graduates working as Health Officers Class II. It was in Medicine If of the Department that it might not be possible to equate them Rules of R.B.S. doctors as they (B.D.S. Graduates) deal with only Dentistry, 3.B.S. Graduates deal with the entire human system. Government 52.345 d that the scales of pay of Assistant Dental Surgeons and Dental -50-1.20ght be revised to Rs. 300-25-550-30-700 and that all of them re designated as "Assistant Surgeons (Dental)". The Commission has plus red this question in all its aspects and recommends that the scale of pay 5Dental Surgeons and Assistant Dental Surgeons who have obtained the are toDegree may be slightly lower than the scale of pay for the Doctors with Associ.B.S. qualification and that if a Dental Surgeon has acquired "M.B.B.S. qualification" also, he may be given a qualification pay of Rs. 50 per monsem n addition to his grade pay.

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Dental Surgeon: (1) (Rs. 300—25—550—30—700)

4ssistant Dental Surgeons: (1) (Rs. 300—25—550—30—700)

(15) (Rs. 250—15—310—20—450)
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- 52.357. The Rules of Recruitment have not been prescribed for these posts. It is proposed that these posts may be filled by direct recruitment of persons solding a degree in Dental Surgery (B.D.S.). This is adequate. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The Commission recommends that all these posts may be given the uniform designation of "Assistant Dental Surgeons".
- 52.358. The scale of pay for these common posts of "Assistant Dental Surgeons" may be revised as Rs. 350-25-600-30-780-EB-40-900.
- 52.359. The Commission considers that it would be necessary to create, in due course, posts of "Dental Surgeons" consistent with the requirements of the Department. When such posts are created, they may be filled by promotion of Dental Graduates who are directly recruited to the cadre of "Assistant Dental Surgeons". The seale of pay for the posts of "Dental Surgeons" may be fixed as Rs. 600—40—1,000.

Assistant Professors in Dentistry : (3)

(Rs 450-25-750-30-900+Non-Practising Ullowance of Rs 100 per month)

- .52.360 According to the Rules of Restructment, there posts are to be fille hy porting Assistant Professors in Dentistry horne on the establishment of the Dental College Bangalore The existing mode of recruitment may be retained
- 52 361 The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as that recommended for the corresponding posts in the Dental College, Banglore

Lecturers in Dentistry (3)

(R* 300-25-550-30-700-Non Practisin Allowance of R* 75 per month)

- 62.362 According to the Rules of Recruitment, these posts/are to be fille by posting Lecturers in Pentistry borne on the establishment/of the Denti College, Bangalore This mode of recruitment may be continued
- 52 263 The scale of pay for these posts may be the same at that recommer ded for the corresponding posts in the Dental College, Bangalore

Dental Cellege, Bangalore

Principal (1) (Rs. 1,000-50-1,200)+Non-Practising Allowance of Rs. 200 per month

- 52 384 According to the Rules of Recruitment, this post is to be fille by promotion by election from the culter of Professors in Dental subjects. The existing mode of recruitment may be continued.
- 52 365 The scale of pay for this post may be fixed as Rs 1 100-50-1,309-60-1,600

Professors (7) (Its 700-40-900-50-1,100)+Non-Practising Allowance of Its 200 per month

- 52.367. The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 1,000-50-1,500.
- Assistant Professors: (9) (Rs. 450-25-750-30-900)+Non-Practising Allowance of Rs. 100 per month.
- 52.368. According to the Rules of Recruitment, these posts are to be filled by promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers/Registrar/Curator in the subjects concerned or by promotion by selection from the eadres of (1) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II, (ii) Health Officers, Class II, (iii) Health Officers, Class II-cum-Assistant Surgeons, Class II or by direct recruitment of Graduates in Dentistry with post-graduate qualifications in the subjects concerned. These modes of recruitment may be retained.
 - 52.369. The seales of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 600-40-1,000.
- Lecturers; Curators; Registrars: (15) (Rs. 300-25-550-30-700)+ Non-Practising Allowance of Rs. 75 per month.
- 52.370. Under the Rules of Recruitment these posts are to be filled by direct recruitment of graduates in Dentistry. The existing mode of recruitment may be retained.
- 52.371. The scales of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. 400-30-700-EB-40-900.
- Assistant Professor for Dental Mechanics Course: (1)—(Rs. 450—25—750—30—900)+Non-Practising Allowance of Rs. 100 per month.
 - 52.372. This post is to be filled by promotion from amongst Lecturers/Registrar/Curator in Dental subjects or by direct recruitment of Graduates in Dentistry with post-graduate qualifications in the subjects concerned. The existing mode of recruitment may be continued.
 - 52.373. The scale of pay for this pest may be fixed as Rs. 600-40-1,000.

Indian Medicine Branch

52.374. While starting Graduate Courses in Shudda Ayurveda at Bangalore and Mysore, Government reorganised the staffing pattern of the College and the Hospital attached to the Department of Indian Medicine as per Government Order No. PHS 329 PIM 65, dated 31st March 1967 on the recommendations made by the Central Board of Shudda Ayurvedie Education. The Department has proposed draft Gadre and Recruitment Rules for all the new posts sanctioned and submitted them for the approval of Government. The scales of pay for several Gazetted posts were revised in 1967, and those scales are higher than what would have been fixed under the pattern of revision adopted by the Commission. Hence, these scales have been refixed as per the corresponding scales proposed by the Commission for posts in the several Departments.

College Section

Priveipals GCIM Bangalore and Mysore (2)-(Rs 700-40-900-50-1,000)

52 375 According to the draft Cudre and Recruitment Rules proposed by the D partment, the initial recruitment to these posts is to be made by promotion from among the officers of the Indian Medicine Branch of the Department with a total experience of over 15 years in teaching administration or/and he spital aliministration including service rendered as Assistant Director (Indian Medicine).

5.56 The Rules for the subsequent recruitment provide for these posts being till d by promotion by selection from among Professors and if no suitable person is a wido' for appointment by promotion then by appointment of persons on contract. The qualification prescribed for appointment of officers on contract has not been prescribed. The Commission suggests that persons to be appointed on central should post post graduate qualification in Ayurveda with teaching experiment of sixen years. The proposed modes of recruitment are adequate and mixed to adopted with the modification suggested above. The scale of pay for the protection of the

Professors (16) (Rs 600-10 -1,000)

- 52.381. The Rules for the subsequent recruitment provide for these posts being filled to the extent of 33\frac{1}{3} per cent by recruitment of persons holding a degree or diploma in Ayurveda with good knowledge of Sanskrit and to the extent of 66\frac{2}{3} per cent by promotion by selection from the eadre of Lecturers and/or Research Officer and if no suitable candidate is found in these categories then by promotion by selection from among the efficers of the Indian Medicine Branch or by the appointment of an officer on contract, if no suitable candidate is found under both the above categories. The qualifications for the persons appointed on contract may be the same as those prescribed for persons to be recruited directly. These modes of recruitment are adequate and may be adopted incorporating the suggestions made above.
- 52.382. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 350-25-600-30-780-EB-40-900.
- Lecturers: (28)—(Rs. 300—25—550—30—700)
- 52.383. The draft Cadre and Recruitment Rules provide for initial recruitment to these posts by promotion by selection from among the officers of the Indian Medicine Branch including temporary candidates with a total service of five years in the Department of Indian Medicine Branch including one year of teaching or research experience. The rules for the subsequent recruitment to these posts provide for 50 per cent of these posts being filled by promotion from among the Class III Officers of the Indian Medicine Branch or Assistant Research Officers including Health Officers, Class III-cum-Assistant Medical Officers of Health-cum-Assistant Surgeons with Ayurvedic qualifications and professional experience of five years in charge of dispensaries, 25 per cent of these posts being filled by transfer of senior Physicians and the remaining 25 per cent by direct recruitment of persons holding Degree or Diploma (Shudda Ayurvedic or Integrated) with good knowledge of Sanskrit. These modes of recruitment may be adopted.
- 52.384. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 300-25-550-EB-30-700.
- Artist-cum-Photographers: (2)—(Rs. 140—5—150—8—190—10—320)
- 52.385. According to the draft Rules of Recruitment, these posts are to be filled by direct recruitment of persons possessing a Diploma in Photography of a recognised Institute. There are corresponding posts in the Department of Information and Tourism and officials of corresponding rank may be taken on deputation from that Department. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The liens of the present incumbent may be shifted against corresponding posts in the Department of Information and Tourism and they may be treated as on deputation to this Department.
- 52.386. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for corresponding posts in the Department of Information and Tourism.

Pharmacy Technicians (dyurredic Compounders) (10) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-140)

52 387 The draft Rules of Recruitment provide for these posts being filled by transfer or/and by promotion from among the Ayurvedic Compounders This mode of recruitment is adequate and may be adopted

The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 95-3-125-4-145-

LB-5-200

Surgreal Attendants Museum Keepers

(2)

(Rs 70-2-90) (Rs 60-1-70-2-90) (1G)

Anatomy Attenders Inimal Keepers

(Rs 55-1-65-2-85 (8) (Rs 55-1-65-2-85) (2)

52 359 The draft Rules of Recruitment provide for 50 per posts being filled by direct recruitment of persons with VIII standar, qualification and the remaining 50 per cent by promotion from among the Clast IV officials of the Department. These modes of recruitment may be adopted. The scales of pay for these officials may be resisted as -

> Surgical Attendants Museum Keepers Anatomy Attenders Animal Keepers

Rs 85-2-95-3-125-EB-4-145 Rs 89-2-90-3-120-4-140 Rs 65-1-75-2-05

Hospital Section

Pendent Medical Officers (2) (Rs 300-23-550-30-700)

52 700 The draft Rules provide for these posts being filled by transfer from among the Sonior Physicians with administrative experience. This mode of recruitment is adequate and may be adopted

The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as that given to the Senior Physician

Senior Physicians (13) (Rs 300-25-550-30-700)

- Research Officer: (1) (Rs. 250-20-350-25-500)
- 52.393. The draft Cadre and Reernitment Rules provide for this post being filled by direct recruitment of a person possessing a degree or diploma in Ayurveda with post graduate qualification. This mode of recruitment may be adopted.
- 52.394. As the Research Officer was in a scale of pay higher than that of the Senior Physicians before the revision in March, 1967 and in view of the qualifications required for the post, the Commission considers it appropriate to fix the pay for the post in the revised scale as Rs. 300—25—550—EB—30—700.
- Lay Secretary: (1) (Rs. 250-20-350-25-500)
- 52.395. The draft Cadre and Recruitment Rules provide for this post being filled by promotion by selection from the cadre of Managers of the Indian Medicine Branch of the Directorate and if no suitable person is available then by taking on deputation an official holding a corresponding post from the Medical or Health Branch of the Department. This post may be added to the common cadre of ministerial officers of the Department proposed to be formed and the officer drawn from that cadre.
- 52.396. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as for other Lay Secretaries of the Department.
- Officer-in-charge, Government Central Pharmacy, Bangalore: (1) (Rs. 500-50/2-700)
- 52.397. According to the draft Cadre and Recruitment Rules, the initial recruitment to this post is to be made by promotion by selection from the officers of the Indian Medicine Department. The Rules for subsequent recruitment provide for this post being filled by promotion by selection from among the Class II Officers of the Indian Medicine Branch and if no suitable person is available then on contract from the cadre of Class III Officers. No qualifications have been prescribed for officers to be appointed on contract. The Commission suggests that persons to be appointed on contract should possess a Degree or Diploma in Indian Medicine. These modes of recruitment are adequate and may be adopted.
- 52.398. The Department has recommended that as the duties and responsibilities of this Officer are analogous to those of the Assistant Director, Government Medical Stores, the scale of pay for this post may be the same as for the latter post. The Commission accepts this recommendation. The scale of pay for this post may, therefore, be revised as Rs. 700—40—900—50—1,200.
- Assistant Research Officer: (1) (Rs. 140-5-150-8-190-10-320)
- 52.399. The draft Cadre and Recruitment Rules provide for this post being filled by promotion on the basis of seniority-cum-merit from the eadre of Junior Physicians/Vaidyas, Grade II. This mode of recruitment is adequate and may be adopted.
- 52.400. The scale of pay for this post may be Rs. 170-5-180-8-220-EB-10-300.

Issistant Surgeons, Grade III (1) (Rs 175-10-225-15-320-20-400)

The Pules of Recruitment provide for this post being filled by direct recruitment of persons possessing LMP or LCP & S qualifications This post may be filled by taking on deputation an officer holding a corresponding post in the Medical Wing of the Department The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly The scale of pay for this post may be Rs 200-10-280-15-370-FB-20-450

Senior Unons Physician (1) (Rs 230-20-350-25-500)

52 402 The draft Cadre and Recruitment Rules provide for this post being filled by promotion on the basis of seniority cum merit from the cadre of Junior Unani Physician This mode of recruitment is adequate and may be adopted

52 403 This post was carrying the same scale of pay as the posts of Senior hoursedic Physicians. The scale of pay for the latter category of posts was reassed in 1967 as 300-25-550-30 -700 The Commission considers it appropriate to fix the scale of pay for this post also as Rs 300 -25-550-EB-30-700

Junior I nani Physicians (4) (Rs 140-5-150-8-190-10-320)

(4) (Rs 120-5-150-8-100-10-210)

52 404 According to the deaft Cadre and Recruitment Rules, these posts are to ! filled by promotion on the basis of semiority cum merit from the cadre of Unaus Physicians/Taber bs/flakeems/Laidyas Grade II This mode of recruitment may be adopted

52 40" The scale of pay for all these posts may be Re 170-5-180-8-22u-1 B 10 300

Sursing Superintendent Grade II (3) (Re 225-10-275-15-750)

32 400 The draft Cadre and Recruitment Rules provide for these posts being filled by selection from among the Surses working in the Indian Medicine I racch on the base of semonity-cum ment. This mode of recruitment is adequate an I may be adopted

The scale of pay for these posts may be Ils 275-20-375-Ell-25 - 525

\u00e4res (36) (Re 140 -5-150-6-190-10-220)

. 4 . Three posts accurling to the draft Calre and Recenitment Rules, are not the the direct rights ert of person repreferable with hill countries tion. It s mode of recruitment may be a lopred

32 40 . The scale of pay for these of riler av be the same as for similar per in efter traveles of the Digartment in Po 175 in 275 15 350-11 . 45

- 52.410. The draft Cadre and Recruitment Rules provide for these posts being filled by taking on deputation officials holding corresponding posts from the Health and the Medical Branches of the Department. This mode of recruitment is adequate and may be adopted.
- 52.411. The scale of pay for these officials may be the same as for corresponding posts in the Health and Medical Branches of the Department, viz.. Rs. 95—3—125—4—145—EB—5—200.

- 52.412. According to the draft Rules of Recruitment these posts are to be filled by promotion by selection from among the Class IV officials. This mode of recruitment may be adopted.
- 52.413. The scale of pay for these officials may be Rs. 95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200.

- 52.414. The draft Cadre and Recruitment Rules provide for these posts being filled by direct recruitment of persons who have undergone successfully Compounders' Training in Ayurveda or Unani and who possess Compounders Certificate. This mode of recruitment is adequate and may be adopted.
- 52.415. The scale of pay for these officials may be the same as for corresponding posts in the Medical and Health Branches of the Department.

- 52.416. These posts are to be filled by taking on deputation persons holding corresponding posts from the Medical Branch of the Department. This mode of recruitment is adequate and may be adopted.
- 52.417. The scale of pay for these officials may be the same as for the corresponding posts in the Medical Branch of the Department.

- 52.418. According to the draft Cadre and Recruitment Rules, these posts are to be filled by thing on deputation officials holding corresponding posts from the State Accounts Department. This mode of recruitment is adequate and may be adopted.
- 52.419. The scale of pay given to Auditors in the State Accounts Department may be given to these officials.

Superintendent I nani Section (1) (Rs 140-5-150-8-190-10-320)

52 420. The draft Cadre and Recruitment Rules provide for this post being filled by promotion on the base of semiority-com ment from the cadre of Junior Avaryedic and Unam Physicians, Grade I. Since the Ayarvedic Section is different rore the Unam Section the Rules of Recruitment may be modified by deleting the verds 'Junior Avaryedic and'

52 121 The scale of pay for this post may be Rs 175—10—275—15—350—1 B—20—450

Unini Physician (1) (Rs. 140-5-150-8-100-10-320)
Unini Lady Physician (2)

52 422 According to the draft Rules of Recruitment, these posts are to be filled by promotion on the basis of seniority cum merit from the cadre of Unani Physician Talcebe Hakemid Andras, Grade H. The Riles of Recruitment may be amended by delying Vandsas Grade H. from the category of Physicians challed for promotion to this cadre. This mode of recruitment is adequate and may be adopted.

52 423 The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 170—5—180—5—220— FB—10—300

Junior Halim (1) (R+ 120 -5-150 8-100-10 -240)

52 424 According to the draft Cadre and Recruitment Rules this post is to be filled by direct regularity and of a person bolding a degree or diploma in Indian Medicine. This most of recruitment may be adopted.

52 425 The scale of pay for this post may be Rs 140 -5 150 8-190 His 10 200 15 200

52.428. There are corresponding posts in other branches of this and in some cases in other Departments. The same scales of pay admissible to them may be given to these officials.

Literate Attenders		(2)	(Rs. 55—1—65—2—85)
Daffedars		(1)	(Rs. 55-1-65-2-75)
•		(1)	(Rs. 65—2—85)
Peans		(25)	(Rs. 50—1—60)
Night Watchmen		(6)	(Rs. 50-1-60)
Attenders: (including Surgical		(1)	(Rs. 65–2–85)
Attenders)		(2)	(Rs. 60-1-70-2-90)
Cooks'		(8)	(Rs. 55—1—65—2—85)
Diet Distributors		(4)	(Rs. 50—1—60)
Massagist	• •	(3)	(Rs. 50—1—60)
Ward Boys	• •	(20)	(Rs. 50—1—60)
Ayahs		(19)	(Rs. 50160)
Thotis		(23)	(Rs. 50—1—60)
Dhobi		(1)	(Rs. 50—1—60)
Ward Assistants		(5)	(Rs. 50—1—60)
Cycle Orderly	• •	(1)	(Rs. 50—1—60)
Gurkha Watchman	• •	(1)	(Rs. 50—1—60)
Sweepers	• •	(2)	(Rs. 50—1—69)
Animal House Attender	٠.	(2)	(Rs. 50—1—60)
Laboratory Technician	• •	(1)	(Rs. 35—3—50)

52.429. These posts are common to all Departments or to other branches of this Department and the scales of pay applicable to them may apply to these officials also.

Delegation of Powers

- 52.430. No suggestions have been made about the delegation of powers in addition to what are vested in the Director of Health and Family Planning Services under the Manual of Financial Powers. All the powers now vested in the Director under the Manual may continue.
- 52.431. The Commission does not also propose to make any suggestions regarding the delegation of further powers to officers in this Department, in the absence of any specific proposals in this regard.

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ě.	Senior Meelanic	:		140-0-100-0-100-100-100-100-100-100-100-	200-10-280-15-370-EB-20-450
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11.	Draughtsman	:	⊣ ,	150-2-150-10-550	175-10-275-15-350-153-20-450
72.	Draughtsman .	:	.	18(-10-020	175-10-275-15-350-15B-20-150
3.	Physical Culture Instructor	:	- ·	150-8-150-10-250	110-5-150-8-190-18-10-260-15-290
74.	Julior Chemist	:	15	150-8-150-10-520-15-550	175 - 10 - 975 - 15 - 350 - 131 - 20 - 150
75.	Weaving Instructor	:	- ·	150-8-150-10-520	175 10 975 15 350 FB - 20 - 450
76.	Public Health Nurse	:		140-9-130-0-10-220	178 10 975 15 350 RR -90-450
77.	Artist-cum-Photographer	:		140-5-150-8-190-10-520	110-10-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20
78	Social Worker	:		190-10-300	200-10-200-10-010-10-010-10-010-10-010-10-010-10-
62	Craftsman	•		1.10-5-150-6-180-10-220	130-0-170-0-200-120-120-1240
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90.	Library Assistant	•	, -	110 - 5 - 150 - 6 - 180 - 10 - 220	140-5-150-8-190-BB-10-260-
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91.	Store Keeper-cum-Clerk	:	123	110-5-150-6-180-10-220	140-5-150-8-190-138-10-260-15-290
્ દર	2. Bio-Chemist	•		100-5-150-6-180-10-220	140-5-150-8-190-BB-10-260-15-290
6.	Laboratory Technician (Jr.)	:	229	100 - 5 - 150 - 6 - 180	110-4-130-5-170-EB $-6-200$

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200.	Artist-cum-Photographer	:	63	140-5-150-8-190-10-	175-10-275-15-350-EB-	
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210.	Asst. Research Officer	:	н	140 - 5 - 150 - 8 - 190 - 10 - 390	170-5-180-8-220-EB $-10-300$	
211.	Nurse	:	36	140-5-150-6-190-10-220	175-10-275-15-350-EB $-20-450$	
212	Junior Unani Physician	` :	~11	140-5-150-8-190-10-320	170 - 5 - 180 - 8 - 220 - EB - 10 - 300	**
213.	Junior Ununi Physician	:	4	120 - 5 - 150 - 8 - 190 - 10 - 240	$170-5-180-8-220-\mathbb{E}B-10-300$	
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Department of Health and Family Planning Services-(concld).

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212.	Masangist	:	:	က	50-160	601-80-2-90	
213	Ward Boy	:	:	20	50-1-60	60180290	
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217.	Ward Assistant	:	:	ស	50-1-60	60 - 1 - 80 - 2 - 90	
218.	Cycle Orderly	:	:	1	50-160	60-1-80-2-90	
219,	Gurkha Watchman	:	:	I	50-1-60	60-1-80-2-90	
250.	Sweeper .	:	:	¢1	50-1-60	60-1-80-2-90	
251.	Animal House Attender	:	:	6 7	50 - 1 - 60	60-1-80-2-90	
252.	Laboratory Technician	;	:	1	35-3-50	60-1-80-2-90	
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CHAPTER 53

Department of Town Planning

- 53.1 Prior to the States' Re-organisation, the work relating to Town Planning was bring looked after by the their Government Architect and Town Planning Officer in the eristwhile Mysore area and by the concerned Directors of Town Planning in the Bombry, Hyderabod and Madras areas. After the re-organisation of States, a separate Town Planning Department came into existence with effect from 3rd November 1939 with only a skeleton staff to dial with Town Planning problems and to a liminister the provisions of the Town Planning Acts in force in the integrated areas.
- 53.2 A comprehensive Legislation on Town and Country Planning was exacted in 1963 (Mayore Act No. 11 of 1963) and brought into force from the 15th January 1965. A State Town Planning Board was constituted under Section 4 of the Act. for advising the State Government regarding Planning and Development and for determining principles and policies for achieving the balancel disclopment of the State as a whole. A Planning Authority was also constituted for each are elected to be a Local Planning Area. To Tigin with Planning Authorities for rapidly growing cities and regions etc. Bangalor, Mysore, Mangalor, Hobb. Phara ar, Gulburgy and Dauddu were constituted during 1930-67.
- 53.3 The Director of Town Planning is declared as the He id info a Major D partment and is responsible for the preparation of Wister Plans for extress and mans a also for layouts for town and village extensions etc. The Department has its central office at Bingalore with branch offices in Bingalore, Bingainn, Hubbi Dharwar, Guibarya, Vingalore, Bindervati, Karwar, Wister and Belliey. In the lead quarters the Director is assisted by requisite technical and ministerial stiff

permanent feature of the administration in view of the need for planned development. This development covers development of new areas, re-adjustment of the areas already developed and clearance schemes. The Director suggested that provision should be made (a) in the Acts relating to Municipal Corporations and Municipalities, making it obligatory on their part to avail themselves of the services of the Town Planning Department while preparing plans for the development of the concerned cities and towns and (b) in the Town and Country Planning Act so as to provide for consultations by the Municipal Corporations and Municipalities with the Town Planning Department before implementing their development programmes. It is of utmost importance that our Cities and Towns develop in a planned manner so as to be conducive to hygienic and healthy living. So the Commission accepts this suggestion and recommends that necessary provision may be made accordingly in the Town and Country Planning Act, the Municipal Corporation Acts and the Municipalities Act so that these bodies may invariably consult the Department of Town Planning before planning and implementing development programmes.

- 53.6. After considering all aspects of the matter, the Commission recommends that 50 per cent of the posts (both technical and ministerial) in the Department may be made permanent and all such posts may be filled as follows:—
 - (a) by absorbing the senior most officials who have no liens on posts in other departments of Government to the extent to which such posts are available;
 - (b) if there are vacancies after all the officials who have no liens on posts in other departments are absorbed, by taking on deputation technical officers and officials holding corresponding posts in the Public Works Department and other ministerial staff from any department of Government.
- 53.7. In the case of the latter, their liens may be retained in the parent departments and they may be repatriated to the parent departments when they get their promotion. The other 50 per cent of the posts may be continued on a temporary basis for the present and filled only by taking officials on deputation from other departments of Government.
- 53.8. The Commission recommends in General that whatever scales of pay are prescribed for the staff of the Public Works Department may be applied to the staff with corresponding duties and responsibilities in the Department of Town Planning also.

Providing core-staff at the District level

53.9. The Director urged before the Commission that District Offices had to be established in all the districts with some core-staff to provide technical guidance to various Local Bodies, Planning Authorities and other departments in respect of both urban and rural development so that the officer of the Department at the district level could function as Adviser to all the Municipalities without actually being under the control of any of them.

53 10 After examining the points advanced on behalf of the Department, the Commission considers that as and when Unincipalities and other Local Bodies undertake schemes of town planning and seek technical assistance additional staff may be sanctioned whenever necessary for the plan periods as it would be waste of finance and man power to establish District Offices of the Department in every district without reference to immediate needs

Creation of the post of Garetted Assistan of the rank of Assistant Commissioner

53.11 It was represented before the Commission that a post of a Gazetted Assistant of the rink of an Assistant Commissioner might be created in the Head Office to cope up with administrative work as in the case of other departments keeping in view the requirements of the Department and the general pattern of ministernal assistance given to Heads of Departments in such cases, the Commission recommends that the post of the office Sap rint n lent may be abolish 1, and in but thereof a post of the Headquarters Assistant in Class II Gazettel cadro may be created. In selecting persons for this post, the senior most among ministerial staff of suitable and duly qualified may be given preference.

Additional staff for the Central Office

53.12 The Director has proposed that one Deputy Director, one Administrative Assistant one Accounts Clerk and other ministerial staff might be sanctioned for the Central Office on the ground that the volume of work was increasing. The basis on which the additional staff has been asked for his not, however, been indicated. In the absence of full justification for the creation of a lititional staff, the Commission is not able to support the request. A "Time and Motion Study" may be conflucted and additional staff sanctioned in the course of the work load justifies it.

53 21 The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as that fixed for corresponding posts in the Public Works Department

Draughtsman (66) (R: 150-8-190-10-320)

- 53 22 According to the Rules of Recruitment 90 per cent of the posts are to be filled by direct recruitment by selection by interview of persons possessing a diploma in Civil Draughtismanship or Civil Engineering from a Polytechnic or other equivalent quashfaction and 10 per cent by promotion from the endre of Tracers with five years' of experience in that cadre. The existing mode of recruitment to this post is adequate.
- 53 23 The scale of pay for this post may be the same as that for corresponding posts in the Public Works Department

Town Planning Supervisors (30) (Rs 150-8-190-10-320)

- 53 24 The Rules of Recrustment provide for filling these posts hy direct recruitment by selection by interview of persons possessing a Diploma in Civil Figureering, with Town Planning as the Specialised subject from n Polytechnic or other equivalent quification in Town Planning or Licentiate or Diploma in Town and Country Planning. The existing mode of recruitment to these posts may continue.
- 53 25 The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for the Supervisors in the Public Works Department

Tracers (17) (60-3-110-4-130-5-150)

- 53 26 According to the Rules of Recruitment, the posts of Tracers are to be filled by direct recruitment by selection by interview of persons with SSLC or equivalent qualification and one, year's training in drawing or tracing in a Polytechnic or any other recognised institution. The existing mode of recruitment to these posts may continue.
- 53 27 The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for the corresponding posts in the Public Works Department

Blue Printer and Photostat Operator: (1) (Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)

- 53.30. According to the Rules of Recruitment, the post is to be filled by direct recruitment by selection by interview of persons who have studied upto VII Standard and possess experience in Blue Printing work and in operating Photostat equipment. The existing mode of recruitment may continue.
- 53.31. The scale of pay for this post may be fixed as Rs. 95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200.

Accounts Superintendent: (2) (Rs. 220-10-320-15-440)

- 53.32. According to the Rules of Recruitment, the posts are to be filled by taking officials of the State Accounts Department on deputation. The existing mode of recruitment is adequate and may continue.
- 53.33. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as that for Accounts Superintendents in the State Accounts Department.

Office Superintendent: (1) (Rs. 180-10-320)

- 53.34. As already stated in para 5, this post may be abolished and a post of Gazetted Assistant to the Director of Town Planning in Class II may be created instead.
- 53.35. The scale of pay for the post of the Gazetted Assistant may be Rs. 275—20—375—EB—25—525 being the scale applicable to similar posts in other Departments.

First Division Clerks: (12) (Rs. 110-5-150-6-180-10-220)

Second Division Clerks: (13) (Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)

Stenographers: (2) (Rs. 110-5-150-6-180-10-220) + Spl. Pay Rs. 30 p.m.

Typists: (10) (Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-5-150) + Spl. Pay. Rs. 10 p.m.

53.36. These are posts common to all Departments of Government and the scales of pay for these posts may be the same as for comparable posts in the Public Works Department.

Drivers: (12) (Rs. 70—1—80—2—100)

Attenders: (9) (Rs. 55-1-65-2-75)

Cycle Orderly (1) (Rs. 50-1-60)

Peons: (28) and Survey Helpers: (16) $\left\{ \text{Rs. 50-1--60} \right\}$

53.37. These are posts common to all Departments of Government and the scales of pay prescribed for these posts may be the same as are prescribed for corresponding posts in the Public works Department.

Special Pay

- 53.59. Special Pay to the Stonographers and Typists may be regulated in accordance with the general principles Ivid down for similar posts in the Public Works and other Departments.
- 53.39. In order to provide incentive to the officers of the Department who have acquired special qualification in Town Planning, Special Pay may be given to the trehunal staff who have acquired such qualification at the following rates—

Director ... Rs. 400 per month

Dy. Director ... Rs. 75 per month

Assistant Director Rs. 60 per month

Junior Tawn Planner Rs. 25 per month

CHAPTER 53 town planning department

Special Pay Recommended scale of pay Remarks			es 64 ev 20	0 175-10-275-15-350-EB-20-150 -5-150 110-4-130-5-170-EB-6-200 0 170-5-180-8-220-EB-10-300 0 95-3-125-1-115-EB-5-200 10 250-10-300-15-120-EB-20-509 10 275-20-375-EB-25-525 Headquarters Assistant.	110-5-150-8-190-15B- 10-260-15-290)—10—220		S S	60-1-80-2-90 $60-1-80-2-90$ $60-1-80-2-90$
Existing scale of pay and Special Pay		R4. 900—10—1100—50—1300 600—10—1000	300 - 25 - 550 - 30 - 700 $250 - 15 - 100$ $225 - 10 - 285 - 15 - 375$ $150 - 8 - 190 - 10 - 320$	150 - 8 - 190 - 10 - 320 $80 - 3 - 110 - 1 - 130 - 5 - 150$ $150 - 8 - 130 - 10 - 370$ $80 - 3 - 110 - 4 - 130 - 5 - 150$ $220 - 10 - 320 - 15 - 110$ $180 - 10 - 320$	110-5-150-6-180-10-220	110-5-150-6-180-10-220 + Spl. pay Rs. 30 p.m.	80-3-110-1-130-5-150	70_1_80_2_100 65_2_85	50—1—60 50—1—60
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CHAPTER 54

Department of Excise

- 54 1 The Mysore Excise Act, 1965, came into force in the State on 30th September 1967 Under their Notification No HD 154 EDC 67, dated 23rd September 1937, Government relaxed prohibition throughout the State except in the following areas
 - I Intire Bidar District,
 - 2 Honnavar, Ankola and Kumta Taluks of North Kanara District,
 - 3 Yelandur and Chamarapangar Talaks of Mysore District,
 - 4 Jamkhandi Taluk of Bijapar District.
- 542 In their further Notification No HD 75 EDC 68, dated 30th March 1968, tovernment relaxed prohibition in the entire District of Bidar and in Honnayar and Knmta Taluks of North Kanara District
- 54.3 In the result, the entire State excluding the Taluks of Yelandur, Chamarajnagar, Jamkhandi and Ankola is now wet
- 54.4 When prohibition was in force in a major portion of the State, the Excise revenue was about Rs. 6 crores. It is expected that about Rs. 12 crores would be realised per annum in future as a result of the relaxation of probibition.
- This Department is classified as a Major Department The Commission ner for Commercial Taxes is also the Commissioner for Excise. He is in the supertime scale of the Indian Administrative Service and is the Head of this Department He is in charge of the administration of the llysoro Exciso Act, 1969 and the Mysore Probabition Act, 1961 and administers certain provisions contained in Medicinal and Toilet Preparations (Excise Duties) Act. 1935 the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1930 the Opuum Act, 1878 and the Molasses Control Order He exercises administrative control over Distilleries, Breweries and Bended Warehouses, etc., in the State as far as excise duties are It has been represented on behalf of the Department that as concerned this would be a major resenue earning Department, it required the constant attention of a full time officer in the supertime scale of the Indian Administrative Service as the Commissioner of Commercial Taxes who was concurrently the Commissioner of I zerse would not naturally be able to devote adequate time and attent in to the work of this Department. The official witnesses were also of the view that for efficient functiming of this Department which had new and complex prolife a it was necessary to lave a wholetime of cer as the Head of the De art vert Taking a laspects of the matter anto consideration, the Commission is of the view that there all cald be a full time efficer in the superties scale of the

Indian Administrative Service Cadre as the Head of the Department and recommends that for reasons stated elsewhere a wholetime post of the Commissioner of Excise in the supertime scale of the Indian Administrative Service may be created accordingly.

- There are 2 Headquarters Assistants to the Commissioner, one on the Technical side and the other on the Establishment side. It was represented that to prevent leakage of revenue and to deal effectively with audit objections, a post of a Financial Assistant should be created in the scale of pay of an Assistant Controller of the State Accounts Department and an officer of that status taken on deputation from that Department. It was added that if this post were to be ercated, the post of the (non-technical) Headquarters Assistant might be abolished and the work which he was now attending to, distributed between the Financial Assistant and the (Technical) Headquarters Assistant. The Commission accepts these suggestions and recommends that a post of the Financial Assistant may be erented after abolishing the post of the (non-technical) Headquarters Assistant as proposed. The post of the Manager (non-gazetted) may be upgraded to Class II and the work which the (non-technical) Headquarters Assistant is attending to may be distributed suitably among the (Technical) Headquarters Assistant, the Financial Assistant and the Manager. It was suggested that about 6 posts of auditors might be created in the Financial wing under the Financial Assistant and that they might be filled by taking suitable officials of the State Accounts Department on deputation. The Commission recommends that posts of auditors may be created and filled as proposed but suggests that the number of posts of auditors to be created may be determined after the work-load is studied.
- 54.7. At the District level, the Deputy Commissioner is the Ex-officio Deputy Commissioner for Excise. The District Excise Officer and the Assistant District Excise Officers assist the Deputy Commissioners in all Excise and Prohibition matters. The District Excise Officers are equivalent in rank to Assistant Commissioners of the Mysore Administrative Service and they act as Headquarters Assistants to the Deputy Commissioners on the Excise side. They also exercise certain independent powers under the Excise and Prohibition laws. The Excise Inspectors perform executive functions like inspection of Shops, Groves, Licensed Liquor Manufactories; they also attend to prosecution work etc., in their respective jurisdictional areas.
- 54.8. The Excise Assistant Inspectors are generally in charge of sub-ranges consisting of a Taluk or a part thereof. They attend to inspection of Shops, Depots, detection work, marking of trees etc.
- 54.9. There is a Special (Class II) Officer for drafting uniform Excise Rules in the Department.

Temporary Posts

54.10. Several posts in the Department are continued on a temporary basis for long periods. As the relaxation of prohibition appears to have come to stay, the Commission suggests that such of the temporary posts as are necessary may be made permanent.

Date Peserres

- 54.11 It was represented that the date receive lands were being disposed of for cultivation after the introduction of prohibition on the ground that such trees had ceased to have utility but that atleast in future no date reserve lands should be disposed of for cultivation. It was also represented that even in these lands which were retained as date receive lands the date trees had been cut down and that a special drive should be undertaken for regeneration of date raim.
- 54 12 The Commission agrees with these suggestions and considers that in the context of the present situation in which prohibition has been relaxed the custing date reserves may be retained as such and regeneration of date trees undertaken wherever possible

Liquor Shops

54.13 At present liquor shops are situated almost in any locality. The members of the public object to the location of such liquor shops in residential localities or in the vicinity of schools hospitals and places of religious worship tovernment may frame rules to regulate the location of such shops so that such shops are located only in unobjectionable localities. This aspect of the matter may be kept in view while frations Rules under the New Excise Let.

Cadre and Recruitment Rules and Scales of Pay-Freise Commissioner (1)

54.14 The Commissioner for Commercial Taxes is concurrently discharging the duties of the I xees Commissioner Consequent upon the relaxation of probilition the work of the department I as not reversed and it has now become a Major Dejartment. The Department must have a full time officer and as recommen lelafore in the supertime scale of the Indian Administrative Service. The Bules of Hermittent may be framed accordingly.

District Frence Officers (13) (Rs. 350-25-650-30-800) Headen inters Assistants (2) (Ps. 350-25-650-30-800)

54.15 They are appointed by promotion from the cylin of Assistant District Excis Officers. The post of the Headquarters Assistant to the Commissioner is filled by posting a District Excise Officer or by taking on deputation a Class I of officer for a the Missione Aliministrative Service. The existing modes of recruit ment to this cadre may continue. Considering the duties and responsibilities of the posts the scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 400—30—700—FB—40—

663 per cent of the posts by promotion from the several endres as at present. The Rules of Recruitment may be amended on the lines suggested. Considering the duties and responsibilities of the posts, the scale of pay for these posts as revised may be Rs. 275-20-375-EB-25-525.

Excise Inspectors (Senior): (4) (Rs. 220-10-320)

54.17. These posts are filled by promotion of Exeise Inspectors (Junior) as they are in fact intended to provide promotional opportunities for Junior Inspectors. The existing mode of recruitment may, therefore, continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 250—10—300—15—420—EB—20—500.

Excise Inspectors (Junior): (52) (Rs. 140-5-150-8-190-10-250)

- 54.18. 50 per cent of the posts are filled by direct recruitment of persons holding a Degree, 40 per cent by promotion from the cadre of Excise Assistant Inspectors on the basis of seniority-cum-merit and 10 per cent by promotion from the eadre of I Division Clerks. The existing modes of recruitment may be retained.
- 54.19. It has been represented that several II Division Clerks who had worked as such for 20 years or so were promoted recently as I Divison Clerks and they could not get further promotion as the Cadre and Recruitment Rules prescribe a minimum of 5 years of service in the I Divison before an official could be promoted as an Excise Inspector (Junior). It was stated that promotions were delayed considerably for want of vacancies in the cadre of I Division Clerks as the staff of the Department had contracted after the introduction of prohibition. The Commission considers that it would be equitable to relax the restriction that a I Division Clerk should have put in 5 years of service in that cadre for becoming eligible for promotion as Junior Excise Inspector, and to reduce this period to 3 years as the existing I Division Clerks have been promoted to that cadre after having put in long service as II Division Clerks and have gained sufficient experience. The restriction of 5 years of Service as I Division Clerk for promotion to the post of Exeise Inspector may, therefore, be kept in abeyance for a period of 5 years, during which period service of 3 years as I Divison Clerk with a total service of 10 years may be adopted as the service qualifying an officer for promotion to the post. The Rules of Recruitment may be amended accordingly.
- 54.20. Considering the nature of duties and responsibilities of the posts, the scale of pay for these posts as revised may be Rs. 170—5—180—8—220—EB—10—300. Excise Assistant Inspectors (129): (Rs. 80—3—110—4—130—5—150).
- 54.21. 75 per cent of the posts are filled-by direct recruitment of persons who have passed the S.S.L.C. examination and 25 per cent by transfer from the ministerial cadre. The existing modes of recruitment may continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 95—3—125—4—145—EB—5—200.
 - .54.22. Manager: (1) (Rs. 225—10—285—15—375) Senior Clerks: (4) (Rs. 150—8—190—10—270)

1 Division Clerks: (23) (Rs. 110-5-150-6-180-10-220)

II Division Clerks: (155) (Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)

Sterographers: (2) (Rs. 110-5-150-8-190-10-260-15-320)

Typists (11) (Rs. 83-3-110-4-130-5-180)

III Division Clyrks: (22) (Rs. 70-1-80-2-100)

As these posts are common to all the Departments, the rules of recruitment as are applicable to the corresponding posts in other Departments may be adopted for these posts also. The scales of pay for these posts may be as indicated in Chapter 4 (part m) for common categories of posts.

Jamedsr: (1) (Rs. 70-2-90)
Mutch: (1) (Rs. 65-2-95)
Daffedars: (6) (Rs. 65-2-85)
Var. Braver. (1) (Rs. 70-2-80-2-110)
Other Class IV servants (including
Tree Markers, Excise Guards, Peons,
Laskars, Grogging Cooles in the
Distillers). (623) (Rs. 50-1-00).

64.23 The poots of Trie Markers, Excise Guards, Laskars, Grogging Coolies are per thir to this Dipatricent. They are in the same scale of pay as peons, vis., Br. 50-1-60. The modes of recruitment to these posts may be similar to those adopted for other Class IV employees, etc., peons in other Departments. Their scales of pay may be similar to those given to Class IV employees of corresponding rank and grade as indicated in Chapter 4 (part iii) for common sategories of posts.

Carl Martines (2) (11s 35-1-63-2-75)

Special Pay

54.26. Except for the Stenographers and the Typists, who are in receipt of Special Pay at Rs. 20 and Rs. 10 per month respectively, as in other departments, no other posts carry any special pay. It is also not necessary to attach special pay to any other post in the Department. The special pay drawn by the Stenographers and the Typists may continue.

Duty-cum-Conveyance Allowance

54.27. A sum of Rs. 30 per month is being paid as Duty-cum-Conveyance Allowance to the District Excise Officers who are entrusted with the supervision of Bonded Warehouses. It is stated that this allowance is specifically included as one of the terms and conditions of the Licensee with a direction that this allowance should be paid by the Licensees to the District Excise Officer. As it is not a charge on the general revenues of the State but is recovered from the Licensees, the Commission has no objection to its continuance.

Delegation of Powers

54.28. The Department has not asked for the delegation of any powers in addition to the powers already delegated to the officers at the various levels. The Commission considers that no change is necessary in this regard for the present.

CHAPTER 54 Excles Department

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			No of pesta	Lauting Scale of Pay and Special Ray	Recommended Scale of Pay and Special Pay	Remarks
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10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		First Division Clerk	۲.	110-3-130-6-140-10-220	160-5-1-0-8-190-PB-10-260-	
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uriy 10-2-30 uriy 2 0-2-30 0-2-3-83 urid 6 0-2-83 urid 6 0-2-83 0-1-60 (10-4)		Conper	2	70-3-80-3-100	80-2-00-2-12-140	
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CHAPTER 55

Department of Fire Force

55.1. The Department of Fire Force was constituted into a separate department with effect from 5th November 1965. The Superintendents of Police were till then incharge of this work in their respective Districts.

Functions of the Department

- 55.2. The main functions of this department are :---
 - 1. Fire fighting.
 - 2. Ambulance Assistance.
 - 3. Pumping out water on request by private parties.
 - 4. Answering calls for rescue.
- 55.3. This Department is classified as a Major Department. The Commandant General, Home Guards and Ex-officio Director of Civil Defence has been designated as the Director of Fire Force. He has been declared the Head of the Department and the powers previously exercised by the Inspector General of Police in respect of Fire Services are delegated to him.
- 55.4. The Director is responsible for the proper administration of the Department; he is assisted by the Departy Director in administrative matters and by the Chief Fire Officer in technical matters. The Chief Fire Officer is in charge of a number of Districts and exercises disciplinary and administrative control over the Fire Stations in the Districts under his charge. He is controlling the Fire Force units through the Station Officers who are in charge of one or more stations.
- 55.5. It has been represented that ever since the supervision of the Fire Force Department by the District Superintendents of Police was removed, certain structural changes in the Department were found to be necessary to keep the Department in a state of efficiency. The Department has represented that proposals for creation of certain posts, upgrading of certain other posts etc. had been sent to Government and that these proposals were under the consideration of Government.

Filling up of the vacancies through the Employment Exchange

55.6. It has been represented that it was difficult to recruit stuff to fill the vacancies of Fireman and Fireman Driver etc. through the Employment Exchange as the persons whose names were sponsored by the Employment Exchange were often found to be not suitable for the requirements of the Department. It has, therefore, been requested that this Department might be authorised to fill the

recancies arising in it by direct recruitment without having to consult the Fr plorment Exchange. The Commission is of the opinion that it is not possible to exempt the D partment from the purview of the Employment Exchange in the light of the existing provisions of the Employment Exchanges (Compulsory Notification of Vacancies) Act of 1959. Moreover, there should be no difficulty in fer it existing system provided that the department indicates to the Exchange precisely the qualifications required of a candidate needed by it and the Exchange sponsors the names of only such candidates.

Ur (form)

65.7 At present all the non-gazetted staff of the Lire Porce Department excepting the D-puty Chief Lire Officers, Station Officers and Sub-Officers are entitled to the supply of free Uniforms. It was urged that they might also be given free uniforms and allowances as in the case of others. The Commission recomments that uniforms and allowances may be given to the officers of this department upto the rank corresponding to the rank of the officers of the Polico Di-partment to whom such uniform and allowances are given

P---

Service Stations that the vehicles of the Police Department and Department of Fire Force should be given the highest priority whenever they are sent for attention. If necessary persons who have got specialised training in matters relating to the vehicles of the type maintained by this Department could be attached to each of the four workshops and they could attend to all items of work which are of a special nature.

55.12. The Commission accordingly suggests that a separate workshop need not be sanctioned for this Department.

Purchase through the Stores Purchase Department

- 55.13. The Department has represented that it might be permitted to purchase the various appliances and items of equipment required by it without routing its indents through the Stores Purchase Department. The Commission has recommended in Chapter 24 that as far as possible, all the Departments of Government may route their indents through the Stores Purchase Department in the interests of getting the best and most favourable quotations. There are no special circumstances justifying a departure from this principle in the case of this Department.
- 55.14. The Commission, however, agrees to the suggestion of direct purchases in cases of urgent requirements but with the express prior sanction of Government.

Imprest Amount

55.15. It has been represented that the Department did not have any imprest amount for giving advances to the staff for their food when they were engaged on their duties continuously for long hours. The Commission recommends that an imprest of Rs. 500 may be placed at the disposal of the Director to enable him to give advances to the staff when they go out on Fire Service duties.

Telephone Operators

55.16. It has been represented that Telephone Operators in the Department get ordinary Firemen's salary, and that the scale of pay for the Telephone Operators should be the same as that for Telephone Operators in other departments. The Commission considers this representation to be reasonable and has accordingly recommended the scale of pay for the Telephone Operators on this basis.

Transmission of Messages

55.17. It was stated that the police Wireless Grid and the Police Stations were now transmitting messages about the occurance of fires purely as an informal arrangement and that the arrangement should be got formalised. The Commission accepts the suggestion and recommends that Government may issue necessary instructions in this behalf.

Allowances .-

55.18. Many of the posts in the Department earry allowances like Fire Brigade allowance, Uniform allowance, Conveyance allowance etc. The Depart-

ment has requested for the continuance of the allowances at a higher scale than at present taking into consideration the present day cost of living. The Commission considers that while allowances and prequisites given to the officers and men of the Police Department like provision of uniforms and free quarters and pariment of Diving Allowance, Conveyance allowance etc., may be extended to the officers and men of corresponding rank in the Fire Force Department, there is no justification for giving any additional facilities to the latter

Fire Brigade allowance

55 19 At prevent some of the Fire Service personnel are getting Fire Brigade Allowance which is peculiar to this Department. The Commission considers that this allowance may continue

Petirement of Proployees

55 20 It was suggested that the men in this department should be retired from service at the end of 20 years of service on payment of proportionate pension and other retirement benefits as they would not be able to discharge their duties efficiently after the age of about 40 or so. The Commission considers that it would not be fur to retire all the employees in these cadres of the Department after 20 years of service. Such of the employees as are engaged on fire fighting work may be got examined medically after 20 years of service and periodically thereafter and such of them as are medically fit may be continued in service till the normal age of superinnuation. The others may be retired from service on payment of proportionate pension and other pensionary benefits as proposed.

revised Rules are finalised the Department is following the Cadre and Recruitment Rules applicable to the Fire Service personnel as incorporated in the Recruitment Rules of the Police Department.

55.24. The Cadre and Recruitment Rules of this Department may be framed as early as possible.

Scales of pay.

Director, Fire Force (1)

55.25. The Commandant General, Home Guards and Experico Director of Civil Defence is concurrently appointed as the Director of Fire Services. He is an officer in the supertime scale of the Indian Police Service. This arrangement may continue.

55.26. This post is filled by taking on deputation an Officer in the Senior time scale of the Indian Police Service. This mode of recruitment may continue.

55.27. At present, this post is filled by promotion from the cadre of Deputy Chief Fire Officer. This method of recruitment is adequate and may continue. The scale of pay for this post may be the 1 une as that for Deputy Superintendents of Police.

55.28. Consequent on the creation of the eadre of Station Officers, the Department has proposed that this post might be filled by promotion of Station Officers and Sub-Officers. As the posts of Station Officers are being filled by promotion from the cadre of Sub-Officers, it may not be appropriate to include Sub-Officers along with Station Officers for the purpose of promotion. This post may therefore, be filled by promotion of an officer in the cadre of Station Officers only. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as that for Police Inspectors.

55.29. The Department has proposed in the Rules of Recruitment sent to Government that the posts of Station Officers might be filled by promotion from the cadre of Sub-Officers who have put in a minimum of seven years of service on the basis of seniority-cum-merit and that the post of the Engineering Station Officer might be filled by promotion by selection from the cadre of Driver Mechanics, who have put in 7 years of service of which 2 years should be as a Driver Mechanic or Fire Brigade Mechanic. The modes of recruitment as proposed are adequate and may be adopted. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as that for Sub-Inspectors of Police.

Sub-Officers (17) (Rs 120-3-150-5-175)

55 30 Fifty per cent of these posts are filled by direct recruitment and the other 50 percently promotion from the cadre of Assistant Sub Officers and Learing Firemen. Since the posts of Assistant Sub Officers are filled by promotion of Leading Firemen, it would be inconsistent to place the Assistant Sub Officers an Lea ling Firemen on the same footing in regard to eligibility for promotion to the posts of Sub-Officers. The Cadre and Recruitment Rules will have to be amende by excluding the Leading Firemen from eligibility to promotion to these posts for direct recruitment, the qualification required is a pass in Intermediator Pre University Lamination. In the case of ex Army Personnel, the sign appointment is relixable upto 35 years. The existing modes of recruitmer subject to the alove modification are adequate and may continue. The scale of pay for the posts as revised may be Rts 140—5—150—8—190—EB-10—260—15—290

Assutant Sub Officers (12) Rs (110-3-140)

55 31 These posts are being filled by promotion from the cadre of Leadin Firemen. The method of recruitment is adequate and may continue. The seal of pay for these posts shall be Its 190-6-170 -0-200-DB-10-250

Driver Mechanics (8) (Re 80-3-125)

Fireman Drivers (101) (Rs 85-2-105)

Leading Firemen (62) (Rs 85-2-105)

- 55 22 Thirty three and one third per cent of the posts of Driver Mechanic are filled by direct recruitment and 663 percent by promotion of Firemen Drivers For direct recruitment, practical experience of not less than 3 years in an up to dat workshop is necessary in addition to having a Driving Licence for Heavy Transpor Vehicles. The posts of Firemen Drivers are filled by direct recruitment, the qualification reserved being practical experience of not less than 3 years in mup to-date workshop in a ldition to having a Driving Licence for Heavy Transpor Vehicles. The posts of Leading Firemen are filled by promotion of Firemen Drivers.
- 55 33 As the qualifications prescribed for the posts of Driver Mechanics and Euror on Drivers are identical and as the posts of Leading Euromen are promotional posts for Euron on Drivers at it is equitable that the Driver Mechanics and Euromen Drivers are clubbed together and placed in an identical scale of pay and the Leading Euromea are given a slightly higher scale.
- 55.34 All the posts of Deiver Mechanics and Firemen Drivers may be filled colletty direct reconstrent of person possessing the qualification now prescribed in the Rules of Tectus rient for direct sectus times to these posts and it le Rules of Tectus may be some field accountment may be filled as a field accountment of the fi
- 23.25 The private Leading Firemen may be filled by promotion on the lasts of sensitive on mental city and the combined cadity of Driver Mechanics and

Firemen-Drivers. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The scale of pay for Leading Firemen may be revised as Rs. 110-4-130-5-170-EB-6-200.

55.36. These posts are filled by direct recruitment of persons who possess at least the qualification of III Standard and are fit physically for active out-door work. They are required to undergo training for six months at the Fire Stations. In the case of ex-Army Personnel, the age of recruitment is relaxable up to 35 years. The Department has proposed that the minimum qualification for direct recruitment might be raised to VII Standard. This may be agreed to and the Rules of Recruitment framed accordingly. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as that for Police Constables.

Other posts (Ministerial)

Manager: (1) (Rs. 150-8-190-10-270)

Accountants: (2) (Rs. 110-5-150-6-180-10-220)

I Division Clerks: (1) (Rs. 110-5-150-6-180-10-220)

II Division Clerks: (7) (Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)

III Division Clerk: (1) (Rs. 70—1—80—2—100)

Junior Stenographer: (1) (Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)

Typists: (2) (Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)

Dalayats: (8) (Rs. 50—1—60) Sweeper: (1) (Rs. 50—1—60)

55.37. These are posts common to all the Departments. The Rules of Recruitment as are applicable to the corresponding posts in other Departments may be adopted for these posts. The seales of pay for these posts may be similar to those for corresponding posts in other Departments.

Workshop Establishment

Engineering Sub-Officer: (1) (Rs. 150-8-190-10-270)

55.38. This post is proposed to be filled by promotion from the eadre of Driver-Mechanic or Fitter Class I or II and if none is suitable, by direct recruitment, the qualification being a Diploma in Automobile Engineering. The proposed modes of recruitment are adequate and may be adopted. The scale of pay for the post as revised may be Rs. 175—10—275—15—350—EB—20—450.

55.39. This post is proposed to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Fitter-Class II, Electrician-Class II, Painter-Class II, Welder-cum-Tinsmith-Class II, on the basis of Seniority-cum-efficiency or by transfer from the cadre of Driver-Mechanics if found suitable. The proposed modes of recruitment are adequate and may be adopted. The scale of pay for the post as revised may be Rs. 130—5—170—6—200—EB—10—240.

Fitters - Class II (1) (Rs 85-2-10-)

55 10 This post is proposed to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Fitter Class III out the basis of soniority curiefficiency or by transfer from the calre of Firemen Drivers in found suitable as the posts of Firemen Drivers and Driver Nechanics are clubbed togetler and placed on identical scales in pay, these posts may also be filled by transfer of persons from this common cadre if found suitable. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The scale of pay for this post as revised may be Ps 90-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200

Fitter-Class II (1) (Rs 65-1-70-2-90)

55.11 This past is proposed to be filled by transfer from the cadre of Firerien if found suitable or by direct recruitment the qualification prescribed for direct recruitment length pass in the VII Stimilard examination with practical expresses a futter for 2 years in a workshop or a course of training as litter in a recognised training Institute. The proposed modes of recruitment are adequate and may be adopted. The Scale of pay for this post as revised may be like 80-2-30-3-120-4-140

I lectrician-Class II (1) (Rs 85-2-105)

55 42 This post is proposed to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Firemen on the Lasis of seniority cum efficiency or by transfer from the cadre of Firemen Drivers if found austable or by direct recruitment of a person who has passed itlest the VII standard I xamination possesses practical experience and has worked as an Electrician in an Automoli le Workslop for a period of 2 years. As the pasts of Licemen Drivers and Driver Mediancs have been combined into a common cadre on identical scales of jay, these posts may also be filled by transfer of parents from this cadre if found suital. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The scale of jay for this post as revised may be 18 of 5-3-125-4-18-5-18-5-200

course of training as Welder-cum-Tinsmith in a recognised Institution. The proposed modes of recruitment are adequate and may be adopted. The scale of pay for this post as revised may be Rs. 95—3—125—4—145—EB—5—200.

Painter Class III (1) (Rs. 85-2-105)

55.45. This post is proposed to be filled by promotion from the eadre of Firemen or by transfer from the cadre of Leading Firemen if found suitable or by direct recruitment of a person who has passed atleast VII Standard Examination and has worked as a Painter in a Workshop for 2 years. The modes of recruitment proposed are adequate and may be adopted. The seale of pay for the post as revised may be Rs. 95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200.

Cleaner Class III (1) (Rs. 65-1-70-2 90)

55.46. This post is proposed to be filled by transfer from the cadre of Firemen. The proposed mode of recruitment is adequate and may be adopted. The scale of pay for this post as revised may be Rs. 80-2-90-3-120-4-140.

Special Pay

55.47. Special Pay is attached to the following posts. The Commission recommends that Special Pay may be granted at the rates indicated against each of these posts:

1.	Deputy Director, Fire Force	••••	Rs. 100	p.m.
2.	Deputy Chief Fire Officer	••••	20	,,
3.	Station Officer		10	,,
4.	Engineering Station Officer	•••	10	,,
5	Sub-Officers .		10	,,
6.	Assistant Sub-Officers		10	,,
7.	Driver Mechanics (for one post only)		10	,,
8.	Leading Firemen		7	,,
9.	Firemen Drivers		7	,,
10.	Firemen ·	••••	2	,,

55.48. The Junior Stenographers and Typists get a Special Pay of Rs. 20 and Rs. 10 p. m. respectively as drawn by similar employees in other Departments. This may continue.

Delegation of Powers

55.49. The Director of Fire Force exercises all the powers of a Head of a Major Department. No specific proposals are made to the Commission regarding the delegation of additional powers. The Commission considers that the existing powers are adequate and may continue.

Class Il, Driver-Mec. adequate and n Rs. 130-5-17 CHAPTER 15 DEPARTMENT OF FIRE FORCE

• •				TOWN THE PARTY OF	2000	
1	Ne Pation	No of Posts	ن و	Printing scale of pay and special pay	Recommen le l scala of pay an l	Remarks
	1 Dietar, Fire Force	-		IP 8	1 P 9 Ra	The Commandant- General, Home Quards and Freeffere Director
•	2 Deputy Director	-	202	10 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 -		of Civil Defence is concurrently appointed as the Director of Eiro Services
•	Chef Fire Gare	•	+	+8pl Pay Re 100 pm	5 th 1	Special Pay is recom-
-	Deputy Chief Pire Gacer		1 1	222-10-124-12-32	400-30-100-FB-10-900	
10	Station Officee	*	÷ 6	+Spl. Pay Re 20 pm	+ Special Pay Re 20 pm	
•	6 Pagiorenng Stotion Officer	-	+ 5	+41 Pay Rs 10 pm	10-10-272-15-370-18B-20- 450+8pl Pay Ba 10 pm	
-	7 Rub Officers	::	<u> </u>	+41 l'sy Re 10 pm	450+8pl per Re 10 pm	
w.	8 Vottstat Sab-Office	2	194	+Spl Fay Its 10 pm	-15-290+5pl Pay IIs 10 pm	
0	9 Driver Vechania	60	**************************************	48pl fay Re 10 pm	+8pl Fay Re 10 pm	
9	10 Lealing Fireman	5	+5pl Pay	+4pl Pay Re 10 pm for one post only 5-2-103	+ Spl Pay Rs 10 pm	
=	Il Firenan Daver	101	+5pl Pa	+Spi Pay Re 7 pm	+Spl Pay Re 7 pm	
22	12 Fireman	594	5. - F.	+8pl Pay Re 7 pm 65-1-70-2-30	+8pl 1a) Rs 7 pm	
2 =	13 Manager	-	150-8	+Sil Pay Re 2 p m.	+81 Pay Rs 2 p m	
2	First Division Clerk	^1	9 9	110	110 5-150-8-190 EB 10 269-15-290	
				167 DI-027-5	110-5-150-9-190 EB 10-250-15-950	

ninena buo ma 3 . 1	Recommended fente of pay and specific Remarks pay	R_{8} . $85.$ $-3125.$ $-4145.$ $-128.$ -5200 $-125.$ -125	
Ϋ́	Number Existing scale of pay and special R of Posts	20 p.m. 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	1 65—1—70—2—90
	Designation	16 Seeond Division Clerk 17 Third Division Clerk 18 Junior Stenographer 19 Typist 20 Dalayat 21 Sweeper 17 There Class II 22 Engineering Sub-Officer 23 Fitter Class II 25 Electrician Class II 26 Electrician Class III 27 Carpenter Class III 28 Welder-cum-Tin Smith Class III 29 Painter Class III	Classes Class TTT

CHAPTER 56

Film Unit

56.1 In order to develop the Film Industry in the State and to give impet fillip and encouragement to the production of quality. Kannada. Films within State, Government have evolved a scheme for the grant of subsidy to feature Fil and parment of each awards for the best. Kannada films produced in the Stevers year. For this purpose, a Film Unit has been set up. This Unit is classified as a Minor Department and is placed under an Officer on Special Duty who treated as the Head of the Department in the scale of pip of Rs. 900—41,100—50—1,300 with a Special Pay of Rs. 150 per mensem and the subordin staff mentioned in the imagin has been sanctioned for the Unit, currency of sanction to all these posts expires on 24th September 1009.

Designation	Scale of Pay		
Section Officer	1	Rs. 250 -20-350-25-500	
Assistant	1	Rs 130-5-150-8-190-10-270	
First Grade			
Stenographer	1	Rs 110-5-150-6-180-10-220 with Special Pay of Rs 30 per mensem	
Driver	1	R: 70-2-00	
Cleaner	1	lts 55-1-65-3-75	
Diliyats	2	lts 50-1-c0	

- 56.2 The Officer on Special Duty recommends to Government the grant a subsidy to individual Vilm Producers after estivitying himself that the condition for the grant of subsidy are fulfilled. He is also the Member-Secretary of the Committee formed by Government for making recommendations to Governmen for the award of prizes to the best Kannads pictures of the year.
- 20.3. It has been suggested to the Commission that this post might be relesignated as Director of Literary Activities and that the work relating to (a Coltural activities, (b) Songs and Drims Division of the Department of Information and Tourism and Documentary Films might be merged with the Film Unit and that the staff of the Unit might be augmented suitably. Considered pured on the basis of the work load, there is birdly any justification for continuing the senior time scale Class 1) post of the Officer on Special Duty or for continuing the Film Unit as a separate entity and much less for its reorganisation by transfering to its steries of work which are being handled quite adequately by othe Department of Government.
- 56.4 After the expiry of the sanctioned term of the Film. Unit, the post of the Objective Special Duty may be about a land the entire work that is at presentle by strended to in the Film Unit along with the subordinate staff in the Unit may be transferred to the D pair next of Information and Tourism.

- 56.5. The nature of duties handled by the Officer on Special Duty being what it is, such duties could very well be attended to by an Officer of a lower status. The work in question may, therefore, be entrusted to an Officer of the rank of Deputy Director in the Department of Information and Tourism in addition to his other work.
- regard to the quality of the Film. It has been suggested to the Commission that it would be desirable to relate the quantum of the subsidy to the quality of the Film. The Commission considers that the existing scheme of subsidy does not serve any useful purpose. At present, the emphasis is merely on the language of the film. Mere increase in the number of films without reference to quality brings no credit either to the producer or to the Government encouraging such films. There is already a scheme for awards on the basis of quality. So, the Commission is of the opinion that instead of encouraging films by grant of subsidy merely on the basis of language, the amount may be earmarked for awards to the best actors and actresses, to the musicians and singers and to the story-writers and other artists connected with Film production. Such a step will go a long way in the encouragement of genuine art, literature and culture. It is accordingly recommended that the present scheme might be suitably modified as early as possible.
- 56.7. The scale of pay for the post of the Special Officer does not require any revision at this stage as it is recommended to be abolished after the expiry of the present term of the Unit. No suggestions are made about the delegation of powers to the Special Officer for the same reason.
- 56.8. The scales of pay for the various posts in the Unit may be the sam as those for the corresponding posts in the Department of Information and Tourism with which the merger of this Unit is recommended by the Commission.

CHAPTER '8

Pilm Unit Department

D squestles	Autories of posts	Pristing scale of pry and Spec at Par	Nather Paning scaled pry and Spre of Per Recommended scale of pay and Spread of point	Remarks
1 Ocea (Cantel Bar (Gentel)	-	Ro. 9/0—to−1,100 - ′0—1,5/0 +8 vc al Pav Ro. 150 p.m.	103 10 900 °0.1,290	On par with the scule of pay of the Deputy Director in the Deputy Deput making and Toursem
2 Section Officer (Chartee!)	-	\$10-30-50-50-50-50-50-50-50-50-50-50-50-50-50	27 20 37 13-23 525	
transfer .	-	150 5 150-10 100 250	140.5 170.8.190 FB. 10 260.	
I din to benching her	-	110 7 150_6 1-0 10 520 , special Pay Re 50 P co.	140_5 170 8 190_EB 10_260_ 15 200 +Special Pay Rs 30 9 m.	
S Chares C Chares Daigat	•	73 1 63 2 75 73 1 63 2 75 70 1—60	83 2-93. 3. 125 138-4 145 60-11-90 2-90 f0-11-90. 2. 90	

CHAPTER 57

Department of Home Guards and Civil Defence

I Home Guards

- 57.1. The Home Guards is a volunteer Organisation constituted under the Mysore Home Guards Act, 1962. The organisation is being continued from year to year on a temporary basis and the present sanction is current up to 31st March 1969. The question of making this Organisation permanent is stated to be under the consideration of the State Government in consultation with the Government of India. The expenditure on the Home Guards raised after 1962 is shared equally between the Central Government and the State Government.
- 57.2. This Department is classified as a Major Department. The Commandant-General, Home Guards is the Head of this Department. He is an Officer in the super-time scale of the Indian Police Service(in the scale) of pay of Rs.1,600—100—1,800) and a conveyance allowance of Rs. 125 per mensem is paid to him. He has his Headquarters in Bangalore and exercises general supervision and control over, and co-ordinates the work of, the Home Guards all over the State. He is also Ex-Officio Director of Civil Defence and Director of Fire Services. He is assisted by the following Gazetted Officers:—

	Designation ·	Scale of Pay	Remarks
1.	Senior Staff Officer-cum- Deputy Commandant- General, Home Guards and Ex-Officio Deputy Director of Civil Defe- nce.		
2.	Staff Officer-cum-Personal Assistant to Commandant-General, Home Guards and Civil Defence and Ex-Officio Assistant Director of Civil Defence.	Rs. 350—25—650—30—800	Drawn from the Mysore Adminis- rative ser- vice.
3.	Accounts Officer	Rs. 350—25—650—30—800 plus Conveyance Allowance Rs. 75 per mensem.	Drawn from the State Accounts Department

- 57.3. The non-gazetted staff consists of ministerial staff, training staff and motor transport establishment.
- 57.4. At the District Level, there are Commandants in the Home Guards Unit who are appointed in an Honorary capacity and are given a fixed Conveyance Allowance.

5° 5 In the four districts vir., Belgaum, Dharwar, Bijapur and Nor Kanara of the Rombay area there are part time Clerks and Peons with a fixed p of Rs 48 per mensem and Ra 24 per mensem respectively

Training

- or 6 One of the functions of the Commandants at the District level is the entolment of Blome Guards. The Home Gnards after enrolment are given but training at the District level in subjects like Squad Drill, Physical Trainin Lathin Drill Map Reading Field Course, Night Patrol, Guard duties, Llements Fire Fighting Flementary rescue, etc.
- 57.7 Selected Home Guards who successfully complete the basic training are given advanced training in Bangalore in the various courses of training indicated below —

SI No	Course	Period of the
1	2	 3
		Days
1	Civil Defence	 15
2	First Aid Course	18
3	Reconnaissance	11
4	Wireless Training Condensed Course	7
5	Light Rescue Course	10
G	Light Rescue flood rescue	20
7	Basic Rescue	10
s	Staff Officers	18
9	Junior Commissioned Officers' Course	25
10	Home Guards Instructor's Course	20
11	Basic Fire Fighting Course	10
12	Advanced Fire Fighting Course	23
13	Heavy Vehicles Training (Driving)	6

- 57 8 Clothing and equipment are resued to the Home Guards at the cost of Government according to the selectured scale
- 57.0 The instructional staff sanctioned to this Organisation are as follows -At the conlined Central Home Guards and Civil Defence Training Institute

At the continual central flome Guards and Civil Defence Training Institute Bargalore. Healquarters

Ы Хо	1 oct		No of Posts		Scale of lay
	2		3		4
	C' sel Irstructor	-	1	l's	225-10-235-15-375
	Depats Chieffesten for		1		150-4-100- 10-270
2	les release for		1		do

Sl. No.	Post	No. of Posts.	Scale of Pay
1	2	3	4
4.	Fire Fighting Instructor	1	Rs. 150—8—190—10—270
5.	Weapon Training Instructor	s 4	do
6.	Instructors/Demonstrators	6 '	Rs. 110-3-140
7.	Sainiks	25	Rs. 65-1-70-2-90
Bes	ides there are the following	staff:	•
1.	Carpenter	1	Rs. 65—1—70—2—90
2.	Sweepers/Peons	4	Rs. 50—1—60
3.	_ •	1	Rs. 85—2—105 + Special pay
			Rs. 15
4.	Assistant Armourer	1	Rs. 65-1-70-2-90+Special
			Pay. Rs. 15
5.	Watchman	1	Rs. 50—1—60
In the I	Districts		
1.	Instructors	20	Rs. 150—8—190—10—270
2.	Assistant Instructors	40	Rs. 85—2—105

Functions of the Home Guards

- 57.10. The Home Guards discharge such functions and duties in relation to
 - (i) Protection of persons
 - (ii) Security of property
 - (iii) Preservation of public order or tranquility
 - (iv) Guarding of public buildings, etc. as are entrusted to them from time to time.

II. Civil Defence

- 57.11. According to the list drawn up by the Government of India for provision of Civil Defence Measures, Bangalore City is the only City in Mysore State which is included in category II Towns having the following Civil Defence Services:—
 - (a) Head Quarters
 - (b) Warden
 - (c) Casualty
 - (d) Communication
 - (e) Fire Fighting
 - (f) Training
- 57.12. The expenditure on admissible items of Civil Defence is shared equally between the Central and State Governments. The Commandant-General, Home Guards is the Ex-O ficio Director of Civil Defence. His Personal Assistant functions as Ex-Officio Assistant Director of Civil Defence. There is a small non-gazetted

staff in the Directorate for attending to the work connected with Civil Defence Measures

Home Guards Department

57 13 The importance and necessity of the Home Guards Organisation in times of emergencies, like fires, floods and Civil commotions, cannot be over, emphasised. It is understood that this organisation has been rendering useful service in times of emergencies and has risen to the occasion in times of need. It is also understood that the future setup of the Department is under consideration of the State Government in consultation with Government of India. The Commission recommends that this Department may be placed on a permanent footing.

Staff for the Training Institute

57 14 It has been represented that there should be a whole time officer exclurively in charge of the Training Institute. It is understood that a wholetime post of Commandant. Training Institute has been created recently and that a retired Major has been appointed as the Commandant. This arrangement may continue. It has been represented that it was necessary to appoint Ex Service Officers as Instructors in the Institute but that it was difficult to recruit the right type of fx Service Personnel through the Employment Exchange. It has, there fore, been suggested to the Commission that the Department might be taken out of the purview of the Employment Exchange and that it might be authorised to fill the posts by appointing Ex Army and Police Personnel. It is not possible to exempt the Department from the purview of the Employment Exchange in view of the existing provisions of the Fimployment Exchange (Compulsor). Notification of Jeanners Met. 1959.

Part Tyme Instructors

- 27 15 There are part time instructors in the District Home Guards Units, circ., Complete Commanders and Platon Commanders. The former are paid a fixed remuneration (Honorarium) of Ps. 50 per month and the later a fixed remuneration (Honorarium) of Rs. 30 per month, as their work is of a part-time rating. The existing system may continue.
- 37.10 The system of part time clerks and part time peons has been continued in the For Lay area. There were about 58 clerks on a fixed remuneration of Rs. 48 per menth. There peaks have since been abolished. There are 55 poets of part-time peous on a fixed remuneration of Rs. 24 per month. This system may continue and may be extended to other areas wherever found necessary.
- 57 17. The existing arrangements under which some of the posts in this Department are filled by taking officials from the Police Department and from the Pullic Works Department on deputation may be continued for the present

Lutelates throw hithe Sires Purchase Department

27.14 Normally the articles required by any Department of Government have to be quickased through the Stores Purchase Department, but the Department has represented that as this procedure involves considerable delay in obtain

ning the required articles in time during emergencies, such of the articles as are required urgently might be permitted to be purchased direct with the approval of Government. The Commission feels that only in exceptional cases need the Commandant-General be authorised to purchase the requirements of his Department directly without consulting the Stores Purchase Department and that even in such cases the articles may be so purchased only after getting the prior approval of Government.

Conveyance Allowance

57.19. As the Commandant-General, Home Guards and the Ex-officio Director of Civil Defence is also the Director, Fire Services, a request has been made to the Commission for the grant of additional Conveyance allowance as the Officer has to tour all the Districts for supervision of the Fire Stations. This Officer is given a Conveyance Allowance of Rs. 125 per mensem (as against the maximum admissible rate of Conveyance Allowance of Rs. 75 per mensem) considering the additional assignments entrusted to him. He is entitled to draw travelling allowance as per rules when he goes out on tour. As the conveyance allowance cannot be permitted to be a source of profit, the Commission does not see any reason for grant of any additional conveyance allowance.

Cadre and Recruitment Rules and Scales of Pay

57.20. The Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department are stated to be under the consideration of Government. The Technical and Accounts Staff are drawn from the various other Departments and the ministerial staff are appointed as per provisions of the General Recruitment Rules, 1957 pending finalisation of the Departmental Recruitment Rules. Some ministerial officials from the Police Department are also working in this Department on deputation. When the Department becomes permanent, the officials who have been taken on deputation from other Departments and who have been found suitable for this Department may be absorbed after giving them the option of either absorption in this Department or repatriation to their parent departments. Provision may also be made in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules for taking on deputation a Draughtsman from the Public Works Department and such Police Officers as are required as Instructors, etc., from the Police Department.

Home Guards

- Commandant-General, Home Guards and Ex-officio Director of Civil Defence: (1) (Rs. 1,600—100—1,800)
- 57.21. At present, this post is held by a super-time scale Officer of the Indian Police Service cadre. The existing mode of recruitment may continue.
- Senior Staff Officer-cum-Deputy Commandant-General, Home Guards and Civil Defence and Ex-officio Deputy Director of Civil Defence: (1)
 (Rs. 740—40—1,100—50/2—1,250—50—1,300)
- 57.22. This post is proposed to be filled by taking on deputation an officer in the Schior scale of the Indian Police Service. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

Accounts Officer (1) (Rs 350-25-650-30-800)

57 23 This post is proposed to be filled by taking on deputation an office of the rink of Assistant Accounts Officer in the State Accounts Department. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The scale of pay for this pomy be the same as that for corresponding posts in the State Accounts Department.

Staff Officer cum Personal Issistant to the Commandant-General, Home Guards at Fx officio Assistant Director of Civil Defence (1) (Rs 350-25-650-30-900)

57 21 This post is proposed to be filled by taking on deputation an officer of the rank of an Assistant Commissioner from the Mysore Administrative Service coder. The mode of recruitment as proposed may be adopted. The scale of pay for the post as revised may be the same as that for officers in the Junior Scale (Class I) of the Mysore Administrative Service.

Central Training Institute

Chief Instructor (1) (Rs 225-10-285-15-375)

57 23 This post is proposed to be filled by direct recruitment or by taking on Dobe Inspector, who has at least successfully completed the Instructor's course of Triuning at the Central France Relief Training Institute, Nagquar For direct recruitment the qualification prescribed is a pass in the P U C or its equivalent examination and a I Clay Carlicate in Institutor's Course of Training from the Central Principles Pelief Training Institute, Nagquar or any other equivalent qualification. The rules of recruitment may be Iramed accordingly. The scale of pas for a direct recruit as revised may be Rs, 250—10—100—15—420—LB—20—500. In the case of an officer taken on deputation, his scale of pay shall be the same as in the parent Department.

Deputy Chief Instructor (1) (Rs 150-8-190-10-270)
1 seve Inspector (1) do

57.25 These posts an proposed to be filled by direct recruitment or by taking on departation as office from the Police Department not below the rank of a bid Inspector with experience in Wespon Training, Rescurete For direct retrainment the qualification present decay as in the S.S.D. Course equivalence and an excessful completion of the Instructor accourse at the Central Propercy Pelief Training Institute, Nagpur. The proposed modes of recruitment for these pot are all quate and mix be elopted. The set of pay for direct recruits a tensive I may be Pa 175—10—275—15—150—LR 20—450. In the case of Officers taken an departation, their scale of pay shall be the same as in the Parent Department.

Fire Fr Sting Instruct r (11 (Ps 45n 9-400-10-270)

77.27 This jet is jroyo el to le filled by taking on deputation an Officer by telow the rank of a Sal Officer from the Fire Fore. Department of my little qualification is a jass in the P. U. C. Expansation of one of vialent arises I Class to the cate in the Sal Officer's Cour. Iron the National Sal Class to the cate of the Sal Officer's Cour. The Market Sal Class to the Course of the product qualification. The

proposed modes of recruitment are adequate and may be adopted. The scale of pay for a direct recruit as revised may be Rs. 175—10—275—15—350—EB—20—450. If the Officer is taken on deputation he will draw pay in the scale of pay applicable to him in the parent Department.

Weapon Training Instructors: (4) (Rs. 150-8-190-10-270)

57.28. The posts are proposed to be filled by direct recruitment or by taking on deputation an Officer from the Police Department not below the rank of a Sub-Inspector of Police, who has at least 2 years experience as Instructor in Drill, Weapon training, etc. For direct recruitment, the qualification required is a pass in the S.S.L.C. or its equivalent examination; the age is relaxable up to 45 years in the case of Ex-Army personnel and the appointment will be on contract basis. The proposed modes of recruitment are adequate and may be adopted. The scale of pay for direct recruits as revised may be Rs. 175—10—275—15—350—EB—20—450. If the officers are taken on deputation their scale of pay shall be the same as in the parent Department.

Demonstrators: (6) (Rs. 110-3-140)

57.29. These posts are proposed to be filled by direct recruitment or by taking on deputation an officer from the Police Department, not below the rank of Assistant Reserve Sub-Inspector, Non-Commissioned Officer, Ex-Army Instructors with experience in imparting instruction in Drill, Weapon Training, Reseue and Fire Fighting etc. The proposed mode of recruitment is adequate and may be adopted. The scale of pay for direct recruits as revised may be Rs. 130—5—170—6—200—EB—10—240. In the case of officers on deputation, their scale of pay shall be the same as in the parent Department.

Chief Armourer: (1) (Rs. 85-2-105)

57.30. This post is proposed to be filled by direct recruitment of a person with at least VIII Standard or its equivalent qualification, preference being given to Army trained personnel or from the Police Department, not below the rank of an Assistant Reserve Sub-Inspector. The modes of recruitment as proposed may be adopted. The Scale of pay for this post as revised may be Rs. 95—3—125—4—145—EB—5—200.

Assistant Armourer: (1) (Rs. 65-1-70-2-90)

57.31. This post is proposed to be filled by direct recruitment preference being given to Army trained personnel or from Police Department not below the rank of a Head Constable. The proposed mode of recruitment may be adopted. The scale of pay for this post as revised may be Rs. 80—2—90—3—120—4—140.

Sainiks: (25) (Rs. 65—1—70—2—90) Carpenter: (1) (Rs. 65—1—70—2—90)

57.32. These posts are proposed to be filled by direct recruitment preference being given to Ex-Army personnel with trade qualifications to suit the requirements of Home Guards Training Centre. The minimum qualification is a pass in

VII Standard or its equivalent examination relaxable in the case of Ex P or Ex Army personnel. The appointment of Ex Army or Ex Policeipersonnel with or on contract. The proposed mode of retruitment may be adopted for filling up these posts. The scale of pay for these posts as revised may be Rs 80—2—90—3—120—4—140

Motor Transport Establishment

١

Fireman Driver (1) (Rs 83-2-105)
Drivers (4) (Rs 70-1-80-2-100)

5737 These posts are proposed to be filled by direct recruitment. A current driving licence for a heavy vehicle and a recognised First Aid. Training Certificate are necessary for appointment. The appointment of Ex Police and lix true personnel is on contract basis. The proposed mode of recruitment may be adopted for filling these posts. The scale of pay for these posts as revised may be

Firemen Drivers Rs 95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200 Drivers Ps 85-2-95-3-125-EB-4-145

Cleaners (2) (Rs 55 1-65)

57.21 These posts are filled by direct recruitment as per the Gener literantment Unite. The mode of recruitment is adequate and may continue the scale of pay for these posts may be the same as in other Departments I the same post.

Motor Cycle 1) spatch Piler (1) (Rs 63-1-70-2-90)

57.55 This post may be fill d by direct recruitment as per the provision the General Recruitment Rules the qualification prescribed being in possession of current driving here. The appointment of Fx Police[1x Army personnel is cultivat. This mode of recruitment is adequate and may be adopted. The second part for this post as relied may be Rs. 80—2—90—3—120—4—140.

Training Litablishment in Districts
Instructors (20) (Rs t50-8 190 t0-270)

proper Inspectors: (40) (Rs. 85-2-105)

taking on deputation from the Police Department an officer not below the rank of Assistant Reserve Sub-Inspectors, Non-Commissioned Officers, Ex-Army Instructors and N. C. C. trained Instructors with experience in imparting instructions in Drill, reapon Training, Rescue and Fire Fighting etc., are also eligible for appointment. requalification prescribed for direct recruitment is a pass in S. S. L. C. or its offurivalent examination. The proposed mode of recruitment is adequate and may be adopted. The scale of pay for direct recruits as revised may be Rs. 95—3—125—4—145—EB—5—200. In the case of officers on deputation, the scale of pay shall be the same as in the parent Department.

Personal orderlies to the Commandant-General

Police Head Constable: (1) (Rs. 85—2—105)
Police Constables: (2) (Rs. 65—1—70—2—90)

57.38. These posts are filled by taking officials on deputation from the Police Department. The present mode of recruitment may continue in regard to these posts. The scales of pay applicable to these posts may be similar to the corresponding posts in the Police Department.

Civil Defence

Draughtsman: (1) (Rs. 150—8—190—10—320)

57.39. This post is being filled by taking an official of corresponding rank on deputation from the Public Works Department. The Rules of recruitment may be framed accordingly. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as applicable to the Draughtsmen in the Public Works Department.

Manager	(1)	(Rs. 225—10—285—15—375)
Superintendents	(3)	(Rs. 150—8—190—10—270)
I Division Clerks	(38)	(Rs. 110—5—150—6—180—10—220)
Š tenographers	(1)	(Rs. 110—5—150—6—180—10—220)
Junior Stenographers	(2)	(Rs. 80—3—110—4—130—5—150)
II Division Clerks	(6)	(Rs. 80—3—110—4—130—5—150)
II Division Clerks-cum- Typists (English)	(26)	(Rs. 80—3—110—4—130—5—150)
Typists	(5)	(Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)
Accounts- <i>cum</i> -Establishment Clerk	(1)	(Rs. 120—5—150—8—190—10—240)
Dalayats	(39)	(Rs. 50—1—60)
Watchmen	(16)	(Rs. 50—1—60)
Peons	(4)	(Rs. 50—1—60)

57.40. These posts are common to most of the Departments. The modes of recruitment to these posts may be similar to those applicable to the corresponding posts in other Departments. The scales of pay for these posts may also be similar to those made applicable to the corresponding posts in other Departments.

Special Paj

- 57 41 A representation has been made to the Commission that as the Commandant General, Home Guards has been appointed concurrently as Director. Fire Services he has to tour all the Districts for supervising the work of the bire Stations to ensure that they are maintained at a high level of efficiency and that I e might be given additional conveyance allowance and a special pay of Rs 350 p r mer sem for attending to this work. The present Commandant-General Home Guards, is a member of the Indian Police Service and his pay and allowance are governed by the provision of the Indian Police Service (Pay Rules) Under Schelule III of the said Rules, there is no provision for the grant of any special pay to posts carrying pay above the time scale of pay in this State It is understood that the State Government have decided as a matter of policy that no special pay need be attached to any post carrying the super time scale of pay in the In lian Administrative Service/Indian Police Service cadres of the The Chi I Secretary pointed out that Government do not consider that the work of this Officer is so arduous as to justify the grant of special pay officer is in overall charge of three distinct units. etc.
 - (t) The Home Guards,
 - (ii) Civil Defence.

(ii) Livi Derenco,

and the Commission was informed that the present incumbent of the post had taken keen interest in organising the work in its formative stoge. It was brought to the notice of the Commission that all the subordinate staff which was formerly working in the Fire Services under the overall control of the Inspector General of Police had been trainsfured to the control of this Officer and what this Officer was doing was the high kivel supervisions which the Inspector General of Police was doing before. This officer is himself a very Senior Officer of the Police Service and the work entrusted to him in respect of the Fire Service is only the work of the officer of the Officer are not getting as Deputy Inspector General of Commissioner of Police and who are discharging duties and shouldering responsibilities comparable to those of this Officer are not getting any special pay. Taking all these matters into account the Commission considers that there is no case for giving special pay to this officer.

57 42 The special pay attached to the following posts may be continued — Home Guar's I stablishment

tn

1	Stenographer Senior		R,	30 per mensem \ Common
2	Stere grapher Junior	_	Rs	20 per mensem ball the
3	Typist		Rs	10 per mensem Depts
4	Chief Armourer	-		15 per mensem
5	Assistant Armourer			15 per mensem
G	Personal Orderly to Co amendar Heal Constable	nt-		5 per mensem
7	Fireman Driver		Re	9 per rienzem

8 Privets Rs 9 per mensem
9 Clearers Rs 7 per mensem

10. Motor Cycle Despatch Rider Rs. 7 per mensem

11. II Division Clerks in the District Rs. 5 per mensem Units in the Bombay area.

12. II Division Clerk-cum-Typist Rs. 5 per mensem

Civil Defence Establishment

Stenographer Junior Rs. 20 per mensem Motor Cycle Despatch Rider Rs.7 per mensem Driver ${
m Rs.}$ 9 per mensem 3. Cleaner 4. Rs. 7 per mensem Ambulance Vehicle Driver Rs. 9 per mensem

Delegation of Powers

57.43. The question of delegation of Financial powers to the Officers of the Department is understood to be under the consideration of Government. The Commission suggests that necessary Rules may be formulated early and issued for the prompt disposal of work by officers at various levels. No specific suggestions are made in this regard as no proposals were made to the Commission.

Department of Home Guarle and Cast Deferce (conetd.)

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(i) later Hart Cental's	· nestat?»	-	75-7-165 48-1 2-165	95 3-125 4-145-EH 5-200		
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Waterman		~ <u>2</u>	02-1-6.	0-1-8-2-80		
Ciral Dylang	•	**	9-1-4.	60-1-80-2-30		
31 Acrounts Cam Latablishment Clerk	ubrest Gerk	_	120-5-150-4-161-10-10			
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39 Crauer		_		80-2-90-3-120-4-140		
			red lay he lor	60-1-80-2-90		

CHAPTER 58

Department of Information and Tourism

- 58.1. This Department is classified as a Minor Department. The main functions of this Department are to keep the public informed of the policies and activities of Government and to bring to the notice of Government, the public ecomments and criticisms affecting the policies and actions of Government. The other functions are (i) to canalise the advertisements of different departments, (ii) to bring to the notice of the different departments the day's news and views published in the Press; (iii) to arrange Press Conferences for Ministers, meetings of the Press and Publicity Advisory Committee, visits of important Delegations, Missions etc., as also to provide necessary facilities to the tourists.
- 58.2. The Department has 4 Divisional Offices at the Headquarters of the 4 Revenue Divisions of the State, 4 Offices of Assistant Radio Engineers, 19 District Publicity Offices, 19 District Information Centres and 31 Offices of Radio Supervisors and 8 Tourist Bureaus. In addition, the Department handles commercial publicity of other Departments of Government.

nformation Centres

- 58.3. The Department has Information Centres in New Delhi and Goa. It prears that although there is a proposal to open Information Centres at Bombay and Calcutta they have not yet been opened as suitable accommodation could not be secured.
- 58.4. There is justification for having an Information Centre in New Delhi, s it is the Capital City of the Country and the problems and achievements of the state should be highlighted so that both the Central Government and the Members f Parliament who have a large part to play in influencing the decisions in the louses and in assisting the State in its advancement could be posted with the atest developments and up-to-date information. Moreover, such an office in New Delhi would be very useful in developing tourism as most of the foreign tourists to New Delhi and our publicity organisation could contact them and arrange or their visits to places of tourist interest in the State. It will, however, not be vorthwhile having similar Offices in Bombay or Calcutta or for that matter in any other place outside the State. It should not be difficult for the Department to perform its functions with the co-operation of the corresponding Departments of the concerned States on the basis of mutual co-operation. The Commission, is therefore, of the view that opening of Information Centres at places outside the State would involve additional expenditure without any commensurate advantage and recommeds that the Centre at Goa may be closed and Centres at other places need not be opened.

Publications

58.5. The Department is at present, bringing out 3 Publications, viz., 'March of Mysore' a Monthly Magazine in English, 'Janapada', a Weekly in

Kannada meant for people in the rur. I areas and 'Panchayati Rajya' a Wonthly Magazine in Kannada. On goin 'through 'some issues of these Publications, the Commission felt that these Publications were only publicising the Departmental activities and not tourling upon the Social, Economic and other districtary problems concerning the community at large. It is necessary that these Publications abdul also deal with matters of public interest and their standard should be toned up so as to cooke interest amongst the general public. It would be sufficient if there are only two publications one in English and one in Kannada, instead of three as at present. If steps are taken to make them more broadbased and useful than at present, they would serve a definite purpose in the scheme of general awakening towards public needs and Governmental measures to meet them.

Issue of Hand Outs

59.6 Whenever hirings disturbances and other incidents occur, the Press may be suitably birefed fully by supply of correct information about the incidents of that the Press can inform the public in their own fashion. The Commission understands that while this procedure is being followed generally, there are occasions on which Press hand outs are being issued. At times these hand outs do not reflect, the situation in a language intelligible to the public, and the Commission therefore, feels that the system of issuing hand outs may be stopped altogether.

Publicity

58.7 It was represented that every Ministry in the Government of India had its information Officer who collected material of publicity value from the concerned administrative officers and put across such material to the Press of appropriate language and that a similar system might be introduced in the Staffe As it is some Departments like Forest, Agriculture, Horticulture, Health 22d Family Planning Services etc. have their independent Publicity. Health 22d Family Planning Services etc. have their independent Publicity of Chambartons II has been negetitat mixed of problemating publicity wings in other Departments the dissemination work should be entrusted to this Department so that publicity right be effective and useful. It has also been suggested that this arrangement would lead to regulated publicity, conomic and efficiency. The Commission ascertained the views of Heals of such of the Departments as landle their own judicity work. They represented that the existing arrangement under which they lead been organizing their own publicity work was working well, and that there would be associable delay in case the work were to be centralised in the Department of Information and Tourism. They added that pullinity work relating to the Departments would require specialised knowledge of the problems peculiar to their respectives would require specialised knowledge of the problems peculiar to their respectives would require specialised that there is considerable additionally in the Publicity Benefit and a general section of the Heads of these Dipartments and a general section of the Department as have no representatively in the Department, and if the externed as have no representatively in materials, which have

adequate facilities for handling this work themselves. For this purpose a few important Departments of the former category could be attached to one officer of the Department of Information and Tourism and the extent to which the work would improve may be watched.

Public Relations

58.8. It has been represented that since the Department had to come into contact with "V.I.Ps.", leading journalists and well-known persons in the field of art and literature, it had to answer enquiries from citizens about the various beneficial measures undertaken by Government which required in turn, consultation with other Departments; and that in order to give the best service, it should have a Public Relations Unit. The Department was not able to give a clear indication of the Quantum of work involved in this regard. Moreover, on the information made available to the Commission, it appears that this work is being attended to fairly and satisfactorily not by any one section but by several of them in addition to other duties entrusted to them. The Commission is satisfied that the Assistant Directors and other officers dealing with publicity and information could as well attend to public relations work also.

Documentary Films

- 58.9. The Department is producting documentary films. It was represented that 5 documentaries were produced last year, that the documentaries produced were not adequate; that the Department had been depending on outside doenmentary films for its publicity work; and that there should be a regular films section, manned by a Films Officer, trained in the production of documentary films with one Assistant Producer and one Commentary Writer, for production of documentary films, and that they should be given attractive scales of pay. It is true that Documentaries are one of the effective means of publicity in rural areas. They generally depict matters connected with social welfare, food, family planning and progress achieved under the five year plans, etc. The success of this medium of publicity depends, upon the type of documentaries produced. There is a Films Officer already working in the Department designated as the Deputy Director of Field Publicity. Besides, there are Cameramen, Assistant Cameramen, Photographers, Operators etc., in the Department. It cannot, therefore, be said that the Department has not got sufficient staff for attending to this work. Commission, therefore, feels that their services should be properly utilised and if necessary suitable training given, wherever necessary, in the jobs they are expected to do. In the circumstances, the Commission does not consider that there is any necessity to strengthen this Section. In case, the documentaries produced by the Department increase in number and improve in quality, Government may consider the request for strengthening the staff after actually evaluating the work done by the various officers.
- 58.10. Under the Cinematograph Act, it is necessary that every Cinema Theatre must exhibit the documentaries produced by the Films Division, Government of India. It has been represented that the State Government should also get a share of the revenue derived by the Government of India by the

exhibition of documentaries in our State The Commission does not consider that such a demand would be reasonable

Community Receiving Sets

- 58.11 The D partmert has 3,800 Community Receiving Sets, now lit was represented that the Department proposed to instal 1,000 additional Radio Sets every year and that there was one Radio Supersisor for every 80 Community Receiving Sets. It was added that 50% of the cost on the Sets supplied to the villages was borne by the Government of India and the other 50% was contributed by the Village Panchavats concerned, that the concerned authority to which the Set was given should pay Ps 80 per very and that such contributions were very much in arrears, the Public Accounts Committee laid taken exception to large sums of mency having been allowed to fall into arrears and had suggested the exactment of a Legislition providing for recovery of the contribution from out of the grait spiren to the Village Panchavats under the Myore Village Panchayat and Legal Boards. Act by Government. The Commission considers that even pending such Legislation arrears may not be allowed to accumulate and every effort may be made to realise the arrears, either by recovery or adjustment by cerson, towards the amounts provide by may of grant.
- 58.12 It was brought to the notice of the Commission that while such as the were normally lept in the village Panchayat Hills, they were sometimes kept in the residences of the Chairmen of the Village Panchayats for safets. This is not correct as the Villag Community will not, in that event, he able to make use of the sets. The Commission therefore, a agree's that the sets may be kept in the Village Panchayat Halls of nother Public Hallshings where there are no Village Panchayat Halls after ensuring the safety of the sets.

Erkel strong

59 13. It has been stated that the D partment participated in Exhibitions organised in the State and outside and that there was a separate Section for this purpose in the D-partment. It has been suggested that a regular D-partment of Lighthetiers was necessary to project the total image of the State cuvering its amous activities.

the work done as it had no agenty for evaluation and that a separate Research and Evaluation Section should, therefore, be formed. The Commission considers that unless a specialised outside Agency is available for undertaking this work, it is not necessary to have such a Unit and that it would be adequate if the officers of the Department at supervisory levels undertake this work in the normal course of their work.

Tourist Bureaus

- 58.16. There are Tourist Bureaus at Bangalore, Mysore, Mercara, Hospet, Bijapur and Hassan. It was stated that recently a Tourist Bureau had been opened at Basava Kalyan. In addition, every District office is deemed to be a Tourist Bureau. Some of the Departments of the State Government have Rest Houses of their own in the various Tourist Centres of the State. Tourist publicity should be well organised and Trained Tourist Guides should be appointed at places of Tourist interest so that distinguished visitors and other tourists could get necessary conveniences and facilities when they visit such places. The Commission recommends that the Rest Houses in and near all the places of tourist interest in the State may be brought under the control of the Department of Information and Tourism and that whenever the Public Works Department takes up the construction of Rest Houses, it may do so in consultation with this Department.
- 58.17. It has been represented that the Department of Information and Tourism should be treated as a Major Department not only because it is the voice of the Government but also it has to establish a two-way traffic of collecting and disseminating, in an effective manner, information regarding the developmental activities of the State, communicating at the same time to Government what the Press and the people think and say about it. The Department has also suggested its overall re-organisation by increasing the status of the officers levels and by ereation of fresh Units. It is, no doubt, true that Government in a democratic set up should be able to know the popular will and should be able to explain to the public their policies and activities, either undertaken or proposed to be undertaken. In the view of the Commission the Department as now constituted may be able to attend to both these duties adequately. The Commission does not, therefore, consider it necessary to create more posts or to upgrade the existing posts in the department but considers on the other hand that it would be adequate for the present if the work already entrusted to the Department is handled efficiently by the existing staff; the question of reorganising and expanding the Department could be considered, in due course, if more and more functions are entrusted to it or if any of the activities undertaken by the Department are intensified.
- 58.18. It was also represented that the work in the Department involved both technical and artistic skill and that persons with not only journalistic experience but with creative and artistic skill should be appointed and that the Cadre and Recruitment Rules should be modified to the extend indicated below:—
 - (i) the maximum age limit for entry into service might be raised to 40 years and in some cases to 45 years in filling up certain posts;

- (ii) provision might be made to recruit people above 40 years of age on contract in eases in which professional experience was required, undue stress should not be laid on purely academic qualifications but due weight might be given to experience and aptitude,
- (iii) the minimum qualification should be a Degree with provision to relax it in the case of specially qualified and trained candidates
- (iv) the proportion of direct recruitment to promotees for all Gazetted posts should be 66% to 33%.

58 19 The Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department were framed m 1058 and subsequently a number of posts have been created in the Department In respect of the amendments auggested above, the Administrative Department had stated that amendments to the Cadre and Recruit ment Rules to meet the requirements of the Department were under consideration and, therefore, the suggestions now made by the Director did not call for any separate action. The Commission suggests that the existing Cadre and Recruitment Rules may be amended as early as possible to cover all the posts in the Department and that while doing so the suggestions made by the Department in this regard, may be taken into consideration amendments may also provide for recruitment of austable persons with requisite qualifications at the various levels and at the same time provide for fair promotional opportunities to the persons who have joined the Department at the lower levels. The Department must have a few officers with adequate experience in journalism. They may be appointed on contract for specified periods and their pay may be regulated with reference to their experience, qualifictions and background

Cadre and I cornilment Rules and Scales of Pay

Director of Information and Tourism (1) (Rs 200 -40-1,100-50 1,200)

56 20 This post is filled either by direct recruitment through the Public Service Commission or by at pointment by exection from among the manufacts of other Gazetted posts in the Department For direct recruitment, the qualifica tions prescribed are graduation or diploma in Journalism preferably in Pirst Class and Journalistic experience of not less than 7 years, administrative experience and sound background of Indian Culture, History and Current Affairs, knowledge of Indian languages preferably Lannada. The scope for the appointment of a Departmental Officer by refection may be restricted to the cadre of Departy Directors. The existing modes of recruitment may be retained with this modification. The present incumbent of the post has been taken on deputation from the Government of In his and he will be governed by the terms and conditions of a hider station, but the port strelf should carry a spreific scale of pay so that it may be applicable to an officer who is appointed by one of the alternative modes of recruitment provided for in the Rules of Recruitment. The Rules of He attreet may be an er led to as to permit the lest being filled, in addition to ct) er restes of seem treet is taking on dequiation a suitable off, er from the Government of he has The stake of pay for this yest as arrayed may be Li 1103-20 1310-60-1600

journalistic qualifications. The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs 400-30-700-EB-40-900

Redio Engineer (1) (Rs 600-40-1000)

55 28 This post may be filled either by promotion from the cadre of the Assistant Radio Engineers, or by direct recruitment of n candidate possessing a Degree in the subject. The present mode of recruitment may continue. The scale of pay for the post as revised may be Rt 700—40—900—50—1,200

Assistant Padio Engineers (3) (Rs 275-20-375-25-600)

58.29 These posts are filled by promotion of Technical Assistants who are graduates in the pre-cribed subjects on the basis of schoolive medicines, or by direct recruitment. For direct recruitment a Degree in Physics or Electrical Engineering of a recognis d University or a Diploma of the Indian Institute of Science in Tele-communication with 6 months of practical training is necessary. These modes of recruitment are adequate and may continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be revised in Ris. 300—25—350—EB—30—700

Public Relations Officer, Mysore Information Centre New Delhs (1) (Rs 700-40-1,100 50/2-1,250)

58 30 This post has no been encedded yet and is stated to be filled on contract by direct recruitment of a person with requisite quilification in Journalism. This post may be filled in future either on contract as has now been done or by transfer of an officer in the cadre of Deputy Directors. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The scale of pay for this post as revised may be Rs 700—400—900—50—1,200

Chief Organiser, Radio Rural Forum:

Tourist Development Officer:

Tourist Information Officer, Goa:

Assistant Producer \ Song and Script writer.

(1) (Rs. 250 - 20 - 350 - 25 - 500).

(1) (Rs. 250 - 20 - 350 - 25 - 500).

(1) (Rs. 250 - 20 - 350 - 25 - 500).

(1) (Rs. 250 - 20 - 350 - 25 - 500).

(2) (Rs. 250 - 20 - 350 - 25 - 500).

58.32. These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department yet. They are filled at present by the Departmental Officers who have the necessary aptitude pending finalisation of the Cadre and Recruitment Rules. The post of the Tourist Information Officer, Goa, may be abolished. The other posts may be included in the cadre of Assistant Directors and filled by posting officers of this cadre who have the necessary aptitude and training or by direct recruitment of suitably qualified persons against the direct recruitment quota in the eadre of Assistant Directors. The Cadre and Recruitment Rules may be amended accordingly. The scales of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. 275—20—375—EB--25-525.

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Artists: (4) (Rs. 200-10-280-15-400)
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58.33. The posts are filled by direct recruitment of persons holding a Diploma in Drawing (Fine Arts) of a recognised Institution and having experience in preparation of Commercial Advertisements, Drawing and Poster Designs. The present mode of recruitment may continue. The scale of pay for these posts as revised may be Rs. 225-10-305-15-350-EB-20-450.

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Chief Reporter: (1) (Rs. 250-15-310-20-470)
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58.34. This post is filled by promotion of First Grade Stenographers on the basis of seniority-cum-efficiency. As this provides some promotional opportunities for the Stenographers of the Department no change in the mode of recruitment is called for. The scale of pay for this post as revised may be Rs. 275—20—375—EB-25—525.

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Librarian-cum-Enquiry Officer: (1) (Rs. 250-15-310-20-470)
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58.35. This post has been filled by an official of the Department who possesses good experience in the work. This post may be included in the cadre of Assistant Directors and filled by posting an officer in that cadre who has the necessary experience, background and aptitude for the work; if no such officers are available in this cadre the post may be filled by direct recruitment (against the direct recruitment quota of the cadre of Assistant Directors) of a suitably qualified candidate. The Cadre and Recruitment Rules may be amended on this basis. The scale of pay for the post as revised may be the same as that for the Assistant Directors.

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District Publicity Officers: (21) (Rs. 140-5-150-8-190-10-320). Publicity Assistants: (24) (Rs. 140-5-150-8-190-10-320).
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58.36. These posts are filled by direct recruitment, the minimum qualification being a B.A., or B.Sc. idegree, preference being given to an incumbent-holding a degree in Journalism of a recognised University and having at least two years of experience in publicity work in a newspaper or a mercantile office.

58 37 It was represented that at the District level the District Publicity Officers did not have adequate status as compared to the District Officers of other Departments and that their status which was now Class III should be raised to the Gazetted Cadre It was also represented that Press Correspondents got higher pay than the District Publicity Officers and that the scale of pay for these officers should be merered so as to be on par with that for Class I Officers. There is at present one Publicity Officer for every district One Publicity Officer in Class II cadre (i.e. equivalent to Assistant Directors) designated as Assistant Director may be appointed at the rate of one for every two or three districts. These officers may be in immediate charge of the work in the districts to which they are posted and in overall charge of one or two neighbouring districts in which the vork is not as important or heavy as in the district to which they are posted and in the districts where there are no such Class If Officers, the present set-up in it continue and the posts redesignated as Assistant Publicity Officers. Thus, there may be 6 to 7 Assistant Directors for the whole State in Class II cadre and the rest of the districts may have Assistant Publicity Officers in Class III. The posts of Assessmt Directors in charge of 2 or 3 districts may be included in the cadre of Assistant Directors. The mode of recruitment to and the scales of pay for these posts may be the same as for other posts in the cadre of Assistant Directors. Thus present method of recruitment to the cadre of Assistant Publicity Officers is plequate and may continue The scale of pay for the Assistant Publicity Officers (in (line III) may be record as Rs. 175-10 275-13-350-118-20-150

in Cinematography and practical experience in outdoor and commercial photography. The post of Assistant Cameraman is filled by direct recruitment of a person having a Diploma of the Technical Education Board in Cinematography.

- 58.42.. It was represented by the Department that as per the revision of scales of pay in 1961, the posts of Cameramen were in the scale of Rs. 140-320 and of Assistant Cameraman in the scale of Rs. 100-200 and that Government had subsequently directed in their Order No. FD 206 SRP (I) 61, dated 28th November 1961 that the Diploma holders in Cinematography were also eligible for the scale of pay of Rs. 150-320; consequently, all the posts of Cameramen and Assistant Cameraman were in the same scale, as Diploma in Cinematography, is insisted on both for promotion to the post of Cameraman and for recruitment to the post of Assistant Cameraman; therefore, the Assistant Cameraman when promoted as Cameraman was entitled to the same scale of pay. In view of this, there is no incentive for the Cameramen or Assistant Cameraman as they are all in the same grade and the present position does not provide avenues of promotion. It was, therefore, represented that the senior Cameraman might be given the scale of pay of Rs. 250—20—350—30—470 and that the post might be redesignated as Chief Photographer with retrospective effect, i.e., 1961 and the other two posts might be redesignated as Photographers.
- 58.43. It is seen from the facts indicated by the Department that an anomalous situation has arisen consequent on equating the scales of pay of all Diploma holders in Cinematography irrespective of the positions held by them. Besides, it may not be appropriate to have two posts of Cameramen to be filled from the cadre of Assistant Cameramen when there is only one post in the latter cadre. In these circumstances, the Commission is of the view that there may be one Senior Cameraman designated as Chief Photographer and that this post may be filled by promotion of an Assistant Cameraman designated as Photographer. There will thus be two posts of Assistant Cameramen and one post of Cameraman with the new designations mentioned above. For filling up these posts, the existing modes of recruitment may be adopted. The scales of pay for these posts may be revised as—
 - (i) Cameraman (Senior Photographer).
 - (ii) Assistant Cameramen (Photographers)

Rs. 200—10—300—15—370— EB—20—450.

Rs. 170—10—275—15—350— EB—20—450.

Assistant Tourist Information Officer:

(1) (Rs. 140—5—150—8—190—10—320).

Tourist Assistants:

(2) (Rs. 140—5—150—8—190—10—320).

58.44. These posts are being filled by posting officers in the cadre of the District Publicity Officers. These posts may be included in the cadre of Assistant Publicity Officers and the mode of recruitment to these posts may be the same as for the other posts in the cadre. The Cadre and Recruitment Rules may be amended accordingly. The scale of pay for these posts as revised may be the same as for the other posts in the cadre of Assistant Publicity Officers.

Projectionists (3) (Rs 110-5-150 6-480-10-220)

- 58.45 The posts are now held by persons who have studied up to the S.S.L.C standard and have secured a Diploma in Cinematography
- 58.46 The Commission considers that 50% of the posts may be filled by promotion from the cadre of operators on the basis of seniority cum merit and 50% by direct recruitment of persons who have present the S.S. L.C. Examination have obtained a certificate in Cinema operation of a recognised Institution and have previous experience as Projector Operator for at least 2 years. The scale of pay for these posts as revised may be Rs. 130—5—170—6. 200—EB—10—240

Process cum I eleuching Issistant (1) (Ils 140-5-150-6-180-10 220)

58.47 The pre-ent me inhant has passed the S.S.L.C. Examination and basexy tience in that tinch up" work. The Commission consists that this post may be filled by treet recruitment of persons who have passed the S.S.L.C. I xamination and who possed the S.S.L.C. I xamination and who possed the second knowledge of photo finishing negative reto ich is and processing of films with a minimum experience of at least 5 years in any latos Studios or Government Studio or I had organization preference being given to persons who have secured in a litton to the other qualifications mentioned above a Diplama in Photography and Painting. The sele of pay for the post as revised may be Its 170—5—140—9—20—153—10—300

both these categories of officials in this eadre should be given the same scale of pay and recommends that they may be given the scale of pay of Rs. 175-10-275-15-350-EB-20-150.

58.49. These posts are filled by direct recruitment, the qualifications being a certificate of Technical Education Board in Radio Engineering or Servicing or equivalent qualification and practical experience of at least 6 months in a Government Radio Organisation or a recognised Commercial Firm. The mode of recruitment is adequate and may continue. The scale of pay for these posts as revised may be Rs. 130—5—170—6—200—EB—10—240.

- 58.50. The posts of Mechanical Assistants are filled by direct recruitment or by promotion of Battery Peons who possess the minimum qualifications prescribed for direct recruitment on the basis of seniority-cum-efficiency. For direct recruitment, the qualifications are a Middle School Certificate or a Certificate of having studied in V Form of a recognised High School and practical experience of six months is a Mechanical or Electrical Workshop. The mode of recruitment is adequate and may continue.
- 58.51. The modes of recruitment to the posts of Mechanics and Auto Mechanic are not indicated. They may be filled by taking on deputation officials holding corresponding posts in the Department of Technical Education or in the Department of Industries and Commerce. The Cadre and Recruitment Rules may be framed accordingly. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 95—3—125—4—145—EB—5—200.

58.52. These posts are filled by direct recruitment, the qualifications being a pass in the S.S.L.C. Examination and a Certificate in Cinema Operation from a recognised Institution with at least five years of experience in Cinema Operation. The mode of recruitment is adequate and may continue. The scale of pay for these posts as revised may be (Rs. 110—4—130—5—170—EB—6—200).

- 58.53. The present incumbents of these posts have experience in Fine Arts and Drawing. The Commission recommends that these posts may be filled in future by the appointment of persons who have passed the S.S.L.C. Examination and possess a Certificate in Fine Arts or drawing with practical experience in putting up exhibitions of Arts, Sign Boards and Models.
- 58.54. The Commission understands that the present incumbents' have not passed the S.S.L.C. examination. They may, therefore, be continued in the present posts till they retire from service. Their scale of pay may be revised as

Rs 95-3-125-4-145-FB-5-200 On their retirement, persons with the qualifications indicated above may be appointed and given a scale of pay of Rs 110-4-130-5-170-EB-6-200

Sales Issistant (1) (Rs 110-5-150-6-180-10-220)

58 55 The present mean heat of the post is a Graduate and has knowledge of sales work. In future this post may be filled by recruiting a Graduate with experience in Salesmanship for not less than two years. The Rules of Recruit ment may be framed accordingly. The scale of pay for this post may be its 170-5-180-8-220-EB-10-300

Technical Store heeper (1) (Rs 110-5-150-6-180-10-220)

58.56 The present incurrement has passed the S.S.L.C. Examination and has secured a Diplora in Cinematography. This is an isolated post which requires special qualification of Cinematography.

58 57 The Commission suggests that this post may be treated as an isolated post and filled by direct recruitment of a person who has passed the S S L C Examination and who has secured a Diploma in Cinematography and has good knowledge of maintenance of stores and photographic materials. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The scale of pay for this post may he revised as B is 120-5-170-5-200-bB-10-210

Ronco Operators (2) (Rs 60-1-70-2-90)

58 by The work is attended to by Class IV officials of the Department, who have knowledge of the work. The scale of pay for the posts as revised may be Rs 80-2-90-3-120-4-140

Other Posts

Carpenters

Superintendent (Administr	ation)	(1)	(Rs	250-15-310	
Superintendent (Accounts)	1	(1)		220-10-320	
Managers		(5) (1)	$\epsilon H $	180-10-320 160-8-190-	` ·
Manager cum Accountants	and	(.,	1110	100-0-100-	-10-320)
Head Clerks		(7)	(Rs	150-8-100-	-10270)
Dinty Secountant				150-8-100-	
I Division Clerks	(2.2)	(Rs 110-	5-1	50-6-180-1	0-2201
II Division Clerks	(33)			0-4-170-5-	
Stenographera	(11)			6-14010-2	
Typieta	(8)			0-4 130-5-	
Clerks can Typists	(33)			0-4 170-5	
Drivers	(27)	(Rs 70-2			,
Clearers	(28)	(P* 55-1	65-	- 2-75)	
Atter fere Matchie Daffe-				·	
127.2	(19)	(P: 65-2	->5	}	
Crein Onleshes	(C)	(50-1-6	9)		

(1) (l.s. 80-3-110-4-120-5-140) (2) (l.s. 60-1- 70-2-70) Process Attender (1) (Rs. 60—1—70—2—90)
Cooks (4) (Rs. 65—2—85)
Battery:Peons, Watchman, (135) (Rs. 50—1—60).
Cleaner-cum-peons, Sweepers

58.59. Except for the posts of Carpenters and Process Attender, the other posts are common to most of the Departments. The modes of recruitment to these posts may be the same as for corresponding posts in other Departments. The scales of pay as specified in Chapter 4 for such posts may apply to these posts as well.

58.60. No Rules of Recruitment have been framed for these posts. The Commission suggests that Carpenters in the scale of pay of Rs. 80 -3-110-4-130-5-140 may be designated as Carpenter Grade I and filled by promotion from the cadre of Carpenters Grade II: the Carpenter in the scale of Rs. 60-1-70-2-90 may be designated as Carpenter Grade II and may be filled by direct recruitment of candidates who have passed the VIII Standard Examination and have experience for five years in the trade. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The scales of pay for Carpenter Grade I may be revised as Rs. 95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200 and for Carpenter Grade II as Rs. 80-2-90-3-120 -4-140.

58.61. No Rules of Recruitment have been framed for the post. The Commission suggests that the post may be filled by direct recruitment of a candidate who has passed the VIII Standard Examination and has experience for not less than two years in processing in any of the photographic studios. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. The scale of pay for the post may be revised as Rs. 80—2—90—3—120—4—140.

Scales of pay-' Non-Optces'

58.62. The seales of pay in the State were revised during 1957 and 1961 and the officials were given the option either to retain their own seales of pay or to come over to the new scales of pay. It has been represented that some of the officials of the erst-while Bombay State who had not opted to either of the seales in 1957 or in 1961 were hard hit as they did not get the benefit of either weightage or merger of part of Dearness Allowance with pay. They have requested that in the ease of such 'non-optees' who stand to lose monetarily, some relief might be provided by way of grant of a few advance increments in their non-opted scale.

58.63. The Commission considers that no general principles could be laid down in respect of such cases but that each individual case of hardship may be examined on its merits and the rules relaxed in cases of genuine hardship.

Special Pay

58 64 A Special Pay of Rs 100 per mensem is attached to the post of Director. It has been represented that this should be raised to Rs 200 per mensem as the Director has, in addition to his onerous duties of the Department, to undertake work on several Schemes not directly connected with the Department. The principles for determination of Special Pay have been discussed in Chapter 5. In accordance with the principles laid down therein, the Director sould not be entitled to any Special Pay as the scales of pay for all Heads of Minor Departments have been recommended after taking into consideration the duties and responsibilities attached to such posts. The Superintendent, Accounts Section in the Department, is also getting a Special Pay of Rs 35 per mensem. This is a common post and whatever scale of pay (and Special Pay, if any) is apply table to the corresponding posts in other departments may be made equally applicable to this post. The Stenographers and Typists are getting a Special Pay, which is coming to similar posts in other Departments. This may continue

Delegation of Powers

58 65 The Director exercises all the powers vested in the Head of a Minor Department under the Manual of Financial Powers. It was understood that the Department had sent a proposal, for further delegation of powers, to Government and that it was under their consideration. For specific proposal regarding delegation of powers have, however, heen made to the Commission. The Commission has, therefore, no successions to offer in this regard

CHAPTER 58

Department of Information and Tourism

				<u> </u>
Designation	Number of posts	Existing scales of pay and Special Pay	Recommended scales of pay and Special Ray	Remarks
c:	6	÷	ນວ	9
		Rs.	Rs.	
Director		900101,100501,300.+ Special 1,100501,300,5,500	1,100-50-50-1,000-1,000-1,100-1	
; Deputy Director	ci	000,101-009	700 - 10 - 900 - 50 - 1,200	
Senior Assistant Director	, ·	350-25-650-30-800	975-20-375-131-25-525	•
Assistant Director	ω.	250	100-30-700-EB-10-900	
Song and Drama Officer	·	300	100-30-700-EB-10-900	
Editor, Panchayati Raj	⊶ , :	3303333330330	100-30-700-EB-10-900	
Editor, Janapada	۰ ۳	33023030	700-10-900-50-1,200	
Radio Engineer		600-10-1,000	30025550EB30700	
Assistant Radio Engineer	es :	275-20-379-52-050	700 10 10 100 1200	
Public Relations Officer, Mysore	 0	700-10-1,1(00-20/2-1,200		
Information Centre, New Delhi.	•	050 050 050	.10030-700-EB-10-900	
Information Officer, Aysore Infor- mation Centre, New Delhi.	- -			
Hindi Officer, Mysore Information	n I	400 (fixed)	(baed)	
re, New Delhi.	•	002 30 056 00 020	275-20-375-FB-25-525	
Assistant Information Officer, Mysore Information Centre, New Delhi.	- -	230230230	06506 Att 0.00 at 100	
Senior Assistant, Mysore Information Centre, New Delhi.	on 1	200-10-280-15-100	2 <u>22</u> —10—395—61—615—10—2 <u>22</u>	
Chief Organiser, Radio Rural Forum	1	250-20-350-25-500	275-20-375-1·B-25-525	
Tourist Development Officer		250-20-350-25-500		Post to be abolished.
Tourist Information Officer, Goa	_	250 - 20 - 350 - 25 - 500	•••	

Department of Information and Tourism-(conid)

4.7	ha Dre gratics	3.5	Yumber of posts	Frieting scales of pay and Special Pay	Recommended seales of pay and Special Pay	Remarks
- 1	3			-	g	0
£	19 twittert Professe, Ame and			ñ,	18	
2	Prama despos	-	ä	250-20-310-25-700	275-20-373-FB-27-525	
ถ	fects 3	-	9	2.0-20-230-25-500	273-20-375-PB-25-525	
=	CL. of Departer	-	9:	100-10-2-0-15-400	225-10-305-15-350-EB-20-150	
;;	L'enter twe lateiry O'er	-	. <u> </u>	2.0-13-310-31-170 2.0-13-310-310-30-170	275-20-375-1 II-25-525	
; ;	Distant Partenty Office,	7,	100	110-5-170-4-190-10-320	174-10-275-14-25-575 174-10-275-14-250-ER - 20-450	
: 1,	The later on Proof Day 1-2	<u></u>	169	100-5-170-8-190-10-320	175-10-275-13-350-EB-20-470	
2 2	Beergionis cam Cab Editor	. 5	<u> </u>	1'0-8-190-10-570 110-5-1'0-6-180-10-220	173 -10-275-15-350-1.B - 20-450 110-5-170-8-120-FB-10-260-15-200	902
:		•	160_5	140-5-150-8 190-10-320	175-16-275-15-350-EB-20-450	
: .	Cametairan	**	102	110-5-170-8-190 10-320	200-10-200-15-370-131-90-150	The Senior Cameraman
S	29 Attitars Cameraman	-	S.	100-5-150-6-160-10-200	103 Pentor Photographer) 173-10-275-13-330-EB-20-150 Wi	may be redesignated as "Chief Photographer" With the change in the
						ahove designation, there will he 2 posts of Aust Cameraman They may be
តិ ភ ដ	20 to start Tourst Information Officer 31 Tourst Constant	- **	1601 7 101	110-5-134-8-199-10-320 110-5-150-8-190-10-320	177-10-273-15-370-FB-20-450 175-10-273-15-370 FB no. 170	redesignated as "Photo. graphera".
2	33 Precess our Retouching Destant	n -	10-5	110-5-150-6-180-10-220	130-5-170-6-200-EB-10-20 170-5-180-9-220-EB-10-200	

rtment of Information and Tourism-(conld.)

1 2 34 Radio Supervisor 35 Radio Mechanic 36 Mechanical Assistant 37 Mechanic 38 Auto Mechanic 39 Operator 40 Art Helper		•			•	
1	Ç1	8		1	Š	l)
				Rs.	R4.	
		37		110-5-150-6-180-10-220) 150-8-150-10-320 (for Diploma Holdera)	175 10.12754 15. 85044BB 204450	
	nnic .	10	<u> </u>	100-5-150-6-180-10-200	130517062(0) a.EBa16210	
	Assistant	:- ::	宏 完 -	20-3-110-1-130-5-110	9531251-1031555-289 9531251115 FB5280	•
	nnic	: :	98	30-3-110-1-130-5-140	95-3-125. 1 - 1 15 . 15 8-5- 2(4)	
		15		80-3-110-1-130-5-150	110. 1. 130 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	
		:		80-3-110-1-1305-110	95 - 3 - 125 - - 14 - 175 -	For the existing incumbenty), (For persons to be appointed in future).
41 Sales Assistant	iant .	-	110	110-5-150-6-180-10-220	1705-1504-220-EB-10-300	
42 Technical	Pechnical Store Keeper	-	110	110-5-150-6-180-10-220	130-5-170-6-200. EP-10-210	
43 Ronco Operator	ator	CI	5	60-1-70-2-90	11111103.	
44 Superinter	Superintendent (Administration)	-	25(250-15-310-20-170	250-10-300-15-120 (EB-20 - 509	To by designated as
45 Superinten	Superintendent (Accounts)	-	22(220-10-320-15-110	250-10-300-15-120- EB-20-000	
46 Manager		ده خد	18(180-19-320	200	To be designated as Superintendent, Grade I
	3		15(150815010520	1751027515550EB20150	To be designated as Superintendent Grade II.
47 Manager-c Clerk	Manager-cum-Accountant and Head Clerk	:-	151	150 819019270	1751027515550EB20150	To be designated as Superintendent Grade II

Del retment of Information and Fouriers (concil.)

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to be to to but	-	Re 1 A4-170-III. 250	B ₃	Ę
19 Thursteak	~	110 - 1 1 4 1 1-10-20	110-5 150-4 140-FB-10-200-	Grade If
'r Hibiro neeth I ste grafer	7=	11 to 1 10 -4-10 11 to 120-4 19-10 (0)	17 250 17 7 12 1 17 7B 7 200 15-10-47-15-34-7B -20-10	
So Tep of	" .	0-1-0 m 2 lle ll-1 v (c) m 3 lle ll-1 v (c)	953-12x-1-115-18-5 200 (F Spending Reson)	
Al Inves 33 Chaire	5 17 7	7 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	9) -1-1.5 1-115-1 B-5 -200 (+) yeard by Bs 7 pm) 3 2-bs 7 -125-5 B-1-145 ()-10 2-50	
Novella Davellar T vice Opterler '4 (app. ter		()-2 (5) 3) 1 (4) 3) 3 100-1 13)-5-110	- FB_ 1- 165 1160	(For Attender) (For Daffedar and Mutchs)
2) Press Mitalir 6) to k 10 Hittery Prop. Prop. Mitchen, Centrewallen Suger, etc.	~ ~ £	0 -1 70 2 90 01 1 70 3 90 05 2 -5 20 1 60		Carpenter Grade II

CHAPTER 59

Motor Vehicles Department

- 59.1. The post of the Commissioner for Transport was created and a separate Department was constituted in 1955 just before the reorganisation of States.
- 59.2. The main function of the Motor Vehicles Department is to administer the Acts and Rules noted in the margin and to attend to all matter pertaining to
 - I Indian Motor Vehicles Act, 1939.
 - 2 Mysore Motor Vehicles Rules, 1963.
 - 3 Mysore Motor Vehicles Taxation Act, 1957.
 - 4 My-ore Motor Vehicles Taxation Rules 1957.
 - 5 Mysore Motor Vehicles Taxation Goods and Passenger Act, 1961.

the Motor Vehicles Laws. It is also the duty of the Department to make arrangements for the purchase and supply of Motor Vehicles required for the use of Government Departments.

- 59.3. The Department is classified as a Major Department; the Commissioner of Transport is the Head of the Department and is in the scale of pay of Rs. 900-1,800 or Rs. 900-1,300 depending on whether he is drawn from the senior time scale of the Indian Administrative Service or the Mysore Administrative Service. He is the Chairman of the Mysore State Transport Authority constituted under Section 44 (2) of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939. He is also the Secretary of the State Transport Advisory Committee with the Minister of Transport as its Chairman.
- 59.4. He is assisted at the Headquarters by a Deputy Transport Commissioner now designated as Headquarters Assistant to the Transport Commissioner, who is also the Secretary of the State Transport Authority, and a Financial Assistant and the requisite supporting subordinate staff.
- 59.5: The Mysore State Transport Appellate Tribunal ipresided over by an officer of the rank and status of a District Judge deals with appeals against the decisions of the State Transport Authority.
- 59.6. For purposes of administering the various Acts and Rules pertaining to the Department, the State has been divided into 19 regions or administrative divisions coextensive with the Revenue Districts. The Senior Regional Transport Officers are in charge of Bangalore, Mysore, Bellary, Dharwar, Shimoga, South Kanara and Kolar regions in which the work is heavy, while the Regional Transport Officers are in charge of the other Regions. The Senior Regional Transport Officers are given, wherever necessary, the assistance of additional Regional Transport Officers and Assistant Regional Transport Officers. The Senior Regional Transport Officers and the Regional Transport Officers in

charge of regions are given the assistance of subordinate staff comprising Motor Vehicles Inspectors Superintendents Head Clerks, I and II Division Clarks, Typists Peons, etc.

- 59.7 The Sanor Regional Transport Officers and the Regional Transport Officers in charge of Districts also function as Secretaries and Transport Officers of the Regional Transport Authorities constituted under Section 44 of the Motor Vehicles Let 1973 of which the Deputy Commissioners are the Charmen
- 30.8. There are Treasury Sections manned by Treasury Shirnstedays or Shroffs and Golfars attacked to the Regional Transport Offices in Bangalore Dharwar, Belgaum and Mangalore so as to ficilitate payment of the Motor Vehicles and other Taxes by the Operators
- 59.9 In the interest of proper supervision of the day to-day administration of the Departm at in Leffective enforcement of the Motor Vehicles Taxation tets and Rules four posts of Deputy Transport Commissioners in the scale of ply of 1 s. cou-t 000 one for each of the 4 Revenue Divisions with separate subordinate staff in lit each of them was sanctioned in G. O. No. HD 181 TME 65 dated 4th March 1917 for a period of one year in the first instance, by abolishing the 2 tosts of Deputy Transport Commissioner and Senior Regional Frausport Officers (Huning and Development). Subsequently the post of Deputy Transport Commissioner at Headquarters was retained redesignating it as Headquarters' Assistant to the Transport Commissioner. The 4 posts of Deputy Transport Commissioners have however not victore filled up.

Leneral

- 59.12. Under the existing practice the private carriers are treated on a different footing from the public carriers in respect of levy of Tax on Passengers and Goods, permit tax, etc. This classification is not reasonable since even the private carriers are used for the carriage of goods used in commercial or industrial operations and the cost of transporting such goods is eventually passed on to the consumers of the goods or final products. All carriers, Public or Private, may be treated on the same footing and taxes collected from the private carriers at the rates at which they are now being collected from the Public Carriers.
- 59.13. Taxes may be collected from Government Vehicles also as payment of taxes in these cases only involves book-adjustment and there will be no real outgoings so far as the State is concerned. It would on the other hand be beneficial to the State when Government Vehicles like Lorries are hired out to Contractors and other parties as the hire charges would cover the taxes also and would be recovered from the parties concerned. There is no need to increase the number of check-posts. It would be adequate if the existing check-posts are strengthened and the standard of checking improved.

Status of District Officers

- 59.14. It was represented to the Commission that there were two different grades of Regional Transport Officers in the scales of pay of Rs. 250—500 and Rs. 350—800. The Regional Transport Officers were holding very responsible posts and have to move on equal terms with the District Officers of other Departments; the Regional Transport Officers in the lower scale of pay of Rs. 250—500, suffered from a feeling of inferiority in view of their low scale of pay and were not able to discharge their duties as efficiently as they should; all the Regional Transport Officers might, therefore, be brought on to a uniform grade equivalent to that of the Senior Regional Transport Officers and the posts of Assistant Regional Transport Officers be upgraded to the rank of the present Regional Transport Officers.
- 59.15. After considering all aspects of the matter, the Commission considers that there is no justification for having separate cadres of Senior Regional Transport Officers and Regional Transport Officers as at present and, therefore, recommends that the Regional Transport Officers in charge of all Districts may be brought on to a common cadre with a common scale of pay; a selection grade may, however, be provided as "Personal" for the existing Senior Regional Transport Officers and the Selection Grade abolished as and when the present incumbents get promoted or retire from service. The separate cadre of Assistant Regional Transport Officers may also be abolished, since this does not serve any useful purpose; but in order to avoid dislocation and inconvenience to the existing incumbents of the posts they may be continued until they are promoted to higher posts or retire from service. Additional Regional Transport Officers may, however, be appointed to assist the Regional Transport Officers in those Districts in which the work is particularly heavy.

Superintendents of Offices

59.16 It was suggested to the Commission that the posts of Superintendents in the Hradquarters Office and in some of the Regional Transport Offices might be upgraded to those of Headquarters Assistants in the Class II scale, so as the enable them, to exercise better supervision and control and also to afford more avenues of promotion for the ministerial staff. The Commission recommendithat the general principle indicated in this regard in Chapter 4 may be applied to this Department also.

Agency for the conduct of prosecutions

59 17 It was represented that a new cadre of Prosecuting Inspectors might be created so as to have a separate prosecuting agency for the Department instead of entrusting the prosecution cases of the department to the Assistant Public Prosecutors in the respective regions, that persons holding a Degree in Law may be recruited to these posts and given practical training in Automobile lingineering before being appointed as Prosecuting Inspectors. It was also represented that the might be promoted as Regional Transport Officers and Legal Assistants in due course. After examining all aspects of the motter, the Commission considers that there is no necessity for having a separate prosecuting agency for the department and that the existing procedure of entrusting the prosecution cases to the Assistant Public Prosecutors of the respective regions may continue.

enables the operators to pay taxes without any difficulty. The Commission, therefore recommends that Treasury Sections may be attached to the Regional Transport Offices in which the average collection exceeds Rs. 10 lakhs per year and where the vehicle strength is more than 2,000, viz., Mysore, Bellary, Chitradurga, Shimoga, Gulbarga and Tumkur.

Compensation to Local Bodies

59.21. Provisional compensation is being paid to Local Bodies for the loss of toll tax and Vehicle Tax in an ad hoc manner subject to fixation of final compensation as per Section 20 of the Mysore Motor Vehicles Taxation Act, 1957. The compensation payable to Local Bodies was fixed long ago and was based on the Circumstances then prevailing. The Local Bodies are requesting for revision of compensation with reference to the circumstances now obtaining. The Commission recommends that the compensation payable to Local Bodies may be revised immediately on a scientific basis in the light of the altered circumstances obtaining now and taking into account all the factors involved, viz., increase in the number of vehicles, higher taxes realised and the difficulties faced by the Local Bodies with their meagre resources in meeting the cost of maintenance of roads etc., and that the compensation so payable should be further revised once every five years.

Cadre and Recruitment Rules and Scales of pay

59.22. This post is filled by appointing an officer in the senior time scale of the Indian Administrative Service or the Mysore Administrative Serviced. It has been represented to the Commission that this post might be reserved for promotion from the cadre of Deputy Transport Commissioners. The Commission, however, does not consider any change in the existing system necessary and recommends that it may continue.

Deputy Transport Commissioners (4)—(Rs. 600—40—1,000)

59.23. Four posts of Deputy Transport Commissioners in the scale of pay of Rs. 600—1,000 one for each of the Revenuc Divisions sanctioned in Government Order No. HD 184 TME 65, dated 4th March 1967, are yet to be filled up. It was represented that these posts might be made permanent in the interest of efficiency to ensure that there is no leakage of revenue. The Commission had agreed earlier to the creation of these posts as a temporary measure. Since these posts have not been filled up, the extent to which they serve the purpose for which they were proposed to be created cannot be assessed. Judging from the nature of duties and responsibilities proposed to be attached to these posts, the Commission considers that these posts are necessary and accordingly recommends that they may be made permanent and filled by promotion by selection of officers in the new cadre of Regional Transport Officers to be constituted on the lines recommended in para 59.15. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 700—40—900—50—1,2002

Headquarters Assistant to the Transport Commissioner (1) (Rs 350-25-650-30 800)

59.24 According to the Rules of Recruitment this post is filled by promotion from the cadre of Regional Transport Officers. This post may be included in the cadre of the Regional Transport Officers and may be filled by transfer of an othere from this cadre. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as that for Regional Transport Officers.

Financial Issistant to the Commissioner (1)-(Rs 350-25-650-30-800)

5925 The post may be filled by taking on deputition an officer from the cycle of Assistant Controllers of the State Accounts Deputiment, and the scale o pay for the post may be the same as that for the Assistant Controllers of State Accounts

Presiding Officer of the Mysore State Transport Appellate Tribinal (1)

59.26 This post is filled by appointment of an Officer of the Judicis Department not below the rank of a District Judge other is service or retired and in the latter case on a toure basis. The recommendations of the Commission is regard to this post are contained in Chapter 73.

Senior Regional Transport Officers (7)—(Rs 350-25-650-30-500)
Regional Transport Officers (14)—(Rs 250-20-350-25-500)

39.27 According to the Rules of Recruitment, 50% of the posts of Regional Transport Officers are filled by direct recruitment by competitive examination from among can lidates who posses the minimum qualification of a degree of diploma in Mechanical or Automobile Engineering from a recognised University of Polytechnic and the other 50% by providing from the non-gracticed executive staff of the Department. The posts of "emor Regional Transport Officers are filled by pronoution from the cutre of Regional Transport Officers on the basis of appoints of months.

Transport Officers and filled by posting an Officer in that eadre. The revised scale of pay for the post may be the same as that for the Regional Transport Officers, ciz., Rs. 300-25-550-EB-30-700.

Gazetted Assistant to the Transport Commissioner and Assistant Secretary, Mysore State Transport Authority: (2) (Rs. 250-20-350-25-500)

59.30. These posts are being filled by promotion from the cadre of Superintendents on the basis of seniority-cum-merit. These are the only two higher posts available in the Department for promotion for the officials in the ministerial cadre. The present method of recruitment in respect of the two posts may continue and the scale of pay for the posts may be revised as Rs. 275—20—375—EB -25—525.

Legal Assistant to the Transport Commissioner: (1) (Rs. 250-20 - 350-25-500)

59.31. This post is filled by transfer of an officer from the cadre of Regional Transport Officers, who has requisite qualification in law. Considering the nature of duties required to be performed by the incumbent of the post, there is no reason why only Regional Transport Officers should be appointed to the post. The Commission, therefore, recommends that this post may be filled either by transfer of an officer in the eadre of Regional Transport Officers or by promotion from the cadre of Superintendents on the basis of seniority-cum-merit provided that the official concerned possesses a Law Degree. The Rules of Recruitment may be amended accordingly. The scale of pay for this post may be Rs. 300—25—550—EB—30—700.

Assistant Director of Statistics: (1) (Rs. 250-20-350-25-500) Scnior Computers: (1) (Rs. 110-5-150-6-180-10-220); and Junior Computers: (23) (Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)

59.32. These posts are filled by taking on deputation officers holding corresponding posts in the Bureau of Economics and Statistics. This mode of recruitment to these posts may continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as those prescribed for corresponding posts in the Bureau.

Assistant Regional Transport Officers: (7) (Rs. 180-10-270-15-360)

59.33. Fifty per cent of these posts are filled by direct recruitment by competitive examination from among candidates who possess the minimum qualification of a Degree or Diploma in Mechanical or Automobile Engineering from a recognised University or Polytechnic and the remaining posts by promotion from the eadre of non-gazetted executive staff. As observed already, these posts may be abolished after the existing incumbents of the posts are either promoted or retire from service. The scale of pay for the existing incumbents may be revised as Rs. 200—10—280—15—370—EB—20—450.

Motor Vehicle Inspectors: (85) (Rs. 140-5-150-8-190-10-250)

59.34. These posts are filled by direct recruitment, the minimum qualification prescribed for the posts being a pass in the S.S.L.C. or equivalent examination and

a Diploma in tutomobile Engineering. This mode of recruitment may continue. The revised scale of pay applicable to these posts may be Rs. 175—10—275—15—350—EB—20—150

Accounts Superin'endents (13) (Rs 220-10-320-15-440)

Auditors and Accountants (28) (Rs 120-5-150-8-190-10-240)

53 35 These posts are filled by taking on deputation officers holding corresponding posts in the Department of State Accounts. This mode of recruitment may continue. The revised scales of pay for the posts may be the same as those prescribed for the corresponding posts in the State Accounts Department.

Treasury Shiri hdar (1) (Rs 150-8-190-10-270) Shroffs (9) (Rs 80-3-110-4 130-5-140) Gollars (2) (Rs 70-1-80 2-100)

59.3: Fiere posts are filled by taking on deputation officials holding corresponding posts in the Transury Department. This method of remitment may continue. The revised scales of pay for the posts may be the same as those prescribed for corresponding posts in the Transury Department.

Common categories of posts Class III Scale of Poy (a) Superintendents (18) 225 10-285-15-375 (b) Head Clerks 150-8-190-10-270 (c) I Disision Clerks (104)5-150-6-180-10-220 (d) II Division Clerks (185) 80 3-110-4-130-5-150 110-5 150 6-180 10 220 (e) Stenegraphers I Grade (15)plus special pay of Rs 30 p m (54) 80-3-110-4-130-5 150 (f) Typists plus special pay of Rs 10 p m Class IV (g) Drivers (3) 70-1-80-3-110

(h) Attenders cum Mutchies	(23)	55-1-70-2	80
(i) Daffedare	(3)	03-2-85	
(j) Peens Vatchmen, Sweeper Cycle Orderlies		50-1-60	

Transport Officers and Motor Vehicle Inspectors, etc., due consideration has been taken of all the factors involved including the itinerary nature of their duties. The Commission is, therefore, not in favour of sanctioning conveyance allowance to them separately. It is, however, suggested that the Regional Transport Officers and Motor Vehicles Inspectors may be encouraged to purchase and maintain suitable vehicles either Motor-cycles or Motor cars appropriate to their status and class, by giving Motor Cycle or Car purchase advances. These officers would, of course, be eligible for travelling allowance as per rules when they go on tour.

Delegation of Powers

59.40. It is stated that the financial and administrative powers delegated to and being exercised by the officers of the Department at different levels are generally adequate and are found to be conducive to the smooth and proper functioning of the work of the Department at different levels. The powers now delegated to the officers at the various levels may continue. The Commission has no modification to recommend in this regard.

CHAPTER 59

Mator Vehicles Department

14× 14	[bes]gnation	No of Posts	No of Existing scale of pay and Special Pay	Recommended scale of pay and byectal Pay	Remarks
1	•		II.	H.	
-	Com a verfer Transport	-	gro_to_1,101_50-1,300	1,100-50-1,300-60-1,600	
r	Payery Transport Commissioner and	-	600-10-1,000	700-40-900-50-1,200	
•	Personary, Plate Transpost Authority Healthannes Assessment on the Tourn	-	350256-0-30500	301-25-570-113-30-700	
•	La commence and	•		00 07 83 00 0 00	
-	First at to that to the Con-	-	120-12-620-35-745		
•	Separa Begienal Transport Offer	1-	350-25-650-30-00	400-30-700-FB-40-900	
9	Brga ed Transposs Orces	Ξ	250-27-270-270-27-500	300-25570-EB-30-700	
	Incident Transport Commissioner	-	\$30-20-350-23-500	300-27-550-EB-30-700	
	Capalled to cent to the Trans-	-	250-20-350-350-	275-20-375-88-25-525	
	pril Campinessier				
•	Transport breefary, Monors Male	-	2,0-2,0-1,0-12-70	275-20-375-KB-25-727	
2		-	250-20-250-25-500	300-25-550-PB-30-7N	
=	rich woods	-	250-20-350-35-500	275-20-375-RB25-525	
£	be itsel Begural Transport Officer	/	180-10-250-15-369	200-10-280-15-370-EB-20-	
•	3 Motor beht fee Insperior	, \$	140-5-120 8-72-10-250	173-19-275-17-350-EB-20-	
-	I reporter for	<u>«</u>	22,210-2-3-13 313	270-10-300-EB-15-420-20-	To be designated as Manager,
	temants Saper atendias	22	2501 -32015- 440	270-10-300-15-420-EB-20- 500	
•	6 Treatury 22 rastedar	-	1,50-9-11,54-10-270	173-10-275-15-370-EB-20- 450	

Motor Vehicles Department—(concld)

					I almost D. L	1
l. No.	Designation	,	Number of posts	Number of Existing scale of pay and Special Pay posts	Recommended scale of pry and Special Pay	Кетатка
8				P.a.	184.	
<u>t-</u>	17 Hend Clerks	i	io.	150-8-190-10-270	175-10-275-15-350-FB-20	
18	Anditors	:	71	120-5150-819010	140-5-150-4-120-RB-10-	ŕ
19	Accountants	:	±	120-5-150-8-120-10-210	110-5-150-8-190-BB-10-300-15-200	
20	20 I Division Clerk	:	101	110-5-150-6-150-10-220	110-5-150-8-190-EB-10- 2(0-15-29)	
21	21 Stenographer	:	22	110-5-150-6-180-10-220 + Spl. Pay Rs. 50 p.m.	140-5-150-3-190-EB-10- 2/0-15230-521, Pay R4, 30 b m.	
22	II Division Clerk Typist	::	185	80-3-110-1-1:00-5-150 80-3-110-1-1:00-5-150 +Spl. Pay Rs. 10 p.m.	95-3-125-1-115-EB-5-2 ⁶ 0 95-3-125-1-115-EB-5-2 ⁶ 0 4.Spl. Pay Rt. 10 p.m.	
577	Senior Computer	:	-	110-5-150-6-180-10-220	110-5-150-8-190-8B-10- 269-15-260	
25	Junior Computer Shroff	•	23	80-3-110-1-130-5-150 80-3-110-1-130-5-110	95-3-125-1-115-EB-5-290 95-3-125-1-115-EB-5-200	
27		: :	C1 0	70-1-80-2-100	852953125EB-1119 8029031291-119	
23	3 Attender-cum-Mutchi) Driver	: :	ပို့ အ	70-1-80-3-110	87-2-95-3-125-138-1-115	
30		:	က	65-2-85	() I work () " I w w () would () won 7 would () ?	
31	l Peon, Watchman, Sweeper, Cycle- orderly	Cycle-	106	50160	60-1-60-2-90	
				The same of the sa		

CHAPTER 60

The Mysore State Soldiers', Sailors' and Airmen's Board

601 The Mysore State Soldiers', Sailors' and Airmen's Board with its lieadquarters in Bangalore looks after the welfare of the ex-Servicemen. Its emp loyees are treated as State Government employees. The Home Minister is the President of the State Board Government in their Order No HD 10 MES 61, dated 17th January 1966 have ordered the creation of the following new posts for the Mysore State Soldiers', Sujors' and Airmen's Board:—

Designation of the post	Scale of pay
1 Secretary (1) Gazetted	Rs. 350-25-650-30-800
2 Manager (1)	250-15-310-20-470
3 \ecountant (1)	120-5-150-8-190-10-240
4 Assistant (1) (First Division Clerk)	110-5-150-6-180-10-220
5 Junior Assistant (1) -do- (Second Division Clerk)	80-3-110-1-130-5-150
6 Typist (1)	80-3-110-4-130-5-150

50-1-00

7. Dalayat (1)

co 2 Though the post of Secretary in the Gazetted Cadro in the scale of may of Re 350-25 650-30-800 has been sanctioned, it has not been filled up on far It is understood that the Secretary is normally an ex Service Officer, no. below the rank of a Visjor and in some States even Officers of the status of Brigadiers have, on retirement, been appointed as Secretaries. As it has not been possible to secure the services of a retired officer of sufficient seniority to fill up the post in the existing scale of pay, the scale of pay for the post has been recently respected to its 600-t0-1,000 It is expected that it would be possible to record the services of a suitable Officer now It is understood that the Public S ruce Corpussion I is been requested to advertise the post and to select a similate. The Commission does not consider it necessary to suggest any change in the scale of pay for the post. At present, one of the Ur ler Secretaries in the Home D. partment is looking after this work in allition to his own duties and this arrangement will be terminated soon after the post is regularly filled. The ministerial posts lave not been filled up as yet. The Rules of Recruitment have not been framed for this Board. It is understood that they are under consideration of Government. The post of Secretary, which is in the Gazetted culte, may be filled by an ex Service Officer. The posts in Class III are common to other Departments - He Rules of Recruitment adopted for the corresponding posts in otler Departments may be a lopted for filling up these pasts. As these posts are come on to all Departments, the sistes of pay recommended for corrisponding pasts may be applied to these ports.

District Soldiers', Sailors' and Airmen's Boards

- 60.3. There are District Soldiers', Sailors' and Airmen's Boards in the following eight districts:—
 - 1. Bangalore
 - 2. Mysore
 - 3. Mercara (Coorg District)
 - 4. Mangalore (South Kanara District)
 - 5. Dharwar
 - 6. Bijapur
 - 7. Belgaum
 - 8. Karwar (North Kanara District)
- Presidents of the Boards and are each assisted by a Secretary. The District Boards are classified as Grades I, II and III depending upon the number of ex-Servicemen residing within the jurisdiction of the Board and the status of the Secretaries (Grade I, II and III) depends on the classification of the Board. Every District Board has a Second Division Clerk and a Peon. In Bangalore District, there is a Watchman in addition to a peon. The employees of the District Boards are treated as Government employees.

Expenditure on the District Soldiers', Sailors' and Airmen's Boards

60.5. While the entire expenditure on the Mysore State Soldiers', Sailors' and Airmen's Board is met by the State Government, the expenditure on the District Soldiers', Sailors' and Airmen's Boards is shared equally by the Central and State Governments. The concurrence of the Government of India would, therefore, have to be obtained for revision of scales of pay for the staff of the District Boards.

Staff of the District Soldiers', Sailors' and Airmen's Board.

60.6. The staff of the District Soldiers', Sailors' and Airmen's Board are as follows:—

Sl.	Designation of post	Number of officials	Scale of pay
			Rs.
1.	Secretary—Grade I.	5	350-25-550
2.	Secretary—Grade III	3	130-5-160-8-200
3.	Clerks—Second Division	. 13	80—3—110—4—130— 5—150
4.	Watchman	1	50—1—60
5.	Dalayat	8	50—1—60

^{60.7.} All the posts under the District Boards are filled by ex-Servicemen. In case, suitable ex-Servicemen are not available, the posts are filled by direct recruitment.

Secretary (Grade I) (a) (Re 3a0-23-a50)

There are five posts of Secretary (Grade I) in the scale of pay of Is 350-25-550 The qualification prescribed for an ex Servicemen is (a) that he should have passed the b b L C or equivalent examination (b) that he slould be an Ex Indian Commissioned Officer or an officer of equivalent status of the In han Nasy or tir Force the qualification prescribed for a direct recruit from the open market is that I e should have taken a Degree of a recognised University The existing modes of recruitment may continue. It has been suggested that the scale of pay of Assistant Commissioner might be given to the Secretary (Grade I) The Commission considers that the scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as 1 s 400-20-700-EB-40 900

Secretary (Grade II) (Ntl)

60 9 No provision has been made in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules for filling the post of Grade II Secretary nor is there any officer in this category now to recommendation is called for as far as this categors of Secretaries is concerned

Secretary (Grale III, (3) (R* 130-5-160-8-200)

60 to There are three posts of Secretary (Grade III) in the scale of pay of Ps 130---- 160-8 200 The qualification prescribed in the case of an ex Serviceman is that he should have passed the SSLC Examination and that te stoulite an ex Innior Commissioned Officer The sin e educational qualifi eation is prescribed in the case of direct recruits from the open market existing modes of recruitment may continu. It has been sugg sted that the scale of may for Secretary (Grad III) may be equivilent to that for an Assistant working in the Secretariat. The scale of par for these posts may be fixed as R. 1"0 5 180 8 220 FB 10-300

Other staff

Second Division Clerks (13) (Rs 80-3 110 4-130 5 110)

(t) (lts 50-1 ()) Watchman Dalayate

(h) (Rs 50-1-60)

opportunities for Second Division Clerks as there are no posts of First Division Clerks in the Boards. Nor would it be proper to create posts in the higher grade only for the purpose of providing promotional opportunities when the work-load does not justify the creation of such posts. The liens of the officials of the District Boards whose services have been regularised may be shifted against supernumerary posts in a corresponding cadre in the Revenue Department and they may be treated as being on deputation to the Boards. In future, such officials may be taken on deputation from the Revenue Department. This arrangement should not present any difficulty as the Deputy Commissioners of Districts are themselves the Chairmen of the Boards in their respective Districts. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

Special Pay

60.13. The Administrative Department has suggested that a Special Pay of Rs. 5 per mensem which is being given to Senior Clerks of the District Boards who handle cash and accounts matters may be continued as this is being paid in accordance with the instructions from the Government of India in the Ministry of Defence. The Commission has no objection to the continuance of the Special Pay.

Delegation of Powers

60.14. It is stated that the Presidents and the Sceretaries of the Boards continue to exercise the same powers as were exercised by them prior to 1st June 1963, i.e., the date from which the Boards became the permanent organisations of the State Government. It is understood that proposals have been called for from the District Boards regarding the further powers to be delegated and that the receipt of their proposals is awaited. No specific proposals have been placed before the Commission about the further delegation of powers; the Commission does not accordingly propose to offer any suggestions in this regard.

OHAPTER 60

The Mysore State Soldlers', Sallors' and Alrmen's Board

. N.	Progratus	2 e	Fruting scales of pay and Special Pay	Hecommentel scales of pay and Special Pay	Remarks
-	1	n		ç	9
			Re	Ra	
		1/4	Hysore State Solliers'. Sadors' and Armen's Board	umen's Board	
	Secretary (Catetted)		3.0-23-670-30-* 0 2'0-1'-310 20-170	640-40-1,000 250-10-300-13-420- PB-20-	The posts noted against
•	for uplant	-	012-01-061-8-021 1-021	10-5-1-0 -8-10-FB-10-	At present, one of the
_	to read (bent Drowns (leek)	-	110-5-130-6-1-0-10-220	2ch-17-290 110-5-170-8-190- FB-10-	the Home Depart
•	Jeer F trantagt (becond Division	-	50-3-110-1-130-5-150	92-7-12-4-115-PB-5-200	the work in addition
	Try at Dansa		50-3-110-4-130-5-1*0 21-1-13	91-3-125-(-145-) 11-5-200 (0-1-90-2-90	to als own united This temporary arrangement will be terminated soon after the nost of the Secret
			District Soldiers , Sailors' and . Itemen's Board	nen's Board	tary is filled up
	Serviary Grade I	7	354-25-559	400-30-700-EB-10-900	•
	Secretary, Grade III	•	130 -1 -150-8-200	110-5-180-8-220-FB-10-300	
=	Cerk (Second Division)	2	80-3-110-(-130-5-130	95-3-125-4-145-EB5-200	Special Pay of Rs 5 pm which is being given to senior clerks who handle cash and
22	12 Vatchman 13 Dalayat	→ so	30-1-60	f0-1-80-2-90	accounts matters may continue

CHAPTER 61

Police Department

- 61.1. The Mysore State Police force is constituted under the Mysore Police Act, 1963, which came into force with effect from 2nd April 1965.
- 61.2. The Police Department is classified as a Major Department. The Inspector General of Police is the head of the Department. Control and administration of the Police force throughout the State is vested in him. He is assisted at the Headquarters by one Deputy Inspector General of Police (Headquarters) and one Assistant Inspector General of Police of the rank of Superintendent of Police and by two Deputy Superintendents of Police in matters relating to law and crime. One Financial Assistant assists the Inspector General of Police in financial matters.
- 61.3. There are four Ranges, namely, (1) North Range (Belgaum), (2) North-East Range (Gulbarga). (3) Central Range (Bangalore) and (4) South Range (Mysore). Each Range is under the charge of a Deputy Inspector General of Police and consists of a number of districts. Superintendents of Police are in charge of each of the districts; the Superintendent is assisted by one or more Assistant/Deputy Superintendents of Police designated as Sub-divisional Police Officers, each in charge of a Police sub-division.
- A sub-division is further divided into circles, each of which is under an Inspector of Police. A circle is sub-divided into Police Station areas, each of which is under a Sub-Inspector of Police with a complement of Head Constables At each district headquarters and at selected places, and Police Constables. there is a body of Armed Police called the District Armed Reserve. This force is meant for dealing promptly with all ordinary local disturbances. There is also a Special Branch with a complement of executive officers under the control of Superintendent of Police for purposes of collection of political Intelligence. Each district is provided with a District Intelligence Burcan for the purpose of collection, collation and dissemination of information about crimes and criminals. There is also a Bureau for collecting intelligence about Prohibition offences in each district. The policy of prohibition has undergone a material change to the extent of virtual abolition; the Commission accordingly recommends that the staff entrusted with this work may be abolished in those districts where prohibition is removed. These Bureaux function under the control of the Superintendents of Police of the Districts.
- 61.5. The Criminal Investigation Department is under the control and supervision of a Deputy Inspector General of Police and has two branches, namely, (1) the Special Branch and (2) the Crime Branch including the Criminal Intelli-

examination and possess a Diploma in Electrical Wiring and Technology from a recognised Institution. The Commission suggests that the promotional quota may be filled up only from the cadre of Head Constables (Wireless). The Rules of Recruitment may be amended suitably. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 175—10—275—15—350—EB—20—450.

Assistant Sub-Inspectors (Radio Mechanic): (8) (Rs. 110-3-140+Special Pay of Rs. 12 per month).

of Head Constables (Wireless) and Police Constables (Wireless) and the other 50 per cent by direct recruitment from among the candidates who have passed the S. S. L. C. Examination and hold a Diploma in Radio Engineering from a recognised Institution. The Commission suggests that the promotional quota may be filled up only from the cadre of Head Constables (Wireless). The Rules of Recruitment may be amended accordingly. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 175—10—275—15—350—EB—20—450.

Head Constables (Wireless): (89) (Rs. 85-2-105+Special Pay of Rs. 8 per month).

- 61.22. These posts are filled by promotion by selection from the cadre of Police Constables (Wireless). This mode of recruitment may continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 130—5—170—6—200—EB—10—240.
- Police Constables (Wireless): (157) (Rs. 65-1-70-2-90+Special Pay-of² Rs. 5 per month).
- 61.23. These posts are filled by direct recruitment by selection or by transfer from the Armed Reserve Police, Mysorc State Reserve Police or Civil Police. The qualifications prescribed for direct recruitment are a pass in the S. S. L. C. examination or equivalent examination and Training for 6 months in the Police Training School. The existing mode of recruitment may continue. The candidates have to undergo one year's training in Wireless. The period of probation is 2, 2 ars. The scale of pay of Rs. 85—2—95—3—125—EB—4—145 may be fixed for them.
 - (ii) Police Special Branch, Civil Police, District/City Armed Reserve Police,

 Mounted and Dismounted Police Guards, etc.

Gazetted.

Superintendent of Police (Non-I.P.S.): (1) (Rs. 450-30-660-40-900)

- 61.24. The post is filled by promotion from the cadre of Deputy Superintendents of Police on the basis of seniority-cum-merit. The mode of recruitment is adequate and may be continued. The scale of pay for this post may be Rs. 600—40—1,000.
- Commandant, Dismounted Company, Palace Guards: (1) (Rs. 450-30-660-40-900)
- 61.25. The post is filled by promotion from the cadre of Deputy Superintendents of Police (Armed Reserve) on the basis of seniority-cum-merit, or by

transfer from the cadre of Superintendents of Police of the State service. These modes of recruitment ore indequate and may continue. The scale of pay for this post may be Rs. 600—40—1000

Commandant Mounted Company, Palace Guards (1) [Rs 450-30-660-40-900)

61 26 As per the Cadre and Recrustment Rules this post is filled by direct recruitment. The qualification prescribed for the post is a degree of a University and I quitation and Remount Training, preference being given to a candidate bolding a Commissioned rank in the Army. The period of probation is two years. The mode of recruitment to this post is adequate and may be continued. The scale of pay for this post may be Rs 600-40-1000.

Deputy Superintendents of Police (73) (Rs 300-20-400-25-600)

of 27 As per the Cadre and Recenitment Rules, 66f per cent of these posing filled by promotion from mmong Inspectors of Police (Civil) who have put 1 not less than five years of service 33f per cent of the posts are filled by direct recruitment by holling n competitive exmanation. The qualification prescribe is a degree of n University. The selected candidates have to undergo a court of training in the Police Training College for one year and a course of practice training for another year. The period of probation is two years. These method af recruitment to the posts are adequate and may continue.

61.28 It was represented to the Commission that the posts of Deput Superintendents of Police which are now in Class II Cadre might be upgraded it Class I cadre and equated with the posts of Assistant Commissioners of the NJs sor Administrative Service who are also sub-divisional officers. After taking interaction the nature of duties and responsibilities of the posts of the Deput Superintendents of Police the Commission recommend that the posts of Deput Experintendents of Police may be appraided to Class I cadre and that the senie of past for these posts may be 18 at 400-30-700-EB-40-000

Director, Finger Print Bureau (1) (Rs 300-20-400-25-600)

c1 20 The post is filled by promotion from the cadre of Police Inspectors Finger Print Bureau, on the basis of seniority cum merit or by transfer from the calre of Deputs Superinten lents of Police, Lawing experience in the Finger Print Bureau work. These modes of recruitment are in lequate. The scale of pay for this post may be Rs. 400-30-700-£B-40-900

Irrancial directart (1) (Ps 350-25-650-30-800)

of 20. The post is filled up by taking on dejutation Accounts Officer from the State Accounts Department and the same mode of recruitment might continue. The scale of part of the post may be the same as fir similar posts in the part Department.

Non-Gazetted

Police Inspectors: (290) (Rs. 225-10-285-15-375)

61.31. As per the Cadre and Recruitment Rules, the posts of Police Inspectors of all the Branches are filled up by promotion from the cadre of Sub-Inspectors of the respective Branches only. The seniority is maintained separately for this cadre of posts for different branches. The existing mode of recruitment to this cadre may continue. It was represented that the posts of Police Inspectors might be upgraded to Gazetted Class II eadre on the pattern prevailing in Maharashtra. Taking into account the nature of duties, responsibilities and functions of the posts of Police Inspectors, the Commission recommends that the Police Inspectors may be upgraded to the Gazetted Class II cadre and that the scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. 275—20—375—EB—25—525.

61.32. The posts of Sub-Inspectors of Police are filled either by promotion from the cadre of Assistant Sub-Inspectors and Head Constables or by direct recruitment. 33\frac{1}{3} per cent of the posts are filled by promotion and 66\frac{1}{5} per cent are filled by direct recruitment in the Civil Branch; 50 per cent by direct recruitment and 50 per cent by promotion in the City Armed Reserve Branch; and all posts are filled by direct recruitment in the Finger Print Bureau and in the Women Police Branch. The educational qualification prescribed for a direct recruit is a degree of a University. The existing modes of recruitment may continue. The selected candidates have to undergo training for one year in the Police Training College and six months' practical training in any district. The period of probation is two and a half years including the period of training. In other branches, the posts of Sub-Inspectors are filled by promotion from the cadre of Assistant' Sub-Inspectors and Head Constables. The existing modes of recruitment to these posts are adequate and may continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 175—10—275—15—350—EB—20—450.

61.33. According to the existing Cadre and Recruitment Rules, these posts in different branches are filled by promotion from among the Head Constables of: the respective branches, and the same mode of recruitment may continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 140—5—150—8—190—EB—10—260—15—290.

Head Constables, Women Head Constables, etc: (4,825) (Rs. 85-2-105)

61.34. These posts in different Branches are filled by promotion from the cadre of Police Constables of the respective branches. The present mode of

recruitment may continue The scale of pay of Rs 95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200 may be fixed for these posts

Police Constables (including Women Constables) (22216) (Rs 65-1-70 -2-90)

61 25 The posts of Constables in the different Branches are filled by direct recruitment of persons who have passed the VIII Standard or equivalent examination. The existing mode of recruitment may continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. 80—2—40—3—120—4—140

Chief Peporters (3) (Rs 225-10-285-15-375)
Reporters (17) (Rs 110-5-150-8-190-10-260-15-320)

- 61 30 At present there are no Padre and Recruitment Rules for the post of Reporters. It has been proposed that the posts may be filled either by direct recruitment or his transfer from the cadre of Semor Stenographers or from the cadre of Sub Inspectors of Police who possess the prescribed qualification in Stenography and Typewriting. The qualification proposed for direct recruitment is a degree or equivalent examination and a pass in Senior Shorthand examination and Senior Typewriting examination. The proposed modes of recruitment are adequate and may be adopted. The Reporters are in the scale of pay of Rs. 110—230. It was represented to the Commission that in view of the ardious nature of work of the Reporters in the Police Department, they should be given a scale of pay equate that for the Reporters in the Digitaline. Taking into consideration the nature of their duties and responsibilities the scale of pay for Reporters may be reused at Rr. 175—110—275—15—330—EB—20—450.
- 61 37 The three posts of Chief Reporters are the promotional posts available for the Reporters. The scale of pay for the Chief Reporters may be revised as R4 270-10-300-15-420-EB-20-500

Band Master Fnglish Band (1) { (Rs 225-10-285-15-375)

0134 These posts are filled by direct recruitment from among persons who possess the qualification of the Fellowship of the Trinity College of London or equivalent qualification for highish Bani Master, and a pass in profesency examination in Instrumental music or equivalent qualification in harntic Band Master. The existing modes of recruitment may continue. The period of profation is two years. The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 275—20—375—EB—23—325.

in Instrumental Music or have acquired equivalent qualification. The existing modes of recruitment to the posts may continue. The period of probation is two years. Their scale of pay may be fixed as Rs. 175—10—275—15—350—EB—20—450.

Musicians: English Band (80) (Rs. 80—3—125)

of 1.40. These posts are filled by direct recruitment. The qualification prescribed are Licentiate of the Trinity College of London or equivalent examination for English Band Musicians and a pass in proficiency examination in Instrumental Music or equivalent examination for Karnatic Band Musicians. The existing modes of recruitment may continue. The period of probation is two years. Their scale of pay may be fixed as Rs. 110—4—130—5—170—EB—6—200.

Chemist: (1) (Rs. 150—8—190—10—320—15—350)

'61.41. This post is filled by direct recruitment, the prescribed qualification being a I Class B.Sc. degree or a II Class Master's degree in Chemistry. As this is an isolated post, it is suggested that it may be filled by taking on deputation an Officer holding a corresponding post in the Department of Health and Family Planning Services and that the lien of the present incumbent may be shifted against a corresponding post in the Department of Health and Family Planning Services. The scale of pay for the post of Chemist may be the same as for corresponding posts in the parent Department.

Photographers: (2) (Rs. 100-5-150-6-180 -10 -200)

61.42. These posts are filled by direct recruitment from among the eandidates who have passed the S. S. L. C. or equivalent examination and possess a Diploma in Cinematography and knowledge of handling Rylex, Movie and field cameras. The Commission suggests that the posts of Photographers may be filled by taking on deputation officials with requisite qualification from the Department of Information and Tourism. The liens of the present incumbents may be shifted against corresponding posts in the Department of Information and Tourism. The seale of pay for these posts may be the same as tor similar posts in the parent department.

(iii) Forensic Science Laboratory -

61.43. The Forensic Science Laboratory has been established recently and the Director was appointed on 1st August 1967. The Inspector General of Police has stated that the Laboratory is still in the process of being equipped and that it would be premature to offer any recommendation for improvement of the scales of pay of posts in the Laboratory.

Director: (1) (Rs. 740-40-1100-50-1250-50-1300)

61.44. The post is filled either by promotion from the eadre of Assistant Directors or by direct recruitment. The minimum qualification prescribed for the

post of the Director is a M.Sc. Degree in Chemistry/Physics/Botany/Physiology/ Zoo'ogy/Forensic Science or Vedicine with a Degree in Chemistry and 10 years research experience in any of these subjects. The period of probation is 2 years. The mode of recruitment is adequate and may be continued. The scale of pay for the post may b. Is. 800—40—1000—50—1200.

Isristant Pirectore (2) (Rs 400-400-450-30-600-35-670-DB-35-950)

6145 The Rules of Recruitment provide that these posts may be filled by promotion of Scientific Assistants or by direct recruitment. For direct recruitment, the qualification prescribed is a W Sc Degree in Chemistry Bottiny/Joology Forensie Science of a recognised University or its equivalent examination. The period of probation is 2 years. The present mode of recruitment to the posts is adequate and may continue. The scale of pay these posts may be Rs. 450—20—660—BR—40—900

Scientific Issistants (3) (Rs 160-10-330)

(146) These posts are filled by direct regulations from among candidaharing a literic in Chemistry/Botany/cology. The period of probation is 1 years. The present mode of regruitment to these posts is adequate. Consider that the qualification presented for these posts is only a degree in Science, Commission considers that the present scale of pay for the posts is high recommends that the scale of pay for the posts may be fixed as 18 140—5–18 8—190—1,18—10—200—15—290. As the existing scale of pay is higher the what is recommended, the present incumbents of these posts may be allowed retain it if the so desire.

61 47 The other categories of posts in the Department are as follows

9	Des anat ons	to of	vale of lay
1	2	3	
			Re
1	that t constant	1	>-1113 *>110
•	Va agers	3	2210-245 1° 57.
3	Manager	1	I* 1-10 321
4	Magagera Serting Superintendenta	53	1'0-9-15:-(0-27)
و	I Dixion Clerks	2	120-0-10 4-10-200-200
f	I D tisson Clerks	211	11 150 5140-10-151
-	Il Inviena Clerks	433	+3-3 110-4 13 -5-1 A
*	III f von m Clerke	12	:1 -> . 1(0)
,	hte gray Lega	11	11 140 4-140-10-250 1 321
t	h ere rathers	•	110_3-150 / 150-10-19) 4perial
11	Ja not blever askets	-1	No 3 113-4 13/4-2-100 p 4pecial fa
13	Ty una	1.5	to to ter Noath of affect at 10
13	Trawer or clared	1:	1-0 - 1
i e	Training , Case II	1.	o 2-11 -1 120-1-120 minatio

I	2)		3	·1
15	Tradesman, Class III	•••	18	65-1-70 -2-80-3-110
16	Turner	•••	1	80-3-110
17	Garage Assistants	•••	3	65 170290
18	Assistant Greasers	•••	4	55-1-65-2-75
19	Jamedar Follower in M.S.R.P.	•••	2	852105
20	Followers		178	65-1-70 -290
21	Followers in PTC		141	5()16()
22	Janiedar	***	1	60-1-70-2 -90
23	Daffedar	***	1	65-2 -85
24	Attenders		6	70-2-80
25	Dalayats/Peons	•••	313	50160
26	Darji		1	65-1-70 -2-90
27	Mochi		1	70 -290
28	Launch Drivers	•••	4	100-5 160-6-180-10-200
29	Dingi Privers		3	80 -3 -110 -1-130-5-140
30	Helsmen		5	85-2-107
31	Khalasi	•••	11	65-1-70-2-90

61.48. The scales of pay for these officials at Sl. Numbers 1 to 12 and 22 to 25 may be the same as those for officials holding comparable posts in other departments and those for others with no comparable posts may be as follows:

Sl. No.	Designation		Recommended scale of pay
			lts.
1	Tradesmen, Class I	***	140_5-150-8-190-EB-10-260-15-290
2	Tradesmen, Class II	9	5-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200
3	Tradesmen, Class III	8	0 -29031204140
4	Turner	9	050-125_4_145_EB_5_200
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8	Followers	8	30-2-90-3-120-4-130
9	Followers in P.T.C.	6	0180290
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. 14	Helsmen	: 9	05-3-125-1-145-EB-5-200
15	Knlnsi	8	30-2-90-3-120-4-140

h 61.49. It was represented to the Commission that the posts of Managers in the Offices of the Inspector General of Police, the Commissioner of Police and the Deputy Inspectors General of Police and the post of Superintendent in the State Special Branch might be upgraded to Gazetted Class I eadre and the posts of Directors in the Offices of the Superintendents of Police might be upgraded to 61tted Class II cadre. The Commission has considered this matter and recom-Directors that one of the three posts of Managers in grade Rs. 225—375 may be

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et 32. All the powers now vested in the Inspector General of Police in the Manual of Financial Powers may continue

61.54. The Inspector General of Police has proposed that certain additional financial powers might be given to the Inspector General of Police, Deputy Inspectors General of Police and Superintendents of Police as indicated below:

I. Inspector General of Police

- 1. To sanction expenditure upto Rs. 1,000 each on district and other local exhibitions and upto Rs. 3,000 on any one exhibition at Bangalore and Mysore in a year.
- 2. To employ part-time menials upto Rs. 75 per head per month for a period not exceeding 3 years.
- 3. To sanction payment of feeding charges to Constables and other similar sategories subject to a limit of Rs. 3 per head per day only during emergency for periods less than a month (Nominal rolls being maintained).
- 4. To sanction recurring contingent charges provided a limit of Rs. 75 per month is not exceeded without the time limit prescribed.
- 5. To sanction payment of barricading charges on important occasions such as Dasara, "Birthday", visits of very important personalities, etc., upto a limit of Rs. 1,000 for each occasion.
 - 6. To sanction purchase of table fans not exceeding Rs. 200 each.
- 7. To sanction purchase and repair of Radio equipment and spares upto a limit of Rs. 10,000 per annum.
 - 8. To sanction ordinary contingent charges upto Rs. 200 per item.

II. Deputy Inspectors General of Police

- 1. To sanction contingent expenditure upto Rs: 100 per item.
- on important occasions such as Dasara, "Birth day", visits of very important personalities, etc.

III. Superintendents General of Police

- 1. To purchase stationery and allied articles upto Rs. 50 at a time subject to annual limit of Rs. 200 (This power is to be exercised when supplies are not received in time from the Stationery Depot in emergent cases).
 - 2. To sanction ordinary contingent charges upto Rs. 50 per item.
- 61.55. The Commission recommends that the powers mentioned under serial Vos. 3,5,6 and 7 may be delegated to the Inspector General of Police; powers under Serial No. 2 to Deputy Inspectors General of Police; and powers under Serial Number 1 to Superintendents of Police.

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CHAPTER 62

Department of Prisons

- 62 i 1 his Department is classified as a Major Department. The Inspector teneral of Prisons is the Head of this Department. The main functions of the Department are to receive and detain all prisoners duly committed to the custody of the officers in-charge of Jails by any Court.
- 62.2 At present there are three Class I Central Jails at Bangalore, Belgium and Gulbarga three Class II Central Juls at Bellary, Buppur and Mysore, five Darriet Jails at Raichur Bular, Mercara, Shimoga and Karwar, two Sub Jails at the kolar Gold Fields and Davangere, one Borstal School at Dharwar and eighty five Sub-Jails/Taluk Lock ups in other places
- 623 The presents in the Jails are given training in various crafts, 112, wearing carpeoutly carpet making tailoring etc., so that they could utilise their time while in detention usefully and may learn a trade or avocation which they could follow after their release.

time to plan the production. Government may issue circular instructions to all Departments that they should place orders with the Department of Prisons at the commencement of the financial year for the articles of furniture required during the entire year so that the Jails may manufacture and supply them sometime in the course of the year. If this system is adopted not only can the inmates of the Jails be kept gainfully employed but the net expenditure on the Jails could also be reduced.

Profit on the articles manufactured by the Jails

62.9. It was brought to the notice of the Commission that different Jails were charging profit at different rates on the articles manufactured in their respective manufactories and that there should be uniformity among all the Jails in this regard. The Inspector-General of Prisons was of the opinion that in order to cover all items of expenditure the percentage of profit should be uniformly fixed at 15% for all the Jails. The Commission agrees with this view and recommends that action may be taken accordingly.

Purchases through Stores Purchase Department

delived to purchase raw materials required for the "manufactories" attached to the Jails from the dealers instead of having to go through the Stores Purchase Department as there was likelihood of delay in getting such materials if they were to be got only through that Department and production would suffer. The Inspector-General of Prisons could indicate his normal annual requirements of raw materials to the Stores Purchase Department and this Department could fix up rate contracts so that the Inspector-General of Prisons could purchase the materials at the Rate Contract prices from such contractors as and when they are required. In emergencies, however, the Inspector-General of Prisons may make such purchases directly from other dealers if the Rate Contract holder fails to supply the material in time but such purchases may be made after obtaining the prior approval of Government. When such cases of failure on the part of the Rate Contract holders arise they may be reported to the Stores Purchase Department so that suitable action may be taken against them.

Training Institutions for: (a) Senior Officers

62.11. Officers of the Department arc sent to Bombay for training at the Tata School of Social Sciences. It was suggested that it would be easier and cheaper if such training could be arranged for in Bangalore itself, in an Institution to be run for this purpose provided that all the Southern States agreed to have a common Training Institution in Bangalore and to share the expenditure incurred thereon. The Commission considers this to be a good suggestion and recommends that the question of establishing a common Training Institution in Bangalore for all the Southern States for training their officers may be pursued with the State Governments concerned. The existing arrangement under which officers of this State are being deputed for training to Bombay may be continued until such time as an Institution is established in Bangalore.

(1) Warders

6.2.12 It was represented that illiterate or semiliterate persons were adopted that a represented that the interest of their efficiency they should be given adopted training before this were employed and it was suggested that a Truming School might be established in Bangalore for imparting training to recruit warders. The Commission considers that it is not necessary to establish a regular school for truming Wirders and that it would be adopted if such training is given to them for two or three months in the Julis to which they are posted. To obvious this difficultie only duly qualified Warders may be recruited in future and recruitment of semilitirate or illiterate people may be stopped.

Certified Schools and After cure and Probation Institutions

62.17 These Institutions are now under the control of the Director of Social Welfart and Chief Inspector of Certified Institutions. It was suggested that they should be frought under the control of the Department of Prisons so that follow up work might be undertaken extensitivelly. The Commission examined this question and as recommended in Chapter 6s considers that is it appropriate to continue the existing arrangement and that no change is called for

considers that there is no objection to the payment of overtime wages to the eonviets in Jails but that this may be done only after determining suitable norms of work for a full working day and when the production goes beyond such norms on an average over a month.

Guarding of Prisoners at Taluk level

- 62.18. In most of the Taluks the Revenue Officers continue to work as Sub-Jailors, but the Police provide the guard for these Sub-Jails and Lock-ups. It would be wrong in principle to appoint the Police to be in-charge of Sub-Jails and Lock-ups either as Officers in-charge of such Sub-Jails or Lock-ups or as Guards. So long as Officers in-charge of the Sub-jails and Lock-ups are "non-Police" Officers it would not really be very objectionable to post the Police as Guards. The existing arrangement may, therefore, continue until substitute arrangements are made.
- 62.19. The Commission, however, considers that it may be possible in course of time to create a cadre of officials for police duties in this Department itself and whatever is spent on a section of the Police Establishment can be spent on this section and recommends that Government may examine this question as early as possible.

Cadre and Recruitment Rules and Scales of Pay Inspector-General of Prisons: (1) (Rs. 800—40—1,000—50—1,100)

62.20. The Inspector-General of Prisons is appointed under Section 3 of the Mysore Prisoners' Act, 1963. He exercises general control and superintendene over all the prisoners in the State. This post is filled by taking on deputation an Officer of the Mysore Administrative Service Class I (Senior) or the Indian Police Service (Senior Seale) or by promotion by selection from the eadre of Superintendents. It was represented to the Commission that the Inspector-General should be an officer who has had special training in prison work and should, therefore, be an officer who has risen from the lower posts in this Department and that if Government resorted to the existing provision for appointing an Officer of the Indian Police Service/Mysore Administrative Service as the Inspector General, the Departmental Officers would not have any promotional opportunities. therefore, represented that the only mode of recruitment to this post should be by promotion by selection from the eadre of Superintendents. The Commission eonsiders this representation to be reasonable and recommends that the Recruitment Rules may be amended accordingly. It was represented to the Commission that though the Inspector General of Prisons was the Head of the Major Department, he was not given the same seale of pay as the Heads of the other Major Departments, that his scale of pay had now been fixed by Government as Rs. 800-1,100 and that the seale of pay for this post might be the same as that for Heads of The Commission considers that as the Inspectorother Major Departments. General of Prisons is the Head of a Major Department, he must necessarily get the same scale of pay as the Heads of other Major Departments and recommends that his scale of pay may, therefore, be revised as Rs. 1,300-60-1,600-50-1,800.

Deputy Inspector-General of Prisons

62.21 There is no post of Deputy Inspector-General of Prisons in the Department at present. It has been represented that the post of a Deputy Inspector-General of Prisons should be created so that he might relieve the Inspector-General of Prisons of the routine duties at Head Quarters and enable the Inspector-General to inspect larger numbers of Snb-Jails than be has now been able to, owing to pressure of work at the Head Quarters. The Inspector-General may inspect the Central and the District Jails while his Personal Assistant now recommended to be redesignated as Head Quarters Assistant to the Inspector-General of Prisons could assist him by inspecting the Sub-Jails and Lock-ups. The Deputy Commissioners of Districts also inspect the Sub-Jails and Lock-ups. The Commission considers that for the present it is not necessary to create this additional post.

Superintendent of Central Justs : (3) Governor, Borstal School (1) (Rs. 350-25-050-30-800)

62 22 These posts are filled by promotion from the cadre of Superintendents of Jails. The method of recruitment is all right and may continue. The scale of pay for these posts as revived may be Rs. 400-30-700-EB-40-900

Superintendent of Jails (3) (Rs 275-20-375-25-600)

62 23 These posts are filled by promotion from the cadre of Assistant Superintendents of Jails or Factory Managers. The present mode of recruitment may continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs 300-25-550-EH-30-700.

Asst Superintendent of Jail and Factory Manager; (6) (Rs. 250-20-350-25-500)

62.21 Fifty per cent of these posts are filled by direct recruitment, minimum qualification being a degree of a recognised University and 50° by promotion from the codes of Chief Jailors. These moles of recruitment are reasonable and may continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. 275—20—375—EB-25. 525.

manner by promotion from the cadre of Manager Grade I. This mode of recruitment is in order and may be adopted. Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly for filling this post. It has been suggested that this post might be redesignated as "Assistant Inspector-General of Prisons (Administration)" to advise the Inspector-General of Prisons on planning and development of industries. The Commission recommends that this post may be designated as "Head-quarters Assistant to the Inspector-General of Prisons" and that the Officer holding this post may assist the Inspector-General not only in respect of the administrative work in the Office but also inspect the lock-nps and sub-jails on his behalf. The scale of pay for this post may be revised as Rs. 275—20—375—EB—25-525.

Assistant Surgeons Grade I: (8)

62.27. They are taken on deputation from the Department of Health and Family Planning Services. This arrangement may continue. The scale of pay applicable to similar posts in the Department of Health and Family Planning Services may be made applicable to these posts as well.

62.28. These are Executive Non-Gazetted posts and are filled by promotion from the cadre of Jailors. The mode of recrnitment is adequate and may continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. 200—10—280—15—370—EB—20—450.

62.29. Fifty per cent of these posts are filled by direct recruitment of graduates and 50 per cent by promotion from the endre of Chief Warders. No change in the mode of recruitment is called for. The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. 175—10—275—15—350—EB—20—450.

62.30. These posts are filled by promotion from the eadre of Head Warders. The present mode of recruitment may continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. 130—5—170—6—200—EB—10—240.

Head Warders: (160)

- (i) Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-5-150.
- (ii) Rs. 70-2-80-3-110 (for Non-S.S.L.Cs.).
- 62.31. Seventy-five per cent of the posts are filled by direct recruitment from among persons who have passed the S.S.L.C. Examination and 25 per cent by promotion of Class IV Staff who have passed the Standard VIII Examination. No change in the mode of recruitment is called for. All the Officials in this cadre may be given the same scale of pay as the higher qualifications in the case of direct recruits and the long experience in the case of the promotees may make them equally competent and efficient in the discharge of their duties. The scale of pay for these posts as revised may be Rs. 95—3—125—4—145—EB—5—200.

Warders (588) (Rs 65-1-70-2-90)

62 32 75 per cent of these posts are filled by direct recruitment and 25 per cent by promotion of other Class IV staff. For direct recruitment the candidates must be literate persons possessing good physique. The present mode of recruitment may continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs 80-2-90-3-120-4-140. It was stated that at present there were no leave reserves and the Department was finding it difficult to fill the vacancies of short duration it le Warders had to be on duty continuously by turns, they should be always after and no slackness on their part while on duty could be permitted. In the ab ence of Leave Reserve the Warders on duty would have to attend to the work not only in their own turn but all o in the turn of their collegues on leave It may sometimes happen that there would be several such occasions at short intervals and it is not desirable to post Warders on extra duties frequently as their efficiency would thereby suffer. The Commission, therefore, recommends that there may be Leave Reserves for the Warders at 5 per cent of the normal strength.

Drill Instructor (1) (Rs 60-1-70-2-90)

62 33 This post is filled by direct recruitment for which the qualification is a pass in the VIII Standard Frammation Preference is given to Ex Army personnel. The present mode of recruitment may continue. The scole of pay for the post may be revised as Rs 80 - 200 - 3-180 - 180 - 180

62 34 Instructors Grade I (11)

(Ils 110-5-150-6-180-10-220) for Diploma Holders

(R4 100-5-150-0 180-10-200) for others

Instructors Grade II

(a) (16 posts) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-140)

(b) (1 post) (Rs 70-2-80-3-110)

(c) (2 posts) (Ils 60-1-70-2-90)

(d) (4 posts) (lts 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)

As per the Cadre and Recrustment Rules these posts are filled by taking on deputation officials holding corresponding posts in the Department of Industries and Commerce. This arrangement may continue

- · 62.36. It has been represented that to keep pace with the increased work due to expansion of Jail Industries and introduction of Jail reforms, some additional posts were necessary and that one Senior Grade Instructor in a scale slightly higher than that of Instructor Grade I might be provided in each of the Central Jails. The Commission agrees with this suggestion as there is really expansion of work in the Jail Industries and recommends that action may be taken accordingly.
- 62.37. The mode of recruitment to these posts has not been indicated by the Department. Some of the present incumbents of the posts of Instructors have been recruited directly and others have been taken on deputation. The best among the Instructors in Grade I (irrespective of the modes of recruitment) and now working in the Department may be selected and appointed as Senior Instructors after framing the Cadre and Recruitment Rules accordingly. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 200—10—280—15—370—EB—20—450.

Press Foreman: (1) (Rs. 110—5—150—6—180—10—200)
Senior Compositor: (1) (Rs. 130—5—150—6—180—10—200)
Machine Minder: (1) (Rs. 130—5—150—6—180—10—200)
Compositors: (1) (Rs. 80—3—110—4—130—5—150).

62.38. These posts are filled by taking on deputation persons holding corresponding posts in the Government Press. This mode of recruitment may continue. The scales of pay applicable to similar posts in the Government Press may be made applicable to these posts also.

62.39. These posts are filled by taking on deputation persons holding corresponding posts in the Department of Health and Family Planning Services and whatever scales of pay are applicable to similar posts in that Department may be made applicable to these posts as well.

62.40. There are 15 posts of Teachers (including House Masters) in the Department out of whom one is a graduate and 14 are matriculates. It has been represented that the teachers of this Department might be given the same scales of pay as were given to the untrained graduate and matriculate teachers in the Education Department. The Commission agrees with the suggestion and recommends that untrained graduate and matriculate teachers of the Department may be given the same scales of pay as are given to un-trained graduate/matriculate teachers in the Education Department.

62.41. This post is filled by direct recruitment. As this is solitary post, the post may be filled, in future, by taking on deputation an official holding a corresponding post from the Department of Horticulture. The Cadre and Recruitment

Rules may be amended accordingly The lien of the present incumbent may be shifted against a corresponding post in the Department of Horticulture and he may be treated as on deputation to this D partment. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as for the corresponding post in the Department of Horticulture

Nursing Orderlies (9) (Rs 65-1-70-2-90)

These posts are filled by direct recruitment The Commission suggests that, m future these posts may be filled by taking on deputation persons holding similar posts from the Department of Health and Family Planning Services The Cadre and Recruitment Rules may be amended accordingly The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for corresponding posts in the Department of Health and Camily Planning Services

Ministerial Posts

Manager, Grade 1 (4) (Rs 180-10-320) Manager, Grade II (7) (Rs 150-6-190-10-270) Accounts Superintendent (1) (Rs 220-10-320-15-410) I Dittision Clerks (10) (Its 110-5-150-0-180-10-220) I Grade Stenographer (1) (Rs 110-5-150-8-100-10-200-15-320) II Dission Clerks (61) (Rs 60-3-110-4-130-5-150) II Grale Typists (5) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-180) Lorry Drivers (2) (Rs 70-2-80-3-110) (Rs 70-1-80-2-100 for new entrants) Attenders and Mulchis (2) (Rs 05-2-85)

Peons, Orderlies, Hatchmen (48) (Rs 50-1-60)

62 43 It has been represented that the posts of Manager (Grade I) should be made guzetted on the analogy of the Section Officers of the Mysore Government Secretarist. It may not be possible to establish any relativity between the work performed by the Manager (Grade I) and that of a Section Officer These are posts common to all the Departments. The Rules of Recruitment as are applicable to the corresponding posts in other Departments may be made equally applicable to these posts. Their scales of pay have been discussed separately in Chapter II (Pert iii) The scales of pay recommended therein for the common posts riar apply to the corresponding posts in this Department

Accounts Officer

62.45. It has been suggested that the services of Gazetted Accounts Officers at the Jails are very essential to deal with accounts matters. The volume of transactions in the Jails is not very heavy and hence, the Commission considers that there is no need to create posts of Accounts Officers in the Jails.

Manager and Stock Verifier

52.46. The Department has proposed that for the work of stock verification etc., in the Jails, a post of Stock Verifier in the grade of Manager (Grade-I) would be necessary and that this post might be created in the Department. The Commission considers that this is a reasonable suggestion and accordingly recommends that a post of stock-verifier in the grade of Superintendent (Grade-I) may be sanctioned.

Uniform Allowance

62.47. It has been represented that as the Departmental Officers were required to wear prescribed uniform, a Uniform Allowance might be paid as in the case of the Police Department. As per the Jail Mannal, the officers of the Prisons Department need not wear uniforms and it is only the subordinate staff that have to wear the uniforms. The Commission, therefore, considers that there is no need to sanction uniform allowance to the Officers of this Department.

Conveyance to the Inspector General of Prisons

62.48. Most of the Heads of Departments have been provided with Government vehicles. It was represented to the Commission that the Inspector-General of Prisons had not been provided with the facility of a Government vehicle and that such a facility was essential to the Inspector-General of Prisons as the Head of a Major Department. The Commission considers that there is no need to provide the Inspector-General of prisons with a conveyance since it has been recommended in Chapter 9 that Heads of other Departments need not also be provided with such conveyances.

Special Pay

62.49. The Department has proposed the grant of Special Pay for a number of posts in the Department without giving proper justification therefor. The Medical Officers working in the Department are allowed special pay and the Commission considers that the special pay drawn by the Officers of the Department of Health and Family Planning Services holding appointments in an ex-officio capacity as Superintendents of Jails and District Lock-ups and Sub-Jails and to the Medical Officers discharging duties as Superintendents and to the visiting Medical Officers in addition to their own duties may be continued. The Special Pay to the ministerial staff such as Cashiers, Store-Keepers etc., may be regulated according to the general principles laid down in Chapter 5. No Special pay need he given to any other officers of the Department.

Delegation of Powers

62.50. The Inspector-General of Prisons exercises all the power that are delegated to the Head of a Major Department, under the Manual of Financial

Powers — It has been represented to the Commission that some of the powers were not adequate and that more powers should be given to the Inspector General of Privons and to the Superintendents of Jails in order to meet the day to day requirements and to avoid delays in obtaining sanction from higher authorities every time. The special powers recommended by the Commission are appended

62 51 The Inspector General of Prisons may continue to exercise all the financial powers delegated to him as per the Manual of Financial powers as the Head of a Visjor Department. The general principles enunciated by the Commission in Chapter 9 in the matter of delegation of financial powers to the subordnate officers may be followed even in the case of this Department.

SPECIAL POWERS

The Department has requested for the following special powers and recormendation of the Commission thereon are noted against each of them

۶ چ	\ature of power	Existing powers	Powers proposed	Powers recommended
I	2	3	4	5
1 1	1 ap clor-General of Pris	10 H &		
1	sauction the tempo- ner employment of star for a particular far out of the staffs belonging to the stablishment of mother Jail without nerease in cost		Vide Column 2	The additions powers are alread sanctioned in the Manual of I mai eral Powers (196 Fdition)
i	sanction purchases of Tools and Plants and incestock up to its 10000	Rs 500 at a	1 ide Column 2	Rs 1,000 at a time
	rchase of raw materials up to Its 20 000 at a time without reference to Steres Purclass Department	Its *000 at a time	Itle Column 2	Rs 10 000 at a time
	n accord sanction for repairs of equipment up to a limit of Ps 1000 in each case	Vil	lade Colama 2	Re 5 000 at a tirde
	o order depirat no el officiale foon Jaston Heal Or e and rice rerea Mintenet there is a need in the inter- cet of julic service	Nil	Colomn 2	Full funers

1	2	3	-1	5
6	To sanction deputation of officials to Fairs and Exhibitions and regulation of Travelling Allowance as per Mysere Civil Service Rules.	Nil	Vide Column 2	Full powers.
2.	Superintendents of Jails			
1	To purchase raw materials for Manufacturing Section and Civil Sections Rs. 5,000 and Rs. 20,000 for purchases of equipment for Jail Industries.	Rs. 350	Vide Column 2	Rs. 1,000 at a time.
2	To spend Rs. 1,000 directly in connection with repairs and petty construction of Juil Building.	Only Inspec- tor-General of Prisons has powers up to Rs. 2,500 for each work.	Vide Column 2	Rs. 500 for each work.
3	To pay the bills of contractors without counter-signature of Inspector General of Prisons up to Rs. 5000 each time in cases where tenders have been sanctioned by Inspector-General of Prisons.	Nil	Vide Column 2	Accopted.
4	To draw Abstract Contingent Bills amounts up to Rs. 2,000 at a time and in case of purchases from Government source up to Rs. 20,000.	Nil	Vide Column 2	Nil.

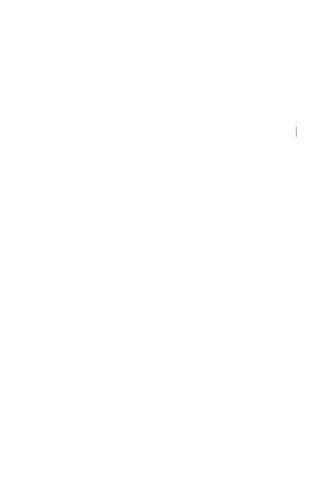
CHAPTER 62

Department of Prisons

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•	Technish his start	_	1.0-20-320-12-00	215-20 315-FB-25-525	
•	to the Imper	-	270-20-350-25-540	215_20_315_kB 25_725	To be designaged as Head Quarters Assis tant to the Inspector
					General of Prisons
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6	3 Ch.(1), r	Ξ.	1-0-10-320	200-10-2-0-17-370-58-20-450	
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2	Weefer	:	63-1-74-2-30	40-2-90-3-120-1-140	
	Pril Irstructor	-	60-1-70-2-99	80 3-90-3-120-4-140	
2	Antor Instruct r	-	1	340_10_380-15_370-EB_20-150	To be newly created.
•	Instructor Grade 1	=	Deputatorists from the Depart		
			[10.51'0.6.180.10-29] (For diploma Lellers)	175-10-475-15-350-FB-20-450	Grade I Instructors may be designated as Instructors

Department of Prisons--(confd.)

Z, S	Designation		Number of posts	r Bxisting scales of pay	Recommended scales of pay and special pay	Remarks
71	17 Instructor (trade II		2	184 S0-3-110 - 1130 .5110 (For partmental and Direct Becruital 100. 5150 .6180 .10 200 or page for Diploma Holders and the Danse.	11.4,	
			-	nent of Industries and Commerce. 7025050. ID—(For Departmental and Direct Recruits). 1005150. id—15010 290 or gao for Departmental and Direct Recruits).	. 110-tal30-5-170-5B-6-2(0)	Instructors Grade II may be designated as
	,		Ç1	Commerce and Diploma Holders.) 601702 _ 90 (For Depute) mental and Direct recruits).		
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			****	S0-3-110- 1- 130-5-110 For Departmental and Direct Recruits),		
ā	Pane Posmois	:	,	100_ 5 -150_6_180 _ 10 _200 (For Deputationists from the) Department of Agriculture).	018-01-82-03-03-02-03-03-03-03-03-03-03-03-03-03-03-03-03-	
19 20	Compositor Senior Compositor	: : :		80-3-110-4-150 130-5-150-6-180-10-200	95-3-125-1-115-EB-5-200 170-5-120-8-220-EB-19-	
21	Machine Ninder	:	-	130-5-150-6-180-10-200	300 170—5—180—8—220—EB—10— 300	
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CHAPTER 63

Office of the Advocate General

- 63.1. The Advocate General is appointed by Government under Clause (2) of Article 65 of the Constitution of India to give advice to Government on legislative matters and to conduct cases on behalf of Government before the High Court and the Supreme Court. He enjoys the status of the Head of a Major Department.
- 63.2. The State Public Prosecutor, the High Court Government Pleader and the High Court Special Government Pleader are the other Law Officers appointed by Government to assist the Advocate General in the discharge of his duties; they are drawn from the Bar and are appointed on a tenure basis.
- 63.3 All the Law Officers and the non-Gazetted staff working in this office are under the control of the Advocate General.

Method of Appointment of Government Advocates

- 63.4. The question whether the existing system of appointing panels might be continued or whether the Law Officers might be appointed independently as in some other States like Madras was raised before the Commission for consideration.
- 63.5. After considering all aspects of the question, the Commission is of the opinion that in the interest of efficiency and equitable distribution of work amongst various Law Officers, it would not be advisable to continue the present system of appointing the Government Pleasers. There cannot be any objection for appointment of individual Advocates by name for specific work or generally in the High Court or before any other authority. If the appointment is for the specific work, naturally cases of that category would be assigned to such Government Pleader or Pleaders. If the appointments of Advocates are general, it would be competent for the Advocate General and the Law Department to evolve an equitable and advantageous system of distribution of work so that the cases on behalf of the State are handled efficiently and (satisfactorily. The Commission is of the considered opinion that the present system of appointment by panels does not conduce to efficiency or effective representation of the State before the High Court Under the existing Rules as contained in Government Order or other Tribunals. Nos. LAW 65 LAG 66 and LAW 61 LAG 66, both dated 1st July [1966, the State Public Prosecutor, the High Court Government Pleader and the High Court Special Government Pleader can either conduct the cases entrusted to them, themselves or authorise Advocates working with them or assisting them to do so. No doubt, the Rules provide that these Advocates have to submit a panel of names of Advocates who are likely to be so authorised and that only those in the panel as may be approved by the Government may be authorised to appear and conduct cases on their behalf. Naturally the Advocates working under them would not have reached that stage of experience and standing as would enable them to present the cases of the State as efficiently and thoroughly as the State Public

Pro ceutor the Government Pleader or the Special Government Pleader might do The rates of remuneration for different cases now prescribed by the Government are sufficiently fur and it would not be difficult to secure Advocates of standing and experience to appear for the State on such remuneration. The Commission therefore recommends that the present system of appointment by panels ought to be put an end to as soon as possible in accordance with the Rules and Terms of appointment and suitable Advocates abould be appointed by names either for specific types of cases or geoerilly, as the Government deem fit, after consulting the High Court about their experience, ability and fitness

Method of appointment of Government Pleaders and Public Prosecutors

63.6 The Government should frame definite rules prescribing qualifications the length of practice at the Bir and experience as could be judged from the numb r of cases conducted in his own specia it; by the Advocate, i.e., either on the Criminal side or the Civil side. Besides conforming to these rules while electing candidates, it is necessary to give full value to the reports of the District and Sessions Judges about the auntability of persons for these posts. I can in rare cases where the Government desire to consider the auntability of candidates other than those recommended by the Judicial Officers, it would be advantageous to call for this views and take them into consideration while making the appointments Junior A locates who have not sufficient experience in the line should not he significant. The Pull he Prosecutor and the Government Pleadet are Law Officers of the State as efficiently and effectively as a private Advocate does on behalf of his client. It is, therefore, of utirest injectance that recruitment should be made catefully and from amongst the best available applicants.

Secretary to the Advocate General

(2.7. It was represented that a post of a Secretary should be created in the office of the Advecate General to awast him in his work. The work of the Advecate General way be I toodly categorised into three classes, viz., (1) Litigation (2) Corvolistion and advice, and (3) Administration.

63.9. As regards the administrative matters, there is a Manager who is a law graduate and in the gazetted cadre. The Commission, therefore, does not find any necessity for the creation of the post of a Secretary to the Advocate General.

Post of Accounts Superintendent

63.10. The Advocate General has suggested the creation of one post of Accounts Superintendent and one additional post of II Division Clerk in the Accounts Section for attending to the work of passing the remuneration bills. The Commission considers that it is not necessary to entrust this work to the Advocate General and that it would be administratively more convenient to authorise the District Judges to pass the remuncration bills of Law Officers, viz., Government Pleaders and Public Prosecutors in their respective jurisdiction relieving the It is very easy for the District and Sessions Advocate General of this work. Judges to verify the bills of the Government Pleaders and the Public Prosecutors and their assistants with reference to the order sheets, relevant decrees and orders, and pass the bills for the amounts due. Such a system will save lot of correspondence between the Advocate General's Office and the Law Officers in the District and would ensure speedy encashment of their bills. At present, these Law Officers in the Districts are required to wait for months before their bills are The Commission accordingly recommends that the District and Sessions Judges may be empowered to pass these bills and suitable powers may be delegated to them. There would thus be substantial reduction in the volume of account work. In this view, there would be no need to create the post of an Accounts Superintendent and one additional post of II Division Clerk as proposed.

Creation of post of Selection Grade Stenographer

63.11. The Advocate General has proposed the creation of a post of a selection grade Stenographer in order to provide promotional opportunities to the Stenographers in this office. This is a reasonable request and the Commission accordingly recommends that one post of selection grade Stenographer may be created in the office of the Advocate General.

/Creation of the post of Librarian

63.12. It was suggested that one post of Librarian might be created for the Library of the office of the Advocate General. There is no separate post of a Librarian for the Library of the Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs of the Secretariat which is a bigger library as compared to the one in the office of the Advocate General, nor is it considered necessary to create such a post in the Library of the Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs. The Advocate General and the Government Pleaders would be the only persons using this Library. So there is no justification for creating the post of a Librarian for the office of the Advocate General. The existing arrangements in regard to this Library may continue.

Creation of the post of Assistant Manager for the Office of the Adiocate General

63 13 At present, the Manager is atteading; to the work relating to the section directly under the Advocate General and is exercising overall supervision over the work of the Assistant Managers who are working under the other Law Officers. It has been suggested that as these two items of work together amount to a very heavy charge, one post of Assistant Manager might be created in the Office of the Advocate General to assist the Manager. Overall supervision over the work of the Assistant Managers in the Sections, is of a formal character and no additional post of an Assistant to the Manager appears to be necessary. The Commission, therefore considers that it not necessary to create the post of an Assistant Vanager for the office of the Advocate General to assist the Manager.

Upgradu g of the post of Peous as Daffedars

63 14 The Advocate General has proposed that three posts of Peons raight be upgraded as Daffedars in order to give incentive to Class IV officials. Considering all the aspects of the matter, the Commission recommends that one post of Peon may be upgraded to that of a Daffedar.

Merger of staff of the Office of the Advocate General

63 15 The Advocate Oeneral has suggested that the stuff of his office might he marged with the Mysore Government Secretariat or the High Court Office as otherwise there are no avenues of promotion for them The Commission has examined this question in consultation with the Registrar, High Court of Mysore and the Secretary to Covernment, Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs It is to I e noted that all the members of the stuff working in the High Court are appointed ly the Chief Justice and these officials are governed by rules framed by him. un ler Article 229 of the Constitution Hence it would not be possible to merge the staff of the Advocate General s office with the staff in the High Court after considering all aspects, the Commission has come to the conclusion that it and I be consenient and appropriate if the stall in the office of the Advocate General is merged with the staff of the My-ore Government Secretariat (not necessarily of the Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs) The officials working in the office of the Advocate General may be treated as on deputation from the Secretarist to the office of the Advocate General The Commission hopes that this step would satisfy the grievances of officials of this office regarding lack of promotional avenues

Pates of Letainer and remuneration

(i) Advocate General and Government Pleaters

ed it. The rates of remuteration to these Law Officers have been fixed by a separate or let us of its Government and neither the Government nor the Officers have raised the question of revision of these scales.

11) Inthe Proint & and G terrment Pleaters

At prese to the Public Presecutors in the districts get remuneration at the rates of I so a feet day per case for the days on which there is progress no lof

Rs. 10 per day for the days on which there is no progress. Retainer of Rs. 200 per month is paid to a Law Officer if he is appointed both as Public Prosecutor and Government Pleader and Rs. 150 per mensem if separate advocates are appointed to these two offices. It was neged that the remuneration of these officers should compare favourably with the remuneration of the Lawyers on the opposite side. The defence lawyers fix remuneration by contract in each case and there are no fixed rates. The Commission thinks that the rates require revision and accordingly recommends that it would be fair and reasonable to fix the Retainer and remuneration at the following rates:—

- (1) Retainer may be fixed at Rs. 250 per mensem in cases in which a single officer is appointed to hold both the offices of Public Prosecutor and Government Pleader, and Rs. 200 per mensem in case separate officers are appointed to hold the two offices.
- (2) Remuneration may be paid to the Public Prosecutors at Rs. 30 per day per case for the days on which there is progress and at the rate of Rs. 10 per day for the days on which there is no progress.
- 63.17. The Government Pleaders are paid at the scheduled rates and the question of fixing remuneration on daily basis does not arise in their case.

Cadre and Recruitment Rules and Scales of Pay

Manager: (1) (Rs. 250-20-350-25-500).

69.18. According to the Cadre and Recruitment Rules, the post of Manager is filled by promotion from the eadre of Assistant Managers on the basis of seniority-cum-merit. There is no provision for direct recruitment to this post. The existing mode of recruitment is adequate. The scale of pay of the post is Rs. 250—20—350—25—500 which is the scale of pay sanctioned for the post of Section Officers in the Secretariat. This post may be included in the eadre of Section Officers of the Secretariat and the same scale of pay as for Section Officers may be given.

Assistant Managers: (3) (Rs. 110-5-150-6-180-10-220 with a special pay of Rs. 20 per month)

63.19. The Cadre and Recruitment Rules provide for the post being filled by transfer by selection from the eadre of I Division Clerks. These posts may be included in the eadre of Assistants of the Secretariat and the same scale of pay as for Assistants may be attached to these posts. The special pay attached to these posts may be abolished.

Accountants: (2) (Rs. 120-5-150-8-190-10-240)

63.20. There are two posts of Accountants which are filled by deputation of the officials from the State Accounts Department. The scales of pay for these posts may be the same as for officers holding similar posts in the State Accounts Department.

I Division Clerks (3) (Rs 110-5-150-6-180-10-220) II Division Clerks (6) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)

Stenographers (5) (Rs 110-5-150-8-190-10-260-15-320) and (2) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)

As it has been proposed to merge the office of the Advocate General

with the Mysore Government Secretariat, the scales of pay for these officers may by the same as for officers holding comparable posts in the Mysore Government Secretariat

Daffedar (1) (Rs 65-2-85)

Attenders (3) (Rs 65-2-85)

Peons (13) (Rs 50-1-60) Hatchmen (2) (Rs 50-1-60) and

Succeper (1) (Rs 50-1-60)

63 22 There are corresponding posts in the Mysore Government Secretariat and the scale of pay prescribed for them may also be the scales of pay for these officials

Spreial Pay

63 23 Special pay to Stenographers and Typists may be regulated in accordance with the general principles laid down for similar posts in the Secreta rist. No Special pay need be given to any of the other officials working in this office

Delegation of Powers

63.21 The Advocate General has represented that some of the routine nowers exercised by him as the Head of a Major Department might I e delegated either to the otler Law Officers or to the Manager of his office. As the Office of the Advocate General is a small unit, the Commission does not consider that there is any need to delegate any of the powers now exercised by the Advocate General to the other Law Officers or to the Manager of the Advocate General's office

CHAPTER 63

Office of the Advocate General.

ov .	Designation	Nu of	Number Existing scale of pay and Special Pay of posts	y Recommended scale of pay and apecial pay	Remarks
18			Rs.	R3.	
,		-	250-20-350-25-500	275-20-375-EB-25-525	
- c1	manager Assistant Nanager	က	1105150618010220 +Snecial Pay of Rs. 20	170518082205B10300	
က	Accountant	C3	120-5-150-8-190-10-240	14051508190EB10260 15290	
٠, : . ط ا		က	110-5-150-6-180-10-220	170-5-180-8-220-EB-10-300	-
. 5	П	၁	80-3-110-1-130-3-130		•
9	Kcepcr) ; Stenographer	ໝ	110-5-150-8-190-10-260-15-	110-5-150-8-190-10-260-15- $175-10-275-15-359-FB-20-450$	
7	7 Typist	61	-110-4-130-5-150+ Special of Rs. 10	95-3-125-1-145-BB-5-200 +Special Pay of Rs. 10 p. m.	٠
œ	3 Daffedar	1	65285	80-2-90-3-120-1-140	
G	9 Attender	က	65-2-85	85	
9	10 Peon	13	50—1—60	60-1-80-2-90	
11	1 Watchman	C 3	50160	00	
12	2 Sweeper	, 1	50-160	06700	

CHAPTER 64

Legislature Secretariat

- 64.1 The Legislature of this State consists of two Houses—the Legislature Assembly and the Legislature Council—as provided by Article 168 of the Constitution. Unlike the other Departments of the Secretariat, the administrative control of this Secretariat vests in a Board consisting of the Chairman of the Legislature Council and the Speaker of the Legislature Assembly. This Board has been constituted under the Rules framed by the Governor in exercise of the powers conferred on him by Clause (3) of Article 187 of the Constitution after consultation with the Speaker of the Legislature Assembly and the Chairman of the Legislature Council. They Ilules regulate the recruitment and the conditions of service of persons appointed to the Secretariat staff of the two Houses of Legislature though in respect of matters not provided therein the other Rules relating to the Government Servants generally and enumerated in Rule 10 of these Rules are applicable to the members of this Secretariat staff.
- 64.2 The Secretary in the Secretariat is the Secretary of the Legislative Assembly in also of the Legislative Council. He is empowered, subject to the approxial of the Boxel, to exercise control over the staff of the Legislature Secretariat and is responsible for the working of the Secretariat. He is ossisted by a Deput; Secretary Under Secretaries and other Officers enumerated in the 1 Schedule to the My-ore Legislature Secretariat (Recruitment and Conditions of Service) Rules 1959. He is competent to delegate to the Diputy Secretary, the Under Secretary and the Registrar such of his powers subject to such conditions as may be specific limithe order of delegation and with the previous sanction of the Board. It appears that there are three Under Secretaries and in Registrar in charge of the different units of the Secretariat. The different sections have been grouped and it to branches, namely,
 - 1 Accounts,
 - 2 Committees,
 - 3 Fditing,
 - 4 Legislation,
 - 5 Legislators' Home,
 - 6 Library,
 - 7 Questions
 - 8 Reporting,
 - 9 Translation, and
 - 10 Fstablishmeot, Tsping and Watch and Ward
- (4.3 As a appeared to the Commission that the distribution of the Secretariat into so many in lepton lend branches was likely to affect its efficient working for ward of co-order story and unified control. It equestion of re-grouping the different branches was discussed with the Secretary of this Secretariat. After considering the group let law were advanced in apport of the existing branches, the Commission has come to the configuration before in that both in the intensit of efficiency and

harmonious working of the various branches, it would be advisable to reduce the number of branches to seven as follows:—

- 1 Accounts, including Establishment and Typing Sections
- 2 Committees,
- 3 Editing and Reporting,
- 4 Legislation,
- 5 Legislators' Home, including Watch and Ward Section,
- 6 Library, and
- 7 Questions and Translation.
- 64.4. The Accounts Branch may continue to work under one of the Under Secretaries as at present. The Committees Branch and the Legislation Branch may work under another Under Secretary; the Editing and Reporting Branch may function under the Editor of Debates. The third Under Secretary may be in charge of the Legislators' Home and the Questions and Translation Branches. The Library and the Section dealing with miscellaneous items of work may be placed under the control of the Registrar, subject to the overall control of the Deputy Secretary.

Control over Legislators' Home and other Guest Houses for Legislators

64.5. During the course of the discussion it was suggested that the Legislatures are housed while the Legislatures are in Session might be transferred to the control of the Public Works Department which was in charge of the other Government Buildings in Bangalore. The matter was discussed with the Secretary to Government in the Public Works Department also. The Commission also considered the various problems arising in connection with the accommodation and the needs of the Legislators including the provision for attendance on them when they are in occupation of the rooms allotted to them. The Commission is of the considered opinion that the Legislature Secretariat may continue to retain its control over all these buildings as the present arrangement is administratively convenient and this Secretariat alone is in a better position to attend to complaints and grievances put forward by the Members of the Legislature. The existing arrangement for providing accommodation and other facilities to the Members of the Legislature may, therefore, continue under the control of this Secretariat.

Translation Unit

64.6. This Unit has four officials for attending to the work of translation of Questions, Resolutions, List of Business, Circulars etc., from English into Kannada and vice versa. Sometimes they have also got to attend to translation of matters in Marathi, Urdu etc. It was represented that they had limited chances of promotion and that their interests would be better served by transferring them to the Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs which also comprised the Translation Branch with the Chief Translator as its Head. The proposal for such transfer was discussed with the Chief Translator and his views were also elicited. The argument that they have limited chances of promotion does not appear to be

well founded The Rules of Recruitment relating to this Secretariat provide for promotion to the post of Assistant Editor by selection of a Translator of the Mysore Legislature Secretariat There is also a chance of second promotion to the post of Section Officer (Questions) to which appointment is to he made by promotion by selection of Senior Assistant, Reporter or Assistant Editor of Debates of the Mysore Legislature Secretariat. In the interest of the smooth working of the Department the Government will be well advised to retain the Translation Unit as a separate wing in the Legislature Secretariat itself

64.7 As regards the future, it may be possible to transfer the Translation work of this Department to the Translation Department itself as was being done before. Once the existing Translators retire in the ordinary course of service or get promotion as Section Officers, the post so vacated may be transferred to the Translation Department along with reasonable volume of work which is now being attended to in the Legislature Secretariat. This procedure, if followed, will bring about such change in course of time that the entire translation unit in the Legislature Secretariat will be liquidated and the department will be able, gradually to indertake the entire translation work of this Secretariat. This process is bound to take sometime but that appears to be inevitable in the circumstances of the case.

Overtime Allowance

- 618 Some officials of this Secretariat are paid overtime allowance as and when directed by the Secretary to attend to work outside the normal hours of work, during the period when the Legislature is in Session The rates and conditions for payment of such allowance are laid down in GON LAW 99 LGR 58, dated 2 5 1960
- For the reasons already stated, the Commission is not in favour of navment of overtime allowance normally. But the conditions under which the overtime allowance is paid in this Department are different. It also appears that other Governments like Madras Lave been sanctioning overtime allowance for the period of extra work put in by officials when the Legislature is in Session Commission has therefore no objection for the continuance of the present rates of allowance It has been represented to the Commission that the scales at which overtime allowances were being parl should be increased to Rs 2 for Class III Officers and Rs. 1 50 for Class IV officers as against Re. 1 and 75 page respectively raid at present. There does not appear to be any justification for enhancing the rate. It was, lowever, represented that according to the order in force, it was only the time of stay on duty beyond 7 PM that was taken into consideration for payment of the overtime allowance and that no note was taken of extra hours of work both in the morning an I in the exeming or on some days only in the morning or on holi lavs This request, appears to be equitable and just It is, therefore, recentmended that overtime allowance may be pail in cases in which the officials are directed by the Secretary to attend to work in connection with the Secretary of the legislature at the rate of Pe I for every three hours of extra work for every Class III O "cial at I the rate of 75 page for every two hours of extra work by

pre-cribed is that such person must have not less than ten years standing at the Bar and must not be more than 40 years of age on the date of appointment. Such a person directly recruited may not be able to meet the needs of the post-adequately. Besides such a recruitment will deny an opportunity for promotion to persons in service. As the two alternative modes prescribed in Schedule II to the Pules for this post are adequate, the Commission considers that the third mode nowadme for direct recruitment may be altogether deleted.

64 13 The scale of pay prescribed for this post is Rs 900-50-1,000-60-1 600-50-1 800 This scale is identical with the senior time scale of the Indian Administrative versice. Like other Secretaries, borne on the Indian Adminis trative Service cadm, the Legislature Secretary also gets a Special Pay of Rs. 150 The duties and responsibilities of this officer are more or less the same as those of the Secretaries to Covernment. It may be noted that the Secretaries in the Indian Administrative Service culre draw salary in different scales according as they are in the supertime scale, selection grade or senior time scale. It has been brought to the notice of the Commission that the present incumbent of this post had almost reached his maximum. Taking all the circumstances into account, the Commission considers that the proper scale for this post may be (Rs 1,300-00-1 600-50-1.800) There may be a Selection Grade scale of Re 1,800-100-2,000 for a very senior officer, who reaches the maximum of the scale much prior to his sur crannuation. If the present Secretary satisfies the criteria laid down clean here for grant of Selection Grade, he may be given the scale of pay of Rs 1,800-100-2 000

Deputy Secretary (1) (Rs 600-10-1 600) plus Special Pay Rs 100

64.14 The post of the Deputy Secretary is filled by promotion by selection of an Under Secretary of the Wisore Legislature Secretariat or the deputation or transfer of an officer of the Wisore legislature Service from the calc of Civil Judges. As in the case of the Secretary, there are provision for direct recruitment from amongst persons who have put in not less than siven years' practice at the Ear an i are not more than 40 sears of age on the date of appointment. For the resons already assign d in dealing with the similar provision relating to the Secretary, the Commission considers that the provision for direct recruitment may be did ted.

Cf.15 As regards the scale of pay the Rules presente that the Deputs Secretary should be in the real of Rs. 600-40-4,000. The Rules also provide for pays in the Rs. 600 perm in this Special by As in heat deleast in the scale of pay for such posts should be as regulated as no composite the efficient driving such Special Pay folly for the lute can be sponsibilities attack dut all post. In Fig. 2 the scale of pay for the Deputs Secretary the Commission Lee taken into Fig. 2 the scale of pay for the Deputs Secretary the Commission Lee taken into Fig. 2 the scale of pay for the Deputs Secretary of the Legislature may all enforces be fixed as the 2 to 40 - 100 - 2 to -1000.

- 64.16. Mention has already been made that the post of the Deputy Secretary may be filled by deputation or by transfer of an officer in the Mysore Judicial Service from the cadre of Civil Judges. The Civil Judge so deputed or so transferred may either elect the scale prescribed for the Deputy Secretary or may retain his own scale of pay; in the latter event, he shall be entitled to a Special Pay of Rs. 100 per month or at such other rate as may be determined for Officers of the Indian Administrative Service and the Mysore Administrative Service who are taken on deputation as Deputy Secretaries to Government in the Secretariat.
- Under Secretaries: (3) (Rs. 350—25—650—30—800) + Special Pay Rs. 75 and Registrar: (1) (Rs. 350—25—650—30—800)
- 64.17. The posts of Under Secretaries are to be filled according to the Rules of Recruitment, either by promotion or by deputation or transfer of a Judicial Officer in the cadre of Munsiff, or in the case of Under Secretary (Accounts) from the Mysore State Accounts Service holding a comparable post. The provision for direct recruitment to the posts of the two Under Secretaries, other than the Under Secretary (Accounts), is unnecessary and may be deleted for the reasons already stated while dealing with the identical provision pertaining to recruitment for the post of the Secretary.
- 64.18. The post of Registrar, according to the Rules of Recruitment, is to be filled by promotion of a Section Officer or by deputation or transfer of an officer of the Mysore Judicial Service of the cadre of a Munsiff. There is also provision for direct recruitment which, for reasons aforesaid, is unnecessary and may be deleted. Since the status and the scale of pay prescribed for this post are identical with those prescribed for an Under Secretary, it may be advantageous to change the designation of the post to that of an 'Under Secretary' and club all the posts together. It would be within the competence of the Secretary to distribute and regulate the work amongst these officers, with reference to their previous background and specialisation.
- 64.19. The Rules of Recruitment relating to these four posts of Under Secretaries may be suitably modified so as to provide for their being filled either by promotion of Section Officers or by deputation or transfer of a Munsiff or an Assistant Controller of the Mysore State Accounts Department according as the nature of the vacancy might require.
- Registrar is Rs. 350—25—650—30—800. Note (2) in Schedule I. lays down that an Under Secretary and Registrar will draw a Special Pay of Rs. 75 per month in addition to their grade pay. Like other Under Secretaries in the Secretariat, these officers will not be eligible for any Special Pay. Taking into consideration that the provision for Special pay is deleted, the scale of pay for an Under Secretary may be fixed as Rs. 450—30—660—EB—40—900.
 - 64.21. As already stated, these posts are to be filled on deputation from the cadre of Munsiffs or the Assistant Controllers according to the nature of vacancy. These Officers have got their own scales of pay; on deputation, it would be open

to them to elect to come under the scale of pay fixed for the Under Secretaries in this Department or to retain their own scales of pay in their parent Department, in which event this will be entitled to draw a Special Pay of Rs. 75 per month or at such other rate as may be prescribed for officers taken as Under Secretaries in the other Departments of the Secretariat on deputation from the Indian Administrative service or the Wisser Administrative Service cadre

fditor of Debates (1) (Rs 300-20-400-25-600)

64.22 The Rules of Recruitment provide that the post of Editor of Debutes have be filled by promotion by wheching of a Reporter of the Mysore Legislature Secretariat or an Newstant Editor of Debutes or by transfer of a person from the State Civil Service holding a compurable post. There is also provision for direct recruitment of a candidate holding a degree of Buchelor of Liws of a recogn of University with not lies than five verys standing at the Bar and not him, more than 37 to its of age on the date of appointment. Since the first two modes of recruitment are adequate to meet the needs of efficient service, the provision for direct recruitment is unnecessary and may, therefore, by deleted. The scale of pay for this post is 300—20—400—25—400. Taking into conderration the duties and responsibilities of this post, the scale of pay for this post in is be resired as Rs 370—23—600—30—218—40—900.

- 64.25. Though there is a post of an Estate Officer, it is understood from the Department that one of the Kannada Reporters has been promoted to that post. It is therefore, necessary that provision is made by prescribing a suitable mode of recruitment for this post and the present appointment regularised.
- 64.26. All the aforesaid posts are in the scale of pay of Rs. 250—20—350—25—500. It would be administratively convenient to group all these posts together, as already suggested, and treat them as Section Officers. Normally these posts may be filled by promotion of officers in the cadre of Senior Assistants, Reporters, Translators, as provided in the Rules; it is only when a person with the necessary background and training for maining one of the several posts in the cadre is not available for promotion from the lower cadre of services amenable to the department that an officer holding a comparable post in some other department may be taken on deputation. The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 275—20—375—EB—25—525. The Special Pay of Rs. 50 per month to to the Estate Officer who attends to the duties at the Legislators' Home may continue as the duties and responsibilities of the post are peculiar and are not comparable to any other post in the Secretariat.

Translators: (4) (Rs. 225—10—285—15—375)

- 64.27. As suggested already, these posts are not to be filled when the present incumbents are either promoted or retire in due course. Hence the Rules of this Department need not provide for fresh recruitment.
- 64.28. The Translators at present are in the scale of pay of Rs.225—10—285 15—375. Taking into account their duties and responsibities, the scale of Pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 250—10—300—15—420—EB—20—500.

Reporters: (24) (Rs.150—10—260—15—350—25—500)

- 64.29. The Rules of Recruitment provide that these posts may be filled by promotion of Stenographers or by direct recruitment of persons who hold a degree of a University with proficiency in English Shorthand and Typewriting for English Reporters, who have passed the S. S. L. C. Examination, preference being given to degree holders with proficiency in Kannada Shorthand for Kannada Reporters and examination in Shorthand in the particular language for other language Reporters. The posts require a high degree of specialisation and it is, therefore, necessary to retain both the modes of recruitment.
- 64.30. The Rules of Recruitment do not specify the period of service which a Stenographer should have put in before he becomes eligible for promotion as a Reporter. Considering that the work of a Reporter is strenuous and needs a skillful stenographer with high speed, the Rules of Recruitment may provide that a Stenographer who has put in not less than five years of service may be eligible for romotion as Reporter.
- 64.31. These posts are in the scale of pay of Rs.150—10—260—15—350 25—500. The scale of pay for Reporters of the Legislature in Madras State is Rs. 250—10—300—15—450—25—500, in Andhra Pradesh Rs. 250-20-450-25-500

while in Maharashtra it is Rs 300—20—400—EB—20—500—EB—25—600
There are, however, two scales of pay in Kerala---Rs 150—10—260—15—350 and
Rs 225—10—275—15—425 It has been represented by these officials that they
should be given the scale of pay prevailing in the States of Madras and Andhra
Pradesh Taking into consideration these scales of pay and the scales of pay
that are fixed for other posts having a relative bearing under the State Government
the Cou mission recommends that the scale of pay for the Reporters may be fixed
as Rs 200—10—300—16—450—EB—25—25—550

- 64 32 It has been represented that there was need for Reporters who could report both in Kannada and English simultaneously as there was need for reporting in two languages when discussions ensue during the course of the speeches. In order to provide an incentive to officials who can report in two languages, it was suggested that a Special Pay of Rs. 15 per month might be given to such of the Reporters who were proficient in reporting in two languages and were required to take down the proceedings in Kannada as also in English.
- 64 33 The attention of the Commission has been drawn to the fact tha there are few opportunities of promotion for the Reporters and that one of the Reporters at present is entrusted with the task of allotting work to the othe Reporters. In order to provide an opportunity for promotion to these Reporter and to see that a suitable officer is entrusted with the task of distribution of work it is suggested that two of the existing posts of Reporters may be upgraded a Selection grade posts in the scale of pay of Rs 300—25—550—bB—30—700 to bifilled by selection from the cydre of reporters. The senior of the two may be designated as the Chief Reporter and may be given an allowance of Rs 25 per month as it shall be his duty to organise and allot work amongst the variou Reporters besides himself attending to the work of reporting in his turn

Senior Assistants (4) (Rs 200-10-250-15-400)

Assistants (18) (Rs 130-3-150-8-150-10-270) +Special pay Rs 25 (for one Assistant)

Stenographers (5) (Rs 130-5-150-8-180-10-270)
+ Steno Allowance Rs 30 + Special pay Rs 30
(for 2 Stenos working with Fresiding Officers)

Juntor Assistants (20) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)

ct 31 The Scales of pay for these officers may be the same as those for officers I of ling comparable posts in the Mysore Government Secretariat. The Special Lay sanctioned for the Assistant may be abolished

Interpretate (3) (Pr. 80 3-110-4-120-5-150) +Special pay Rs. 10 p.m.

et 35. The scale of pay given to the Jurior Assistant of the Mysor. Government Screening may be given to this official. The special pay may be abolished

Telephone Operators: (5) (Rs. 100-5-150-6-180)

64.36. There are Telephone Operators in the Secretariat of the Government. The same scale of pay may be prescribed for the Telephone Operators in this Department as well.

Chauffeurs: (12) (Rs. 70—1—80—2—100) + Spl. pay Rs. 25 p.m. for 2 Chauffeurs working with Presiding Officers and the rest Rs. 10 p.m.

Attenders: (8) (Rs. 70—2—90) Jamedars: (2) (Rs. 70—2—90) Mutchis: (1) (Rs. 70—2—90) Dalayats: (28) (Rs. 50—1—60)

64.37. There are corresponding posts in the Mysore Government Secretariat and the scales of pay prescribed for them may also be the scales of pay for these officials.

Carpenters-cum-Polishers: (2) (Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)

64.38. These posts are filled by direct recruitment of persons with good knowledge of carpentry preference being given to persons who have passed a recognised examination. Taking into consideration their duties and responsibilities, the scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 95—3—125—4—145—EB—5—200.

Maistries: (4) (Rs. 70-2-90)

64.39. Under the Rules of Recruitment, these posts are filled by direct recruitment or by promotion of Dalayats or Cycle Orderlies. Their present scale of pay is Rs. 70—2—90. Their scale of pay may be revised and fixed as Rs. 85—2—95—3—125—EB—1—145.

Cleaners and Waiters: (8) (Rs. 55-1-65-2-75)

64.40. There are two posts of Cleaners and six posts of Waiters in the scale of pay of Rs. 55—1—65—2—75. Their scale of pay may be fixed as Rs. 65—1—75—2—95 in keeping with the principles followed in revising the scales of pay for similar posts.

Room Boys and Sweepers: (30) (Rs. 50-1-60)

64.41. There are 22 posts of Room Boys and eight posts of Sweepers in the seale of pay of Rs. 50—1—60. Their seale of pay as revised may be fixed as Rs. 60—1—80—2—90.

Marshal: (1) (Rs. 300—20—400—25—600)

Deputy Marshal: (1) (Rs. 225—10—285—15—375)+Spl. Pay Rs. 30

64.42. The post of Marshal was vacant for the last 2 years and the Deputy Marshal was looking after the duties of the Marshal in addition to his own duties. Government requested the Commission to give its concurrence to the revival of the post of Marshal on the ground that both the posts of Marshal and Deputy Marshal would be required as separate officers are to be in charge of the work connected

with each of the two Houses of the Legulature The Commission, has howeve suggested that in view of the fact that one officer was able to discharge the dust of both the posts for over 2 years, it would be adequate if the post of the Marsh was revived and the post of the Deputy Marshal was abolished. In recommending the abolition of the latter post, the Commission took note of the fact that the were already two Sub-Inspectars who could render effective assistance to t'Marshal mease of need.

- 64 43 The post of the Marshal carried a scale of Rs 300—20—400—25—60 Pending final recommendation of the Commission, Government were requested reference to post of Marshal in this scale of pay. As Government wated to haboth the post of Marshal and Deputy Marshal, they had suggested that each of the posts might carry Special Pay at 10% of the mean between the minimum of maximum of the scales applicable to them. In view however, of the fact that the Commission was recommending the creation of only one post of Marshal, it was suggested to Gavernment that Special Pay could be paid at Rs. 50 per month
- 04 44 As a rule the Commission is not in favour of Special Pay her attached to isolated posts but would prefer the scale of pay itself fully compensing the person holding the post for the responsibilities and duties attached it l'allowing this principle the Cammission recommends that the sea of pay for the post of Marshal may be fixed as Rs 400-300-700-EE-40-00

Special Pay

Gi 45 In addition to the Special Pays referred to above, the following rat of Special Pay for different posts shown below may be continued

Private Secretaries to the Presiding Officers	-	Rs 60	per moath
Personal Assistants to the Presiding Officers		Rs 30	do
Personal Assistant to the Secretary		Rs 25	do
Assistant in charge of the Stores at the Legislators' Home	,	Rs 25	do
Chauffeurs working with the Presi ling Officers		lts 25	do
	Presiding Officers Personal Assistants to the Presiding Officers Personal Assistant to the Scretary Assistant in charge of the Stores at the Legislators' Home Chauffeurs working with the	Presiding Officers Personal Assistants to the Presiding Officers Personal Assistant to the Scretary Assistant in charge of the Stores at the Legislators' Home Chauffeurs working with the	Presiding Officers Rs 50 Personal Assistants to the Presiding Officers Rs 30 Personal Assistant to the Secretary Rs 25 Assistant in charge of the Stores at the Legislators' Homs Rs 25 Chauffeurs working with the

64 46. Special Par to the Stenoyraphers, Typists and Cycle Orderlies may be regulated in accordance with the general principles as are laid down for similar posts in the Secretar at

Delegation of Powers

- 64.47. All powers now vested in the Secretary under the Manual of Financial Powers may continue. However, the powers now vested with the Board in regard to the grant of overtime allowance may be delegated to the Secretary.
- 64.48. The Sceretary has put forward proposals for additional posts. It has been ascertained that so far no steps have been taken to assess the work-load and indicate the sufficiency or insufficiency of different grades of officers now working in the Department. Under these circumstances, this proposal is left open with the recommendation that the Government shall take suitable steps to have the work-load ascertained in this Sceretariat and consider the need for additional staff. The Commission is, however, inclined to the view that additional staff may not be necessary if the work-load is assessed and the existing Branches of the department are adjusted and grouped together in the manner suggested above.

CHAPTIR 61 Legislature Secretariat

	No. Des pastion	\nmler of posts	l'xisting scals of pay an l Special Pay	Recommen le l scale of pay an l Special Pay	Remarks
	l Anteriasy	-	Ra 500-50-10+1-60-1600 50-1800	Ba 1.00 - 00.1 - 00.1	
	2 Ibjuty versing 3 toler forming		+8pl Pay Rs 120 p m 600-10-1000+4pl lay Rs 101 p m 310-35 610 no 600	1,600-10-2 000 900-10-1,100 0-1 300	belaction Grade
	4 Reg etpar	-	Re 75 pm	150-30-660-1 8-10-500	
•	Ilit rof lielates		340-20-470-25-640	450_30_660_FB_460_500 350_57_f00_30_720_10_50_800	
	Feetlon Offices	- •	250-29-350-25-300	275-20-375-1 B-25-32	
•	Tearstator	o -	27.9-20-330-27-500	275-20-373-1 D-25-525	
° Ξ	Marital Deputy Marstal	•	300-20-100 35-600	250-10-300-15-420-FB-20-500 400-20-700-1 B-40-303	
=	Ventant Eliza of Dat		733-10-245-15-375 + Spl 1sy Rs 30 pm	1	Fort to be aboli-
*	Reporter	- ::	230-20-330-23-300 150-10-350 15-350 2, 500	275-20-373-PB-25-525	nned
2 2	13 Senior Constant If Constant	e: - 91	210-10-240-15-100 130-5-150-8-190-10-270	200-10-200-15-450-EB-25-5.0 300-25-550-PB-30-700 170 - 90 - 90 - 90 - 100 - 100 170 - 90 - 90 - 90 - 100 - 100	Selection Grade
2			+ 'pl Isy Re 25 for one legistant who looks after the Stores in Legis-		Special pay to be abolished
	a contract of the contract of			170-5-180-8-220-5.B-10-300 *Spec +Spl Pay Rs 30 per mensem ue	*Special Pay to be contin- ued,
1			Universand Ra 25 for one working with the Services		

Legislature Secretariat—(contd.)

$ \cdot_{o_{N}} $.	Designation.		Number posts	of Existing scale of pay and Special Pay	Recommended scale of pay and Special Pay.	Remarks.
เธ				R3.	Тв.	ŧ
9	Innior Assistant	:	20+5	80 - 3 - 110 - 4 - 130 - 5 - 150	95-3-125-4-145-BB-5-200	•
17		:	က	80—3—110—4—130—5—150 +Spl. Pay Rs. 10 p.m.	95-3-125-4-145-155-200	ne John oh of the se
18	Telephone Operator	· :	ນ	10051506180		in Mysore Government
						Assistants posted therein.
19	Chauffeur	:	12	70-1-80-2-100+Spl. Pay	85-2-95-3-125-BB-4-145	Special Pay to be continuued.
				Ks. 10 p.m. Spl. Pay Rs 25 per mensem for two Chauffeurs working with Presidence		
G	Attender	;	ø	70—2—90	85-2-95-3-125-EB-4-145	
3 2		:	73	70-2-90	85-2-95-3-125-EB-4-145	
22	Mutchi	:	1	70-2-90	80-2-90-3-120-4-140	
23	Daffedar	:	4	65-2-85	80-2-90-3-120-4-140	
24		:	28	50-1-60	60-1-80-2-90	
25	_	:	₹	50-1-60+Spl. Pay Rs. 3 p.m.	60-1-80-2-90 +Spl. Pay Rs. 3 p.m.	
26		:	ĸ	50—1—60	60-1-80-2-90	
27	Watchman	:	22	50-1-60	60-1-80-2-90	
28	_	÷	7	0.80 - 3 - 110 - 4 - 130 - 5 - 150	9531254145EB5200	
29		:	₩	70-2-90	85-2-95-3-125-8B-4-145	
30		:	7	55-1-65-2-75	60-180-290	
31	Room-boy	:	22	50-1-60	601-80-2-90	
32	Sweeper	:	œ	50-1-60	60 - 1 - 80 - 2 - 90	
33		:	9	55-1-65-2-75	60 - 1 - 80 - 2 - 90	
34	Typist	:	က	85-3-110-4-130-5-150	95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200	
				Topic tay are to per measure	Tolin tal tes to her more	

CHAPTER 65

Department of Subordinate Judiclary

- 65 1 The Department of Subordinate Judiciary is under the administrative control of the High Court of Mysore, Bangalore
- 65.2 Besides the District and Sessions Courts in each District, Additional Judges have been appointed in Districts in which the work load is heavy. Every District has also a Court of Civil Judge. In the Districts of Bancalore Belgaum, Bijapur and Dharwar, there are additional Civil Judges. There are Courts of Munis's and Magistrates at the Taluk level but in many Taluk Courts, Judicial Officers of the rank of a Munisiff, function both as Munisiffs and as Judicial Magistrates.
- 65.3 The establishment of the Court of a District and Sessions Judge comprises one Sheristelar, one head Munch, First and Second Grade Copy of Examiner and other usual munisterial establishment as in other offices. The District and Sessions Courts are presided over by District and Sessions Judges, Civil Courts 1. Civil Judges and Munsiffs, while the combined Civil and Magisterial Courts are presided over by Munsiff Magisterias. It is, however, seen that the attiffing pattern is not uniform in all the Courts.

I grading the posts of Sheristedars

- 65.4 It has been represented that even though uniformity had been scent a both as regards it excelse of pay and the pecuniary jurisdiction of the Prending Officers uniformity had not be a secured in respect of the striffing pattern in the case of Class III and Class IV jots (non-garetted) in subordinate Courts in different areas of the State and that there is pressing need to achieve uniformity in this respect. The Registrar has pointed out as an instance in point in this connection that the posts of Chief Ministerial Officers in the Bondon area are not equated with posts in the culte of Sheriste lars of the Grid Judge's Court in the OH Wisers treated that no order to remove such anomalies and to achieve uniformity, in the staffing pattern (a) the posts of Sherist dars of District Courts may be uppead to Class III Gazett d Casis, and disagnated as "Registrars of District Courts are Bejatties to District Judge's and the posts of Sherist class of Class III described that in the order to the first III calis. The Commission of Sheriset lats of Civil Courts may be in Class III calis. The Commission of the examining all the posts of the legistrar court is that
 - (i) Steristedars of District Courts may be in Class II (Gazette)) Calre and des guated as R sistrats of District Courts."
 - (ii) Sheristedors in all the Courts of Civil July s may be in Class III (Non-Garett 1) Calre, equated to posts of Sup finited into Grade I and
 - (n.) Hea! Munslies of Minsills. Courts may be equited to Superinter derts. Grade H.

Staffing pattern of the Courts of City Magistrates

65.5. It has been represented that Bangalore City, Dharwar-Hubli City and Mysore City might be declared as "Presidency Towns" and "Presidency Magistrates" appointed for those places. It has also been suggested that the Magistrates in the District Headquarters might be upgraded to the rank of Civil Judges. suggested The Registrar has that the staffling pattern Bangalore Magistrates' Courts at Mysore and Kolar Gold (2),Fields the same as in the Civil Judges' Courts in view the fact that the Magistrates in these places are in the cadre of Civil Judges and the work load in these Courts is also heavy. He has also suggested that the posts of the Magistrates at Hubli, Mangalore, Belgaum and Davangere might be converted into those of City Magistrates. Considering the present judicial set up in the State, the Commission does not think that it would be consistent to have only the posts of Presidency Magistrates without the corresponding grades of Civil Courts as in the Presidency towns. There are no demands for any change in the set up of Civil Courts in Bangalore. Hence the Commission considers that the representation for raising the status of Criminal Courts appears to be reasonable and recommends that (a) the staffing pattern for City Magistrates' Courts at Bangalore, Mysore and Kolar Gold Fields may be the same as in a Civil Judge's Court; and (b) one of the Courts of Magistrates at each of the towns, viz., Hubli, Mangalore, Belgaum and Davangere may be upgraded to a Court of City Magistrate of the status of a Civil Judge's Court with provision for identical staffing pattern.

Justification for having only one cadre of Copyist Examiners

65.6. At present there are only First and Second Grade Copyist Examiners for all District and Civil Courts. The Registrar has stated that a Copyist-Examiner is required to maintain accounts, Registers and Records of the cases and in addition to supervise the work of the Copyists; he is also responsible for receiving and prescribing copying sheets. The Registrar has, therefore, suggested that the posts of Copyist Examiners might be upgraded to the cadre of First Division Clerks and that all Courts might be provided with Copyist Examiners in the eadre of First Division Clerks. The Commission considers these suggestions to be reasonable and recommends that (a) Copyist Examiners in all Courts may be in the I Division Clerical eadre; (b) Copyists may be included in the eadre of II Division Clerks and promoted as Copyist Examiners in their turn on the basis of seniority-cummerit and (e) there need not be a separate eadre for Copyist Examiners.

Justification for equating "Non-S.S.L.C. Copyists" with "S.S.L.C. Copyists"

65.7. The Registrar has stated that "Non-S.S.L.C." Copyists may be equated with "S.S.L.C." Copyists as there is no distinction in their scales of pay on entry. He has also stated that as there is no future recruitment to the posts of II Grade "Non-S.S.L.C." Copyists the existing incumbents might be given the same scale of pay as "S.S.L.C." Copyists. The Commission has examined this question and considers that it would not be reasonable to equate "Non-S.S.L.C." Copyists with "S.S.L.C. Copyists" as such equation would raise

problems in other departments of administration where Non S S L C officials have been doing similar type of work and has accordingly recommended different scales of pay for these two categories of officials

Yeed for creating posts of Typists for all Courts

65 8 At present there are no separate posts of Typists in the Courts and the typing veril is being attended to by the Stengraphers or the Typist Copyists or Clerka knowing typing. It has been suggested that all the Courts including the Munsifis' Courts should be provided with separate posts of Typists. The Commission recommends that each Civil Court may be given an independent Typist but considers that there is no need to have independent Typists in Courts, where there are Clerka knowing typing work and have been attending to typing work now, in which case, they may be pud additional allowance of Rs 10 per me isem for this work. The position in all the Courts in the State may be ascertained and the necessary number of additional posts of typists may be got sanctioned.

Posting of Nazirs in Civil Courts

65.9 At present the distribution of Nazirs in various Courts is not uniform. It has been ript sented that there were two Nazirs in the Civil Courts in the Mysore area as against one in the Court of the Hyderabad area. The Commission has considered this question and recommends that there should be one Nazir for overy District Court one for the Court of the Civil Judge, and Munsiff in the District Head Quarters and other places where there are Courts of Civil Judges. There should be one Nazir each for a Court of a Minsiff, where that is the only Court

Grading of Amins and Process Servers

C5 10 It has been represented by some untresses that the posts of Process Servers should be aboushed and that all the persons discharging the duties of Process Servers designated as Bashiffs as in other States. It has, however, been represented by others that Process Servers should be in a lower grade and Amina in a higher grade. The Commission recommends that (a) Process Servers may be in one grade and (b) Amina may be in a higher grade and re designated as Bashiffs.

Fixed Travelling Illowance for Imins and Process Servers

(5.11 The Amine and Process Servers are at present drawing Rs. 15 per mers in as fixed Travelling Allowance. It has been represented that in view of the increase in the cost of fixing the present Lixed Travelling Allowance should be enhanced to Ps. 25 per rers in or Rs. 35 per minion. The Rightfar has also as given titler it. Lixed Travelling Allowance in might be increased to Rs. 25 per rers in the Commission in commends that the Lixed Travelling Allowance fastisched to these posteriors be raised to Ls. 25 per minion.

Il me Orbels of a D street Jut es as tother Officers of the Department

of the first lower lower early enter that all subordinate Judical Occurred to the provided with higher to assist it in invaring books

papers, files, etc., to their residences and back or in the alternative they may be paid a fixed "Peon Allowance" of Rs. 100 per mensem. It has also been suggested to the Commission by others that 2 Home Orderlies might be provided for District Judges and one Home Orderly for other Officers and that no allowance need be paid in lieu of Home Orderlies. The Commission has made its recommendations in regard to Home Orderlies in Chapter 7. These recommendations apply equally to the Officers of the Judicial Department.

Posting of Watchmen to Courts

65.13. The question of appointing Watchmen in all Courts to prevent cases of thefts came up for the consideration of the Commission. It was stated in this connection that there was a proposal to utilise the services of the Police to watch the Courts but that the proposal did not materialise. The Commission has examined in Chapter 9 on "Efficiency and Work-load" the question of making arrangements for watch and ward for all Government Offices. The principles indicated therein may be applied to Courts also.

Provision of accommodation to Judicial Officers

65.14. Several Judicial Officers have represented to the Commission that some special arrangements should be made to provide residential accommodation to all the Judicial Officers in the State particularly in view of the fact that it would not be proper to expect them to go to private land-lords for securing accommodation and thereby placing themselves in an awkward and embarrassing potition. The Registrar, High Court, has suggested in this connection, that Government might take on lease some residential houses in the several places, where the Courts are located in order to provide accommodation to the Judicial Officers by charging them 10% of their pay as rent. The Commission has considered this matter and suggests that the recommendations made in Chapter 7 may be implemented very early in the case of Officers of the Judicial Department.

Age of retirement of Judicial Officers

65.15. Some of the Judicial Officers have suggested that their age of retirement might be raised to 60 years in order to enable them to earn full pension in view of the fact that they enter service almost in their middle age. The Registrar has also endorsed this suggestion. The Commission has examined in Chapter 8 the question of raising the age of retirement and the recommendation made therein in regard to Officers of other Departments may apply to officers of the Judicial Department also. As regards their eligibility for full pension, the Commission has recommended the addition of specific number of years to the total period of service so that the disadvantage of entry into service at an advanced age may be minimised.

Establishment of New Courts

65.16. The basis on which new Courts are constituted in the State came up for consideration before the Conmission. The Registrar stated in this connection that establishment of new Courts is generally recommended only after getting statistics of eases instituted during the 'previous 5 years and assessment of the

work by one of the Honourable Judges It was also stated that the convenience of the litigant public was the primary consideration while constituting new Courts From the statistics available to the Commission it appears that many of the newly established Courts do not have full work and that continuance of such Courts is a drain on the State exchequer The Commission has been given the impression il at some of the Courts were established with the idea of taking justice to the litigant's" door rather than as a matter of necessity. The result is that there are new courts without adequate work and with little or no benefit to the litigants The cost of litigation has increased as the litigants are not satisfied with the local talent availabe at the taluk places and engage lawyers working in old courts or in the District places. The Commission recommends that the Government and the fligh (ourt in mutual consultation with each other should decide very early upon the steps to be taken for a report on the number of Courts with inadequate work and then examine the fersibility of abolishing them by readjustment of jurisdic tions As a working rule the Commission suggests that (a) there may be a District Court is the Headquarters of each District . (b) there are certain Civil Judges Courts which have very insufficient work. Such Courts should be abolished by suitable amendments to the Civil Courts Act There are certain Civil Courts where the work is very heavy , it is essential that nidditional posts are Toreated for such courts temporarily to reduce the arrears (c) What is stated above with regard to the Civil Judges Courts applies to Courts of Munsiffs It is necessary to make a study of these questions and abolish unnecessary Courts by suitably amending the Civil Courts Act, 1965

t reation of Selection Grade in the Cadre of District Judges

suggested that the number of posts in the selection grade might be fixed as 4 with the scale of pay of Rs. 2,250—125—2,500. The Commission recommends that the scale of pay should be suitably revised as stated infra and that 10°, of the posts in the cadre of permanent District Judges should be created in the Selection Grade. The Commission also recommends that this grade may be personal to the officers concerned: but that no posts need be carmarked for the officers in the Cadre holding specific posts. As a working rule, however, officers in this cadre may be posted to heavier charges or more responsible posts.

Amendments to the Mysne Civil Courts Act, 1964

- 65.18. The Commission suggests both in the interest of economy and efficiency the following amendments to the Act:—
 - (1) It has been suggested above that certain Courts of Civil Judges which have insufficient work, may be abolished and the work of Courts should be entrusted to the District Judges. Section 20 of the Mysore Civil Courts Act. 1964 should be amended to provide for appeals against decrees and orders passed by Munsiffs being filed directly in the Court of District Judge.
 - (2) The Government should be invested with the power of enlarging the pecuniary jurisdiction to Rs. 15,000 of such of the Munsiffs as have put in 10 years of service and are recommended by the High Court both as regards their competency and the need for such action.
 - (3) Sections 25 and 26 should be amended to empower a Civil Judge in charge of the post of a District Judge to pass orders in urgent matters.
 - (4) The Act should be so amended on the pattern of Section 23 of the Bombay Civil Courts Act so as to empower the High Court to create additional posts of Civil Judges and Munsiffs for any Civil Court by keeping similar posts vacant in any other Court. Such provision will enable the High Court to cope with the problem of disposal of accumulated arrears without seeking for Government sanction which requires much correspondence and involves delay. This does not involve additional expenditure to Government except in the matter of Travelling Allowance and minor adjustments of ministerial posts.

Uniform Staffing Pattern

- 65.19. With a view to achieving uniformity in the staffing pattern in the Class III and Class IV (non-gazetted) Cadres in the Subordinate Courts in the different areas of the State, the Registrar has suggested that the following steps might be taken:—
 - (i) The required number of posts of II Division Clerks might be upgraded to that of I Division Clerks so as to secure the ratio of 1: 4 fixed while revising the seales of pay in 1961;
 - (ii) There should be a Central Process Nazirs Branch in each District Court;
 - (iii) Class IV posts might be regrouped and divided into 3 eategories with different scales of pay.

15.20 The Commission has considered these suggestions and is of the view that there should be a uniform stuffing pattern for each extegory of Courts based on the ax essment of work load. The High Court may, in consultation with Government undertake at Work Study" of 2 or 3 Courts of each extegory and prescribe a standard stiffing pattern. The question of uncreasing the strength of Division Clerks to secure the normal ratio of 4. I between H Division and 1 Division Clerks may be decided in the light of the work study as proposed.

Creation of Leave Reserve Posts in the Department

C5 21 It was represented by some officials of the Department that the High Court of Andhra Prade hand created some leave reserves in the ministerial eadres, it is the system was working surfactorily and that a similar system might be introduced in this State also. It has been ascertimed that no such leave reserves are rested in the Grazetted and Non-Grazetted endres in the Subordinate Ludiciary in the neighbouring States of Kerala. Andhra Pridesh, Madras and Maharushtra. The Registrar has stated that 10 per cont of the actual strength in all eidres may be created as leave reserve posts. The Commission recommends that leave reserve may be created in this Department in accordance with the general principles laid dwin in Chapter 8.

the Selection Grade. Appointments to these posts may be made by selection from among the District Judges of marked ability, integrity and character. The Cadre and Recruitment Rules may be suitably amended. The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 1,800—100—2,000.

Civil Judges (38) (Rs. 600-40-1000)

65.25. According to the Cadre and Recruitment Rules appointments to the Cadre of Civil Judges are made by promotion on the basis of seniority-cum-merit from the cadre of Munsiffs. This mode of recruitment may continue. It was represented that the scale of pay overlaps that of Munsiffs, that most of the officers get no benefit on promotion to the cadre and that the scale of pay should be so fixed that some real benefit should accrue to the officers on promotion to the higher cadre. Long scales have been adopted in order to avoid stagnation in the lower cadres and hence overlapping is inevitable. The scale of pay for these posts may therefore be fixed as Rs. 700—40—900—50—1,200.

Munsiffs (176) (Rs. 350-25-650-30-800)

Sheristedars (District Courts) (14) (Rs. 250-10-320-15-440)

65.27. According to the Rules of Recruitment, appointments to these posts are to be made by promotion from the cadre of Sheristedars of Civil Judges' Courts on the basis of seniority-cum-merit. The existing mode of recruitment may continue. The Commission recommends that these posts may be in Class II Gazetted Cadre and designated as Registrars of District Courts. The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 275—20—375—EB—25—525.

Sheristedars, Civil Judges Courts (11) (Rs. 180—10—270—15—360) Head Munshis, Head Clerks, District Courts (15) (Rs. 180—10—320)

- 65.28. The Rules of Recruitment provide for the posts of Sheristedars, Civil Judges' Courts being filled by promotion from the eadre of Head Munshis and Head Clerks of the District Courts on the basis of seniority-cum-merit; the rules provide for the posts of Head Munshis and Head Clerks of District Courts being filled by promotion from the eadre of Sheristedars of Subordinate Courts on the basis of seniority-cum-merit.
- 65.29. The Commission considers that these two eadres could, with advantage, be amalgamated and a combined cadre formed for Sheristedars, Head Munshis and

Head Clerks The posts in the combined cadre could be filled by promotion from the combined lower cults of Sheristedars of Subordinate Courts and Head Munshis of Manuffs Courts. The Rules of Regultment may be amended accordingly

65 30 The scal of pay for these posts in this combined culre may be fixed as Rs 200 -10-250-15 .70-EB-20-4.0

Sheristedats of Sthordinate Courts (87) (Rs. 140-5-150-8-190-10-250)

Head Murshis of Munifis Courts (29)(Rs. 110-5-159-6-180-10-220)

- 65.31 According to the Rules of Recruitment the posts of Sheristedies of subordinate Courts are to be filled by pronotion from the eader of Head Hunshis of Munsuffs Courts and I Division Clerks Head Record Keepers, Nazirs Grade I and Translators on the haves of seniority cum ment. The posts of Head Munshis of Munsuffs Courts are to be filled by promotion from a common list of I Division Clerks Head Record Keepers Nazirs Grade I and Translators in the same Grade of pay
- 65.32 A Special Pay of Rs. 10 per mensem has been sanctioned to the Head Minishs of Minishs' Courts in view of the fact that after revision of scales of pay in 1957. I Division Clerks and Head Minishs were given the same scales of pay dovernment have recommended that a Special pay of Rs. 10 per mensem may be sanctioned uniformly to the Head Minishs of Minishs Courts and Head Clerks of Minishs Courts of all areas in the State with effect from 1st January 1957.
- 65-73 The Commission considers that the cadre of Sheristed its of Subordinate Courts could, with advantage the analgemented with the cadre of their Minnellas of Minnellas Court and a combined vadre formed. The posts in the combined cadre may be filled by promotion from the cadre of I Division Clerks, their Record Keel its Nazirs Grile 1 and Translators on the Lesis of semonity case ment. The Pules of Recruitment may be amended accordingly.
- d5.71 The revised earls of pay for the combined sudre of Sheristellus of Subordinate Courts and Head Minishos of Minish Courts may 1 fixed as 14.175 10-275-115. 250 1 Hz-20 450
- 65/37. In view of the fact that the revised seek of pay leadern recommended for the posts at is not considered necessary to grant any special jet to Head Munda and Head Gets.
- I Di mon Clerke Heid Leert Keepers Navies Gende Lait Trinslators (151)

65.37. According to the Rules of Recruitment appointments to these posts are to be made to the extent of 90% of the vacancies by direct recruitment through the Public Service Commission and in accordance with the Mysore Ministerial Service (Recruitment) Rules, 1958 and the remaining 10% by promotion of Class IV staff. These modes of recruitment may continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs.95—3—125—4—145—EB—5—200.

Cash Allowances to Nazir and Cash Clerks Dealing with Cash

65.38. At present Special pay (Cash Allowance or Duty Allowance) of Rs 10/per mensem is given to the Cash Clerks and the Nazirs of Subordinate Courts dealing with cash, only in certain Districts in the State. It has been suggested that this cash allowance might be extended to such of those officials in the Civil and Criminal Courts in the State who are actually dealing with cash and maintaining Cash Books. The Commission recommends that Cash Clerks and Nazirs of Subordinate Courts dealing with Cash may be paid cash allowance at 10% of the mean between the maximum and minimum of the scale of pay attached to the post in accordance with the principles enunciated in Chapter 5 dealing with Special pay.

I Grade Stenographers (37) (Rs.110-5-150-6-180-10-220)

- 65.39. The Rules of Recruitment provide for 66%% of these posts being filled by direct recruitment of persons who have passed S. S. L. C. examination or possess equivalent qualifications with a pass in Senior Typewriting and Shorthand examination and the remaining 33% by promotion from the eadre of Typists qualified in shorthand. These modes of recruitment may continue.
- 65.40. The Stenographers of the Judicial Department have represented to the Commission that they might be designated as Junior Judgment Writers (Stenographers Grade II) and Senior Judgment Writers (Stenographers Grade I). The Commission does not think it necessary to change the designation. They have also represented that they should be given better scales of pay than the Stenographers of corresponding status in other Departments. The Commission has considered this question and recommends that the Stenographers attached to the District Judges, Civil Judges and Magistrates in that cadre, (and Tribunals) may be given the same scales of pay as I Division clerks viz., Rs.140—5—150—8 190—EB—10—260—15—290 and a special pay of Rs. 50 per month (as against the special pay of Rs. 30 per month recommended to be continued in respect of the I Grade Stenographers of other Departments) as their work is heavy and as they heave also to work overtime and even on holidays on many occasions.

II Grade Stenographers and Typists (200) (Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)

65.41. The Rules of Recruitment provide for these posts being filled by direct recruitment of persons who have passed the S.S.L.C. examination or possess equivalent qualification with a pass in Junior Grade Typewriting and Junior Grade Shorthand Examination. This mode of recruitment may continue.

- 0.5 42 Stenograpeas Grade II who are attached to the Munsifis and Magistrates have helve work and on several occasions they are also required to work than that for their counterparts in other Departments. The scale of pay for this cadte may be Rs 95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200. The Typists may be given a special Pay as the Typists in other Departments it; Rs 10 per mensem, while the Stenographers may be given a Special Pay of Rs 30 per mensem (as aga as the usual Special Pay of Rs 20 per mensem in other Departments) in consideration of the facts mentioned above in respect of I Grade Stenographers attached to Judicial Officers (and Tribunals)
- 65 43 The Commission has recommended in Chapter 4 that Stenographers and Typists who did not opt for the clerical scales of pay might be given the following revised scales of pay

Il Grade Stenographers and Rs 175-10-275-15-350-EB-20-450 Rs 110-4-130-5-170-EB-0 200

The Sterographers Grade I and Grade II who have not opted to the elerical scales may be given Special Pay at the rate of Rs 20 and Rs 10 per measure respectively.

Special Allowance for Stenographers Grade I and II"

6544 The Stenographers Grade I and Grade II attached to the Judicial Officers and Iribunals have represented that as they have to attend the residences of these officers who mostly give dictations outside office hours, they should be given additional Special Pay or Conveyance Allowance. The Commission recommends that such of the Stenographers in Grade I and II who are required to attend the residence of Judicial Officers and of Tribunals may be given an additional Special Pay of R4 20 and Rs 15 per measur respectively.

Copyest Frameners (51) (Rs 80-3-110-1-130-5-150)

- 65 45 According to the Rules of Recruitment the posts of Copyist-Examiners are to be filled by promotion from the cadro of Copyists Grade I in their turn. This mode of recruitment is adequate
- 65 46 At present the scale of pay for both these cudre is the same tir, Rs %0 3-110-1-130-5-150 If the posts of Copyist-l'xammers are to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Copyists Grade I, the scale of pay for the former would I see to be sightly higher than that for the latter. The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs 110-4-130-5-170-EB 6-200

Typus Copputa (48) (Rs 80-3 110-4-130-5-150)

- 65.47 The Bules of Recruitment provide for these posts being filled by direct recruitment of persons who have passitle SSLC Lamination or possess of recruitment of persons and a pass in Junior Typewriting Examination. This mode of recruitment is a lequate.
- 63.48 The size of pay for three protessing the revisions Re 95-3-125-4-145 -FB-5-366

Copyists Graic I: (209) (Rs. S0-3-110-4-130-5-150)

- 65.49. According to the Rules of Recruitment appointment to these posts are to be made by direct recruitment of persons who have passed the S.S.L.C. Examination or possess equivalent qualification and who are able to read and write the language of the District. This mode of recruitment may continue.
- 65.50. The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. 95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200.

Copyists Grade II: (35) (Rs. 70—2—80—3—110)

- 65.51. According to the Cadre and Recruitment Rules, no recruitment will be made to these posts in future.
- 65.52. The scale of pay for the present incumbents of these posts may be revised as Rs. 85-2-95-3-125-EB-1-145.

Amins and Attenders Grade I: (461) (Rs. 60-1-70-2-90)

- 65.53. According to the Rules of recruitment appointments to these posts are to be made by promotion from the cadre of Record Attenders, Book Binders, Process Servers and Jamedars.
- 65.54. The Commission considers that the posts of Amins (to be redesignated as Bailiffs) may be filled by promotion from the carde of Process Servers. The posts of Attenders Grade I may be filled by promotion from the cadre of Attenders Grade II.
 - 65.55. The Rules of Recruitment may be amended accordingly.
- 65.56. The scale of pay for the eadre of Bailiffs and Attenders Grade I may be revised as Rs. 95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200.

Record Attenders (5)
Book Binders (3) (Rs. 60—1—70—2—90)
Jamedar (1)

- 65.57. The Rules of Recruitment provide for these posts being filled by promotion from the eadre of Daftarbunds, Mutchis, Attenders Grade II and Daffedars.
- 65.58. The Commission considers that the posts of Record Attenders and Book Binders may be filled by promotion from the cadre of daftarbunds and Mutchis.
 - 65.59. The posts of Jamedars may be filled from the cadre of Daffedars.
 - 65.60. The Rules of recruitment may be amended accordingly.
- 65.61. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 85—2—95—3—125—EB—4—145.

Daffedars, Daftarbunds, Mutchis, Attenders Grade II: (121) (Rs. 55-1-65-2-75)

65.62. The Rules of Recruitment provide for these posts being filled by promotion from the cadre of other Class IV staff. This mode of recruitment may continue.

five years of service in the said cadre. The Commission considers that the existing modes of recruitment are quite adequate. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 350-25-600-30-780-EB-40-900

Superintendent (1) (Rs 250-15-310-20-470)

66 14 The Rules of Recruitment provide that the post of Superintendent has to he filled by promotion from the eadra of Translation Assistants (Senior) who have put in a minimum period of five years of service in the cade. This mode of recruitment may continue. He is in charge of the administrative section. The scale of pay for the post may be revised as Rs 275—20—375—EB—25—525

Translation Issistants (Senior) (9) (Rs 225-10-285-15-375)

66 15 The Rules Recruitment provide that these posts may be filled hypromotion from the cadre of Translation Assistants (Junior) in the language concerned who have put in a minimum period of five years of service in the said cadr. There is also provision for direct recruitment of a candidate holding a degree of Bachelor of Arts of a recognised University with Second Class in the language along with a good knowledge of English. It was represented that a higher minimum qualification viz., BA (Homs) in Kannada (preferably Master of Arts) might be prescribed for the posts of Translation Assistants. The Commission considers that the posts need not necessarily be filled by persuas with such high qualifications and that the existing minimum qualification prescribed for the recruitment of Translation Assistants may continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 250—10–300—15—420—EB—20—500

Translation Assistants (Junior) (11) (Rs 120-5-150-8-100-10-210)

60.10 Under the Rules of Recruitment, ten per eent of these posts are filled hy promotion from the cadre of Second Division Clerks, while the remaining ninety per cent are filled hy direct recruitment of graduates in Arts in the language for which recruitment is made and who should have a good knowledge of English. The Commission considers that it is necessary to retain both the modes of recruitment as also the proportion. Taking into account the scale of pay proposed for posts with identical qualifications, the Commission recommends that the pay scale for these posts may be fixed as Rs 140—5—150—8—100—EB—10—200—16—200

S enegrapher (1) (Rs 120-5-150-8-190-10-210)

Second Division Clerks (3) (Rs 80-3-110-4-120-5-150)

Typit's (3) (Rs 60-3-110-4-130-5-150) +Special paj af Rs 19/-

At order (1) (1's 70-2-90) Delaya's (c) (1's 50-1-60)

CC 17. These are posts common to all. Departments of Government and the sizes of pay for these officers may be the same as for efficers lolding comparable posts in the office Departments of Government.

Special Pay

- 66.18. It was represented that much difficulty was felt in getting suitable eandidates for the posts of Translation Assistants (Junior) in Minority Languages as they had no promotional opportunities and that it might be desirable to give some Special Pay to such of the Kannada Translation Assistants, who also know one of the minority languages and were entrusted with work in such language in addition to their normal duties. The Commission considers that the request is reasonable and recommends that the Kannada Translation Assistants, who have adequate knowledge of minority languages, may be given a Special Pay of Rs. 15 per month, if they attend to the work relating to the minority languages in addition to their regular work provided that no person is appointed to the post of the Translation Assistant for the concerned Minority Language.
- 66.19. Special Pay to the Stenographers, Typists and Cycle Orderlies may be regulated in accordance with such general principles as are laid down for similar posts in the Secretariat-

Delegation of Powers

66.20. In view of the fact that the Commission has recommended that the Chief Translator may be declared as the Head of a Minor Department, he would naturally exercise all the powers vested in the Head of a Minor Department, under the Manual of Financial Powers; it is not considered necessary to delegate any further powers to him.

CHAPTER Co.

Chief Translator to the Government of Mysore, Bangalore

Designation		No. of	Raisting scale of Pay and Ppecial Pay	Recommended scale of pay and Special	Remorks
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			Re.	П.	
(Lief Travilator	:	-	330-23-670-30-20	450-30-660-EB-40-900	
trantant Tres day of	:	•	500-25-550-30-700	350-25-600-30-740-1-13-10-200	
"sprinter len!	ŧ	-	250-15-310-20-470	275-20-375-83-25-525	
Transfation temtart ("enter)	:	6	227-10-2-5-15-373	250-10-300-15-420-13-20-500	
Trem'stive Visitant (Junior)		=	120-5-170-8-190-10-210	110-3-150-8-150-EB-10-260-	
braneraj ber	:	-	120-5-150-4-190-10-210 +4penal lay Re. 30 p m	140-5-150-8-190-RB-10-260-	
Il Persona Clerk	:	'n	80-3-110-4-130-3-150	######################################	
Typist	:	n	80-3-110-4-130-5-150	95-3-127-1-145-EB-5-200	
Atter ler	:	-	+Special Pay Re 10 p m	+Special Pay Re 10 pm. 85-2-95-3-125-125-145	
Dalayet	ŧ	9	30-1-60	60-1-80-2-90	

CHAPTER 67

Bureau of Economics and Statistics

- 67.1. An independent Department of Statistics was established in the year 1955 with the State Statistician as its Head. The designation of the post of State Statistician was changed to Director of Statistics in the year 1961. In 1966, the Director of Statistics was also appointed as the Registrar General of Births, Deaths and Marriages and the work of issning Birth and Death Certificate was transferred to this Department. The nomenclature of this Department has now been changed to "Bureau of Economics and Statistics". This Department is classified as a Minor Department.
- 67.2. The main activities of the Department are collection and publication of statistical data in a systematic form.
- 67.3. The Director of the Bureau is the Head of the Department. He is assisted at the Headquarters by Deputy Directors, Assistant Directors, Headquarters Assistant and other officers. There are District Statistical Officers (in the grade of Assistant Directors of Statistics) for each district; they are assisted by Senior Statistical Assistants, Junior Statistical Assistants and other staff. There is one additional post of Statistical Officer for the Intensive Agricultural Development Programme in Mandya District.
- 67.4. It was represented that the Department might be upgraded as a Major Department in view of the fact that its activities were increasing, that almost every aspect of development was covered by it and that the purposeful planning of developmental activities of the State was dependent on the material collected and collated by it. Taking into consideration the various grounds put forward in this behalf, the Commission recommends that the Bureau of Economies and Statisties may be declared a Major Department.

Taluk Level Agency

67.5. Officers of this Department are working as Progress Assistants in the Community Development Blocks on deputation and are dealing with matters falling exclusively within the ambit of the activities of the Development Department; but there are no officers of the Department at the Taluk level for collecting the data from the primary reporting agencies in matters not directly connected with the activities of the Development Department. It was emphasised that it might be desirable and necessary to have functionaries at the taluk level for collecting data from the primary reporting agencies in respect of "non-development" matters also, and for undertaking statistical surveys or other work which

might be entrusted to them by the Bureau. It was accordingly suggested that the Progress Assistants who were under the technical control of the Bureau and under the administrative control of the Development Department might be with drawn from the Block Agency and posted as Taluk level Junior Statistical Assis tants. There does not appear to be now particular advantage in removing the Progress Assistants from the Blocks The other work contemplated could be entrusted to these Progress Assistants without disturbing the present set up Commission therefore considers that both in the interest of efficience and of barmonions working at the Talak level, it would be advisable to retain the Progress Assistants as members of the Block team with administrative and technical control vested with the Development Department and the Bureau respectively and that the needs of the Bureau will be met if the Covernment issue executive instru ctions to the Progress Assistants to attend to all the stems of work that may be required of them from time to time by the Bureau in addition to the items of work relating to the Community Development Organisation At the Faluk level. the Progress Assistants may collect data from the various primary reporting agen cies in respect of both development and non development activities, check their correctness collate the data so collected and pass them on to the District Statistical Officers

Mechanisation of work

· 67.7. The Bureau has got the following items of equipment for doing the work pertaining to its own Department as also for doing the work entrusted to it by other Departments of Government as, for example, the Public Service Commission.

Tabulators
Calculators
Punchers
Verifiers.

The Commission has seen the working of the equipment now available in the Bureau, of the Computers in the Hindustan Machine Tools, Ltd., and of the Bradma Machines.

- 67.8. The Scoondary Education Examination Board of the State Government are even now hiring out time on the Computer for attending to major items of work like the results of the S. S. L. C. examination. It would not be worthwhile for the State Government to go in for a Computer as the work which the various Departments of Government can provide for it would be insignificant compared to its capacity, and the installation charges and the hire charges to be paid month after month are both very heavy. The State Government need not, therefore, go in for a Computer but may continue the existing arrangement under which they are hiring out time on the Computers available with the Hindustan Machine Tools Ltd. (or any other Public Sector Organisation).
- 67.9. From the information which the Commission was able to eolleet, the equipment available with the Bureau is being utilised fully and there is no spare eapacity at the moment. The equipment is, however, a little out-dated and required to be replaced by similar equipment of the latest model. The various Departments of Government may be encouraged to adopt the pro-formae in which they are eollecting data so that they could be fed into these machines. If this were to be done and if the work that is entrusted to the Bureau were to increase, it may become necessary to run the equipment during a second shift. The Commission accordingly recommends that Government may issue instructions to the Heads of all Departments, that they might re-frame their pro formae in consultation with the Bureau so as to conform to the requirements of the equipment and to utilise this equipment to the maximum possible extent. If at any further stage, the equipment is required to be replaced, the Government may consider the question of going in for the latest equipment.
- 67.10. If the Bradma Machine is to be installed and utilised it would reduce considerable repetitive work that has to be done in the various offices. It might, however, be not worthwhile purchasing Bradma machines for each individual office since such offices may not be able to keep the machine engaged for a reasonable part of each working day throughout the month. It is, therefore, suggested that one machine may be purchased and maintained centrally either with the Bureau or in a central office like the Vidhana Soudha and the work of all the major offices in Bangalore got done by this machine. The machine is already in use in the

Gulbarga Division for issuing Notices and maintaining accounts in respect of loans given by Government and the arrangement is understood to be working satisfactorily. Government may examine the feasibility of introducing similar arrangement in the other Districts or Divisions in case the work load in a particular district or division justifies the installation of such equipment; if the equipment is so installed it may be inculentally utilised for other miscellaneous purposes like preparation of salary hills etc. If a decision is taken to purchase one or two machines, the necessary personnel ought to be got trained before the purchase and installation of the machines.

Cadre and Recrustment Bules and Scales of Pay

Director (1) (Rs 600-40 1,000)

- 67.11 According to the Rules of Recruitment, the appointment to the post of Statistics or an be made by promotion by selection of the Deputy Directors of Statistics or by direct recruitment of persons who possess a Master's degree in Statistics or I conomies or Mathematics with Statistics as one of the subjects, and a Diplorer in Statistics, and have five very practical experience in statistical with The present moundant of the post is an officer in the selection grade of the Indian Administrative Service. The Rules of Recruitment relating to this post may be small is modified so as to provide for its being filled either by promotion of Diputy Directors or by deputation of an officer in the senior time sociel of the Indian Administrative Service or the Misson Administrative Service. The Commission considers that these two modes of recruitment are adequate to meet all contingence and aggs at a that the provision for direct in criminent may be allegated elected.
- 67.12 The scale of pay prescribed for this post is Rs. 600—40—1,000. The pertailso curries a Conversace allowance of Rs. 75 per meason. As in heated where the Conmission considers it it meet not of continuing the Conversace allowance it escale of pay for such posts should be so regulated as to composite the effects fulls for the daties and responsibilities attributed to that post. The pays is of functors of Statistics in the neighbouring States curry the following scales of pays.

Maharashira . Rs 1,100—1,250 kerila ... Rs 1,000—1,300 Ar lhra Pra lesh ... Rs 900—1,200

It was of the scales the Commission considers that the proper scale for this part would be its 900-10-1,100-50-1,700

D part Director (4) (Hs 350-25-650-30-800)

(7.43) There passes are to be filled a cording to the Rules of Recruiment of let by proving by selection from the caller of Assistant Directors or be dues to cause onto figurates of Classym Scalesca graduates in Fonomics of Washestanes. (I Classym the Ruphons in Statistics. For the reason already assigned in dealing will similar prosters relating to the Director, the Commission

considers that the provision for direct recruitment may be deleted. It was represented to the Commission by the staff of this Department that at present there is one Deputy Director for every six or ten Assistant Directors and that there might be one Deputy Director for every 3—4 Assistant Directors if the work of these Assistant Directors is to be cheeked effectively. The Commission considers that there is no need to have one Deputy Director to supervise the work of 3—4 Assistant Directors and that the present strength of Deputy Directors may continue.

67.14. The Deputy Directors are in the scale of pay of Rs. 350—25—650—30—800. It was suggested to the Commission that the scale of pay for these posts might be the same as that for Deputy Directors in the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Horticulture and the Department of Marketing and for the Deputy Registrars of Co-operative Societies. Taking into consideration the scales of pay in the neighbouring States and the duites and responsibilities of the posts the scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 450—30—660—E.B—40—900.

Assistant Directors of Statistics: (39) (Rs. 250-20-350-25-500)

- 67.15. The Rules of Recruitment provide that these posts have to be filled by promotion from the eadre of Senior Statistical Assistants or by direct recruitment of candidates holding an Honours Degree (I Class) in Statistics or a Master's Degree in Economics or Mathematics with Statistics as a subject or a Master's Degree in Statistics or a Master's Degree in Mathematics 'C' Group (i.e., Statistics) of Karnatak University, preference being given to First Class candidates. It was suggested that a M.Se. degree in First Class might be prescribed as the minimum qualification for recruitment to the posts of Assistant Directors. The Commission does not consider such high qualification necessary and recommends that the existing modes of recruitment and the minimum qualification as now prescribed may continue.
- 67.16. The scale of pay prescribed for these posts is Rs. 250—20—350—25—500. The Department suggested two different scales for the posts of District Statistical Officers and the Assistant Directors at the Headquarters. The Officers of the Department represented that the scale of pay of Assistant Directors might at least be on par with that for Assistant Directors of Agriculture. The Commission considers that it is not necessary to prescribe two different scales of pay for the District Statistical Officers and for the Assistant Directors of Statistics as the duties and responsibilities of officers of these two categories are similar.
- 67.17. The seale of pay for the Assistant Directors/District Statistical Officers may be fixed as Rs. 275—20—375—E.B—25—525.

Headquarters Assistant to the Director of Statistics: (1) (Rs. 250-20-350-25-500)

67.18. The Rules of Recruitment provide that this post may be filled either by promotion of the Manager or by deputation of an officer from the Mysore Administrative Service, Class II. The Commission suggests that the existing modes of recruitment may be retained.

67 19 The scale of pay for this post may be Rs 275-20-375-EB-25-525

Senior Statistical Assistants (125) (Rs 150-8-190-10-270)

- c7 20 The Rules of Recruitment provide that these posts are to be filled either by promotion from the cadre of Junior Statistical Assistants and Progress Assistants or by direct recruitment of graduates in Statistics or in Economics or Mathematics with Statistics as one of the subjects or a Diploma in Statistics of the Indian Statistical Institute, Cilcuita, preference being given to I and II Class candidates. The Commission recommends that both the modes of recruitment may be retained.
- 67.21 The posts are in the scale of pay of Rs 150—8—190—10 -270 The Department suggested that the scale of pay for these posts might be the same as for large cors in the Agricultural Department and the staff of the Department represented that the scale of pay fixed for the Agricultural Demonstrators might be given to these officials. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 175—10—273—15—330—EB 20—450

Junor Statistical Assistants (174) Progress Issistants (172) (Rs 110-5-150-6-180-10-220)

- 67 22 There posts are filled according to the Rules of Recruitment, by direct recruitment of graduates in Statistics of Withematics of Foonomics of Commerce of Agriculture of Physics, preference being given to persons who possess in computer's Certificate. It was requested by the staff of this Department that the posts of First Division Clerks and Junior Statistical Assistants might be treated as one for purposes of promotion from the cudre of Second Division Clerks Computers and Computers as the Second Division Clerks were being posted to work as Computers and Computers as and when occasions arose. The Director also made a similar suggestion in this I chalf. The Commission considers this request to be revenish and recommends that the Rules of Recruitment may be modified suitable.
- 67 23 These posts are in the scale of pay of Rs 110-5-150-6-180-10-220 which is also the scale of pay for First Division Clerks. It was suggested by the D partiment that the scale of pay for these posts might be on par with that firthe lesp ctors in the Co operative Department, as the qualifications necessary for in runtii ent and the nature of duties were similar. The scale of pay for these posts may 1-fixe las Rs 140-5-150-8-190-E B-10 260-15-200 being the scale of pay fixed for First Division Clerks in other Departments.

Computers Computers
I norm rates Pu ch Operators
Satisfical Standardure

(238) (Ps. 60-3-110 4-130-5-160)

17.21 The Calife and Becrustment Rules of this Department do not cover certain variegoties of personnel such as Computers Computers Finamenators, etc., who is contently equated with the Second Division Clerks. It was stated by the

Director that they were considered as part of the technical wing of the Department. The Cadre and Recruitment Rules may be revised so as to provide for the inclusion of these posts in the cadre of Second Division Clerks.

67.25. These posts are in the seale of pay of Rs. 80—3—110—4—130 5—150, which is identical with that of Second Division Clerks. The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 95—3—125—4—145—EB—5—200.

 Artist-cum-Draughtsman:
 (1) (Rs. 180—10—320)

 Draughtsman:
 (1) (Rs. 140—5—150—8—190—10—250)

 Artist-cum-Draughtsman (Junior)
 (1) (Rs. 140—250)

67.26. The post of Artist-cum-Draughtsman is to be filled by promotion of Artist-cum-Draughtsman (Junior) or by direct recruitment of Diploma holders in Drawing, Painting and Draughtsmanship and Certificate holders in Photography and the posts of Draughtsman, and Artist-cum-Draughtsman are to be filled by direct recruitment of Diploma holders in Draughtsmanship and Drawing. As there could be no promotional opportunities for these officials in this Department, the Commission recommends that these posts may be filled by deputation of officials holding corresponding posts in the Public Works Department. The Rules of Recruitment may be so amended as to provide for appointment of these officials by deputation and the scales of pay for these posts may be the same for ""e corresponding posts in the Public Works Department. The liens of the present cumbents may be shifted against corresponding posts in that Department and ey may be treated as on deputation to the Bureau. The scale of pay for these ficers may be the same as for similar posts in the Public Works Department.

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(I)
                            (Rs. 180—10—320)
anager:
iperintendent:
                            (Rs. 180—10—320)
                        (1)
ead Clerk-cum-Accountant: (1)
                            (Rs. 150—8—190—10—270)
                            (Rs. 110-5-150-6-180-10-220)
irst Division Clerks:
                       (11)
cond Division Clerks:
                       (61)
                            (Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)
                            (Rs. 110-5-150-6-180-10-220+Special
                        (6)
enographers:
                             Pay of Rs. 30 per mensem)
                            (Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-5-150+Special
                       (35)
ypists.
                             Pay of Rs. 10 per mensem)
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67.27. These are posts common to all Departments of Government and the ales of pay for these officials may be the same as those for officials holding emparable posts in other Departments of Government.

ttenders: (5) (Rs. 65—2—85) affedar: (1) (Rs. 65—2—85) eons: (86) (Rs. 50—1—60)

67.28. There are corresponding posts in the other Departments of Government and the scales of pay prescribed for these posts may be the same as for those osts.

Special Paj

- 67 29 Special Pay of Rs 50 per mensem is being paid to the Deputy Director in charge of schemes relating to Vital Statistics and Registration Systems. As these art. Centrally spon-ored schemes and are of a temporary character this Special Pay may be continued for so long as the schemes exist. The Jumor Statistical Assistants working under the Mechanical Tabulation. Unit are getting special pay of Rs 10 per mensem and the Punch Operators are getting cash allowance of Rs. 10 per mensem. These allowances may be continued.
- c7 30 It was represented to the Commission that the Typists of the Department had to type out considerable amount of 'figuring matter that it entailed much birder wor! than typing running matter and that the Typists of this Department might be given a Special Pav of Rs 15 per mensem against the usual Special Pav of Rs 10 per mensem. The Commission considers that the existing arrange ments in respect of Typists may be continued and the special pav given to them and to the Steinographers may be regulated in accordance with the general principles laid down in this regard

Delegation of Powers

- 67 31 All the powers now vested in the Director under the Monual of Firancial Powers may continue
- C7 12 The Director has put forward proposals for the reorganisation of this Department and for an additional pott of a full time Deputy Director of Statistics for the State Income Unit. The proposals are not supported by any idetailed work sindy and in the obsence of adequate material, the Commission is not in a position to nake any recommendations. Government may have a study of the work load conducted and then consider the extent to which the Department need he reorganised and strengthened.

CHAPTER 67

Bureau of Economics and Statistics

. _{o_N} .	Designation	No. of Posts	Existing scale of pay and Special Pay	Recommended scale of pay and Special Pay	Remarks
	Director	H 41	Rs. 600-10-1000 + Conveyance Allow- ance Rs 75/-p.m. 350-25-650-30-800	Bs. 900 – 10—1100—50—1300 450—30—660— BB—10—900	Special pay of Rs. 50 per mensem paid to the Deputy Director in charge of Schemes relating to vital statistics and registration system, systems may be continued so long as the scheme exist.
er.	Assistant Director/District Statistical	39	250-20-350-25-500	$275-20-375-\mathrm{BB}-25-527$	
,		н	250-20-350-25-500	275-20-375-BB-25-525	
	ical	125	150-8-190-10-270	175-10-275-15-350-EB-20-	
	Junior Statistical Assistant Progress Assistant	174 172	110-5 - 150 - 6 - 180 - 10 - 220	1405. 1508190EB10 26015290	Special pay of Rs. 10 paid to the Junior Statistical Assistant working under the
	7 Computer, Compiler, Ennmerator, Punch Operator, Statistical Shan- bogue	238	80-3-110-4-130-5-150	95-3-125-1-115-EB-5-200	Mechanical Tabulation Unit may be continued. Cash allowaee of Rs 10 p. m. paid to the Punch Operator may be continued.
	8 Artist cum. Diaughtenan	, - 1	180—10—320	250_10_300_15_120_EB_20_ 500	
					•

Bureau of I conomies and Statistics - (Coneld.)

	Designed a	Var ber of posts	l anting reale of pay and Special Pay	thecommented scale of pay and and Second Pay	Remarks
			##	113	
0	9 Draughteman	-	110 5-150 4-190-10-270	175 10 275-15-350 1B 20 450	
Ξ	to the steam Discriminal	-	10-3-133-4-191-10-2-0	175 10-175 15-3.0-FB- A-1.0	
=	11 Variet	~	1-6-14-5-3	.(00-10	To be designated as
=	13 Sycumboleni	-	14) 10-1.0	200 10-240 15 370 LB-20 4"0	op
2	13 Healffein cam becomment	-	125-4-190-10 270	175 10 275 15 3 0 FB-20-150	To be degeneral as Superntend at Grade II
Ξ	11 I Dru n Ceck	=	110- 5-1-0-6-15(2.0	110 - 5 - 150 - 4 - 190 - F15 - 10 - 200 - 15 - 290	
-:	15 11 Permen Clerk	τ	-0-3 110-4-130 \$ 170	95-3-12-1-145-1 B 5-200	
2	16 firm after	-	110 5-170-6 1-0-10-220 4-50 Pay Re 33 p.m.	140-3-150-4-170-53-10-260 15	
<u>:-</u>	1; Trput	۶	19-4-110-(-170-5-170+4pl	95-7-13-1-115-13-5-200 + Sul Pay 13-10 nm	
<u> 6</u>	19 Attender	1.7	(4-1-6)	85-3-95-3-125-FB-4-115	
2	19 Damelar	-	6-2-45	80-2-90-3-120-1-140	
7.	2) Pres	**	01-1-01	60-1-80-2-90	
ļ			The state of the s		



rery few settlers in this institution. It has not been possible to bring in o force. The My-ore Habitual Offenders Restriction Act, 1991" as the Rules inder the Act have not yet been financed. After considering all aspects of the matter, the Commission is of the view that there is no justification for incurring heavy expenditure over this institution when there are hardly 5 or 6 industes. The institution may be closed down and the existing few settlers may either be discharged under the provisions of the Act or they may be sent to some other Settlement in a neighbouring State. The lands huildings and other assets may be transferred either to the Department of Agriculture or to the Department of

68.4 There are three After eare Institutions for men and boys 112, one State Home and two District Shelters. The authorised strength of the State Home is 100 while that of the District Shelters is 40. The following figures, however, show that the actual strength in these institutions was far below the sanctioned strength.

Horticulture for running a Departmental Farm

In	stitution	Sanctioned		Ae	tual stren	gth as on		
		strength	31 3 62	31-363	31 361	31 3 65	31 3 66	August 63
1	State Home, Hubb	100	18	39	33	41	42	42
2	District Shelter, Mysore	40	12	17	22	18	21	22
3	District Shelter, Belgrun		ı	10	14	נו	14	20

- developed. Since the Probation Officers have not got much work, they could conveniently attend to the work of the liaison officers also. The Commission, therefore, recommends that the four posts of Liaison Officers may be abolished.
- 68.7. With the creation of the posts of the Assistant Director of Correctional Administration to assist the Chief Inspector of Certified Schools, it would be possible for the Inspection staff in the office viz., one Senior Inspector (Class I), two Junior Inspectors (Class II) and one Assistant Inspector to attend to the inspection of the various institutions as well as to supervise the work of the Probation Officers working under the Probation of Offenders Act. The Commission is of the view that there is no need for a separate post of Regional Probation Superintendent and therefore, recommends that this post may be abolished.
- The Commission was informed that the work under the Children Act, the Probation of Offenders Act etc., had increased considerably in the four districts of Belgaum Division. Voluntary Organisations are doing the work in this field in these Districts for a number of years with financial assistance from Government. The Commission considers that it might be possible to achieve better results if the work relating to welfare of Juvenile Delinquents, Destitute Women and Children etc., is entrusted to Voluntary Organisations in the other areas of the State also. Government may, however, run a few institutions to serve as model institutions until private philanthrophic organisations are induced to take up the work. Commission, therefore suggests that Government may consider the question of forming organisations consisting of non-officials for undertaking the work which is now being done and which is proposed to be done under the Probation and Aftereare Services. The existing institutious, excepting a few, could be handed over to the new organisations. The Department may have only a nucleus of trained staff for giving guidance and assistance to such voluntary organisations and to run a few model Institutions.
- 68.9. It was suggested to the Commission that the Department of Probation and After-care Service might be merged with the Department of Prisons as the latter department had personnel trained in Juvenile Delinquency, etc. Inspector General of Prisons is reported to be in-charge of these institutions in Kerala, Andhra Pradesh, etc. After considering all aspects of the matter, the Commission is of the view that it is not desirable to merge this Department with the Department of Prisons as such merger may have adverse effects on the minds of destitute children, if they are associated with regular prisoners in any way, however, remotely. It is recommended in Chapter 69 that the several activities undertaken by the Department of Social Welfare for the benefit of the members of the Scheduled Caste, etc., might be transferred to the concerned Departments. By such transfer, the work in the Social Welfare Department will get considerably reduced. The Commission, therefore, recommends that after transfer of the several activities from the Social Welfare Department, the two Departments of Social Welfare and Probation and After-care Services may be merged into one Department as the activities and objectives of both are similar.

Cadre and Recrusiment Rules and Scales of pay Chief Inspector of Certified Schools

68 10 The Director of Social Welfare is the Head of this Department as ex officio Chief Inspector of Certified Schools A separate post of a Head of the Department for this Department was created in January, 1967 However, this post was abolished in September, 1967 as a measure of economy With the creation of the post of Assistant Director of Correctional Administration to assist the ex officio Chief Inspector of Cortified Schools in the day to day administration the hurden on the Director of Social Welfare will be reduced. The Commission considers that there is no need or justification for reviving the separate post of the Head of the Department for the Department of probation and After-care Services.

Senior Inspector of Certified Schools and Assistant Director of Correctional Administration (2) (Rs 350-25-650-30-800)

68 11 According to the Rules of Recruitment, the post of the Senior Inspector of Certified Schools is filled by promotion from the cadre of Probution Officers Grude I or by appointment on contract, if no suitable and qualified person is available in Government Departments. The post of the Assistant Director was created recently and it has not been included in the cadre and Recruitment Rules. The Commission recommends that this post may also be filled by promotion of a Class II Officer of the Department. The revised scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 400-30-700-EB-40-90.0

Prodution Officers Grade I (Male and Lady)

- (11) (Rs 250-20-350-25-500)
- (6) (Rs 180—10—270—15—360)
- (2) (Rs 150-8-190-10-250)

68.12 The cadre of Probation Officers Grade I includes posts of Junior Inspector of Certified Schools, "Lady Junior Inspector," Regional Probation Superintendent, Junior Inspector," Regional Probation Superintendent, Junior Extrace Bureau, Superintendent, Industrial and Agricultural Settlement. Superintendents of State Homes and Protective Homes and Head Master Junior Certified Schools, Bellary. There are soller posts of Superintendents of Certified Schools, out of which six are in the scale of pay of Hs. 180-200 while the other two are in the scale of pay of Hs. 180-200 while the other two are in the scale of pay of Hs. 180-200 while the other two are in the scale of pay of Hs. 180-200 while the other two are in the scale of Prolatic n Oh ers, Grade I in the Calre and Recruitment Rules. However, no Government Orlers upgrading these posts to gravited rank have been usual According to the Calre and Recruitment Rules. 331. of the posts in this calre are 'o'l filled is direct recruitment and Gold by promotion from the calrest of Office Superintendents and Probation Offices Superinte

- 68.13. The Superintendents of Certified Schools are heads of institutions. Considering the duties and responsibilities attached to these posts, the Commission considers that there is no need to have an Officer of gazetted rank to head these institutions. The Rules of Recruitment may be modified suitably. The Commission, therefore, recommends a common scale of pay of Rs. 200—10—280—15—370—EB—20—450 for the Superintendents of Certified Schools who are now in the scale of pay of Rs. 180—360 and Rs. 150—250.
- 68.14. The Class II posts of Probation Officers Grade I (now in the scale of pay of Rs. 250—500) including the Head Master, Junior Certified School, Bellary may be given the scale of pay of Rs. 275—20—375—EB—25—525.

Probation Officers Grade II (Male and Lady): (62) (Rs. 150-8-190-10-250).

68.15. According to the Cadre and Recruitment Rules, 66% % of these posts are filled by direct recruitment and 33½% by promotion from the cadre of I Division Clerks/Accountants. Provision has also been made for appointment to these posts on contract if no suitable candidate is available for promotion. The qualification prescribed for direct recruitment is a Degree of a recognised University. Preference is given to candidates possessing Diploma in Social Science or Certificate in Juvenile Delinquency etc. The present mode of recruitment may continue. The revised scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 175—10—275—15—350—EB—20—450.

Office Superintendent (1) (Rs. 180—10—320)

Assistant Inspector of Certified Schools (1) (Rs. 180—10—320).

Head Clerks (2) (Rs. 150—8—190—10—270).

68.16. According to the Rules of Recruitment, the posts of Office Superintendent and Head Clerks are filled by promotion from the cadre of Head Clerks! and I Division Clerks/Accountants respectively. The Commission suggests that the post of the Office Superintendent may be designated as Superintendent (Grade I) and this post and the post of the Assistant Inspector of Certified Schools may be given the scale of pay of Rs. 200—10—280—15—370—EB—20—450. The posts of Head Clerks may be redesignated as Superintendents (Grade II) and given the scale of pay of Rs. 175—10—275—15—350—EB—20—450.

I Division Clerks/Accountants: (29) (Rs. 110—5—150—6—180—10—220)

Stenographer: (1) (Rs. 110—5—150—6—180—10—220)

II Division Clerks: (10) (Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)

Typist: (1) (Rs. 80—3—110—4—130—5—150)

II Division Clerks-cum-Typists: (31) (Rs. 80—3—110—4—130—5—150)

Mutchi: (1) (Rs. 60—1—70—2—90)

Peons/Watchmen/Female Attendants/Cooks/Sweepers/Other Class IV servants: (166) (Rs. 50—1--60)

68.17. The scales of pay recommended for such posts in Chapter 4 may apply to these posts.

The posts of Deputr Superinterdents/Head Wasters Assistants are also included in the cadre of 1 Division Clerks/Accountants. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as is applicable to the posts of 1 Division Clerks/Accountants.

Head Marters (9) (Rs 130-5-150-8-190-10-250)

68 18 These tosts are filled by direct recruitment of pur ons who hold a Degree of a recognised University and also hold a Degree of Rachelor of I ducation. The scale of pix for the e posts may be Rs 175—10—275—15—350—EB—20—450

Instructors (81) (Rs 60-3--110-1-130-5-150)

- (7) (Re 150-8-190-10-320)
- (4) (l's 70-2-80-3-110)

C9 10 The cadre of Instructors includes posts of Teachers. Physical Trining Instructors. Bard Instructors and Crift Instructors. 90 of these posts are filled by direct recruitment and 10° by promotion from the cadre of Assistant Instructors. The promotional quota is also filled by direct recruitment if no suitable condidates are available. Prevision has also been made for appointment on cantract to the jest of Band Instructor. The qualification prescribed for direct recruitment is a pass in the SSIC examination with a Diploma or Certificate in the Crafts required for the posts of Instructors a pass in the SSIC examination with Teachers Training. In Triaming for teachers and PT. Instructors respectively, and proficiency in Instrumental Music for Band Instructors. The present modes of recruitment may continue.

68 20 The seven posts of Instructors in the scale of pay of Rs 150-220 include to a jests of Instructors in Irinting, one post of Bakery Instructor and three josts attached to the Production Units in the State Homes. In the Depart ment of Industries and Commerce the scale of pay applicable to the posts of Instructors is also Rs 150-20 while in the Education Department the scale of pay for these posts is Ps 110-220. With a view to have a uniform scale of pay for the posts of Instructors the Commission recomments scales of pay of Ps 175-10-275-15-370-1 B-20-450 and Rs 110-4-130-5-170-1 B-c-200 for the Instructor (i) who inverses dethe SSI C examination and possess three years. Differed in the Crift concurred respectively.

es 21. The scale of just fir the posts of Teachers may be the same as is applicable to the corresponding posts in the Education Department

Assistant Instructors (f) (R+ f'-1-70-2-90)
(6) (f'+ 90-4-110-7-150)

e con Archir te the lules of lear atment all the posts are filled by directive in their. The confection prescribed as a Certificate in the Crific concerted. The procedure of certical real may continue. As per the rules the scale of pay applicable to these posts is Rs. 65—90. However, six posts of Assistant Instructors including one post of Stockman are in the scale of pay of Rs. 90—150. In the Department of Industries and Commerce also, the posts of Assistant Instructors earry a scale of pay of Rs. 90—150. The qualification prescribed for these posts in that Department is a pass in old VIII Standard or new VII Standard and Artisan Training Institute Course or Industrial Training Centre Course in the particular craft. With a view to have a uniform scale of pay for these posts, the Commission recommends the scale of pay of Rs. 95—3—125—4—145—EB—5—200 for the posts of Assistant Instructors who have passed the new VII or old VIII Standard Examination and possess a Certificate in the crafts concerned.

68.23. The scale of pay applicable to the post of Stockman may be the same as is applicable to the corresponding post in the Veterinary Department.

.Matrons/House Fathers/House Mothers/Nurses

68.24. 90% of these posts are filled by direct recruitment and 10% by promotion from the cadre of Jamedar, Chief Guard, etc. The qualification prescribed for direct recruitment is a pass in the S.S.L.C. Examination with knowledge of sick nursing, handicrafts etc. The Commission considers that all these posts may be filled by direct recruitment. The revised scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200.

68.25. The qualification prescribed for these posts is also a pass in the S. S. L. C. examination. The Commission considers that there is no need to have two eategories of posts of Matrons and Assistant Matrons and that the two categories of posts may be brought into a single cadre. The Rules of Recruitment may be modified suitably. Since the minimum qualification for both these posts is the same, the scale of pay for these posts may be common, viz., Rs. 95—3—125—4—145—EB—5—200.

 $\dot{M}ilkman$: (1) (Rs. 90 fixed).

68.26. This post is attached to the Dairy Section in the Certified School, Khanapur. The existing fixed pay may continue.

Visiting Medical Officers (42)

68.27. The Existing rates of allowance varying between Rs. 15 and Rs. 35 to part-time Visiting Medical Officers in the various institutions may be raised to a uniform rate of Rs. 50 per month.

68.28. These posts are filled by taking on deputation officials from the Department of Health and Family Planning Services. The scale of pay applicable to the posts of Compounders may be the same as is applicable to the corresponding posts in the Department of Health and Family Planning. Services.

Jamedar and Chief Guard (2) (Rs 80-3-110)

68 29 There posts are filled by promotion of officials from the cadres of Ilaxildars and Supervisors The post of Jamedar attached to the Industrial and Agricultural Settlement, Bijapur may be abolished The post of Chief Guard may be filled by promotion from the cadres of Haxildars and Supervisors The Pules of Recruitment may be modified suitably The revised scale of pay for the post of Chief Guard may be Rs 95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200.

Senior Havildar (2) (Rs 85-2-105) Junior Havildar (1) (Rs 65-1-70-2-90)

Supercisors (5) (Rs 65-1-"0-2-90)

68:30 These posts are filled by promotion of officials from the cadres of Guards Care Takers and Gatemen. The Commission suggests that one post of Senior Havildar attached to the Industrial and Agricultural Settlement, Bijapur may be abolished. Considering the duties attached to these posts, the Commission recommends a uniform scale of pay of Rs. 85—2—95—3—125—EB—4—145 for the posts of the Junior Havildar (who may be redesignated as Havildar) and of the Supervisors.

(suards, Care Takers and Gatemen (111) (Rs 55-1-65-2-75)

68 31 50 per cent of these posts are filled by direct recruitment and 50 per cent by promotion of other Class IV employees. For direct recruitment, the ex immates of the institutions are preferred. The present mode of recruitment may continue. The revised scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 63-1-75-2-05

Part time Instructors (19)

68 32 The fixed allowances payable to these posts vary from Rs 20 to Rs 50 All of them may be given allowance at the same rate of Rs 50

Part time Compounders (15)

68.33 . The fixed allowance payable to these posts vary from $\rm Rs.10$ to $\rm Rs.20$ All of them may be given allowance at the same rate of $\rm Rs.20$

General

68.34 The Commission feels that follow-up work in respect of the inmates his larged from the various institutions like the State Homes, Protective Homes is quite receiving. The Commission is of the viaw that it might be useful to supply to the inmates of the State Homes, etc., on their discharge sewing machines or other equipment pertaining to the occupation in which other were given training while in the Homes so that they could earn their his blood homestly

S off in the Institutions for the Physically Hardicapped

65 33. The wisk relating to the welfare of the physically handicapped was recently transferred from the F lin at in Department to this Department. The several posts sanctioned by these lestitutions have not yet been included in the

Cadre and Recruitment Rules of this Department. According to the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Education Department applicable to these posts, the members of the staff working in these Institutions were inter-changeable with those working in the normal schools.

Superintendent, School for the Deaf Girls: (1) (Rs. 300-25-550) + special pay of Rs. 40.

68.36. According to the existing Rules of Recruitment, this post is either filled by transfer of a suitably qualified Class II Officer of the Education Department in the cadre of Head Masters/Head Mistresses or by promotion on the basis of seniority-cum-merit from among the duly qualified persons from Secondary School Assistants' Cadre (Grade I) or by direct recruitment. The qualifications prescribed for direct recruitment are (i) Bachelor's Degree of a recognised University and post-graduate degree/diploma in Education in the field of the Education of the Handicapped (Deaf and Blind) of a recognised University/Institution. The Commission considers that the provision to fill up the post by transfer or promotion as aforesaid is adequate and accordingly recommends that the provision for direct recruitment may be omitted. The scale of pay for this post may be Rs. 350—25—600—30—780—EB—40—900.

Superintendents, School for the Deaf and Blind and School for the Blind boys: (2) (Rs. 250-20-350-25-500 + special pay of Rs. 40)

68.37. The method of recruitment and qualification prescribed for these posts are the same as those prescribed for the post of Superintendent, School for the Deaf Girls. These posts may be filled either by direct recruitment or by taking on deputation officials from the Education Department. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 275—20—375—EB—25—525.

Superintendent, School for Blind (1) (Rs. 110—5—150—6—180—10—220 + Special pay of Rs. 40)

68.38. The mode of recruitment to this post has not been indicated in the Rules of Recruitment. This post may be filled by taking on deputation a suitable official from the Education Department. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. Such official will get his own grade pay in addition to the special pay.

Music Teacher, Grade I: (3) (Rs. 110-5-150-6-180-10-220 + special pay of Rs. 25)

Music Teachers, Grade II: (2) (Rs. 100-5-150-6-180-10-200+special pay of Rs. 25)

68.39. As per the existing Rules of Recruitment, the posts of Music Teachers Grade I are filled by promotion of officials from the Cadre of Music Teachers Grade II. 75% of the posts of Music Teachers Grade II are filled by promotion from the Cadre of Music Teachers or by promotion of a suitably qualified person from the cadre of Primary School Assistants etc., and 25 per cent by direct recruitment. The qualification prescribed for direct recruitment is a pass in the

SSLC Examination with proficiency in Music Examination. Since there are limited number of such posts in the Prohation and After-Care Services Department, the Commission considers that all these posts may be filled by taking on deputation officials from the Education Department. The liens of the present inclinhents may be shifted against corresponding posts in the Education Department and they may be treated as on deputation to this Department. Provision may also be made in the rules for appointment to these posts by or immates of the State Homes etc., if suitable candidates are available. The scales of pay for these posts may be the same as are applicable tolermilar posts in the Education Department.

Music Teacher/Violin Teacher (1) (Rs 80-3-110-1-130-5-150 + special pay of Rs 25)

the SSLC examination and the Music examination. The Commission suggess that the mode of recruitment to this post may have be the same as suggested for the posts of Music Teachers Grade I and II. The here of the present incumbent may be shifted against a corresponding post in the Education. Department and became be treated as on deputation to this Department. The scale of 1 by for this post may be the rame as is applicable to similar posts in the Education Department.

Craft Instructors (4) (Rs 100-5-150-6-180-10-200 + special pay of Re 25)

68 41 50% of these posts are filled by promotion of qualified Craft Teachers Grade II and Primary School Assistants and 50% by direct recruitment. The qualification prescribed for direct recruitment is a pass in the SSLC examination with Diploma or Certificate in the crafts concerned. The Commission considers that the present mode of direct recruitment and by promotion to these posts may continue subject to the deletion of the provision by promotion of Primary S hool Assistants. The Commission recommends that Diploma Holders may be given the scale of 1 13 of Rs. 175—10—275—15—350—LB—20—450 while the holders of Certificate in Crafts may be given the scale of pay of Rs. 110—4—130—5—170—EB—6—200

Craft Teachers Grade II

Instructors Special Teachers for Knitting and Caning and Weating (12) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-150 + special pay of Rs 25)

13.42 These posts are filled by direct recruitment of persons who have 12 and the old VIII Standard or new VII Standard and possess a Critificate in the Crifi coverenced. The present mode of recruitment is adequate.

The scale of psf for these posts may be Rs 05—3—125—4—145—EIB—5—200

Gradua's Assistant Masters (4) (Rs 130-5-150-8-100-10-250 + special psy of Rs 35)

tentian' Marien Under Graduate Annstarts/Physical I lucusion Teachers, Grad II (9) (Rt. 80-3-110-1-139-5-159 + sp cial pay of Rt. 25)

Co. 4. All these pears may be filled by taking on deputation officials from the Education Department. Suitable Rules of Recruitment may be fixed

Part-time Music Teacher: (1) (Rs. 40 fixed)
Part time Drill Instructor: (1) (Rs. 20 fixed)
Part-time Carpenter: (1) (Rs. 10 fixed)

68.48 The existing rates of fixed pay may continue.

Vesiting Medical Officer. (1) (Rs. 20 fixed)

68.49. The rate of allowance for this post may be the same as as applicable to the posts of visiting Medical Officers to the Certified Schools, riz., Rs. 50.

Special Pay

185 50 The gazetted superintendents of the physically handicapped institutions get a special pay of Rs. 40 per month. The Superiotendent, School for the Blind, Hubli, also gets a special pay of Rs. 40 p.m. The Graduate Assistant gets a special pay of Rs. 35 p m. and the Assistant Masters, Craft Instructors, Special Braille Teachers etc., get special pay of Rs. 25 each p.m. Inviter of the nature of the work of these posts, the Commission recommends the continuance of the special pay in the existing rates. The Commission also recommends the grant of special pay to the Stenographers and Typists at the rates recommended for similar posts to other Departicects.

Delegation of Powers

68 51. The powers which are being exercised by the several officers of the Department are enumerated in the Manual of Financial Powers. The Department has not requested for additional powers at any level. No suggestions are, therefore, made about the delegation of any additional powers to officers at the several levels.



Probation and Mer Cire Services Department -- Could)

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CHAPTER 69

Social Welfare Department

- CO 1 The Social Welfare Department is in charge of implementation of various schemes sponsored by the State Government and by the Government of India for the welfare of persons belonging to Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and other Backward Classes. The main schemes undertaken for the benefit of these classes of persons can be grouped under the following three heads (a) Education (b) Feonomic Uplift and (c) Health, Housing and other schemes. The Department runs 146 Hostels, 15 Technical Hostels, 356 Women Welfart-cum Nursery Centres. 53 Tailoring Centres. 116 Residential Schools, 6 Tailoring Production Units of Francisco Centres, 6 Mobile Health Units, 5 Cost Units and 2 Occupational Institutes. The Department also gives grants in-
- ca. 2. This Department is classified as a Major Department and the Director of Social Welfare is the Head of this Department. He is responsible for direction in a specialism of the entire programme in the State. He is assisted at the Head-quarters by six Class I Officers and three Class II Officers.
- (9.3) Of the six Class I Officers, five are Assistant Directors and the other is an Accounts Officer. The Assistant Directors are in charge of (i) Pstablishment, (ii) I in at anal Schemes. (iii) Limplonment and Training Programme. (iv) Multipurpos. Rehabilitation Project. and (v) Coordination.
- h) 4. The Accounts Officer is in charge of the Accounts. Section. The three Class II Officers are the Special Officer for Scheduled and other Tribes, the winen Welfire Ober and the Lyaluation Officer. They are in charge of work relating to Tribal Welfare. Womes and Child Welfare and Evaluation respectively.
- of the programm's. There is a District Social Welfare, Office in each District and of the programm's. There is a District Social Welfare, Officer in each District and one for the Bungilon Corporation area. The District Social Wilfire Officer works directly in her the District Development. Assistant and assists him and the Deputs Commissioner in implementing Backwarl Class Programmes. At the field level the Tails, Development Board and its Chief Executive Officer (cr. the Tails Development Officer implement the actions schemes for the Backwarl Classes. The Social Welfiter Inspector assists them in their implementation.
- co.c. = Q. mea. few of the a man result this Department overlap the activities of orbit. Departments of Government For instance both the Lelucation Department

and this Department deal with the work relating to running of Hostels and Oeeupational Institutes, award of Scholarships, etc. Similarly, both the Industries and Commerce Department and this Department deal with the work relating to Tailoring Centres, Training-eum-Production Centres, etc. While the Mysore State Social Welfare Advisory Board is in charge of programmes for the welfare of women and children, the Social Welfare Department deals with the schemes for the welfare of women and children of Backward Classes. Similarly, the work relating to sinking of drinking water wells, mobile health units, etc., which this Department is handling overlaps the activities of the Development Department and the Department of Health and Family Planning Services respectively.

- Most of the schemes of this Department in rural areas are implemented by the Taluk Development Boards. The management of the Departmental Hostels also vests with the Taluk Development Boards. It was pointed out on behalf of the Department that it supplemented the normal activities of other Development Departments and that there was no overlapping as such. The Commission. however, considers that all these special schemes for the welfare of Scheduled Castes and other Backward Classes may form part of the general Development Programme and that the Social Welfare Department may ensure that the benefits intended for these classes of people actually reach them. As it is, the Department places funds at the disposal of the Deputy Commissioners of Districts for implementation of the Schemes. The Commission considers that there is no need for such a large staff (six Class I Officers, three Class II Officers and other subordinate staff) in the Head Office particularly because there are District Social Welfare Officers in each District to supervise this work in the field). It would be adequate if a small staff is maintained in the Head Office for allotment of grants, etc. Commission is of the view that all the activities undertaken by the Department of Social Welfare for the benefit of the members of the Scheduled Castes and other Backward Classes and most of the activities undertaken by the Department for the benefit of the members of the Scheduled Tribes may be transferred to the concerned Departments of Government. The Department may continue to attend to such of the activities for the benefit of the members of the Scheduled Tribes as it may not be possible for other Departments to undertake in the interior areas where persons belonging to the Scheduled Tribes live. The Commission recommends that only a nucleus staff may be maintained in the Head Office for: (a) allotting the grants received for the various purposes to the concerned Departments and indicating the areas or categories of persons to be benefited under each of the Schemes; (b) supervising the work done by the concerned Departments to ensure that the benefits intended for these classes of persons actually reach them; and (c) undertaking certain limited categories of activities in respect of the members of the Scheduled Tribes, etc.
- 69.8. On the transfer of the several activities to the other Departments, the staff working in the various Institutions, etc., may also be transferred to the concerned Departments giving them due seniority in those Departments; it should

then be possible for the following r duced staff to handle residual wor' of the Department of Social Welfare

CI :::	Fristing Eix (Five Assistant Directors (Officer)		Propose? Three (Two Assistant Dire tors and one Accounts Officer)
11	Three		Three (Que Special Officer for Scheluled Tribes, etc., one I valuation Officer and one Nomen Welfure Officer)
111	(i) Head Clerks Manager	Accounts Superin	Four (Head Clerks)

Twelve (I Division Clerus)

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ten lent and Inspecting Assistants (Twelve) (ti) I Division Clerks Accounts Clerks etc.

(twenty one) (iii) II Division Clerks (twenty one)

(iv) Stenographers (NIX)

Four (v) Typiets (Ceven) Font

The Departments of Social Welfare (with the staff as proposed to be reduced) and the Probation and After care Services may be amalgamated into one Department under the control of the Director of Social Welfare and Correctional Institutions

- 69 10 The Evaluation Unit in the smalgamated Department may continue, as it would be necessary to ensure that follow up notion is taken in respect of the recommendations contained in the evaluation reports. The Commission has seen the following evaluation reports prepared by this Unit -
 - (1) Scheme on Agricultural Colonies in Mysore State
 - (2) Impact of Educational programmes on the Scheduled Castes in Mysore
 - (3) Evaluation report on Social Welfare Schemes for the Welfare of Bickward Classes in Anchal Block

It appears that the schent points arising out of these reports have not been given due consuleration and no specific action has been taken on these reports The Director may ensure that action on all the points on which action is required to be taken as taken within one month of the receipt of the l'valuation Reports It purpo e of creating and continuing the Unit would be a read only if action is est a commitment the seminar automotive be the floor

Cadre and Recruitment Rules and Scales of Pay The Director of Social Welfare

69.13. The post of the Director of Social Welfare is borne in the Senior Scale of the Indian Administrative Service. This arrangement may continue.

Assistant Directors of Social Welfare: (5) (Rs. 350-25-650-30-800)

69.14. According to the Cadre and Recruitment Rules, the posts of Assistant Directors are filled by promotion from the cadre of District Social Welfare Officers. The present mode of recruitment may continue. The scale of pay for the Assistant Directors may be Rs. 400—30—700—EB—40—900.

Accounts Officer: (1) (Rs. 350-25-650-30-800)

69.15. The post of Accounts Officer is filled by deputation of an Officer from the State Accounts Department. The present mode of recruitment may continue. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as is applicable to the corresponding posts in the State Accounts Department.

District Social Welfare Officers: (23) (Rs. 250-20-350-25-500)

69.16. 66% per cent of these posts are filled by direct recruitment and 33% per cent by promotion from Class III Officials of the Department. For direct recruitment, the minimum qualification prescribed is a degree of a recognised University. Preference is given to those persons who possess Diploma of a recognised Institute of Social Science. The present mode of recruitment may continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 275—20—375—EB—25—525.

Principal-cum-Home Science Teachers: (2) (Rs. 250-20-350-25-500)

69.17. These posts are attached to the Occupational Institutes at Bijapur and Gowribidnur. They are filled by direct recruitment of persons who are graduates and possess Diploma in Home Science and have two years' teaching experience. This mode of recruitment may continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 275—20—375—EB—25—525.

Accounts Superintendents: (2) (Rs. 220-10-320-15-440).

69.18. These posts are filled by deputation of officials from the State Accounts Department. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as is applicable to the corresponding posts in the State Accounts Department.

Manager: (1) (Rs. 180—10—320)

Head Clerks: (7) (Rs. 150—8—190—10—270)

Inspecting Assistants: (2) (Rs. 150—8—190—10—270).

69.19. The posts of Manager and Head Clerks/Inspecting Assistants are filled by promotion from the Cadre of Head Clerks and I Division Clerks respectively. The post of the Manager may be redesignated as Superintendent Grade I and those of Head Clerks and Inspecting Assistants may be redesignated as Superintendents Grade II in keeping with the general pattern recommended in

Chapter 4 The Roles of Recruitment may be modified suitably The Commission recommends the following scales of pay for these posts

(Manager) Superintendent Grade I Rs 200—10—280—15—370—EB—20-450 (Head Clerks and Inspecting Assis

tants) Superintendents Grade II Rs 175-10-275-15-3 0-FB-20-450

I. Danssen Clerks (52) (Rs 110-5-150-6-180-10-220) (20) (Rs 110-5-150-6-180-10-220) Accountants (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-150) II Diersion Clerks (36) II Division Clerks cum Tupe ts (23) (hs 80-3-110-4-130-5-150) ·0 3-110-4 130-5-150) Accounts Clerks (R4 (2)Stenographers (6) (Rs 110-5- 50-6-150-10-220) Tupists (R) 80-3-110-4-130-5-150) Drivers (8) (Rs 70-1-80-2-100) Cleaners (4) (Rs 55 -1-65-2-75)

(20) These posts are common to most of the Departments. The scales of pay for the posts may be the same as an applicable to the extra sponding posts in other Departments. The scales of pay for Accountants and Second Division Clerk-cum Typists may be the same as those for Land II Division Clerk respectively.

(1 408) (Rs 50-1-60)

lecounts Clerks and Auditors (7) (Rs 120-5-150 8-100-10-210)

CO 21 These posts are filled by taking on deputation officials from the State Accounts Department. This mode of a countment may continue. The scale of pay applicable to these posts may be the same as that for 1 Daymon Clarks.

(raft Instructresses (18) (18 150-8-190-10-320)

Peons

69.22 These posts are filled either by direct recruitment or by taking on departion of crites from the Industries and Commerce Department. The quidifications prescribed for direct recruitment are a pass in the S.S.L.C. Examination with Diploma in the concerned crafts. Both these molts of recruitment may continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be the sum as a applicable to the corresponding post in the Dipartments of Industries and Commerc.

Ariston' Moheil Ogreess of Health (5) (Rs. 175—10. 225—15—200—20—100)
Senior Health Inspect is (1) (Rs. 110—5—150—8—190—10—210)
Juni i Health Is operated (8) (Ps. 100—5—150—6—180)
Co. pourders (1) (Ps. 80—7—110—4—110—5—140)
Metatiest (25) (Rs. 70—2—70—7—125)

Materity Her' 1 Amitants (20) (he 70-2-80-3-125)

69.23. These posts are filled by taking on deputation officials from the Department of Health and Family Planning Services. This mode of recruitment may continue.

The scales of pay for these posts may be the same as are applicable to the corresponding posts in the Department of Health and Family Planning Services.

69.24. These posts are filled by taking on deputation officials from the Agricultural Department. This mode of recruitment may continue. The scale of pay for these josts may be the same as is applicable to the corresponding posts in Agricultural Department:

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Social Welfare Inspectors: (176)
Women Welfare Organisers: (329)
Superintendent of Hostels: (293)
Tailoring Instructors and Teachers: (182) } (Rs.80-3-110-4-130-5-150)
Wardens: (10)
Stewards and Instructresses: (8)
Tribal Welfare Inspectors: (18)
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- 69.25. These posts are filled by direct recruitment. The minimum qualification for the posts of Social Welfare/Tribal Welfare Inspectors, Wardens and Stewards is a pass in the S. S. L. C. Examination.
- 69.26. For the Women Welfare Organisers, Women Tailoring Teachers and Superintendents of Hostels, the minimum qualification is a pass in the VII Standard or the Middle School Examination and experience in social work, the Tailoring Teachers must possess a Diploma or Certificate in Tailoring.
- 69.27. During the probation period of 3 years, they must pass the S.S.L.C. Examination. The existing mode of recruitment may continue.
- 69.28. The scale of pay applicable to all these posts may be Rs. 95—3—125—4—145—EB—5—200.

69.29. These posts are filled by taking on deputation officials from the Forest Department. The existing mode of recruitment may continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as is applicable to the corresponding posts in the Forest Department.

Bamboo and Rattan Craft Instructresses: (4) (Rs. 100 fixed)

69.30. These posts are filled by direct recruitment of persons who have passed the Middle School Examination and possess a certificate in the concerned craft. The existing mode of recruitment and the rate of fixed pay may be continued.

Special Pay

69 31 The posts of Tribal Welfare Inspectors and Midwives carry special pay of Rs 30 per mensem and Rs 20 per mensem respectively. Considering the nature of duties of these posts, the Commission recommends the continuance of this Special Pay The Commission inlso recommends the great of special pay to the Stenographers and Typists at the rates recommended for similar posts in other Departments

Delegation of Powers

60 32 The powers which are being exercised by the several Officers of the Department are enumerated in the Manual of Financial Powers. The Department has not requested for additional powers at any level. No suggestions are, there fore, made about the delegation of any additional powers to officers at the several levels.

CHAPTER 69

Social Welfare Department.

sl. No.	Designation	Number of posts	Existing scales of pay and special pay	Recommended scales of pay and special Remarks Pay	arks
L 2 8 . 4	Director of Social Welfare Assistant Director of Social Welfare Accounts Officer District Social Welfare Officer	1 5 1 23	Rs. 1. A. S. 350—25—650—30—800 350—25—650—30—800 250—20—350—25—500	Rs. I. A. S. 400—30—700—BB—10—900 400—30—700—BB—40—900 275—20—375—BB—25—525	· ·
7 0	Principal-cum-Home Science Teacher Accounts Superintendent Manager	. 8 2	250-20-350-25-500 $220-20-320-15-40$ $180-10-320$	275—20—375—EB—25—525 250—10—300—15—420—EB—20—500 200—10—280—15—370—EB—20—450 To be redesignated Superintendent Grade I.	designated as atendent I.
∞ (Head Clerk Inspecting Assistant	2-2	} 150—3—190—10—270 ·	175-10-275-15-350-EB-20-450 To be rede Superint valent tendont	To be redesignated as Superintendent equi- valent to Superin- tendent Grade II.
	(i) Wirst Division Clerk (ii) Accountant (iii) Accounts Clerk and Auditor	52 20 7	$ \begin{array}{c} 110^{-5} - 150^{-6} - 180^{-10} - 220 \\ 110^{-5} - 150^{-6} - 180^{-10} - 220 \\ 120^{-5} - 150^{-8} - 190^{-10} - 240 \end{array} \right) $	140-5-150-8-190- EB $-10-260-15-290$	
. 10	-	36 23	8031101-1305150 8031101-1305150 +Special pay Rs. 5 p.m.	953125-4145BB5200 9531254145BB5200 + Special pay Rs, 5 p.m.	
11	(iii) Aecounts Clerk Stenographer	2 9	80-5-110-4-130-5-150 $110-5-150-6-180-10-220$	$95 - 3 - 125 - 4 - 145 - \overline{BB} - 5 - 200$ $140 - 5 - 150 - 8 - 190 - \overline{BB} - 10 - 260 - 15 - 290$	
12	Typist	9	+Special pay Rs. 30 p.m. 80-3-110-1-130-5-150 +Special pay Rs. 10 p.m.	+ Special pay Rs. 30 p.m. 95-3-125-1-145-EB-5-200 + Special pay Rs. 10 p.m.	
13	Craft Instructress Junior Agricultural Inspector	18	150 - 8 - 190 - 10 - 320 $110 - 5 - 150 - 6 - 180 - 10 - 220$	175-10-275-15-350-EB-20-450 140-5-150-8-190-EB-10-260-15-290	
15	- 1	2	80-3-110-4-130-5-150	95-3-125-4-145-BB-5-200	

Social Welfare Department-(concld)

X Te	Deeignation	Number of posts	Existing scales of pay and give sal pay	Recommended tendes of pay and	Remarks
			Ra.	-81	
۳	in Courtant Medical Officer of Health		175-10-225-15-300-20-100	2(0-10-240-15-370-EB-20-450	
=	Vanior Health Inspector	-	I t0-5-150 -4-190-10-250	170 -5 -180 - N - 220 - F.B - 10 - 300	
ĭ	Jen or Health Inspector	æ	100-3-170-6-1-0	110_(-130_5-170 LB-6-200	
2	(ompa,n ler		50-3-110-4-130-5-140	93-3-123-4-145-23-7-200	
ξ.	٠١١ ﮐﻴﻪ ﺗﺎﺭﺕ	£	70-2-40-3-126 +Special pay	70-2-40-3-126 + Special pay 97-3-125 - 1-145-159-5-200 To the second of the second of the 90 pm	
7	21 Natespily Mealth Assistant	8	70-2-0-3-125	95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200	
r,	11) Second Welfare Inspector	: 176)			
-=	III Your material of Ifeer				
	(v) Tailoung fasteuctor/Teacher	<u>2</u> 2	*0-5-110-4-13"-5-150	95-3-125-4-145-1211-5-200	
ت	vi) hierard and Instructions	8			
ت	(vii) Trit al Welfare Inspector	`£	#0-3-110-4-130-5-150	95-3-125-4-145-RB-5-200	
23	23 Pean	1609	(A)—1—60	60-1-80-3-50	
7	Daver		70-10-2-100	85-2-95-3-125-EB-1-145	
ន	Chaner	•	53-1-65-2-75	60-1-80-1-00	
9	26 Runbon and Rattan Craft Instructress	.	He 100 fixed	Rs. 100 fixed	

CHAPTER 70 Government Electrical Inspectorate.

- 70 6 This is a small department with few promotional opportunities available to officers who are recruited directly, but, at the same time, it has to be noted that the nature of work in this Department requires that the afficers working in it slould he able to discharge their duties without any mental reservations on the ground that they are drawn from the Electricity Board and have to revert to it on expiry of their term of deputation to this department
- 70.7 According to the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of this department, the posts of Junior Inspectors and Mechanics, Classes I, II, and III could be filled either by deputation of persons holding equivalent posts in the Mysore State Flectricity Board or hy direct recruitment. The qualifications prescribed for these posts are as under —

Junior Inspector — Diploma in Electrical Engineering or equivalent qualification preference being given to persons holding a degree in Electrical Engineering

Mechanic - Must possess a current Motor Drising facence and must have experience of Electrical Wiring, testing of meters and adjustment of standard meters

The pasts of Draughtsmen and Assistant Draughtsmen, Assistant Electrical Inspectors and Executive Engineers are to be filled by deputation of officers of carresponding rank from the Mysare State Electricity Board and the past of the Flectrical Inspector is to be filled by an officer of the rank of a Superintending Inguiser from the Electricity Board or by direct recruitment on cantract

- 70.8 This would mean that as the Rules of Recruitment now stand, a persan recruited directly as a Juniar Inspector will not have an opportunity of being promoted to any higher post and would have to retire as a Junior Inspector, likewise the Wechanics Class I, il and III who are recruited directly will not have any opportunity of being promoted either from one class to another in the grade of Mechanics or to any other higher posts
- 70.0 In effect it becomes impossible to accure the services of direct recruits particularly at the level of Junior Inspectors and it might become necessary to adopt the alternative mode of recruitment, erg. of taking persons on deputation from the Flectricity Board even at this level
- 70.10 In view of the suggestion made that the Electrical impectorate should be an integer tent Department and that its officers should not be liable to be transferred lack to the Board it follows that the Recruitment Rules should be refrained as to previe for proposition of officers from one calre to another within this department right from the level of the Junior Inspectors to the level of the Hectical Inspector in due course. It is conceded that initially it may be necessary to take on deputation from the Electricis Board Officers of corresponding status against the posts of Electrical Inspector, Executive Engineers and Assistant Electrical Inspectors. But it should however, he possible to appoint all the

Junior Inspectors by direct recruitment. It is, therefore, suggested that all the posts of Junior Inspectors may be filled by direct recruitment of persons having a recognised Diploma in Electrical Engineering or equivalent qualification, preference being given to persons holding a Degree in Electrical Engineering and that the higher posts may be filled by deputation of only officers who are willing for permanent recondment to the Inspectorate. Once the posts are initially filled on this basicall future vacancies in the higher cadres could be filled only by premotion of officers in the next Junior Cadre.

70.11. In regard to the lower posts and to the posts in the Accounts Section, the existing mode of recruitment, etc., by deputation from other departments in the case of Class III posts and by direct recruitment in the case of Class IV posts may continue.

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Cadre and Recruitment Rules and Scales of Pay
Electrical Inspector to Government: (1) (R., 900-40-1,100-50-1,300)
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70.12. According to the existing Cadre and Recruitment Rules this post may be filled by deputation of an officer of the rank of a Superintending Engineer from the Mysore State Electricity Board or by direct recruitment on contract. For direct recruitment the qualification prescribed is a Degree in Electrical Engineering of a recognised University or equivalent qualification, with eight years' practical experience of which 2 years should have been spent in an Electrical or Mechanical Workshop or in the administration of the Electricity Act and Rules made thereunder in a position of responsibility. The existing Rule may continue.

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70.13. The scale of pay for the post may be Rs. 1,100-50-1,300-60-1,600

Executive Engineers (2) .... (Rs. 600-40-1,000)

Accounts Officer (1) .... (Rs. 350-25-650-30-800)

Assistant Electrical Engineers (7) (Rs. 300-25-550-30-700)

Draughtsmen (3) .... (Rs. 150-5-190-10-320)

Assistant Draughtsmen (3) .... (Rs. 110-5-150-6-180-10-220)
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70.14. According to the existing Cadre and Recruitment Rules these posts may be filled by deputation of officers of corresponding status from the Mysore State Electricity Board or from other Departments. The Commission considers that the existing modes of recruitment may continue. The seales of pay for these posts may be the same as for the corresponding posts in other Departments.

Junior Electrical Inspectors: (24) (Rs. 250-10-300-15-375)

70.15. According to the existing Cadre and Recruitment Rules these posts may be filled by deputation of officers of corresponding status from the Mysore State Electricity Board or from other departments or by direct recruitment. The qualification prescribed for direct recruitment is a Diploma in Electrical Engineering or equivalent qualification, a Degree in Electrical Engineering being preferred. The Commission considers that the existing mode of recruitment may continue. The scales of pay for the direct recruits may be Rs. 275—20—375—EB—25—525.

The officers on deputation may carry the scale of pay applicable to them in the parent Department concerned

70 16 According to the custing Cidro and Recruitment Rules these posts may be filled by deputation of officers of corresponding strutus from the Mysore State Electricity Board or from other Departments or by direct recruitment of persons po sessing the qualifications indicated in Para 70.7 The Commission considers that the existing modes of recruitment may continue. The scales of pay for these povits may be the same as for the corresponding posts in the Public Works Department.

70 17 The scales of pay for these posts may be the same as for such categories of posts in all Departments

Deputation allowance

Sweepers (47)

70 18 All the officers and officials of the Mysore Stato I lectricity Boar I who are working in the Government Flectrical Inspectorate are getting deputation allowance at 10 per cent of the mean between the minimum and the maximum of the scales of propheable to them. It was a presented that the officers and officials working in the Board got bonus while the persons on deputation to the Inspectorate were not entitled to it that though the I only was being prind in a per cent of the payof the efficers and officials concerned, being the minimum payable unler the payment of Bonus Act 1001, it was likely that in course of time the I only woull be juil at a higher rate and that the payment of deputation allowance of 10 per cent of the mean I etween the minimum and maximum of the scales of pay was therefore resonable and might be continued.

TO 10. It was of the recomm nolation rande that the Inspectorate should be constituted into a separate Department, the question of paying any deputation all wance would not are after all the posts are filled either by direct recruitment only permanent secondment of one is from the Flectment Board. There may, however, he some delay in creating an parate Inspectorate will have to be manned by taking offers on deparation from the Board in the mean time.

70.20. The Commission is generally against the payment of deputation allowance to officers of one Department of Government, who are taken on deputation to another against, corresponding posts. The cases of the officers and officials of the Board, however, differ slightly from other cases, since they are entitled to bonus when they are working under the Board and would be denied this benefit when they go on deputation outside the Board. The Commission, therefore, recommends that pending constitution of an independent Inspectorate in which all the posts would be manned by whole time officers and officials of the Inspectorate, deputation allowance may be paid at the existing rate to the officers and officials of the Board working in the Inspectorate on deputation.

Delegation of Powers

70.21. No proposals have been made to the Commission about the delegation of powers in addition to what are already delegated at present. The Commission has not, therefore, any suggestion to offer in this regard. All the powers now vested in the Chief Electrical Inspector may continue.

CHAPTER 70

Government Electrical Inspectorate

Precincal Inspector to Generalizer 1 900-40-11.00-30-11.300 1,100-20-11.00-60-13.00 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	2.5	Desguation	No of posts	Fritting scale of pay and Special Pay	Recommended scale of pay and Special Pay	Remarks
1 290-10-1100-20-1230 Ferrit to forement 1 290-10-1100-20-1230 Ferrit to forement 1 290-10-1100-20-1230 Ferrit to forement 1 290-10-110-130 Ferrit to forement 1 290-10-110-20 Ferrit to forement 2 290-10-20 Ferrit to forement 2 200-10-20 Ferrit to forement 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1			Ile,	Вя.	
cal Repress	-	Meetnest Inspector to Correnners	-	900-10-1.100-30-1.300	1,100-50-1,300-60-1,600	
1 250-25, 670-30 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Precilità Pro cest		100-10-1349	200-40-300-50-1,200	
critical Rapment 7 270—10—370—1709 (right-right) 1 270—10—370—10—371 (right-right) 2 1 10—4—190—10—371 (right-right) 3 10—4—190—10—270 (right-right) 3 10—10—5—190—10—270 (right) 3 10—10—5—190—10—270 (right) 3 10—10—5—190—10—270 (right) 3 10—10—5—190—10—270 (right) 4 10—5—190—10—270 (right) 5 10—5—190—10—270 (right) 6 10—5—190—10—270 (right) 7 11—5—190—10—270 (right) 7 11—10—10—10—100 (right) 7 11—10—10—100—100 (right) 7 11—10—10—100 (right) 7 11—10—100—100 (right) 7 11—100—100 (right) 7 11—100—100 (right) 7 11—100—100 (right) 7 11—100—100—100 (right) 7 11—100—100 (right) 7 11—100 (right) 7 11—100—100 (Secounts Order	-	350-25- 670- 30-800	400, 30, 760, 13 -40, 300	
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1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	-	Secretary Dragatiens	,	110-7-150-6-180-10-220	120-5 170-6 299-EB-10-210	
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rk 10 13/-5-150-8-190-16-210 -rk 1 110-5-150-5-150-2-10 -rk 11 80-3-110-4-130-5-150 -rk 11 80-3-110-4-130-3-120 -rk 11 80-3-110-4-130-3-120 -rk 11 80-3-110-4-130-3-120 -rk 11 80-3-110-4-130-3-120 -rk 11 80-3-110-4-130-3-130 -rk 12 80-3-110-4-130-3-130 -rk 12 80-3-110-4-130-3-130 -rk 13 80-3-110-4-130-3-130 -rk 14 80-3-110-4-130-3-130 -rk 15 80-3-110-4-130 -rk 15 80-3-110-4-130 -rk 15 80-3-110-4-130 -rk 15 80-3-11		Accourts Superintendent	-	220-10-320-15-410	250-10-300-174-420-EB-20-500	
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ork 11 80-3-110-(-130-3-120 1 150-5-130-3-190-10-210 + Special Iny Rt. 30 pte moreum. 5 80-3-110-(-130-3-130 + Special pty Rt. 10 pte messen. 1 63-2-93 17 20-1-60	Ξ	1 Divaton Clerk	-	110-5-150 - 5-180-10-220	140-5-150-/8-190-KB-10-	
1 159.5-1150-2119-10-210 1 159.5-1150-2119-10-210 1 159.5-1150-2119 1 15.2-1150-1190-3-1190 1 15.2-25 1 1 20-1-60	2	Il Division Clerk	=	80-3-110-(-130-5-150	97-3-125/4-145-EB-5-200	
5 : -0.3-110-4-130-5-130 + \$percal pay Re. 10 per measen. Pren. Watchman, Sweeper 47 : -20-1-63	2	Stenographer	; -	120-5-150-8-190-10-240 +Special Pay Rs. 30 per mensem.	140-5-170-3-190-EB-10-250- 15-290; + Spl. Pay Re, 30 per	
5 .0-3-110-4-130-3-130 1 .0-3-110-4-130-3-130 1 .3-2-5 .Peca, Watchman, Sweeper 17 .20-1-60					men em.	
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	ž	He'per, Peon, Watehman, Sweeper	=	20-1-60	60-1-é0 -2-00	

CHAPTER 71

Government Flying Training School

- 71.1. The Government Flying Training School imparts training to the eadets of the National Cadet Corps (Air Wing), candidates sponsored by the Government of India under their Scholarship scheme, candidates selected under the Mysore Government Scholarship scheme and candidates from the general public who take up flying either as a profession or as a hobby. The School also provides facilities for Joy Rides to make the general public air-minded and for carrying out special flights for publicity, security as also charter flights. At present, the School is providing flying training facilities in Bangalore only. It is in receipt of subsidy and subvention from the Government of India.
- 71.2. This School is classified as a Minor Department. The Principal of this School is the Head of the Department. The Chief Flying Instructor or the Chief Aircraft Maintenance Engineer is appointed by selection as Principal in addition to his own duties. The Principal exercises control over all the three sections viz., Flying, Engineering and the Office.

Conversion of the posts of Aircraft Helpers into those of Aircraft Hands

71.3. At present there are six posts of Aircraft Helpers. It was represented that the posts of "Aircraft Hands" were necessary for the department due to the increase in flying activities, that instead of creating separate posts of Aircraft Hands, the work was being entrusted to the Aircraft Helpers of the Engineering Section in addition to their own work and that four posts of Aircraft Helpers in the seale of pay of Rs. 55—1—60—2—85 might be converted into the posts of Aircraft Hands in the seale of pay of Rs. 85—2—105. The Commission has examined the suggestion and recommends that four posts of Aircraft Helpers may be converted into those of Aircraft Hands. The Commission, however, considers that it would not be appropriate to give to the Aircraft Hands almost the same scale of pay as that of Second Division Clerks as suggested but that the scale of pay for these Aircraft Hands may be slightly higher than that for the Aircraft Helpers.

Creation of the post of I Division Clerk

71.4. At present, there are three II Division Clerks in the Department. It was represented that those officials who had been appointed as II Division Clerks 12 to 18 years ago still continue as II Division Clerks without any chances for further promotion, as there was no post of I Division Clerk in the Department. It was stated that in order to earry on the correspondence work efficiently and quickly and also with a view to provide scope for promotion to the II Division Clerks, one post of a I Division Clerk might be ereated. The Commission considers that the request for the creation of the post of a I Division Clerk is reasonable but that the quantum of work of the department does not justify the creation of

the post of a I Division Clerk in a ldition to the existing 3 posts of II D vision Clerks. The Commission accordingly recommends that one of the posts of the II Division Clerks may be ingraded to that of a I Division Clerk. The Cidre and Pecruitment Rules of the Department may be so amended us to provide for the post of a I Division Clerk to be filled by promotion from the Cadre of II Division Clerks on the basis of seniority eum merit

Maintenance Establishment of the Aerodrome

71.5 The Establishment for maintenance of the Aerodrome consists of Maistry 2 Watchinen and 13 Gang Cooles in the work charged establishment under the control of this Institution. It was represented that as the establish ment was imployed continuously for the past few years it might be made permanent and the employees allowed leave and pensionary benefits admissible to regular Government servants. After considering all the aspects of the matter, the Commission recommends that such of the persons as have put in continuous service for 10 years and more may be confirmed as permanent servants as in the case of the work charged establishment of the Public Works Department. The other posts may be continued against the work charged establishment. The benefits and conditions of service recommended in respect of these two categories of personnel working in the Public Works. Department may be extended to cover the corresponding categories of personnel in this School also

Conteyance Illorcance

71.0 Conveyance allowance at the rates noted against them is being paid at present to the officers noted below for the maintenance of Motor Car/Motor Cycle as they are required to be at the Jakkur Zacrofrome, which is attituted at a distance of about eight miles from Bangalore in the early hours in the morning between 6.30 A m and 7.00 A m and stay there till late in the evening every day

- (i) Chief Flying Instructor
 (ii) Chief Aircraft Maintennice Engineer
 (iii) Assistant Aircraft Maintenance Ingineer
 (iv) Assistant I lying Training Instructors

 Rs. 75 per mensum
- (v) Secreturs
 (vi) Skilled Mechanic

Actual bus fare from Bingalore City to the Aerodrome and back limited in its 20 per mensem in each case is being paid to the officials of the Engineering Section who are not maintaining vehicles of their own. The administrative staff are provided with Covernment conveyance. It has been represented that the conveyance allowance and the actual bus fare that were being paid might be in reased. The Commission considers that there is no need to continue the payment of conveyance allowance to such of the Gazetted Officers (excepting the Secretary) who are now in receipt of such allowance as the scales of pay for these polyage proposed to be so fixed as to compensate them fully for the duties and respectivibilities attached to the post and the conditions in her which they have to with. The revised scale of pay for these Gazettel posts have been recovered led on this layer. The Commission further recommends that the

existing facility of providing a conveyance to the administrative staff to go to the office in the morning and to come back therefrom in the evening may be continued and that bus fare may be paid to the other subordinate staff to whom conveyance allowance (as in the case of one skilled mechanic) and actual bus fare (as in the case of others) is being paid, taking the City Market Bus Stand as the point from which the bus fare is to be paid irrespective of whether they come by bus or by their own conveyance.

House Rent Allowance

71.7. The present rules regulating payment of House Rent Allowance do not provide for payment of House Rent Allowance to the officials who reside outside the limits of the Bangalore City Municipal Corporation. It was represented that House Rent Allowance might be paid to even those members of the staff working in the aerodrome as were living outside the limits of the Corporation at the same rates at which such allowance was paid to persons residing in the limits of the City, as such allowance was paid to the employees of the Government of India in identical circumstances. The Commission does not consider that there is any justification for giving House Rent Allowance to the officials who are not living within the limits of the Corporation.

Cadre and Recruitment Rules and Scales of Pay

71.8. The Commission considers that some suitable relativity has to be established between the scales of pay given to the "technical" officers working in this school and those given to the officers with corresponding qualifications and expertise in the Commercial sector. As already stated, the conveyance allowance may be discontinued and the scales of pay determined taking into consideration the duties and responsibilities attached to the posts and the conditions under which they have to work. These principles have been kept in view while recommending the scales of pay for the various posts.

Principal: (1) (Rs. 100 special pay in addition to his grade pay)

- 71.9. According to the Rules of Recruitment, appointment to the post of Principal has to be made by selection of the Chief Flying Instructor or the Chief Aircraft Maintenance Engineer who has also to be in additional charge of his post provided that no person who is serving on a contract basis would be eligible for appointment thereto. The Commission considers that the existing arrangement may be retained as it would be in the interest of efficient working of the Institution.
- 71.10. No separate scale of pay has been prescribed for this post as one of these two officers namely, the Chief Flying Instructor or the Chief Aircraft Maintenance Engineer will be holding the post of Principal in addition to his own duties. A special pay of Rs. 100 p.m. is attached to this post. The provision for the payment of special pay in addition to his grade pay may be continued as he will be discharging the duties of the post of Principal in addition to his own duties.

Chief Flying Instructor: (1) (Rs. 1,100-50-1,600)

71.11. The post of Chief Flying Instructor is filled by promotion by selection from the eadre of Assistant Flying Instructors. The Cadre and Recruitment Rules

also provide for appointment by direct recruitment or on a contract basis, of persons who policy current Commercial Pilot's Licence with Plight Instructor's Rating (Aeroplane) with fixing experience of not less than 2,000 hours. The post requires a high digree of skill and it is, therefore, necessary to retain all the three moles of recruitment.

71 12 The scale of pay prescribed for the post is Rs 1,100—50—1,600 The post also carries a convexance allowance of Rs 75 per mensem The Commission considers that the proper scale of pay for this post would be Rs 1,300—60—1,600—50 1800

Chief Irreraft Mantenance Engineer (1) (Rs 1,100-50-1,600)

71.13 The post of Chief Aircraft Maintenance Linguisce is filled by promotion of Assistant Aircraft Maintenance Linguisce. As in the case of the Chief Flying Instructor, there is provision for direct recruitment and appointment on contract lasts of persons who possess Aircraft Maintenance Engineer's Licence under the categories A.B. C.D and N. For the reasons already assigned in dealing with the number provision relating to the Chief Hiving Instructor, the Commission consulters that the provision for all the three modes of recruitment may be continued.

71 14 As regards the scale of pay the Rules prescribe that the Chief Air raft Maintenance I agracer should be in the scale of pay of Rs 1,100--50-1 1000. This post also extricts a convexance allowance of Rs 75 per mension. This scale is ilentical with the scale of pay for the Chief I lying Instructor. As in the case of the Cuef I lying Instructor, the scale of pay for the Chief Aircraft Maintenance I against may be Rs 1 00--60-1,600-50-1,800

Assist int H_Jing Instructors (2) (Rs 800-40-1,000-50-1,100) or (Rs 600-40-1,000)

- 71.15 The Rules of Recruitment provide that these posts may be filled either by direct recruitment or by appronument on a contract basis. The Commission considers that it is necessary to retain both the modes of recruitment for the reasons already in heat-st in the case of the Chief Plying Instructor.
- 7111 The Rules present two scales of pay for these posts namely Rt 800 to 1,000-50 1,100 for holders of Commercial Pilot's Licence with Flight Instructors Retuing (Current) and flying experience of not less than 1,000 lours (relaxable upto 50 hours of otherwise suitable) and Rt 600-10-1000 for lothers of Commercial Pilot's Licence with flying experience of not less than 500 lours (relaxable upto 50 hours of otherwise suitable). The posts also extry a convex one allowance of its 75 per measure. The scales of pay for these posts in a be fixed as Rt 500-10-1,000-50-1 200 and as Rt 700-10-900-50-1 200 regions in the scales of pay for these posts in the fixed as Rt 500-10-1,000-50-1 200 and as Rt 700-10-900-50-1

tro e'n t Arcraft Maintenance I e precer (I) (Pa 900-40-1,000 50-1,100) of (Ba 600-40-1,000)

71.17 Under the existing Rules of Permitment, the post is filled if I mention by selection from the cube of Skilled Meel ance. The Rules also

provide for direct recruitment. The Commission considers that the provision for both the modes of recruitment may be retained.

71.18. The Rules prescribe two scales of pay for this post namely Rs. 800—40—1,000—50—1,100 for holders of a current Aircraft Maintenance Engineer's Licence under the categories A, B, C and X preferably on the types of aircraft operated by the school and Rs. 600—40—1000 which is the scale for promotees and also for holders of a current Aircraft Maintenance Engineer's Licence under the categories A, C and X preferably on the types of Aircraft operated by the School. The post carries a conveyance allowance of Rs. 75 per mensem. As in the case of Assistant Flying Instructors, the scale of pay for Assistant Aircraft Maintenance Engineer may be fixed as Rs. 900—40—1,100—50—1,300 and as Rs. 700—40—900—50—1,200 respectively.

Secretary: (1) (Rs. 250-20-350-25-500)

- 71.19. The post is to be filled according to the Rules of Recruitment, either by promotion of the Accounts Superintendent or by deputation from the Class II Cadre of the Mysore Administrative Service. The Commission considers that the existing modes of recruitment may be continued.
- 71.20. The post is in the scale of pay of Rs. 250—20—350—25—500. The post carries a Conveyance Allowance of Rs. 35 per mensem. The scale of pay for similar posts in the Flying clubs in Madras is Rs. 450—50—800, in Kerala Rs. 450—50—700, in Maharashtra Rs. 400—30—650, while that in West Bengal where the Flying Training Institute is also run by West Bengal Government, it is Rs. 400—40—600—50—800. It has been represented by the Officer that he might be given the scale of pay equivalent to that for an Assistant Controller in the State Accounts Department. Taking into account the scales of pay fixed for other posts earrying corresponding duties and responsibilities in the State the Commissison recommends that the scale of pay for the post of the Sceretary may be fixed as Rs. 275—20—375—EB—25—525. The Secretary may continue to draw the conveyance allowance as it has been recommended that the existing modes of recruitment may continue and consequently an officer taken on deputation would have to draw his pay in the scale of pay applicable to him in the parent Department.

Skilled Mechanics: (3) (Rs. 180-10-320)

- 71.21. The Rules of Recruitment provide that these posts may be filled either by promotion on the basis of seniority-cum-merit from the eadre of semi-Skilled Mechanies or by direct recruitment of Diploma Holders in Machanical Engineering with a minimum period of five years' experience in the Maintenance/overhaul of light aircraft/engines preferably in a Flying Club. The posts require a high degree of specialisation and it is, therefore, necessary to retain both the modes of recruitment.
- 71.22. The posts are in the scale of pay of Rs. 180—10—320. One of the holders of these posts gets a conveyance allowance of Rs. 35 per mensem. As

stated earlier there is no need to continue the payment of converance allowed. However, the Skilled Mechanics may be permitted to draw the actual bus fare allowed in the case of the other oficials in the executive wing. The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as R. 225=10-305-15-330-EB-20-450

Semi Skilled Mechanics (3) (Rs 100-5-150-6-180-10-200)

71 23 According to the existing Rules of Recruitment, the posts are filled either hi promotion from the cadre of Aircrift Helpers or by direct recruitment of persons who possess two years' experience in the maintenance of light aircraft/engines preferably in a Flying Club, preference being given to the candidates pos-essing Diplomi/Certificate in Mechanical Engineering. In view of the recommendation made either that four posts of Aircraft Helpers may be converted into those of Aircraft Hands, the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department may be so amended as to provide for the promotion of these Aircraft Hands instead of Aircraft Hands instead of Aircraft Hands in State of Aircraft H

Accounts Superintendent (1) (Rs 220—10—320—15—140)
Stenographer (1) (Rs 110—5—150—8—190—10—200—15—320)
I Dictation Clerk (to be newly created)
II Dictation Clerks (including Time keepers) (4) (Rs 80—3—110—1—130—5—150)
Issistant Time keeper (1) (Rs 70—2—80—3—110)
Store keeper (1) (Rs 110—5—150—6—180—10—220)
Issistant Store keeper (1) (Rs 80—3—110—1—130—5—150)

 71.24 The scales of pay for these officers may be the same as for officers holding comparable posts in the other Departments

Leading Fireman (1) (Rs 85-2-103)

71.25 This post is to be filled by deputation from the Department of Tire Force. The scale of pay prescribed for the corresponding post in the Department of Fire Force may be not applicable to this post.

Directaft Hands at I Aircraft Helpers (6) (Rs 55-1-65-2-85) (to be newly

Drivers: (2) (Rs. 70—1—80—2—100)

Peons : (6) (Rs. 50—1—60) Watchmen: (3) (Rs. 50—1—60)

71.27. There are corresponding posts in the other Departments and the scales of pay prescribed for them may also be the scales of pay for these posts.

Special Pay

71.28. Special pay to the Stenographer and the II Division Clerk who handles cash may be regulated in accordance with the general principles laid down for similar posts in other Departments.

Delegation of Powers.

71.29. No suggestions have been made about the delegation of powers in addition to what are vested in the Principal under the Manual of Financial Powers. All the powers now vested in the Principal under the Manual may continue.

CHAPTER 71

Government Flying Training School

1		1				
0 L	Des gentlon	Number of posts	ber orts	Existing scale of pay and special pay	Recommended scale of pay and special pay	Remarks
ı				Re.	Re	
_	l. Piteijal	-	Rs. 100	00 Special Pay in addition to his grale pay	1 Rs. 100 Special Pay in addition to his 100 Special Pay in addition to his grade pay grade pay	
**	2 Chof Flying lastructor	-	1,100.1 A A	I,IM-59-1,600+Corregance Alowance Rs 75 pm	1 300-60-1,600-50 -1,500	
n	C'sef Ureraft Naintenance Poglocee	-	1,100 olls	I, 100-50-1,500+t'on syages Allowance Ila 75 p m	1,400—101,000—50—1,800	
~	An stant Flying Instructor	**	\$	600-10-1,000-30-1,100 OR	900—40—1,100—50—1,300 OR	
			8 E	600-10-1,000+Conregance Allowance Re 75 pm.	700-10-900-50-1 200	
•	Volutant Afreraft Maintonance Tentineer	-	200	800-19-1,000-50-1,100 OB	900—10—1,100—50 -1,300 OR	
			603 AF	600-10-1,000+Conveyance Allowance Rs 75 p m.	70010900501,200	,
	····	-	250	Convey-	275-23-375-88-25-525+ Conveyance Allowance Re. 35.5 m	
٠	Accounts Supernatendent	-	1	220-10-320-15-440	250-10-300-15-420-EB-20-	
	i. Piret D-vision Clerk	-		•	140-5-150-8-190-KB -10- 260-15-290	Out of 3 posts of Second Division Clerks one
						post is to be conver- ted into First Division Clerk,

Government Flying Training School—(concld.)

.oW .la	Designation	N of	Number of posts	Existing scale of pay and Special Pay	Recommended scale of pay and Special Pay	Remarks
				Rs.	186.	
6	Stenographer	:	~	110-5-150-8-190-10-260. $15-320$	175 [0-2751535015B 20450	
10.	Second Division Glerk (Including Time-keopor)	:	ເລ	80-3-110-1-130-5-150	95-3-125-4 · 115-E3-5-200	
11,	Assistant Time-keeper	:	,	70-2803110	852-05-3125-13B-4-145	
12.	Storo-keeper	:	, -	110 - 5 - 150 - 6 - 180 - 10 - 220	140-5-150-8-150-EB-10- 260-15-290	
13.	Assistant Store-keeper	:	-	80-3-110-1-130-5-150	95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-270	
14.	Skilled Mechanie	:	က	18010320	225—19—305—15 -350—1318—20— 150	
15.	Semi-Skilled Mechanic	:	က	100-5-150-6-180-10-200	1305-1705-200 -6121021	
16.	Leading Fireman	:	-	85-2-105	110-1-139-5-170-138-6-209	
17.	Driver	:	63	70-1-80-2-100	85-2-25-3-125-EB-1-145	
18.	Aireraft Hand	÷	च र	:	80-2-90-3-120-4-110	Out of 6 posts of Aircraft Helpers 1 posts are to be conver- ted into Aircraft
19,	Aircraft Helper	÷	C4	55-1-65-2-85	65 - 1-75-2- 95	
20.	Peon	:	စ	50—1—60	60130-230	
21.	Watchman	:	က	50-1-60	60 1 80 2 90	

CHAPTER 72

The Mysore Ports Department

- 72 1 The Mysore Ports Department was constituted after the reorganisation of States in 1950. This department is responsible for the administration and maintenance of all the minor ports in the State. It administers the Indian Ports Act 1908, the Mysore Harbour Crafts Rules, the Indian Steum Vessels Act, 1917 etc. and the Rules made thereunder. It provides facilities for safe entry and berthing of ships. loading and und unloading of cargo etc.
- 72.2 This Department is classified as a Minor Department. The State Port Officer is the head of the Department with Mangalore as his Headquarters. On the administrative side he is issued by an Administrative Assistant and a Duperintendent (Port Conservator). There are three divisions with Headquarters at harwar Coondapur and Honnavar. Harwar and Coondapur divisions are each under the control of a Port Officer while Hounavar Division is under the Additional charge of the Port Officer. Coondapur. On the technical side of a Marine Figureering. Unit under the charge of a Marine Figureer who is responsible for the maintenance of all mechanical equipment of the Department. A port Lagineer is in charge of the Civil wing of the Department.

Cosh ollowance to the Deputy Port Conservators and Assistant Port Conservators

72.3 It was represented to the Commission that the Deputy Conservators and Assistant Conservators were being paid each illowance, that it was discontinued with effect from 1st October 1963 as per G O No FD 57 SRP (1) 63, dated 18th October 1963 and that it might be revived. The Commission considers that they need not be given any cash inllowance for this work, as the bandling of cash is a part of the rormal duties of the Deputy Conservators and Assistant Conservators and as the scales of pay applicable to these posts have been regulated taking into consideration these duties and responsibilities also

Over-time Allowance

72.4 The Commission examined the question whether it would be more advartageous both to the Stat and to the Officials concerned if the present system of overtime allowance is continued or whether it may be discontinued and additional staff appointed to work during the "extra hours". After examining the sistem adopted in the neighbouring States, the amount of "overtime work" and the overtime fees, involved, the Courtission is satisfied that the balance of convenience lies in continuing the existing system.

Scales of Pay and Cadre and Recruitment Rules

725 On an examination of the existing set up of the department, the Commission considers that it would be appropriate to fix the scales of pay of the effects at several levels in the department taking into consideration not

only the qualifications prescribed for entry into service, conditions prescribed for promotion to higher grades and responsibilities attached to the posts but also to some extent the conditions of service available to officers with similar qualifications, duties and responsibilities in the mercantile marine. These principles have been borne in mind while recommending the scales of pay for the posts in this Department.

72.6. Consequent on the creation of a number of new posts, revised Cadre and Recruitment Rules have been submitted to Government and are under their consideration.

State Port Officer: (1) (Rs. 900—40—1,100—50—1,300)

- 72.7. According to the existing rules of Recruitment this post is to be filled direct recruitment or by appointment by contract. For direct recruitment the following qualifications are prescribed. A Certificate of competency as commander in the Indian Navy without being in the active list thereof of a foreign going Master's Certificate granted by the Ministry of Transport, Government of India or Board of Trade, London and service as a Chief Officer. The post is now proposed to be filled by promotion by selection from the cadre of Port Officers or by direct recruitment deleting the existing provision for filling this post on contract. The Commission agrees with the proposal subject, however, to the condition that such officer possesses the minimum qualifications prescribed for the post.
- 72.8. The scale of pay prescribed for the post of the State Port Officer is Rs. 900—40—1,100—50—1,300. The Commission considers that the scale of pay prescribed for the post is low when compared with the prescribed qualifications and the duties and responsibilities attached to the post and the scales of pay in other States. It is also understood that it is very difficult to secure the services of persons with the requisite qualifications to fill-up the post on this scale of pay. In these circumstances the Commission recommends that the scale of pay for this post may be revised as Rs. 1,100—50—1,300—60—1,600.

Port Officers: (2) Rs. 700—40—900—50—1,200

- 72.9. The mode of recruitment to these posts has not been specified in the existing Cadre and Recruitment Rules. According to the proposed Cadre and Recruitment Rules the post may be filled by direct recruitment. The qualification required for appointment to the post of Port Officer is a foreign going Master's certificate and the persons must have served as Chief Officer. As the qualifications required for this post are such that the post cannot be filled by persons working in the lower cadre, the Commission agrees with the proposed mode of recruitment.
 - 72.10. The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. 900-40-1,100-50-1,300.

Marine Engineer: (1) Rs. 700-40-900-50-1,100

72.11. This post is proposed to be filled up by direct recruitment of a person possessing a certificate of Competency as First Class Engineer issued under the

Merchant Shipping Act 1958 or its equivalent hoving Commonwealth validity The Commission considers that the appropriate scale for the post is Rs 900-40-1.100-50-1.300

Administrative Assistant to the State Port Officer (1) (Rs 250-20-350 25-500)

- 7. 12 The Cadre and Recruitment Rules provide for this post heing filled either by promotion from the eadre of the Port Conservators or by taking on deputation on officer holding a corresponding post in any other department. It is proposed to fill the post by promotion from the cadre of Port Conservators. As this is a small department in which the chances of promotion for officers from the lower cadres are limited the Commission agrees with the proposal of filling this post by promotion from the Cadre of Port Conservators.
- 72 13 It has been represented to the Commission that the post may be upgraded and equoted with that of the Assistant Commissioner in so far of the status and the scale of pry are concerned. The Commission considers that of the duties and and responsibilities of this post ore not comparable to those of Assistant Commissioners the post need not be upgraded, but that it would be adequate if it is equated to that of Office Managers in the offices of the Meads of Mimor Departments and recommends occordingly
- 72 14 The scale of pay for the posts of Monagers in the offices of the Heads of Minor Departments has been fixed as Rs 250—10—300—16—420—EB—20—500 The scale of pay for this post may also be the same, oven though the present incumbent is in a more or less the same scale

Port Lugineer (1) (Rs 300-25-500-30-700)

- 72 15 According to the proposed Cadre and Recruitment Rules, this post is to be filled by direct recruitment. The existing cadre and recruitment rules admit of anily promotion from the cadre of Junior Engineers (Marine) or by transfer of he deputation of an Assistant Logineer of the Public Works Department. This is a small department in which there are no promotional opportunities for persons in this cadre.
- 72 10 In this view it is not desirable to fill this post by direct recruitment as it is necessary to provide for the promotion of persons in the cadra of Junior Engineers working in the departments already Looking to the scale of pay which is that for an Assistant Engineer, the Commission considers that taking on deputation of an Assistant Engineer of the Public Works Department may be thought of if the present incumbent is not fit. In future, even the post of Junior Engineers may be filled by taking on deputation suitable officers from the Poblic Works Department.
- 72 17. The scale of pay for the post may be the same as that for Assistant Frencers of the Public Works Department

Junior Ingineer (3) (P+ 230-15-400)

72 16 The post of the Junier Engineers are filled by direct recruitment of ferrors peacewing a degree in Civil or Mechanical Engineering or Diploma of

Certificate of a recognised Institute of Engineers in Part A and B of the Associate Membership or its equivalent qualification or by deputation of Junior Engineers from the Public Works Department. The provision relating to direct recruitment may be deleted and these posts filled only by taking on deputation officials holding corresponding posts in the Public Works Department. If the present incumbents have been appointed by direct recruitment their liens may be shifted against corresponding posts in the Public Works Department and they may be treated as on deputation to this department. Their scale of pay may be the same as that for the Junior Engineers of the Public Works Department.

Port Conscruator: (5) (Rs. 180—10—320)

72.19. According to the existing Cadre and Recruitment Rules these posts may be filled either by taking on deputation a suitable officer from a Port Trust Authority or by promotion from the Cadre of Deputy Conservators. It is proposed to fill the post hereafter only by promotion from the cadres of Deputy Conservators or Accountant or Stenographers Grade I. The nature of duties of this post is distinct from that of the ministerial subordinate staff. These posts may, therefore, be filled by the promotion of only Deputy Conservators, and not the ministerial staff as proposed. The scale of pay for the post may be Rs. 200—10—280—15—370—EB—20—450.

Deputy Port Conservators: (18) (Rs. 110-5-150-6-180-10-220)

72.20. According to the existing Cadre and Reernitment Rules 33\formal{1} per cent of the posts are filled by promotion from the cadre of Assistant Port Conservators 33\formal{1}{3} per cent by direct recruitment of persons who have passed the Intermediate examination or the Pre-University Course or equivalent Examination and 33\formal{1}{3} per cent by taking on deputation, officials holding corresponding posts from the Revenue or the Public Works Department. It is now, proposed that 50 per cent of the posts may be filled by direct recruitment of persons who have passed a degree examination of a recognised University and the other 50 per cent by promotion from the Cadre of Assistant Conservators or from the cadre of Stenographers, Grade I. The post need not be filled by promoting Stenographers. The other two modes of recruitment only need be adopted. The Rules of recruitment may be amended accordingly. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 140—5—150—8—190—EB—10—260—15—290.

Assistant Port Conservators (44) (Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)

72.21. Seventy-five per cent of the posts in this Cadre are filled by direct recruitment of persons of S.S.L.C. or equivalent qualification and 25 per cent by promotion from the cadre of Light House Keepers Grade I and Signallers. It is proposed to admit the Steno-Typists Grade II and Typist Grade II into the promotional quota. This is not necessary and the other modes of recruitment only need be adopted. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 95—3—125—4—145—EB—5—200.

Supervisore	(4)	(Rs 150-8-190-10-320)
Draughteman	(1)	(Rs 150-8-190-10-320)
Supervi or (Mech)	(1)	(Rs 150-8-190-10-320)
Marine Mechanic	(1)	(Rs 150-8-190-10-320)
Operator Mechanic	(1)	(Rs 150-8-190-10-320)
Trocar	(1)	(Re so_3_110_4_130_5-150)

72 22 These posts are proposed to be filled by direct recruitment of persons possessing following qualifications ---

Sup reserve A diploma or Certificate in Civil or Mechanical Engineering from a School of Engineering or Polytechaic or equivalent qualification

Draughts an A diploma in Civil Lng neering or Certificate in Draughtsmanst ip from a Polytechnic or equivalent qualification

Supervisor Mechanic A diplonator Certificate in Mechanical Engineering from a School of Lagineering or Polytechnic or equivalent qualification

Marine Media to A Certificate in Craftsmanship in Oil Engines issued by the Director of Training and/or minimum of three years' practical experience in Marine Workslop or in n reputed automobile Workshop

Operator Mechanic A diploma or Certificate in Mechanical Engineering from a School of Engineering or Polytechnic or equivalent qualification

Tracer: A pass in SSLC or equivalent qualification, one year's training in drawing or tricing in Politechine or other recognised institutions, or by taking on deputation officials of corresponding rank from the Public Works Department. The latter mode of recruitment only need be adopted in future. The Rules of Pecruitment may be miner ded accordingly. If there are any officials who have been recruited directly, their hems may be shifted mainst corresponding peaks in the Public Works Department and they may be treated as on deputation to this department. The sendes of pay for the various posts may be the same as for officers of the corresponding status in the Public Works Department.

Light House Keepers Grade I and Signallers (12) (Rs 70-2-80-3-125)

72.23 According to the Rules of Recruitment, these posts are to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Light House Ke pers Grade II or by direct recruitment of persons who have studied upto AIII standard and are proficent in Morse Sg clling and International Code Signalling. The existing modes of recruitment may be continued.

72.24 The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs 85-2-95-3-125-FB-4-145

Salangs Gre te 11 (7) (Rs 100-5-150-6-160)

72.25 These posts have not been included in the existing Cadre and Recruitnert Lubes. It is proposed that these posts may be fill deather by pronounfrom the Calter of Sarare Giale Hillerin S assumes not by direct recruitment of periods who have see he bugs VIII standard and who possess a confidence of competency under Harbour Craft Rules or Inland Steam Vessels Act. 1917 or Merchant Shipping Act, 1958. These modes of recruitment may be adopted and the Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

72.26. The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 130—5—170—6—200—EB—10—240.

Sarangs Grade III-cum-Seacunny: (11) (Rs. 70-2-80-3-110)

- 72.27. These posts have not been included in the existing Cadre and Recruitment Rules. It is proposed that they may be filled either by promotion from the cadre of Seamen or by direct recruitment of persons who have studied upto VIII standard with three years' experience on deck in a mechanically propelled craft and are able to steer. These modes of recruitment may be adopted and the Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.
- 72.28. The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. 85-2-95-3-125-EB-4-145.
- Light Keepers Grade II: (4) (Rs. 65-1-70-2-90).
- 72.29. According to the existing Rules of Recruitment, 50 per cent of these posts are to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Assistant Light Keepers, Daffedars, Attenders and 50 per cent by direct recruitment of persons who have studied upto VIII standard and possess working knowledge in English and Kannada. These modes of recruitment may be retained.
- 72.30. The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 80-2-90-3-120-4-140.
- Assistant Light Keepers: (7) (Rs. 55-1-65-2-75)
- 72.31. Fifty per cent of these postsare proposed to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Seamen and 50 per cent by direct recruitment of persons who have studied upto VIII standard and who possess working knowledge in English and Kannada. These modes of recruitment may be adopted and the Rules of Recruitment may be revised accordingly.
- 72.32. The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 65—1—75—2—95. Electrician: (1) (Rs. 100—5—150—6—180)
- 72.33. According to the proposed Rules of Recruitment this post is to be filled by direct recruitment of a person possessing a certificate of Craftsmanship as Electrician issued by the Director of Training under the Ministry of Employment and Training, or possessing practical experience for a minimum of three years as an Electrician in a reputed Firm or Workshop. The proposed mode of recruitment may be adopted and the Rules of Recruitment framed accordingly.
- 72.34. The scale of pay for this post may be revised as Rs. 130-5-170-6-200-EB-10-240.
- Drivers Grade II: (9) (Rs. 100-5-150-6-180)
- 72.35. According to the proposed Rules of Recruitment these posts are to be filled by direct recruitment of persons who have studied upto the VIII standard and possess a Certificate of Competency under Harbour Craft Rules or a Certificate

granted under Indian Steam Vessels Act, 1917 or Merchant Shipping Act, 1958, or by promotion from the cadre of Drivers Grade III — The proposed mode of recruit ment may be adopted and the Roles of Recruitment framed necordingly

72 36 The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs 130-5-1.0-6 200-EB-10-240

Drners Grade III (13) (Rs 70-2-80-EB-3-110)

72 37 According to the proposed Rules of Recruitment these posts are to be filled by direct recruitment of persons who have studied upto the VIII Standard, and have at least three years of experience in a Workshop engaged in repairing and maintenance of diesel engines or who bave a current driving hoence for a harvivehicle and a recognised first aid training certificate. The proposed modes of recruitment may be adopted and the Rules of Recruitment framed accordingly

72 38. The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs 85-2-95-3-125-bB-4-145

Seamen (95) (Rs 50-1-60)

11 harfmen (13) (Rs 50-1-50)

7.2.39 These posts are proposed to be filled by direct recruitment of persons who are able to read an I write Kannada and converse in Hindi and are able to swim and climb ropes and masts. The proposed mode of recruitment is adequate and may be adopted. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed necordingly.

72 40 The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs 60-1-80-2-00

lecountant (1) Rs 150-8-190-10-270

l Division Account Clerk (1) Rs 120-5-150-8-190-10-240

1 Division Store Keeper (1) Rs 120-5-150-8-190-10-240 Stenographer (Grade I) (1) Rs 110-5-150-6-180-10-220

+ Special Pay Ra 30 1 Division Clerk (1) Rs 110-5-150-6-180-10-220

Typist Grade 11 (7) Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-130-+ Special Pay Rs 10

11 Division Accounts Clerk (1) Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-150

II Division Clerks (2) 80-3-110-4-130-5-150

II Division Store Keeper (1) Rs *0-3-150-6 160

Jeep Driver (1) Rs 70-1-80-2-100

Class IT

Attenders (2) Rs 65-2-85

Diffalars (3) Rs C5 2—85

72.41 These are common categories of posts and the scales of pay as specified in Chapter 4 max be adopted

Dele, 1'ion of Powers

72.42 The Department las state I that the powers now vested in the various authorities of the Department are a legiste. The Commission recommends that the powers may be continued and that it is not necessity to delegate any further powers.

CHAPTER 72 The Mysore Ports Department

S. S.	Designation		Number of posts	Existing scale of pay and special pay	Recommended scale of pay and special pay	Remarks
				Rs.	Rs.	
-	State Port Officer	:	1	900 - 40 - 1,100 - 50 - 1,300	1,100-50-1,300-60-1,600	
87	Port Officer	:	2	700—40—900—50—1,200	900—40—1,100—50—1,300	•
ಣ	Marine Engineer	:	г	700-40-960-50-1,100	900-40-1,100-50-1,300	
-4	Port Engineer	:	1	300—25—500—30—700	350 - 25 - 600 - 30 - 780 - BB - 40 - 900	
ıcı	Administrative Assistant to State Port Officer	the	Т	250-20-350-25-500	250—10—300—15—420—EB.—20—500	
9	Junier Engineer	:	က	250-15-400	275 20375BB25525	
7	Port Conservator	:	Ö	180 10 320	$200_10_280_15_370_$ EB $_20_450$	
œ	Supervisor	:	4	150-8-190-10-320	175-10-275-15-350-BB-20-450	
င	Draghtsman	:	H	150 - 8 - 190 - 10 - 320	175-10-275-15-350- BB $-20-450$	
10	Supervisor Mechanic	:	1	150-8-190-10-320	175—10—275—15—350— EB 20—450	
11	Marino Mechanic	:	П	150-8-190-10-320	175-10-275-15-350-\BB-20-450	
12	Operator Mechanic	÷	-	150-8-190-10-320	175-10-275-15-350-EB $-20-450$	
13	Deputy Port Conservator	:	18	110-5-150-6-180-10-220	14051508190EB10260 - 15290	
14	Assistant Port Conservator	:	44	80 - 3 - 110 - 4 - 130 - 5 - 150	$95-3-125-4-145-\overline{\text{BB}}-5-200$	
5	15 Tracer	:	1	80 - 3 - 110 - 4 - 130 - 5 - 150	11041305170EB6200	
16	Sarang Gr. II	:	7	100 - 5 - 150 - 6 - 180	13051706200EB10240	
17	Light House Keeper and Signaller	it	13	70-2-80-3-125	85-2-95-3-125-EB-4-145	
18	Sarang Grade III.cum.Sea cunny	:	11	702-803110	$85-2-95-3$ $-125-\overline{\text{BB}}-4-145$	

80-2-90-3-120-1-140

65—1—70—2—90 55—1—65—2—75

:

19 Light Ecepers Grade II 20 Assistant Light Keeper

65-1-75-2-95

The Mysore Petta Department-(Concid.)

			ļ		
05 15	Derignation	Num.	4 5 4 5	Existing seals of pay and special	Sanker Tracting seals of psy and special Recommended seals of psy and special Remarks of poets.
ł				. E	178
=	11 teennstant	i	-	150_4_120_10_270	17510 .27515350 .11820450 To be designated as Superintendent Grade 11
73	22 Dirings Accounts (feck	;	-	120-5-170-4-190-10-210	140-5-170-8-190-BB 16-260-15-290
-	1 1 Driven Store Keeper	: :	_	120-5-150-8-190-10-210	140-5-170 $8-190-53-10-260-15-290$
=	to here grapher deals !	:	-	110-7-150-6-180-10-220 +Spl pay Re. 30 p.m.	140-5-150-8-190-111 -10-260-15-290 +Special pay Rs 30 p m
ជ	th I Dereston Cork	;	-	110_5-170-6-180-10-220	140-5-150-8-190-511-10-240-15-290
\$	Tipin		-	+0-3-110-4-130-5-150 +Spl psy Ne 10 pm	953197 1-145EB5200 +Special psy Rs 10 p m
1:	II Dispues Cirrk	;	61	80-3-110-4-130-5-150	95-3-125-4-145-13-5-200
7.	Il Division Accounts Clerk	i	-	80-3-110-4-130-5-150	95-3-125-4-145-33-5-200
Ω		÷	-	90-3-150-6-180	95-3-125-4-145-FB -5-200
8	Fleetmens	:	-	110-5-150-6-180	130-5-170-6-200-17B-10-240
-	Driver Grads !!	ŧ	6	100-5-150-6-180	130-5-170-6-200-13-10-240
	Darer Grade III	;	13	70-2-80-EB-3-110	65_2_95_3_125_RB-4-145
-	Je p Duver	;	-	70-1-80-2-100	852-95-3-125 -EB-1-145
=	Atten ler	:	64	65-2-85	85-2-95-3-125-EB4-145
•2	3 Paffeder	;	**	65-2-85	80-2-10-3-120-4-140
42	S Seaman	:	95	09-1-09	60~1—80—2—90
22	I Whatfusn	:	5	50-1-69	60-1-80-3-90

CHAPTER 73.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

- 73.1. As indicated in Chapter 1 the State Government appointed Mr. A. C. Mitra as the Adviser to the Pay Commission to examine various matters relating to the Public Works Department and to make his recommendations thereon. The report submitted by Mr. Mitra is included in the Appendix as an Annexarc.
- 73.2. The recommendations made by the Adviser were examined and the views of the Secretary to Government, Public Works Department, the Chief Engineers and the Chief Architect to Government were also ascertained.
- 73.3. The details relating to the existing structure, organisation and working of this Department have been dealt with at length by the Adviser in his Report. The salient points are, however, reproduced to the extent necessary for examining them.

Organisation and structure of the Department.

- 73.4. There are now six Chief Engineers in charge of the following zones:
 - (1) Communications and Buildings,
 - (2) Minor Irrigation and Public Health Engineering,
 - (3) Investigation of Irrigation and Hydro Electric Projects,
 - (4) Irrigation Projects (South),
 - (5) Irrigation Projects (North) and
 - (6) Hydro Electric Construction Projects.
- 73.5. The Adviser has suggested that in the future set up it would be necessary to have at least six Chief Engineers in charge of the following zones:
 - (1) Highways,
 - (2) Buildings and Public Health Engineering,
- (3) Minor Irrigation, Maintenance and Investigation (this would mean construction of Minor Irrigation works and maintenance of all completed irrigation works whether they be Major, Medium or Minor and investigation of all irrigation works),
- (4) Irrigation (North), in charge of construction of Major and Medium Irrigation works,
- (5) Irrigation (South), in charge of construction of Major and Medium Irrigation works, and
 - (6) Hydro Electric Construction Projects.
- 73.6. The Adviser has suggested that if it is not possible to step up the moneys made available to the Major Irrigation Section the two posts of Chief Engineers, Irrigation (South) and (North) might be combined.

- 73 7 The Adviser has also suggested that there could be two broad classifications in the Engineering Department
 - (1) in charge of Irrigation and
 - (2) in charge of other items of work namely, Highways, Buildings and Public Health Engineering,
- and that the seniormost Chief Engineer within each group should be the Chief Ingineer for all purposes relating to establishment and other common matters and that the other Chief Engineers in such unit practically Additional Chief Engineers with full powers in respect of their respective subjects
- 73.8 The officers of the Department however, appeared to be of the view, that the existing set up was working satisfactorily and that there was no need to make any changes therein
- The Commission considers that it would be difficult for a Department to function with so many officers of equal status without a regular co ordinating authority with over riding powers who could take decisions in technical and administrative matters and that as the Department is now functioning it really is not one Department but a large number of Departments very loosely knit together and having a common cadre at all levels. The only difficulty in either appointing a single Chief Engineer with all the others being Additional Chief Ingineers or having an Engineer in Chief with all the others being Chief I ngineers with over riding powers being given to such Chief Engineer or I ngineer in Chief is that it may not be possible for him to be really effective in supervising or assis ting the officers of the Department in discharging their duties effectively. However unsatisfactory a loose knit arrangement might be, it has been able to function fairly efficiently all these years though its performance is capable of improvement This result has perhaps been secured to some extent by resorting to the device of an informal Board of Chief I ngineers which is able to sort out many of the controvertial points and present unanimous views to Government mission considers that it may be desirable to place this Board on a formal footing to appoint the seniormost Chief I ngineer as the Chairman of the Board and to invest him with certain powers relating to the functioning of the Board including the manag ment of personnel in this Board. In that event an inflicer of the status of a Superintending Ingineer working at the Head Quarters could be at is inted as the S cretary of the Board of Chief I ngineers and he could keep the records of the proceedings of the meetings of the Chief I agineers and issue ord is in their name. The Board could deal with common matt is like those relating to estal lishment in all the zones and overall control over the Central Re arch S ation and the Central Mechanical Organisation. The Secretary of the Board could be in control of the offer of the Board. The Secretariat of the Board could previle con mon services in respect of these matters to the Chief brancers in clarge of the zones. This Secretarist could also handle such other matters of common interest as may be referred by Government to the Is and or with the Is and might like to take up with the Government in respect of the entire D tartment

Irrigation. The Adviser has suggested that while the arrangaments now made in respect of Major Irrigation and Public Health Engineering may continue, the general Circles need not be in charge of Minor Irrigation and separate Circles might be constituted for construction of Minor Irrigation works and maintenance of all categories of Irrigation works.

- 73.14. The Adviser has suggested that if Minor Irrigation is taken off the territorial Superintending Engineers the total number of Circles might be reduced to five, four Circles might be constituted for Minor Irrigation (Construction of Minor Irrigation works and maintenance of all entegeries of completed irrigation works) the two Circles in the Public Health Engineering Zone, tho two Circles for the Investigation of Major and Medium Projects and all the existing Circles under the Major Irrigation Zones might continue. This would in effect mean that the total number of Circles would increase from the existing number by two.
- 73.15. Even under the existing organisation there is no difficulty in regard to the Circles under the Major Irrigation Zona ainca they are in charge of specific Projects and they concentrate their efforts only on such Projects. Tha Superintending Engineers in charge of Public Ifealth Engineering Circles and of the territorial Circles have overlapping territorial jurisdiction now. But just as in the case of Major Irrigation Projects the works in the Public Health Engineering Circles are localised works. The Superintending Engineers in charge of the Territorial Circles are now in charge, as already stated, of Communications and Buildings and Minor freigation Works. In case of Minor Irrigation is taken off them and given to separate Circles the territorial Superintending Engineers and the Superintending Engineers in charge of Minor Irrigation would both have to cover co-extensivo areas to inspect works which are located more or less in the same places and this would mean unnecessary moving about by all the officers concerned but even so, this arrangement would have to be implemented only if the expertise required at the Superintending Engineer's level is such that a "generalist Engineer" cannot efficiently superviso the work on the irrigation side. The Commission is satisfied that such expertise is required and, therefore, accepts the recommendation of the Adviser and suggests that the following Circles might be constituted in future :

(1) Communication (Highways) and Buildings Zone

.Name of Circle

73.10. Five territorial Circles may be constituted with Headquarters at Bangalore, Mysore, Shimoga, Belganm and Gulbarga and with the jurisdiction indicated against each of them.⁶

Headquarters

1.	Bangalore Circle	 Bangalore	 Bangalore, and Hass	Kolar,	Tumkur
			and Hass	an Distric	ets.

Districts served

2. Mysore Circle .. Mysore .. Mysore, Mandya, Coorg and South Kanara Districts.

- Shimoga Circle 3. Shimoga Shimoga, Chikmagalur, Chitradurga and Dharwar Districts. 4. Belgaum Circle . . Belgaum Belgaum, Bijapur and North Kanara Districts. Gulbarga Circle Gulbarga Gulbarga, Bidar, Raichur and 5. Bellary Districts.
- (2) Major Irrigation Zone
 - 73.17. The existing eight Circles as per details noted below may be continued.
 - 1. Tungabhadra Project Circle, Munirabad.
 - 2. Tungabhadra Canal Construction Circle, Yermarus.
 - 3. Bhadra Canal Circle, Bhadra Reservoir Tunnel Colony.
 - 4. Kabini Project Circle, Mysore.
 - 5. Hemavathy Project Circle, Hassan.
 - 6. Ghataprabha Project Circle. Hidkal.
 - 7. Malaprabha Project Circle, Saundatti.
 - 8. Upper Krishna Project Circle, Almatti.

(3) Minor Irrigation and Public Health Engineering Zone

73.18. Four Circles may be constituted with headquarters at Bangalore, Mysore, Dharwar and Raichur with the jurisdiction as shown against each of them:

	Name of Circle	Head quarters	$Districts\ served$
1.	Minor Irrigation Circle.	Bangalore	Bangalore, Kolar, Tumkur, Chickmagalur and Chitradurga Districts.
2.	Do	Mysore	Mysore, Coorg, South Kanara, Hassan and Mandya Districts(including Krishnarajasagar and Visveswarayya Canal Divisions).
3.	Do	Dharwar	Dharwar, Belgaum, Bijapur, Shimoga and North Kanara Districts.
4.	Do	Raichur	Raichur, Bellary, Gulbarga and Bidar Districts.

- 73.19. The two Public Health Engineering Circles as are now existing may be continued.
- (4) Investigation of Irrigation and Hydro-Electric Projects Zone
- 73.20. The two Circles for the investigation of Major and Medium Irrigation Projects with headquarters at Mysore and Yermarus and the two Hydro-Electric Construction Projects Circles as are now existing may be continued.

Divisions

73 21 The number of Divisions and each of the Zones as constituted at present are

(1) Communications Buildings and Minor Irrigation	44
(2) Investigation of Major Irrigation and Medium Irrigation	8
(3) Public Health Engineering	9
(4) Hydro Electric Construction Projects	11
(5) Major Irrigation (South)	23
(6) Major Irrigation (North)	18

- 73 22 In view of the fact that the Commission has recommended that the territorial Circl's should deal with Communications and Buildings only it follows that the territorial Divisions should also deal with Communications and Buildings only As against the existing 44 Divisions it would be adequate if only 28 Divisions are retained for this work.
- 73 23 Of the existing 44 Divisions 28 will be treated as Divisions in charge of only communications and buildings and the others abolished in the present form tut 20 Divisions will have to be constituted to be in charge of Vinor Irrigation works namely all aspects of Vinor Irrigation and maintenance of Vinor and Medium Irrigation
- 73 24 There or 4 Divisions for the Investigation of Minor Irrigation Works. There 4 Divisions may be abolished and Sub Divisions may be created in the Divisions now proposed for all aspects of minor irrigation and for the maintenance of imajor and medium irrigation works. The details relating to the Sub Divisions to be created are in heated in the succeeding paragraphs.
- 73 25 There are 2 Divisions in charge of maintenance of Viswessarayya Canal and Krishnaraja Sagar Dam located at Mandya and Krishnaraja Sagar respectively. At present these 2 Divisions are under the control of the Chief Engineer (Irrigation South) as these works have reached the maintenance stage they may be transferred to the Zone of the Chief Engineer (Minor Irrigation and Public Health Engineering)
- 73 26 There are 9 Divisions in the Public Health I agin ering Wing and these may continue without any change
- 73 27 There are 23 Divisions in the Major Irrigation (South) Zone and these may continue

Major Irrigition (North)

73 - There are 18 Divisions in the Major Irrigation (North) and these risy continue excepting for the Quality Control Division at Hidkal which may be abelished. The Executive Engineer now in charge of this Division and the Assistant Linguisers under time could however continue to work under the Superi tending Linguiser. Chatapralla Project Circle.

73.29. There are 8 Divisions in the Zone under the Chief Engineer, Investigation of Irrigation and Hydro Electric Projects, Bangalore. Of these the Hydro Electric Investigation Division at Kargal may be abolished and the works of this Division may be attached to the Hydro Electric Investigation Division, Dharwar which is at present engaged in the Investigation of the Kalinadi Hydro Electric Project.

Sub-Divisions

- 73.30. In view of the fact that the territorial Circles and Divisions will be in charge of only Communications and Buildings and not Minor Irrigation, the number of Sub-Divisons in these Divisions may be reduced from the existing 201 to 165.
- 73.31. There are no Sub-Divisions now exclusively in charge of minor irrigation works. These works are being attended to by the jurisdiction or territorial Sub-Divisions dealing with communications and buildings. In view of the proposed bifurcation of functions all along the line as between minor irrigation and communications and buildings, 77 Sub-Divisions may be created for the construction of Minor Irrigation Works and for the maintenance of all irrigation projects. In addition, 18 Sub-Divisions may be created for the investigation of the minor irrigation works. These Investigation Sub-Divisions may function directly under the Executive Engineers in charge of all aspects of minor irrigation, and maintenance of major and medium irrigation works.
- 73.32. The 4 Sub-Divisions in the Kargal Divisions in the Hydro Electric Construction Projects Zone may be abolished along with the Kargal Division itself. No other changes need be made in the existing set up at the sub-divisional level in this Zone. The total number of Sub-Divisions would get reduced from the existing 90 to 76.
- 73.33. No changes are required at the sub-divisional level in respect of the Major Irrigation (South) Zone and all the 87 Sub-Divisions may continue.
- 73.34. So far as the Major Irrigation (North) Zone is concerned the Sub-Divisions functioning under the Quality Control Division at Hidkal may be abolished along with the Division as already indicated above. The two Assistant Engineers working under the Executive Engineer, Quality Control Division may, however, remain with the Executive Engineer. The rest of the 73 Sub-Divisions may continue.
- 73.35. No changes need be made in respect of the Major Irrigation Investigation Sub-Divisions and all the existing (8 Sub-Divisions) under the 4 Divisions may continue.
- 73.36. No changes need be made in respect of the Sharavathi Project and all the existing 8 Sub-Divisions may continue.

Designs Organisation

There are separate designs organisations directly working under each of the Chief Engineers except the Chief Engineer (General) It is recommen ded that there should be a Central Designs Organisation working under the Chief Engineer (Vinor Irrigation and Public Health Engineering) and that it should deal with fundamental research in designs applicable to nll the Zones and pass on the results of such experiments and such projects as it undertakes to the concerned Chief Engineers The Board of Chief Engineers or any Chief Engineer could refer any special problems which they have, to the Designs Organisation and this Organisation must deal with all such matters and give its advice directly to the concerned Chief Ungineer or to the Board as the case may be Central Designs Organisation might be able to attend to this work efficiently and effectively it may become difficult for individual, relatively small, problems to be referred to and handled by this Central Designs Organisation Ingracers have therefore, suggested that in addition to the Central Designs Organisation there should be Designs Organisations attached to each of the Chief Figureers The Commission agrees with this view and recommends that Designs Organisations might be set up in each Zone under nn Executive Lingineer who would deal with "Applied Aspects of the Designs" If there are any matters which the Designs Organisation in a Zone considers to be beyond its capacity to handle on account of the limited facilities available with it all such cases may be referred to the Central Designs Organisation which may examine and tender its advice in such cases

Research Stations

the technical control of the Public Works Department. In the new set up, the Regional Workshop at Bangalore could be treated also as the Central Mechanical Workshop and it could handle matters which with their limited facilities the Regional Workshops would not be able to handle. A Superintending Engineer could be placed in charge of the Central Workshop at Bangalore and Executive Engineers in charge of the Regional Workshops at Mysore, Belgaum and Gulbarga. These Workshops and Service Stations would have to function as Workshops and Service Stations for all Departments and the extent to which the equipment should be provided to them and the staff has to be appointed would have to be worked out in detail after examining the number of vehicles which would have to be attended to in each of these Workshops and Service Stations.

73.40. The question whether there could be a separate eadre of Mechanical Engineers to deal with these items of equipment and machinery was examined. However much these workshops might develop, the total number of officers that they could absorb would be negligible and the officers who are transferred to a separate cadre of Mechanical Engineers will have limited opportunities of promotion. It would, therefore, not be desirable to have a separate cadre for these officers but such of the Mechanical Engineers as are in service or as may be recruited hereafter may be given placements in which they would have adequate opportunities to utilise their knowledge.

Accounts Organisation

- 73.41. The Accounts Superintendents working in the Public Works Department formerly belonged to the State Accounts Department. As per the recent decision of Government they have been transferred to the control of the Accountant General. Similarly the Accounts Clerks of the Public Works Department who were formerly under the administrative control of the State Accounts Department have been transferred to the control of the Chief Engineers. This arrangement is in consonance with the practice prevailing in most of the other States of India.
- 73.42. Before the orders transferring the Accounts Superintendents to the control of the Accountant General were issued, the Accounts Superintendents had represented that they should be continued in the State Accounts Department since their transfer to the Accountant General's unit would scriously jeopardise their prospects of promotion. But the Accountant General on the other hand had been pressing for a long time for the transfer of these posts and the persons holding these posts to his administrative control on the ground that it would not be possible for him to discharge his responsibilities for the preparation and compilation of the Public Works Accounts, unless these Accounts Superintendents were under his administrative control. The Accountant General had also expressed a view that a large number of audit objections, and financial and accounts irregularities that were occurring would be minimised and the Divisional Accounts would be better maintained if such control was transferred to him. The matter has been examined and the views of the Board of Chief Engineers were also obtained. It is recommended that as the existing system under which the Accountst General

and the Accounts Clerks to the control of the Chief Engineers is in the best interest of work this system should be continued. It is also recommended that an Accounts Officer in the eadre of Assistant Controllers should be posted to each of the Chief Engineer's offices to supervise the accounts work in the several Divisions under the control of the Chief Engineer.

73 47 It was customary to fill the posts of Accounts Officers in the Public Works Di partment by taking officers on deputation from the State Accounts Department. But such a deputation would adversely affect the promotional opportunities of the Accounts Clerks, who continue under the control of the Chief Engineers. The gazetted posts of Accounts Officers in the Public Works Depart ment should therefore be filled by promotion of such of the Accounts Clerks who pass the qualifying accounts examination. However, the existing system has continue for the present and till such time as a suitable scheme under which these posts could be manned gradually by the officials of the Public Works Accounts Unit by promotion is worked out and implemented

Pre-Audit

- 73 44 The system of pre audit is in force in some of the major projects such as Bhadm. Ghataprabha, etc. This system is under severe criticism by project authorities. The main points against the continuance of pre audit system are that it results in delays in settlement of Bills of contrictors and particularly so in the case of the Divisions which are loonted far away from the Chief Accounts Office. Further the pre audit system does not reduce the accounts work of the Executive Engineer inasmuch as he has to prepare the bills, maintain Contractors' Leilger, Register of Works and also compile and submit monthly accounts but in addition to attending to all these items of work which have to be attended to even in the case of post audit, the system of pre audit throws the additional burden of having to answer the mudit objections raised by the Chief Accounts Officer before the Bills are passed for payment, the Contractor will naturally slow down the progress of works of their bills are not paid and ultimately the progress of works suffers.
- 77 45. It has also been represented that the present system of pre-mudit is not conductive to the exercise of proper humanical control or for simplification of accounts work nor is it directed towards securing better progress of works. The Board of Chief Figuriers was of the opinion that the present system of pre-mudit should not continue any longer as it was not in the interest of speeds execution of works.
- 73.40 Considering the various aspects of the case it is recommended that the present present present may be replaced by concurrent post and it mall ranger projects. While such a presenter would be fee from the defects pointed out above, cases of excess partents etc., would be immediately detected and brought to the noness of the offerescencerned so that matters could be set right areas directly.

Architectural Organisation

- 73.47. The Chief Architect to Government is an officer of the status of a Chief Engineer. He is the Head of the organisation and he is classified as the Head of a Major Department. This office has its head-quarters at Bangalore and it has no field offices.
- 73.48. The present incumbent was formerly in the Public Works Department and he has now been appointed as the Chief Architect.
- 73.49. The Cadre and Recruitment Rules have not yet been framed for this Department and all the posts in the Department are filled on more or less an ad-hoc basis. It would be necessary to frame Cadre and Recruitment Rules to ensure that the cadre strength and the mode of recruitment are clear and sound. In so far as the post of the Chief Architect is concerned it is suggested that an officer in the cadre of Chief Engineers may be appointed as the Chief, Architect provided that he has the necessary special qualifications in architecture failing which the post may be filled on contract by a person duly qualified for the post. These points may be taken into consideration while framing the Cadre and Recruitment Rules, as they do not arise just now in view of the fact that the present incumbent is duly qualified for his present post and grade.
- 73.50. This Department is now dealing primarily with the architectural features, designs and drawings of buildings while the structural designs, specifications and detailed working drawings are prepared in the Chief Engineer's designs organisation. The Adviser has suggested that this arrangement might continue and that the Chief Architect might co-ordinate with the Chief Engineer, Designs Organisation and issue fully detailed working drawings and specifications with details of architectural features including service aspects. The Commission considers that this suggestion is reasonable and recommends that action may be taken to give effect to it.
- 73.51. The Adviser has also suggested that the Chief Architect should tender advice to the Chief Engineer concerned on the architectural treatment of important hydraulic structures executed by the Irrigation Department such as Dams, Power Houses, Barrages, Weirs, etc. The Commission is informed that the Chief Architect is even now attending to these items of work though to a limited extent but in all cases in which his advice is specifically sought. It is added that there are cases in which his advice has not been sought and that it is desirable for Government to lay down instructions that he should be consulted in all such matters. The Commission agrees with this suggestion and recommends that Government may issue standing instructions that the Chief Architect may be consulted while designing not only buildings but also other important structures, in so far as their architectural features are concerned.
- 73.52. It was represented to the Commission that it would be desirable to create a separate cadre of officers for the unit of the Chief Architect and that the initial constitution of the cadre could be made by taking on deputation from

the Public Works Department officers who have secured the necessiry special qualifications in architecture as also he recruiting from the open market candi dates both engineers and others who have secured the necessary qualifications It was also pointed out that it was not absolutely necessary that engineers alone should work as Architects that the syllabi for the qualifi cations in architecture cover basic engineering subjects also and that the engineering knowledge required in architecture would be taught as one of the courses of study for the degrees in architecture which are given by the institutions like the J 1 School of Arts Bombay and in the special courses that have been introduced recently in the Bangalore University in Architecture While con coding the point that an Architect need not be a qualified engineer it has to be recognised that this unit is a very small one and that the opportunities promotion are exceedingly limited. It would therefore follow that if a separate cadre is constituted for this Department the persons who enter the Department directly from the open market and the persons working in the Public Works Department who opt for permanent secondment to this Department would not have adequate promotional opportunities and consequently they are likely to give up service under Government and seek their fortunes elsewhere therefore be in the interest of both the administration and the individual officers concerned that they should have their permanent hens against posts in 1 larger department like the Public Works Department and that they should work on deputation in the unit of the Chief Architect The Commission there fore recommends that all the technical posts in this unit may be filled by taking on deputation from the Public Works D partment engineers who have had the necessary special qualification in Architecture

73 57 For the purpos of equation of posts the Deputy Chief Architect of the quated with I security Engineers the Assistant Engineers Grade I the Unitor Architects of vicinitectural Assistants may be equated with the Junior I agineers and Architectural Draughts man may be equated with the Head Draughtsman of the Public Works Depart on I form in regard to the innustrial officers the sam difficulty in regard to promotional opportunities would arise. It is therefore suggested that all the immisterial posts in this unit may be filled by taking on deputation officials folling corresponding posts in the Public Works Department. The lens of the existing incumbents may be shifted ingainst corresponding posts in the Public Works Department of the lens of the existing incumbents may be shifted ingainst corresponding posts in the Public Works Department of the Chief Vicinities to Government.

Constitution of separate calles for Irrigation and other stems of work landled by the Public Works Department

77.54 The Advisor has suggested that there should be apeculisation right from the level of the Junnor largue as upwards so that the functions entrusted to the Leanners at differ at levels could be discharged efficiently and effectively like has suggested two Departments—one to be in charge of (communications).

Buildings and Public Health Engineering and the other to be in charge of Irrigation (including major, medium and minor irrigation, construction and maintenance and investigation of Hydro Electric Projects and all completed irrigation works). He has also made recommendations in regard to the division of the existing personnel into two different Departments. The Commission, however, considers that it is not necessary to have such bifurcation and such specialisation as might be necessary for the efficient functioning of the Department could be secured by suitable placement of officers with necessary background and experience in each Department. The Commission does not also consider it necessary to have groups of Chief Engineers constituting the two different wings in the Public Works Department. The set up, therefore all along the line, may continue to be what it is now, subject to the observations made in para 73.11 in respect of the subjects—to be assigned to each of the Chief Engineers.

- 73.55. The Commission has made its recommendation in regard to the . Career Planning of Officers in Chapter 9. Those recommendations will apply with equal force to the cases of all the Engineers. Various aspects of Engineering are becoming highly specialised and even though all the Engineers might have the basic qualifications required for entry into service, their special knowledge of different aspects of Engineering would have to be taken into consideration in making proper placements. In view of these recommendations, the Commission does not consider it necessary to examine the other suggestions made by the Adviser about the breaking up of the existing personnel into [two distinct wings in the Department.
- 73.56. The Adviser has suggested that it may be desirable not to retain an officer continuously in the Investigation of Projects for more than five years as the type of work that he has to undertake is of an arduous nature and he will be stationed in places which do not commend the normal facilities which are available elsewhere. The Commission agrees with this suggestion and recommends that this aspect of the matter may be borne in mind while effecting transfers, postings and placements of officers.

Public Health Engineering (Water Supply and Sewerage) Schemes.

the Bangalore Water Supply and Sewerage Board is now executing the Bangalore Water Supply and Sewerage Schemes. The Chief Engineer of the Board is in charge of the execution of these works and he has got the necessary supporting staff under him. The Chief Engineer (General) who is in charge of Minor Irrigation and Public Health Engineering is executing the Water Supply and Sewerage Schemes in the rest of the State. A suggestion was made that it would be advantageous if the Water Supply and Sewerage Schemes throughout the State were to be placed under the control of the Chief Engineer of the Bangalore Water Supply and Sewerage Board by amending the Bangalore Water Supply and Sewerage Board by amending the Bangalore Water Supply and Sewerage Schemes are very large schemes requiring concentrated attention of a senior officer. The Commission has suggested in para 73.12 that an officer in the cadre of Superintending Engineers

might he posted as the Principal Engineer of this Board, and if his energies were to be frittered away hy heing required to supervise the works in the various parts of the State, he would not be able to concentrate his whole aften tion as needed on the Bangalore Schemes. Moreover the Bangalore schemes have been taken up under a special enactment and the Commission does not consider it worthwhile to surgest amendments to the enactments on at 0 make it applicable to the entire State. Besides such amendments will affect the jurns diction of other Local Bodies which are now efficiently managing their own water works. In this view the Commission recommends that the existing arrangements for the execution of such works in Bangalore may continue and that the schemes elsewhere may be brought under the control of the Chief Ingineer Minor Impation and Public Health Engineering Zone.

Norms of Workload

73 59 The Adviser has indicated in his report various norms of workload for execution of original works and for maintenance and repairs in respect of Highways Buildings Irrigation and Public Health Engineering works. The following is an abstract of the norms of workload suggested by him in terms of lakhs of rupees per year

		Divisions		Suh Divisions	
		Original works	Naintenance and repairs	Original works	Maintenance and repairs
1	Roads	72	50	12	10
2	Buildings	72	30	12	7 5
3	Public Health Engineering Works	40	30	10	75
4	Minor Irrigation	40	24	10	σ
5	Major and Medium Irrigation Projects				
	(a) Dams an I main canals	50	21	10	6
	(b) Branch Canals Distributaries and Minors	30	24	7.5	6
G	Hy iro I fectric Construction Works	80		10	

He has also suggested that for departmental for execution the norms of work for I may be reduced I v 33 1/3 preent both in the case of original works and in the case of maintenance and repairs

73 °) The Chief Engineers who wer consulted in regard to the norms of worklind for constructional and maintenance works have stated that the roles in heated to the Advisor as acceptable to them. The Commission also consulers the proposed norms to be reasonable and recommends that adoption

Legal Assistant

73.60. The Advisor has suggested the appointment of a Legal Officer of Class II Gazetted Cadre to work as Legal Assistant to the Chief Engineers. Since most of the documents that are to be scrutinised will be in standardised forms scrutinised by the Law Department of the Sccretariat, the Commission considers that it is not necessary to create a post of Legal Assistant to the Chief Engineers. If a Law Cell is created in this Department of the Secretariat, as recommended by the Commission, it would be easy for the Chief Engineers also to refer their cases through the Secretariat for advice.

Management of Stores

- 73.61. Under the present procedure purchases of material of the value of more than Rs. 7,500 are to be made through the Stores Purchase Department except in the case of controlled articles or articles for which there are rate contracts fixed either by the Directorate General of Supplies and Disposals or, the States Stores Purchase Department. Most of the Chief Engineers were of the view that this procedure involved undue delays without any corresponding benefits as the Stores Purchase Department was not equipped to deal with the procurement of large quantities of specialised stores required by the Public Works Department. They suggested that this system should be given up forthwith in the interest of efficient and speedy execution of works. On an examination of the various aspects of the case the Commission recommends as follows:—
- (1) Purchases may normally be routed through the Stores Purchase Department but since the articles required to be purchased are of a special nature requiring the approval of technical officers, the Secretary of the Board. may be associated with the Director of the Stores Purchase Department in finalising the tenders and in fixing the rate contracts. In Special cases purchases may be made directly on the advice of the Board and with the prior approval of Covernment.
- (2) Powers of purchase of Chief Engineers should be enhanced to Rs. 25,000 for individual articles and to Rs. 2 lakhs in the aggregate for articles in respect of tools and plant, machinery and survey instruments.
- 73.62. The Departmental Committee to be constituted in the case of purchases of articles of high value as proposed in Chapter 24 dealing with the matters relating to the Stores Purchase Department should in the case of Public Works Department consist of the Secretary to Government, Public Works Department, the Secretary to Government, Finance Department the Director of Stores Purchase, Department and the concerned Chief Engineer.
- 73.63. It has been represented that there are usually delays in obtaining sanction to the purchase of materials. The Advisor who has examined this question has suggested that annual estimates for the different kinds of Stores that are to be purchased for a particular project might be proposed and sanction thereto obtained from the competent authority; such a sanction to the detailed estimates should be deemed to be sanction for the purchase of the Stores and

procurement of stores arranged accordingly. By this procedure considerable delays in obtaining sanction to the purchases would be avoided. The Commission recommends that this procedure may be adopted.

73 64 The suggestions made by the Advisor in Chapter AVI of his report in regard to the proper management of Stores and proper maintenance of S ores Accounts are in order and may be implemented

Agency for construction

- 73 65 At present heavy earthmoving equipments and machinery are sometimes hired out to contractors for the execution of the works entrusted to them. These machines are operated by the Department and hire charges are recovered from the contractors. Usually the type of works executed by heavy earth moving equipment are Farthen Duns. Canal Embankments, etc. which involve huge amount of earth work to be buildled by machinery. The Commission is of the view that when the Department owns maintains and op rates the machines for the execution of the works there is no point in recovering the hire charges from the contractors and paying the minimum back to their with the addition of profit. As suggested by the Advisor the Commission considers that in all cases of earthern dams and canal embankments where heavy earth moving equipment is to be used and Government own such equipment they should get the works executed departmentally and discontinue the existing practice of biring out heavy enth moving machinery to contractors.
- 73 66 If in any case it becomes absolutely necessary to operate departmental machines for the contractors then the basis of recovers of hire charges
 from them should be the quantity of work excented and not the number of hours
 or days of operation as is now being done since it is represented that some of the
 contractors are paying hire charges on the basis of the standard hours but are
 getting the works executed for longer periods claudestinally and retaining the profits
- 73 67 With regard to execution of other works the existing arrangement for entrusting works on contract on the basis of lowest tenders may be continued

Quality Control

73 68 Control of the quality of works under execution whether executed through Contractors or by Departmental agency would be achieved mainly by street and detailed supervision at each stage of construction to ensure that the works are I sing carried out strictly according to the specifications. In the case of works which are highly or partly mechanised the extent of supervision could be minimised by a lequate quality control I of where mechanisation is not resorted to, supervision has to be tighter. The recommendations of the Adviser with regard to quality control are contained in Chapter XVII "Agency for Construction". Some of his principal recommendations are that a quality centrol unit should be in charge of an Executive I regimen in the case of major works costing more than I as 10 crores are I that there should be a properly equipped testing laboratory at

the site of work; for smaller works also, there should be some arrangement for testing the quality of work executed.

- 73.69. In predominently maintenance Divisions, there could be a small laboratory at the headquarters managed by a Junior Engineer and he should be able to collect and carry out tests of samples in respect of any important construction work in the Division.
- 73.70. It has also been suggested that a concrete testing laboratory for each Division, could be set up in Divisions where there is considerable building activity.
- 73.71. The Adviser has suggested that a Central Quality Control Organisation is not necessary for the Public Works Department. The Commission agrees with the recommendations of the Adviser in this regard and suggests that action may be taken accordingly.

Simplification of the Public Works Department Accounts Code

- 73.72. It has been represented that the Public Works Department Accounts Code requires simplification to shorten procedural formalities and reduce avoidable delays. The Adviser has suggested that a Committee consisting of the Chief Engineer, the Secretary, Public Works Department, the Secretary, Finance Department and a representative of the Accountant General might be set up to examine the question of simplification of the Public Works Department Accounts Code and to make suitable recommendations in this behalf.
- 73.73. The Accounts Code would have to be clear, simple and capable of being understood and followed by all the officers who have to maintain accounts; it should at the same time ensure that the public funds spent by the Department are utilised properly and are accounted for fully. The Commission recommends that a revised Code may be drafted by the Board of Chief Engineers and that the Controller State Accounts Department or his representative may be associated with the Board in this work; the draft revised code may be scrutinised by the Committee as suggested by the Adviser and orders of Government obtained.

Irrigation Management

73.74. The question whether the officers of the Public Works Department should be in over all charge of the assessment and collection of irrigation revenues was examined in consultation with the Chief Engineers. The Chief Engineers were unanimously of the view that while the responsibility for the assessment of the irrigation dues could be placed fairly on the Department, it should be the responsibility of the Revenue Department to collect these amounts. It would be necessary for the proper irrigation management and for booking the demand to have field officials who should be in a position to determine the areas to which water was made available, the areas in which water was actually utilised, the crop or crops raised by utilising the water and then to assess the dues. As special staff has necessarily to be appointed for this purpose and as such special staff has to determine the assessment on the basis of actual field to field inspection, such staff

would naturally be in intimate contact with the cultivators and excepting in difficult cases it should be in a position also to recover the amounts due from such cultivators to Government. It is therefore, recommended that the officers of the Pablic Works Department may be made fully responsible not only for drawing up the demand statements but also for maintaining necessary registers and for recovering such amounts as coold be recovered without resorting to correct processes. They can refer to the Revenue Officers only such cases in which they cannot themselves effect recovery by issue of certificates of demand. The Revenue Officers may maintain separate Registers for registering the demand certificates and for notice the recovers made.

- 73.70 It has been represented to the Commission by various witnesses that while efforts are heing made to create more and more irrigation assets, the existing assets are not receiving their due attention, and are therefore, deteriorating over time—it has been also suggested to the Commission that Government should make adequate provision for the proper up keep and maintenance of the existing irriation works and that adequate personnel should be posted for looking after them has of are as the former aspect of the matter is concerned the Commission recommends that the Board of Chief Engineers may be asked to go into the question of the Maintenance Grants that should be provided for the maintenance of the existing assets and determine separately the maintenance grants to be given for the head works and for the channels and distributories—prescribing suitable and distinct norms for both these purposes. The first charge on the irrigation Budget should be the inoney required for the maintenance of the existing assets and only the moneys that are left over should be utilised for creating fresh assets. If Govern must ear ensure that this is done systematically they would be not only cusuring the unkeep and maintenance of the existing assets but would also avoid the risk of having to spend luge amounts for restoration to the required standard the existing irrigation works after they have deteriorated to a point at which normal maintenance would not be adequate.
- 73 76 The staff as recommended in Paras 73 23 to 73 26 and 73 31 regarding the 'Organisation and Constitution' of the Sub Divisions and Divisions in the Minor Irrigation Zone would be adequate for this purpose and no special or separate arrangements need by made for securing the proper upkeep and maintenance of the existing assets.

Maintenance and upleep of other assets alrealy created

73 77 Maiters relating to the maintenance and upleep of 'irrigation assets have been dealt with in the preciding paragraphs. These observations apply with equal force to assets created in other a ctors like Communications. Buildings and Puthe Health Engineering, Works. The Commission recommends that Government may get the matter examined by the Board of Chief Engineers and a see that the maintenance grants to be given for the various kinds of Puthe Works are determined and that such grants are given the highest priority.

- 73.78. The Commission also suggests that the following priorities may be observed in the allotment and utilisation of the funds placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department.
 - (1) Proper maintenance of all assets already ereated,
 - (2) Completion of works in progress,
 - (3) Fresh works only to the extent to which money is available undertaking works on which maximum possible progress could be secured during the financial year.

In other words, Government may determine the total amount that would be available for being given to the Public Works Department for being utilised for the various purposes mentioned above and in the order of priority indicated, and allot funds on this basis, the last priority being given to the additional assets to be created; and even in this category the number of additional assets being limited eonsistent with the funds that could be utilised to the maximum advantage and for securing the maximum progress in a year. The Commission has made this recommendation particularly in view of the fact that if the existing assets were to be allowed to deteriorate the expenditure to be incurred by Government on restoring them to a reasonably good condition if not to the original condition might be exorbitant after some time and it might be a wise policy to see that these assets are maintained properly. Secondly, if Government were to spend whatever money they can spare for the purpose over a large number of works resulting in limited progress on each of them. it would mean that the works will be completed only after the lapse of several years and during the entire period not only would the money spent get locked up in the sense that the assets eannot be utilised but Government would have to pay interest on the money that they have borrowed for expenditure on the works long before the assets start yielding benefits. The total expenditure on works would unduly rise without any corresponding benefits either to the beneficiaries under the project or to the State.

Preparation of precise estimates for Major and Medium Irrigation Works.

- 73.79. It has been brought to the 'notice of the Commission that quite often Government accord administrative sanction to estimates for majorand medium irrigation works on the basis of the material placed before them by the Chief Engineers concerned, that these estimates get revised, on occasions more than once, and that the total expenditure which Government would ultimately have to incur would be very much more than what they would have anticipated ats "the time of according administrative approval to the execution of the work concerned.
- 73.80. The question as to why the estimates get revised, some times once and some times oftener was examined by the Commission in consultation with the Chief Engineers. The Commission was given to understand that normally in any major or medium irrigation project, a more or less precise estimate of the expenditure could be obtained only after the preparation of (a) the preliminary

report (b) the project report, (c) the detailed project report and (d) the working project report, that the working project report would entail considerable expenditure as detailed investigation would have to be undertaken and that it would take quite a long time for it to be prepared, that to avoid delay in obtaining sanction to the works, proposals are sabinited to Government on the basis of either the first two Reports or at the bist on the basis of the first three Reports and after the administrative approval is accorded the works are taken in hand and parallelly the working project reports are prepared

73.81 While the Commission appreciates the point that there is likelihood of delay and substantial expenditure has to be incurred in preparing the working project report it would be worthwhile for such reports to be prepared and placed before Government so that they could take a decision with a complete know ledge of the financial implications on whether the particular scheme should be proceeded with or not. It is, therefore suggested that in future Government might give preliminary administrative approval to the Scheme, after going through the preliminary, the project and the defauled project reports that such preliminary administrative approval may be treated as sanction for preparation in the working project reports and that infer the working project reports are prepared and submitted to Government they might accord the final administrative approval to the Scheme only if they consider it to be feesible, infer taker into consideration the total expenditure estimated to be incurred thereon.

Schedule of Pates

73 82. The Adviser has suggested that realistic schedules of rates should be worked out on the lasts of standard dats and that detailed and workable specifications for different items of work should be standardised and published for the use of the departmental staff and contractors. The Commission agrees with this view and recommends that the Board of Chief I rigineers may be taked to take necessary action to prepare the initial schedules and specifications urgently and to revise them annually. The estimates prepared by the Department for works and the tenders submitted by the contractors should have reference to these rates. Every estimate should provide for "escalation" with reference to the general trend of prices of articles and sages of labour no obtaining at the time the estimates are prepared and the probable variations over the time required for the execution of the works covered by such estimates. Every tender should provide for the rates being quoted subject to variations in accordance with the "escalation clause" which should be spelt out clearly so that a realistic ides of the expenditure to be incurred could be had by Government, the Department and the Contractors.

Land Acquisition

73 83 Government in the Revenue Department issued instructions in their off call metro-adom No RDH 184 I QM 63 dated 12th July 1963 about the step to be taken to ensure that the proceedings for acquisition of lands required for irrigation and other projects undertaken by the Pablic Works Department are

attended to expeditiously. The Advisor has pointed out that it has not been possible for the acquisition proceedings to be attended to as expeditiously as would be both desirable and necessary in the interests of the execution of projects. The difficulty in implementing the instructions of Government appear to be partly due to some difficulties inherent in the system itself, partly due to their faulty implementation in the field and partly due to the difficulties indicated by the Advisor, viz., (1) some of the Land Acquisition Officers are not competent and experienced men; (2) the powers of Deputy. Commissioners are not vested in the Assistant Commissioners appointed as Special Land Acquisition Officers andomatically and such powers have to be vested in them in each case; (3) the progress of work is not reviewed regularly and the difficulties in the way of expeditions disposal of cases are not being examined and suitable solutions found for those problems.

- 73.84. The Commission agrees that it would be necessary to post senior and experienced officers as Special Land Acquisition Officers for the acquisition of lands required for Major Irrigation and Medium Irrigation Projects and the work done by them should be reviewed periodically with a view to remove the bottlenecks found in the way of expeditions progress of the work.
- 73.85. As the Land Acquisition Act now stands, it may not be possible to vest in the Special Land Acquisition Officers the powers of the Deputy Commissioners generally and it may be necessary to vest such powers in them in respect of each case. It is suggested that the Act may be amended suitably so that whereever a Special Land Acquisition Officer is appointed for a Project he is automatically vested with the powers of the Deputy Commissioner under the Act.
- 73.86. The Adviser has suggested that Special Land Acquisition Officers may be attached to each Superintending Engineers' Circle, for dealing with Land Acquisition cases relating to Minor Irrigation and Road Works. The Commission does not consider it necessary to have such Special Land Acquisition Officers as all these works will not be located in any concentrated area and it should be possible for the jurisdiction Sub-Division Officers of the Revenue Department to attend to this work.
- 73.87. The Adviser has suggested that Revenue Surveyors should be posted invariably to all project Divisions for preparing land plans and schedules. The Commission agrees with this suggestion and recommends that action should be taken accordingly. The Adviser has suggested that a training class might be held for Clerks of the Revenue Department who deal with Land Acquisition Cases. The Commission, however, considers that the general training that has been recommended separately for officials in each Department should be adequate and that no special training classes need be established only for giving specialised training in land acquisition work to the Clerks of the Revenue Department.
- 73.88. It has been suggested by the Adviser that there should be a Special Land Acquisition Cell in the Public Works Department at the Secretariat. According to the present arrangements a Special Cell for dealing with Land Acquisition

cases pertaining to all administrative departments is located in the Revenue Department of the Secretariat and the Commission considers that this arrangement is working satisfactorily and may be continued

- 73.89 The Advisor has suggested that there should be a Special Cell in the Government Press to expediate the printing and jublication of Notifications pertaining to Land Acquisition Cases. The Commission considers that it is not necessary to have such a cell and that it would be adequate if the Special Cell in the Revenue D partment and the Compiler Mysore Gazette come to a working arrangements under which the Notifications requiring publication organity are brailled on a priority basis in the Press.
- 73 90 The Provisions contained in the Government Order dated 12th July 1903 are clear and unambiguous. It is the duty of all concerned to ensure that possession of the lands required for projects is taken strictly in conformity with the provisions contained in that order so that the works are not held up on account of delays in the acquisition of land
- 73.91 It would be very good indeed if the Public Works Department could prepare a schedule indicating the lands required for each stage of the work and the probable date by which they are so required and give the schedule to the land tequisition Officers at the commencement of the preliminary works, such a course would enable the land tequisition Officers to organic their work in such a way that they could observe all the formalities take possession of the lands from their owners and hand them over to the concerned officers of the Public Works Department as and when the execution of works traches a specific stage. The Commission considers that even though it may not be a practical le to prepare a precise schedule of this nature it should 1; possible to draw up a more or less approximately correct schedule and that it is accessive to do so in all such eases particularly in view of the fact that in eases in which possession of the land is taken in advance of the completion of the land acquisition proceedings Government would be put to considerable expenditure by way of crop compensation and the rent or the lease amount to be paid for the lands.

Major Irrigation Projects Control Board

73 92 Government have constituted a Control Board as nn Advisory Body in respect of Vajor Irragation Projects. This Board consists of the Minister concerned as the Chairman and Chief Figurers and retired Chief I ingineers as members. It was represented to the Commission that it was not necessary to have any retired Chief Figurers as a mimber of this Board as it is primarily an Advantagative Body, the decisions of which are implemented without further examination and that it should be adequate if in a race are appointed as members of the Board. The Commission considers that there can be no objection to retired Chief Figurers being members of the Board which it only an Advisory Body and Covernment would have the length of the

experience and advice of the retired Chief Engineers in considering important issues relating to the projects under construction.

Allotment of Government vehicles to the Officers of the Public Works Department 73.93. The Commission considers that the general recommendations made in Chapter 9 about forming pools of Government Vehicles from which officers of the various Departments might seeme the vehicles that are required for their official purposes could apply mutatis mutandis to the officers of the Public Works Department in the Communications and Buildings Zone and in the Maintenance Divisions in charge of Minor Irrigation Projects. The situation would be slightly different in the case of the Major Irrigation Zone, the maintenance Divisions in charge of major and medium irrigation projects and the officers engaged on the investigation of new irrigation projects. Pools of vehicles could be formed in the case of the headworks of Major and Medium Irrigation Projects where large number of officers would be working and only a few of them would require vehicles at any given time and the vehicles in the pools might be kept under the senior-most officer at the headquarters for being allotted to individual officers. In the ease of other officers, however, who require vehicles almost continuously for their day-to-day work or in the alternative where the headquarters are in isolated places at which other Government vehicles may not be available, it would be necessary to give vehicles as at present for individual officers.

73.94. The general recommendations made in Chapter 9 regarding the Maintenance Workshops and the Service Stations would, however, apply in the case of the vehicles with the officers of the Public Works Department also and these vehicles may be sent for repairs and servicing to the general Workshops and Service Stations.

Basic Engineering Education and In-service Training

- 73.95 The Adviser has suggested that the intake of students to the Engineering Colleges and Institutions awarding diploma in Engineering might be reduced to half the present strength, as the supply of Engineering personnel is far in excess of the demand. He has also suggested that the Engineering Colleges and Institutions might take up refresher eourses in suitable subjects for the in-service personnel.
- .73.96. It was represented on behalf of the Department that even though there might be surplus of persons who have acquired the Engineering qualification this is only a temporary phase, that these persons are likely to get suitable employment in the private sector and the mere fact that opportunities for employment under Government are limited should not lead to a reduction in the number of persons who are trained as Engineers.
- 73.97. Judging from the situation in the country to-day the persons who have seeured degrees in Engineering have not been able to secure employ-

meet either inder Governmeet or in the private sector. If year after year the number of unemployed Figurers were to increase it would indeed be very unfortunate. It is possible that with the development of the ecocomy there might be need for more Legimers than at present but there is a limit up to which the 10h opportunities could be expanded. A realistic view of the situation should therefore he taken and the number of porsons who are trained as Frigineers should bear a reasonable proportion to the "joh opportunities that can be created for them. In this view the Commission agrees with the suggestion of the Adviser that the initiale in the Engineering Colleges and Institutions conferring Diploma should be reduced and recommends that action may be taken accordingly. It may be added in this context that steps have already been taken in this direction by Government by reducing the nuthorised strength of the I ngineering Colleges in the Strite and this process may have to go on by stages for a few more years till the situation is stabilised and persons with the Engineering qualification are able to secure suitable employment

73 98 The direct consequences of reducing the intrike capacity of the largineering Colleges and other similar Institutions would be to create idle expacity in the Institutions. It is a common complaint that officers generally and technical officers particularly are not given adequate opportunities to keep abreast of the developments in the fields of their specialised activity and this very often an officer who had specialised in a particular subject on the basis of rewarch and development as at the time he was a student is not able to acquaint himself and be in touch with the developments that have taken place in the field subsequently. It would be advantageous to utilise the idle capacity in the regimeering Colleges and other Institutions of a like nature by organising refresher courses for the in service officers so that persons who have put in service off 10 1% or 20 years may go back to the Colleges for short term courses. The sylladar for such courses could be worked out very existilly by the Universities and the Digartment of Technical Education in consultation with the Board of Chief I agmeers. During the period when they are on such courses of study the efficers concerned would have to be treated as on duty and after they complete such training they should be posted to charges in which they would be able to utilise the apsculaed knowledge which they so acquire

73.9) The Adviser has suggested that the Departmental examination in Engine ring subjects and accounts should be revived for Assistant Engineers. Jumor Engineers and Supervisors. The Commission a cepts the suggestions and resembled that action may be taken accordingly. The Adviser has also suggested that the effects of the Department should be depicted to be alread when a sutable operations arise or at last to go round other projects within the country but outside the Scate. The Commission coming the latter suggestion for a ceptance of Government and suggestion of Government and Suggestion for a ceptance of Government and suggestion for a ceptance of Government and Suggestion for a ceptance of Government and Government and

73.100. Opportunities arise now and then for sending officers of the Public Works Department to Central Organisations like the Central Public Works Department and the Central Water and Power Commission. Full advantage is should be taken of such opportunities and the officers who are either asked for or who are fit and competent should be deputed to such Bodies as the experience they gain there could be utilised to the advantage of the State on their returns from such deputation.

Water Utilisation of Inter-State Rivers

- 73.101. The Adviser has suggested that in order to maintain continuity in regard to the studies that have been undertaken about the Inter-State Rivers namely, the Krishna, the Godavari and the Cauvery, it would be desirable to have a small cell located in Bangalore with a Superintending Engineer and two Assistant Engineers with the requisite subordinate staff, that the cell might be attached to one of the Chief Engineers of the Irrigation Department whose Headquarters might be at Bangalore preferably in charge of the Chief Engineer, Central Designs Organisation if such a post is created.
- 73.102. The Commission agrees with the principle that it is both necessary and desirable in the interest of the State that a continuous and thorough study should be made of the rights of the State in the Waters of the Inter-State Rivers. Such studies have, however, been made already and such studies have to be undertaken continuously even in future. This unit may be placed under the control of the Chief Engineer, Minor Irrigation and Public Health Engineering Zone.

Chief Engineers and Secretariat functions

- 73.103. The Commission has examined in Chapter 3 the desirability, feasibility and merits and demerits of appointing Technocrats as Officers in the Secretariat and has recommended as a general proposition that it may not be worthwhile wasting the talents of the Technocrats by asking them to attend to Secretariat duties.
- 73.104. While the general proposition would apply to all the Departments, the question whether there are special circumstances in regard to the Public Works Department which would justify a departure from this general principle, was examined in consultation with the Chief Engineers and the in-charge Secretary to Government, Public Works Department. The concensus of opinion of the technical officers was that every Chief Engineer should be treated as a Technical Secretary to Government in respect of those subjects which he deals with as Chief Engineer and that it would not be desirable to have one of them as a whole time Secretary to Government. The impression which the Commission gained was that the Chief Engineers considered it unnecessary for another authority to scrutinise their proposals and that it was in this view that they were not in favour of one of the Chief Engineers being appointed whole time as Secretary to Government just as they were also not in favour of having a single Engineer-in-Chief, the others being designated as Additional Chief Engineers.

73 105 In the context of the organisation of the Secretariat it would be Inappropriate to have a large number of officers having Secretarial status and functioning as part time Secretaries The Chief Engineers have to spend most of their time in the Field for supervising and giving instructions in regard to the execution of works. Officers of this level should be able, with the experience which they bave grined, to ensure that all the works are executed strictly in accordance with the accepted principles of engineering and they should be available for advice and guidance which the field officers might require at their hands. If they are appointed as Sceretaries to Government they would naturally have to spend a considerable amount of time at the Headquarters and probably on the Secretariat itself and this would not be conducted to efficiency Commission therefore, recommends that the existing arrangement under which a Chief I ngineer is functioning as a Joint Secretary to Government in the Public Works Department may, however, continue with the modification that he might be designated as Additional Secretary, given a specific block of work and enabled to function as effectively as any Admin stratico" Additional Secretary in the Secretariat as recommended in Chapter 47

73 106 The general recommendation which the Commission has made in Chapter 3 in respect of the relationship that should subsist between the Administrative Secretary and the Technocratis who are Heads of Departments and a between the Unisters and Heads of Departments should be scrupulously adhered to be all concerned in order to see that the Chief Engineers are not left with the feeling that their views are either not being considered by or adequately represented before the Government while taking decisions on matters of policy

Vadre and Recruitment Rules and Scales of Pay

73 107 The Adviser has suggested that the following cadres might be constituted in the Public Works Department in future.

- 1 Chief Fugineers
- 2 Superintending Figureers
- 3 Executive Lingineers
- 4 Assistant Fricutive Engineers
- 5 Assistant Fugineers
- 6 Junior Assistant Engineers
- 7 Supervisors

His other suggestions are there should be two distinct cadres—one for Impation and the other for all other items of work handled by the Public Works Departs or initial constitution of these two cadres night be done over time by having direct rectainment to each of the tadres separately but for the present, the two cadres could be combined. Harements made in accordance with the last ground I training and specialisation of each individual officer, there could be direct recruitment at the level of training knowledge the contract of the direct recruitment at the level of training knowledge.

Engineers and Supervisors; recruitment to the level of Assistant Executive Engineers and Junier Assistant Engineers may be made on the result of a competitive examination to be held by the Public Service Commission conducted on the lines of the examination held for the Indian Railway Service of Engineers and likely to be held for the proposed Indian Service of Engineers; persons getting the first three ranks every year may be appointed as Assistant Executive Engineers and the persons getting the next few ranks may be appointed as Junior Assistant Engineers and such of those who get lower ranks but who have seenred a pass in the examination may, to the extent required, be appointed to the eadre of Supervisors, provided that they are willing to join this cadre on the same seale of pay and in a common cadre with the Supervisors, subject however, to the condition that they would get six advance increments in such scale.

- 73.108. The Government of India have already taken preliminary steps regarding the constitution of the Indian Service of Engineers and when the endre is actually constituted there would be direct recruitment to the endre of Assistant Executive Engineers. The Commission does not, therefore, consider it necessary to constitute such a endre within the State Service for the present.
- 73.109. It has been represented on behalf of ministerial staff of the Department that promotional opportunities available to the staff at various levels are inadequate and that the should be improved. It is not possible to create posts in the higher cadres only to provide promotional opportunities for officials in the lower cadres since the quantum of work and the nature of responsibility are determinative of the number of posts to be created at the various levels and not the sufficiency of opportunities of promotion to the persons working in lower cadres. Pending detailed time and motion study by the Department of Administrative reforms, the Commission recommends that existing pattern of establishment may continue at the various levels in the Department. The total number of posts in each cadre, the existing and the proposed modes of recruitment and the existing and the proposed scales of pay in respect of each of these cadres are indicated in the succeeding paragraphs.
- 73.110. The existing Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department were issued in the year 1960. Subsequently large numbers of posts have been sanctioned. There are about 70 eategories of posts for which neither the eadre strength nor the modes of recruitment have been prescribed. The actual sanctioned strength of the posts was not made available to the Commission and in the absence of this information, the figures indicated in brackets in the subsequent paragraphs represent the working strength as furnished by the Chief Engineers of the various zones.
- 73.111. It is understood that the Department has not submitted proposals to Government to amend or to revise the existing Cadre and Recruitment Rules with reference to the temporary posts subsequently sanctioned. The office of the Chief Engineer (Communications and Buildings) which is the co-ordinating office on all establishment matters, has not apparently been able to secure the details

from the various zonsi offices. The Commission considers this to be a very anhappy position and emphasises the urgent need to rectify the position

- 73 112 The Commission has already suggested in para 73 9 that a Board of Chief Engineers might be constituted on a formal footing and that this Board might be entrusted with certim common functions including the management of personnel of the entire Department. In addition to the Secretary as already suggested in para 73 9 the Board may also have an Administrative Officer (as in the case of the Directorate of Health and Femily Planning Services), of sufficient experience on deputation from the Indian Administrative Service or the Mysore Administrative Service. While the Secretary who will be of the status of a Super intending Engineer may assist the Board in all technical matters, the Administrative Officer may be in charge of administration (establishment matters) of the entire Department. The Board may review the position and take necessary action to propose to Government and changes or revision in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department.
- 73 113 The Board may also undertake a "Time and Motion" study and fix the norms of work for the ministerial staff of the entire Department. The Board may allot the persoanel to the various offices of the Chief Engineers on the hasis of the norms so fixed.
- 73 114 All proposals in future for the creation of Additional posts may be sent through the Board which should examine such proposals in consultation with the Administrative Officer with reference to the Cadro and Recruitment Rules and the surplus personant available in the other zones and make suitable adjustments where possible and put up proposals to Government only where necessary

Chief Engineers (10) (Rs 1,300-50-1,800

- 73 115 The total number of Chief I agineers in the State is 10 including the Chief Architect According to the Rules of Recruitment, the Chief Lagineers may be appointed by promotion by selection from the eadre of Superintending Lagineers. This mode of recruitment may be retained. It has been suggested in part 73 49 that the post of Chief Architect may be filled by transfer of an officer from the cadre of chief Lagineers, provided that he has the increasary special qualifications in Architecture or by appointment on contract of a person duly qualified for the post. The Rules of Recruitment in respect of this post may be framed accordingly.
- 73 116. The scale of pay for these posts is Rs. 1,700—50—1,800. The Adviser has suggested that the Chief Engineers should have parity with Divisional Corinnism ners but that as the latter category of posts are in the Indian Administrative S. vic. with much higher pay the scales of pay for Chief Ingineers ingit be the same as in the Public Works Dipartment of Uttar Pradish. The scales of pay for the officers of any Dipartment of the State Government should have suitable relativities with posts in other Dipartments in this Sixte and not with a mulay posts in other. States or with the posts in the All India of Control Struces.

The scales of pay for all the posts in the Public Works Department have been. recommended on this basis. The Commission considers that the scale of pay for the posts of Chief Engineers may be Rs. 1,300—60—1,600—50—1.800.

73.117. The Commission has suggested generally that in such eases 10 per cent of the posts might be in the Selection Grade. In view of the fact that the number of Chief Engineers is small the Commission specifically suggests that one post of Chief Engineer may be in the Selection Grade in the scale of pay of Rs. 1,800—100—2,000.

Superintending Engineers (36) (Rs. 900-40-1,100-50-1,300)

- 73.118. According to the Rules of Recruitment, these posts are to be filled by promotion by selection of officers from the eadre of Executive Engineers. The existing mode of recruitment may be continued.
- 73.119. The Commission recommends that the scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 1,100—50—1,300—60—1,600.

Security O fficer (1) (Rs. 740—40—1,100—50/2—1,250—50—1,300)

Senior time scale of the Indian Police Service.

- 73.120. The post is at present held by an officer in the senior time scale of the Indian Police Service. This arrangement may be continued and the Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.
- 73.121. The officer may draw his pay in the time scale applicable to the officers in the senior time scale of the Indian Police Service.

Executive Engineers (183) (Rs. 600-40-1,000)

- 73.122. Under the Rules of Recruitment, as amended in 1963, 96 per cent of these posts are to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Assistant Engineers (Division I) and 4 per cent by promotion from the cadre of Assistant Engineers (Division II). These modes of Recruitment may be retained.
- 73.123. The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 700—40—900—50—1,200.

Deputy Chief Architect: (1) (Rs. 600-40-1,000)

- 73.124. As suggested in para 73.53 this post may be equated with that of an Executive Engineer and filled by taking on deputation an Executive Engineer who has the necessary special qualifications in Architecture. If none is available, the post may be filled by direct recruitment, the prescribed qualifications being those for an Executive Engineer. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.
- 73.125. The seale of pay for this post may be the same as for Executive Engineers.

Research Officer (1) (Rs 600-40-1,000)

- 73 126 This post has not been included in the Cadro and Recruitment Rules of the Department. It may be filled by transfer of an Executive Fingment with the requisite qualifications or by promotion from the cadro of Assistant Research Officer, if suitably qualified or if neither modes of recruitment is possible by direct recruitment on contract of a person who has passed the B.D. Pramma tion and has ten years of experience in research work.
- 73 127 The scale of pay for this post may be the same as for Executive Engineers

Chief Accounts Officers (1) (Rs 600-40-1,000)

- 73 128 According to the Rules of Recruitment these posts are to be filled by taking on deputation officers from the State Accounts Department. The existing mode of recruitment may be continued.
- 73 129 The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for officers holding corresponding posts in the State Accounts Department

General Assistant (1) (Its 350-25-050-30-800)

73 130 There is one General Assistant in the cadre of Assistant Commissioners taken on deputation from amongst officers in the Junior time scale of the Mysere Administrative Service (Class I) in the office of the Chief Figineer (Communications and Buildings). Ho is in immediate charge of the establishment work. The Adviser has suggested that this post might be abolished. This suggestion is in consonance with the recommendations of the Commission made in Chapter 4. The Commission occordingly recommissals that this post may be abolished.

Assistant Iccourts Officers (6) (Rs 350-25-650-30-800)

- 73 131 Under the Rules of Recruitment, these posts are to be filled by taking on deputation officers from the State Accounts Department. This mode of recruitment may be retuined.
- 73 132 The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for officers holding corresponding posts in the State Accounts Department.

Senior (reologist (1) (Rs 350-25-650-30-800)

- 73 133 This post has not been included in the existing Cadre and Recruit ment Rules. It may be filled by taking on deputation in officer holding a corresponding post from the Department of Mines and Geology. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.
- 73 134 The scale of pas for this post may be the same as for corresponding posts in the Department of Mines at 1 Geology.

Assistant Engineers: (792) (Rs. 300-25-550-30-700)

73.135. According to the Rules of Recruitment as amended in 1963, Government have constituted two eategories of Assistant Engineers-Division I and Division II. 331 per cent of the posts of Assistant Engineers (Division I) are to be filled by direct recruitment of graduates in Engineering and 663 per eent by promotion from the eadre of Junior Engineers. The posts of Assistant Engineers Division II are to be filled by promotion from among Supervisors and Draughtsmen in the ratio of 8:1. The Commission, however, understands that these Rules have not been given effect to so far and that promotions are not being ordered from the Cadre of Junior Engineers, Supervisors and Draughtsmen on the basis of these Rules. According to the Cadre and Recruitment Rules as amended in 1963, there are 619 posts of Assistant Engineers in Division I and 70 posts of Assistant Engineers in Division II as against 2,044 posts of Junior Engineers, 2,158 posts of Supervisors and 874 posts of Draughtsmen. The Commission eonsiders that this arrangement is satisfactory and provides adequate opportunity to the Junior Engineers, Supervisors and Draughtsmen to get promoted to the higher cadres, keeping in view the length of service put in by the officers in each of the categories. The Commission recommends that these Rules may be given effect to forthwith.

73.136. In view of the suggestions made in subsequent paragraphs, the modes of recruitment to the posts of Assistant Engineers may be revised as follows:—

33½ per cent of the posts of Assistant Engineers (Division I) may be filled by direct recruitment of graduates in Engineering and 66½ per eent by promotion from the cadre of Junior Assistant Engineers. The posts of Assistant Engineers (Division II) may be filled by promotion from among the (i) Supervisors (Selection Grade) and (ii) Head Draughtsmen Grade I in the ratio of 8:1.

73.137. It was represented that the Assistant Engineers should be treated as Class I (Junior Seale) officers. The Commission eonsiders their request to be reasonable and recommends that the Assistant Engineers may be treated as Officers in Class I (Junior) Seale and that the scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. 350—25—600—30—780—EB—40—900.

Assistant Architects: (4) (Rs. 300-25-550-30-700)

73.138. These posts may be equated with those of Assistant Engineers, as suggested in para 73.53 and may be filled by taking on deputation Assistant Engineers who have the requisite qualifications in Architecture. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

73.139. The scale of pay for these posts may be same as for Assistant Engineers.

Geologist: (1) (Rs. 300-25-550-30-700)

73.140. This post has not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department. It may be filled by taking on deputation an officer

holding a corresponding post from the Department of Vines and Geology The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly

73 141 The scale of pay for this post may be the same as for officers holding corresponding posts in the Department of Vines and Geology

Assistant Research Officers (Number of posts not available)

(Rs 300-25-550-30-700)

- 73 142 These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules. Ther may either be filled by transfer of officers from the cadre of Assistant Figureers with the requisite qualifications or by direct recruitment of candidate, who have passed the B L. Lamination and have experience of not less than five years in research work. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly
- 73 113 The scale of par for these posts may be the same as for Assistant Ingineers

Health Officer (1) (Rs 300-25-550-30-700)

- 73 144 This post has not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department. It may be filled by taking on deputation an officer in the cadre of Assis' ant Surgeon cum Class II Health Officer from the Department of Highth and Family Planning Services. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.
- 73-145. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as for corresponding posts in the Department of Health and Family Planning Services.

Registrars (19) (Hs 250-20-350-25-500)

- 73 146 According to the ext'ing Rules of Recruitment, 50 per cent of the posts are to be filled by taking on deputation officers of the Viscor Administrative Service Class II or Section Officers of the Mison Government Servicant II or Section Officers of the Mison Government Servicant II or Section Officers of the Mison Government Servicant II or Section Officers of Vanagers The Commission recommends that the latter mode of recruitment only need by retained and that the other mode of recruitment may be deleted.
- 73 147 The Adviser has suggested that there may be two grades of Regis trues Crade I and II and that both these grades may be gazetted
- 148. The e-po is are in the reals of pay of its 200-20-25-500 and they are the Chiff Ministerial II ads working in the offices of the Chiff Inginers and Superintending Inginers. The Commission has recommended in Chapter 4 that the Chiff Ministerial offic ra in the offices of the Heads of Major D participates should be in Class II and should be designated as Headquarters to intants and that the Chiff Ministerial offic rs in the offices of the next level in the Major D participates should be in the seal of pay of its 250-10-300-15-420-1 ib-20-700 and should be designated as Ministerial for conformity with these recommendations the Commission suggests that the designation of the present Pegistrans in the offices of the Chiff ingineers and the Superintending I giver may I in adified suitably

73.149. The scales of pay for these posts may be the same as those for officers holding corresponding posts in other Departments of Government, viz: Head quarters Assistants Rs. 275—20—375—EB—25—525.

- 73.150. This post is to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Statistical Draughtsmen/Senior Statistical Assistants. The Commission has suggested in Chapter 67 (relating to the Bureau of Economics and Statistics) that the posts of Statisticians might be transferred to the Bureau of Economics and Statistics and accordingly suggests that the post may be filled by taking on deputation an Assistant Director from the Bureau, that the lien of the present incumbent of the post may be shifted against a corresponding post in the Bureau and he may be treated as on deputation from that Department to the Public Works Department. The Rules of Recruitment may be revised accordingly.
- 73.151. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as for corresponding posts in the Bureau of Economics and Statistics.

Junior Engineers: (2,044) (Rs. 250-15-400)

- 73.152. According to the existing Rules of Recruitment, the posts of Junior Engineers are to be filled by direct recruitment of graduates in Engineering. This mode of recruitment may be retained.
- 73.153. It was represented on behalf of the Junior Engineers that even though they are graduates and have much higher knowledge of engineering than the "Diploma holders", they are, excepting for purposes of pay, being classed as Supervisors and are being given the same kind of work when they are posted to the charges of maintenance sections as the Supervisors. They, therefore, represented that they might be given higher type of work even from the commencement of their service commensurate with their qualifications and background and that the distinction between Junior Engineers and Supervisors should be maintained not only in respect of pay, but also in respect of the nature of work entrusted to them. The officers charged with the duty of allotment of work may take this grievance into consideration.
- 73.154. The Junior Engineers who are graduates in Engineering, have represented that they should be treated as Gazetted Officers. The alternative suggestion was that such of them as have been directly recruited as Junior Engineers and have put in not less than eight years of service should be treated as Gazetted Officers.
- 73.155. The present strength of Junior Engineers who are graduates is 2,044 of whom 618 are understood to have put in more than 10 years' service. This strength is obviously far in excess of the workload. Their problem has been discussed by the Adviser and copies of his Report were sent both to the Board of Chief Engineers and the Secretary to Government in the Public Works Department.

The Chief Ingineers agree that the assessment of the workload by the Adviser is both realistic and reasonable. On the hasis of the workload the Adviser his stated that the Government would need ahout 680 Jumor Engineers and that the remaining officers of that category should be treated as supernumerary Junior Engineers. He has also suggested that they may be taken as Junior Assistant Engineers. Since the assessment of the workload by the Adviser is accepted by the Chi f Ingineers the Commission is inclined to accept the recommendation of the Adviser that about 680 or so may be absorbed as Junior Assistant Engineers. Such of the Junior Engineers as have put in not less than ten years of service and posters a clean record of efficient service may be selected and promoted to the cadre of Junior Assistant Engineers. Their scale of pay as revised may be Rs. 300–25. 500–FB. 30–700.

73 156 As regards the remaining Junior Engineers who, it appears, are assigned woil of supervisory character the Commission has two suggestions to offer to the Government. At present there are 2.750 Supervisors and including the Junior Lugineers the entire supervisors staff would consist of 4,794 officials. On the basis of the workload assessed, the Adviser has opined that the entire Department would need a supervisory staff of 3,700. If this were so, there would be a surplus of 1,004 Junior Engineers and Supervisors.

73 157 In this state of affairs the problem before the Commission is as to what should be done with about 1 364 Junot Engineers left after promoting foot to the cadre of Junor Assistant Legineers. The present situation appears to have I cen created by indiscriminate recruitment at different stages in the different sectors of the Department. The first course open to the Government is to ut the services of these officers by undertaking execution of various works determined, would not only result in conomy to the Government Low would also provide work to these surplus officials. The second course open to the footerment is to transfer the services of all the surplus Junor I rigineers by deputation to the Construction Corporation which has been recently constituted Mitri such deputation the members of the deputed staff can be gradually absorbed in the cadre of Junor Assistant I rigineers in course of time as and when the vacancies arise. The revised pay scale for those who are to be retained as Junior Engineers may be Rs. 275—20—375—18—28—305

73 158 There are 6 posts of Junior Luginers in the Office of the Chief Architect and these posts may be designated as Junior Architects or Architectural Assistants and may be quasted with the Junior Lugineers of the Public Worlds D parts of They may be fill d by taking on deputation Junior Lugineers of the Public World D partment who have had the necessary special qualifications in Architecture.

73.179. The scale of par for these pests may be the same as for Juniof Ingineers in the Public Works Department

- Head Draughtsmen: (12) (Rs. 225-10-285-15-375)
- 73.160. These posts are to be filled according to the existing Rules of Recruitment by promotion from the cadre of Draughtsmen. This mode of recruitment may be retained.
- 73.161. The Adviser has suggested that there may be two grades of Head Draughtsmen in the Department—Grade I in the Chief Engineers' Offices including the Central Designs Organisation, and Grade II in the Circle Offices and that the posts of Head Draughtsmen Grade II may be filled by promotion from the Cadre of Draughtsmen on the basis of seniority-cum-merit and the posts of Head Draughtsmen Grade I filled from amongst Head Draughtsmen Grade II on the basis of seniority-cum-merit. Since the promotional opportunities for the Draughtsmen are limited as only a very few of them can hope to get promoted as Assistant Engineers, the Commission accepts the suggestion of the Adviser and recommends that these two classes may be constituted in the cadre of Head Draughtsmen and the posts filled in the manner proposed.
- 73.162. The scale of pay for the posts of Head Draughtsmen Grade I may be revised as Rs. 275—20—375—EB—25—525 and for the post of Head Draughtsmen Grade II as Rs. 250—10—300—15—420—EB—20—500.
- Architectural Draughtsmen: (5) (Rs. 225-10-285-15-375)
- 73.163. There are four posts of Architectural Draughtsmen and one post of Architectural Head Draughtsman in the office of the Chief Architect. The posts of all the Architectural Draughtsmen may be equated with the Head Draughtsmen Grade I in the Public Works Department and filled by taking on deputation officials in this cadre who have acquired the necessary special qualification in Architecture. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.
- 73.164. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for Head Draughtsmen Grade I in the Public Works Department.
- Statistical Draughtsman: (1) (Rs. 225-10-285-15-375)
- 73.165. This post is to be filled by promotion by selection from the cadre of Draughtsmen having experience in Public Works Department Statistics. This post may now be filled by transfer of a Head Draughtsman Grade I, having the requisite experience.
- 73.166. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as for Head Draughtsmen Grade I.
- Store Manager: (1) (Rs. 225-10-285-15-375)
- 73.167. This post is to be filled by promotion from the eadre of Store Superintendents on the basis of seniority-cum-merit. This mode of recruitment may be continued.
- 73.168. The scale of pay for this post may be revised as Rs. 250--10-300 15--420--EB--20-500.

Circle Inspectors of Police (2) (Rs 225-10-285-15-375)

- 73 169 These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department They may be filled by taking on deputation inspectors from the Police Department The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly
- 73 170 The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for Inspectors in the Police Department

Accounts Superintendents (120) (Rs 220-10-320-15-440)

- 73 171 Under the existing Rules of Recruitment these posts are to be filled by talling on deputation Superintendents from the State Accounts Department. This mode of recruitment may be retained.
- 73 172 The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for officers holding corresponding posts in the State Accounts Department

Agricultural Overseers (6) (Rs 200 -10 -250 -15-400)

- 73 173 These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department They may be filled by taking on deputation officers bolding corresponding posts in the Department of Agriculture
- 73 174 The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for corresponding posts in the Department of Agriculture

Assistant Geologists (3) (Rs 200 -10-300-15-375)

- 73 175 These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department They may be filled by taking on deputation officers holding corresponding posts from the Department of Mines and Geology The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly
- 73 176 The scale of pay for these pests may be the same as for efficers bolding corresponding posts in the Department of Mines and Geology

Chemical Fragineer*(1)
Mathematical Assistant (1)

(Rs 200-10-300-15-375)

73 177 These posts have not been included in the Cadro and Recruitment Rules of the Department. They may be included in the Cadro and Recruitment Rules and the qualifications required of the candidates for appointment to these posts specified. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for Junior Engineers.

Stores Superintenderts (17) (Rs 160-10-320)

73-178. According to the existing Rules of Recruitment, these posts are to 1 effled by promotion from the Cadre of I Division Store keepers on the basis of seriously customent. This mode of recruitment may be retained.

73.179. The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. 200—10—280—15—370—EB—20—450.

- 73.180. These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department. They may be filled by taking on deputation officers in the eadre of Assistant Surgeons-cum-Class II Health Officers from the Department of Health and Family Planning Services. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.
- 73.181. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for officers holding corresponding posts in the Department of Health and Family Planning Services.

- 73.182. These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department. They may be filled by promotion of Chemists (Junior Grade). The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.
- 73.183. The seales of pay for these posts may be Rs. 175—10—275—15—350—EB—20—450.

- 73.184. According to the existing Rules of Recruitment these posts are to be filled by direct recruitment of Diploma holders in Civil or Medical Engineering. This mode of recruitment may be continued.
- 73.185. It was represented on behalf of the Supervisors that they had the necessary basic qualifications for engineers, that while they conceded that the Junior Engineers had higher knowledge of engineering subjects, their own seales of pay should not be lower than those of the Junior Engineers considering the fact that the nature of work done by both the categories of officers was almost identical particularly in the maintenance Sections and that it would be desirable to bring both these categories of officers into a single class for purposes of regulating promotions to the cadre of Assistant Engineers and that the Graduate Engineers might be allowed four advance increments in this common scale on recruitment.
- 73.186. It was also represented that since promotional opportunities for them were limited, there should be a selection grade for the senior Supevisors who were not likely to get promoted as Assistant Engineers.
- 73.187. The Adviser has suggested that there might be a Selection Grade for Supervisors who had put in over 20 years of service and whose record of work was above average and the number of posts in the Selection grade might be 10 per cent of the permanent eadre strength of Supervisors.

- 73 188 Considering the fact that most of the Supervisors have to retire as such without any promotion whatsoever on account of limited opportunities available for promotion to the cadre of Assistant I ngineers. Grade II the Commission suggests that 10 per cent of the posts in the Cadre of Supervisors may be treated as Selection Grade posts and these posts may be filled by appointing Supervisors who are officers of marked ability with not less than 15 years of struct and have feat record of service.
- 73 189 The scale of pay for these Selection Grade Supervisors may be fixed as Rs 2.00-10-300-15-420-L B -20-500 and that for Supervisors R* 175 10-275-t5-3.00-F B -20-450

Meclanical Foreman (t) (Rs 150-8-190-10-320)

- 73 190 Under the existing Rules of Recruitment this post is to be filled by promotion from the Cadre of Operators. This mode of recruitment may be continued.
- 73 191 . The scale of pay for this post may be Rs 175—10—275—15—350 Γ B -20-450

Shift Ingineer (1) (Rs 150-8-100-10-320)

- 73 102 This post has not been included in the Cadra and Recruitment Rules of the Department. This post may be included in the eader of Super visors and filled by transfer of an officer from that Cadre. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.
 - 73 193 The scale of pay for this post may be the same as for Supervisors

I esearch Assistants (3) (Diploma holders) (Rs 150-8-100 10-720)
Pesearch Assistants (8) (Graduates in Science)

(b) (triataties in trience)

(Rs 110-5-150-6-t80-10-220)

- 77 194 These posts have not been included in the Cidre and Ricciuctment Rul's of the Depirtment. The posts of Research Assistants (Diploma Holders) may be included in the cadre of supervisors and may be filled by transfer of officers from that Cadre.
- 73 105 The Adviser has suggested that the scale of pay for Science graduates and Diploma holders in Engineering must be the same and that it "Mul be better to recruit them to the Ca fre of Junior I agineers or Supervisors post case may be and give them that scale of pay. While accepting this recom Ingition the Commission suggests that only graduates with Honours in Science area with I Class or high II Class in Science next be appointed against

istes with I Class or high H Class in Science near be appointed against the orders of Research Assistants (Graduates in Science) or that these peats may be 17.5 a promotion of Chemists (Junior Grade) and that both the categories of Rev. d I Assistants may be given the same scale of payers, 418, 175-40-275, -15-35, cB -20-450

Draughtsmen: (874) ... (Rs. 150—8—190—10—320)
(Diploma holders)

Assistant Draughtsmen: (381) .. (Rs. 110-5--150-6-180-10-220) (Certificate holders)

- 73.196. According to the existing Rules of Recruitment 90 per eent of the posts are to be filled by direct recruitment of diploma holders in Civil Engineering or Certificate holders in Dranghtsmanship and the rest by promotion from the cadre of Tracers who have put in five years of service and have passed the test conducted by the Chief Engineer (General). The Commission recommends that 25 per cent of the posts of Dranghtsmen may be filled by promotion of the Assistant Draughtsmen who have put in not less than 20 years of service and have a clear record of service and the other 75 per cent by direct recruitment of persons who have secured a diploma in Engineering: 25 per cent of the posts of Assistant Draughtsmen may be filled by promotion from the cadre of Tracers who have put in five years of service and have passed the test conducted by the Department and the other 75 per cent by direct recruitment of persons who have secured a certificate in Engineering. The Rules of Recruitment may be revised accordingly.
- 73.197. The Adviser has suggested that Draughtsmen who possess a diploma in Civil or Mechanical Engineering and have put in at least 12 years of continuous and satisfactory service in the Department and have passed the qualifying Test prescribed for Supervisors might be made eligible for promotion to the post of Assistant Engineers along with similarly qualified Supervisors subject to their eapability in field work being tested for a period of at least one year and found satisfactory.
- 73.198. As per the amended Rules of Recruitment, the post of Assistant Engineers Division II are to be filled by promotion from among the Selection Grade Supervisors and the Head Draughtsmen Grade I in the ratio of 8:1. The Commission recommends that the existing arrangement may be continued.
- 73.199. The scale of pay for the posts of Draughtsmen may be fixed as Rs. 175—10—275—15—350—EB—20—450 and that for Assistant Draughtsmen may be fixed as Rs. 130—5—170—6—200—EB—10—240.
- Senior Operators: (4) (Rs. 150-8-190-10-320).
- 73.200. These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department. Suitable Rules of Recruitment may be framed and requisite qualifications prescribed. The question of taking officials on deputation from the Mysore Government Electrical Inspectorate may be examined.
- 73.201. The scales of pay for the post may be revised as Rs. 175—10—275—15—350—EB—20—450.

Electrical Supervisors (2) (Rs 150-8-190-10-320)

- 73 202 These posts have not not been included in the Cudre and Recurit ment Rules of the Department The observations made in respect of the Senior Operators will hold good in the case of these posts nl o
- 73 203 The scale of pay for the c posts may be revised as Rs 175–10–275–15–300–EB–20–450

Water Inalyst (1) (Rs 150-8-190-10-320)

73 204 This post is to be filled by direct recruitment of a graduate in science. This mode of recruitment is adequate and may be continued. The scale of pay for this post may be fixed as Rs 170-5-180-8-220-1 B-10-300

Senior Statistical Assistants (12) (Rs 150-9-100-10-270)

73 205 According to the Rules of Recruitment these posts are to be filled by promotion by selection from the eadre of Piest Division Clerks who have put in more than two years of service and who hold a degree in 1 conomics or Statistics or Commerce. Since there is a cadre of Junior Statistical Assistants the Commission suggests that the Rules of Recruitment may be suitably modified providing for these posts being filled by promotion of Junior Statistical Assistant.

73 206 The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs 175-10-275-15-350-DB-20-450.

Sub-Inspectors of Police (3) (Rs 150-8-190-10-270)

73 207 These posts have not been included in the Culre and Recrimment Rules of the Department. They may be filled by taking a deputation sub-Inspectors from the Police Department. The Rules of Recrimment may be framed accordingly.

73 209. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for Sub Inspectors in the Police Department

Sarang (1) (Rs 150-8-190-10-230)

73 209 This post has not been included in the existing Cadre and Recommendation Rules of the Department. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed prescribing suitable qualifications. There is no post carrying this scale of pay in the State Ports D partment and it would therefore be difficult to absorb the present incumbent in the State Ports Department. The existing arrangements may, therefore, continue. The reals of pay for this ipost may be revised as Ris 175—10—275—135—350—133—20—450

I Class Wiremen and Mechanics (49)

Heacry Machine Operators (5)

(Re 150-8-190-10-240)

73 210 These posts have not been included in the Calife and Re-rustment Rules of the Department. The posts of Heavy Machine Operators may be filled

by promotion by selection from the lower cadres or by direct recruitment of persons who have secured the Diploma or Certificate in Mechanical Engineering.

- 73.211. The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. 175—10—275—15—350—EB—20—450.
- 73.212. The posts of First Class Wiremen and Mechanics may be filled by direct recruitment of persons who have taken a Diploma in Electrical Engineering.
- 73.213. The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. 175-10-275-15-350-EB-20-450.

73.214. These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department. The post of Foreman (Emulsion Plant) may be filled by promotion from the lower cadres or by direct recruitment of persons who have secured a Diploma in Civil or Mechanical Engineering. The scale of pay for this post may be revised as Rs. 175—10—275—15—350—EB—20—450. The post of Model Making Artist may be filled by taking on deputation an official holding a corresponding post in the Department of Publicity and Information if available, or else by direct recruitment. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed specifying the qualifications required of candidates for appointment by direct recruitment. The liens of the present incumbent of the post of Model Making Artist may be shifted against a corresponding post in the Department of Information and Tourism and he may be treated as on deputation to this Department. The posts of Photographers may be filled by promotion of Assistant Photographers. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

73.215. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 170—5—180—8—220—EB—10—300.

Foreman: (7) (Rs. 140-5-150-8-190-10-250)

73.216. The post of Foreman (Well Boring) is to be filled according to the existing Rules of Recruitment by promotion from the Cadre of Operators (Well Boring). The Rules of Recruitment may be filled by direct recruitment of persons with requisite qualifications and experience or by promotion from the lower cadres. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed suitably.

73.217. The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. 170-5-180-8-220-EB-10-300.

Revenue Surveyors: (3) (Rs. 140-5-150-8-190-10-250)

73.218. These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department. They may be filled by taking on deputation officials from the Department of Survey, Settlement and Land Records. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

73 219 The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for officials holding corresponding posts in the parent Department

Senior Health In pectors (4) (Rs 140-5-150-8-190-10-250)

- 73 220 These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department. They may be filled by tiking on deputation Senior Health Inspectors from the Department of Health and I vinily Planning Services. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.
- 73 221 The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for Semor Health Inspectors in the Department of Health and Family Planning Services

First Division Store Keepers (80) (Rs 120-5-150-8-190-10-240)

- 73 222 50 per cent of the posts are to be filled by promotion from the cadre of first Division Clerks of the Public Works Department and the rest by promotion from the cydre of Second Division Store keepers These modes of recruitment may be returned
- 73 221 Since these posts are filled by promotion of Γirst Division Clerks and of the scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs 170—5—180—5—220—18—10—200

Revenue Inspectors (2) (Rs 110-5-150-6-180-10-220)

- 73 221 These posts have not been included in the Codre and Recrimment Rules of the Department. They may be filled by taking on deputation Revenue Inspectors from the Revenue D partment. The Rules of Recrimment may be framed necondingly.
- 73 225 The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for Revenue Inspectors in the Revenue Department

Operators (14) (Bs 110->-150-6-180-10-220)

73 226 The posts of Operators are to be filled by direct recruitment of Diploma holders or Certificate bolders in Cval or Vechanical Inguiering. This posts rise 1 included in the cadre of Supervisors and filled by transfer of officials in the cadre. If this engestion is accepted the present incumbents may be absorbed as Supervisors. The Rules of Recruitment may be amended anitably Otherwis, they may be given the scale of pay of Re 170—5—170—6—200—1718—10—210

Hertrical Operators

Chemists (Junior Grale)

(6) }(R* 110--5-150-6-150-10-220)

73 227 These josts have not been included in the Codic and Recruitment Rules of the Department. The posts of Hectical Operators may be filled by direct neutrient of persons who have offuned a certificate in Hectical Ingineering and the posts of Clemists (Junior Grade) by Science Graduates with Clemistry as one of the optical subjects. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.



73 239 These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department These posts may be filled by taking on deputation officials holding corresponding posts in the Police Department The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly

73 240 The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for officials holding corresponding posts in the Police Department

73 241 These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department They may be filled by promotion of officials in corresponding cadres in the lower grade. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

73 242 The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs 95-3-125-4-145-2

73 243 According to the Rules of Recruitment, these posts are to be filled by direct recruitment of candidates who have passed the SSLC examination and have undergone one year's training in Drawing or Tracing. This mode of recruitment may be continued. Recruitment of persons who have not passed the SSLC Examination may be stopped. The scale of pay for Tracers who have passed the SSLC Examination and have undergone the training may be revised as Rs. 110-1-130-5-170-EB -6-200 and for others as Rs. 25, 3-125-1-145-EB -5-200

73 244. It was represented by the Tracers that the Tracers with five years of continuous service should be promoted as Draughtsmen Grade II and designated as trade. C. Draughtsmen and that the presentage of promotion of Tracers might be necrosed from 10 to 20 per cent. The Adviser has suggested that the present promotional quota need not be mere seed, and that the tracers after 10 years of satisfactors service might be mere seed, and that the tracers after as the present promotion of the Presence and presentation of the Draughtsman-dop and subject to availability of vacancies. The Commission agrees with the suggestion of the Adviser and recommends the action may be taken by Government accordingly.

73 245 These posts have not been included in the Cadro and Recrimment Bules of the Department. These posts may be filled by taking on deputation officials helding corresponding posts in the Purcan of Fernomics and Statistics. and the liens of the present ineumbents of these posts may be shifted against corresponding posts in the Bureau of Economics and Statisties and the officials treated as on deputation from that Department to the Public Works Department. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

73.246. The seale of pay for these posts may be the same as for officials holding corresponding posts in the Bureau of Economies and Statistics.

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Blue Printers Grade I: (17) (Rs. 80—3—110—4—130—5—150)
Blue Printers Grade II: (21) (Rs. 70—2—80—3—110)
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73.247 Fifty per cent of the posts of Blue Printers Grade I are to be filled by direct recruitment of eandidates who have passed the S.S.L.C. Examination and 50 per eent by promotion from among the Blue Printers (Grade II). The posts of Blue Printers (Grade II) are to be filled by promotion from the eadre of Class IV servants who have put in more than 10 years of service and have two years of experience in Blue Printing. The officials recruited directly to the eadre of Blue Printers Grade I after having passed the S.S.L.C. Examination eannot have the same opportunities of promotion as persons with the same qualifications who are recruited as II Division Clerks; in view of the special nature of the work involved, these posts cannot be filled by the transfer of II Division Clerks. Direct recruitment to this eadre may, therefore, be stopped and all the posts in this eadre filled by promotion of Blue Printers Grade II. The posts of Blue Printers Grade II may, hereafter, be filled by promotion of only those Class IV officers who have passed the VIII standard examination, have put in more than 10 years of service and have at least two years of experience in Blue Printing. The Rules of Recruitment may be amended accordingly.

73.248. The seale of pay for the posts of Blue Printers (Grade I) may be fixed as Rs. 95—3—125—4—145—E.B.—5—200 and that for Blue Printers (Grade II) may be fixed as Rs. 85—2—95—3—125—E.B.—4—145.

73.249. These posts are to be filled by direct recruitment of candidates who have passed the S.S.L.C. or equivalent examination. This mode of recruitment may be retained.

73.250. The seale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 95—3—125—4—145—EB—5—200.

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Mustering Karkoon (1)

Helpers (2)

Transport Superintendents (2)

Sectional Irrigation Karkoons (9)

Canal Inspectors (11)

Gang Karkoon (1)

Measurers (12)

Canal Karkoon (1)

Telephone Operators (2)

(Rs. 80—3—110—4—130—5—150)
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- 73 251 These posts have not been meladed in the Cadre and Recrimment Rules of the Department These posts may be included in the Cadre of II Division Clerks and filled by transferring offerals in that eadre The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly
- 73 252 The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs 95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200
- Assistant Photographers (2) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)
- 73 2.3 These posts have not been included in the Cadro and Recruitment Rules of the Department Rules of Recruitment may be framed specifying the qualifications required for appointment to these posts
- 73 254 The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs 95-3 -125-4 145 $^{\circ}$ LB -5 -200
- Revenue Surveyor (1) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-3-150)
- 73 2.5 This post has not been included in the Cadre and Recrimment Rules of the Department It may be filled by taking on deputation on official from the Department of Survey, Settlement and Lond Records The Rules of Recrimment may be framed necordingly
- 73 256 The scale of par for this post may be the same as for officials holding corresponding posts in the parent Department
- Heal Master (1) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)
- 73 257 This post has not been included in the Cadro and Recruitment Rules of the Department. It may be filled by taking on deputation an official hobbing a corresponding post from the Department of Public Instruction. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.
- 73 259 The scale of pay for this post may be the same as for officials holding corresponding posts in the Dipartment of Public Instruction
- Assistant Masters (S.S.L.C.) (21) (Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)
 Assistant Masters (No. S.S.L.C.) (Rs. 65-1-70-2-90)
- 73 (25) The posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recriptment Rules of the Department. They may be fall d by taking on department of helling core sponding posts from the D partment of Public Instruction. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed a cordingty.
- 73 209. The sales of paster this josts may be the aim instead of the lotter of the poster per period of the poster of the poster
- Compounders (4) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-140)
- 73 (1) They proval are not been included in the Calmand Recruitment Rules of the Dipartment. They may be filled by taking on deputation officials

holding posts of Compounders from the Department of Health and Family Planning Services. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

73.262. The scale of pay for these pots may be the same as for Compounders in the Department of Health and Family Planning Services.

73.263. These posts are to be filled, according to the existing Cadre and Recruitment Rules, by direct recruitment of candidates who have passed the S.S.L.C. or equivalent examination and have one year's practical training in a Mechanical Workshop. This mode of recruitment may be retained.

73.264. The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 95—3—125—4—145—EB—5—200.

73,265. These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department. Suitable Rules of Recruitment may be framed specifying the qualifications to be prescribed for recruitment to these posts.

73,266. The scales of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. 95—3—125—4—145—EB—5—200.

73.267. These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department. These posts may be included in the cadre of 11 Division Clerks and filled by transferring officials in that cadre. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

73,268. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for H Division Clerks.

73.269. These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recrnitment Rules of the Department. The post of Lift Mechanic-cum-Attender may be filled by direct recrnitment of a person who has passed the VIII standard examination and has previous experience of this kind of work for not less than two years. The posts of II Class Wiremen and Mechanics may be filled by direct recrnitment of persons who are suitably qualified.

73,270. The scale of pay for all these posts may be fixed as Rs. 95—3—125—4—145—EB—5—200.

73.271. These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department. They may be filled by taking on deputation officials holding corresponding posts from the Department of Health and Family Planning Services. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

73 272 The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for corres ponding posts in the Department of Health and Fainily Planning Services

73 273 These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department They may be filled by direct recruitment, of persons who have fur knowledge of reading and writing and practical knowledge of the work. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed suitably

73 274 The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs 85-2-95-7-125-1.8-4-145

73 275 According to the existing Rules of Recrimtment these posts are to be filled by promotion from the cadre of Helpers This mode of recruitment may be retained

73 270 The posts of litters are in the scales of pay of Rs 70—2—80—3—10 and Rs 80—1—70—2—90 They may be brought on to a common scale of pay which may be fixed as Rs 80—2—90—3—120—4—10

73 277 These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department. They may be filled by direct recruitment of persons who have fur knowledge of reading and writing and practical knowledge of the work. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

73–278. The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. 80–2–90–3–120–4–140.

73 270 According to the Rules of Recruitm at this post is to be filled by promotion from the cultre of heldmen. The existing mode of accruitment may be continued.

73 280. The stale of pay for this post ratio by fixed as Rs 80—2—90—7-120-4-140

77 281. These posts lave not be numbed d in the Cadre and Recruitment Pules of the D partin nt. It is understood from the Department that these posts were transferred from the former Madras State at the time of the Reorganies ion of States at 1 that these get abolished after the present incumbents return from service. As such no fresh recruitment need be might to these posts.

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73 290 The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs 65--1-75-2-95

73 291 These posts are to be filled hy direct recruitment hy the Head of the Office This mode of recruitment may be retained

73 292 The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs $_{1}$ 65-4-75-2-95

73 293 These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department They may be filled by direct recruitment by the Head of the Office The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly

73 294 The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs 65 $^{-1}$ -70-2 95

bergeants (6) (Rs. 55-1-65)

73 295 These posts are to be filled by direct recruitment by the Head of the Office This mode of recruitment may be continued

77 296 The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs 65-1-75-2 95

Khalasis (33) (lls 05-1-60)

73 297 These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department They have be filled by direct recruitment by the Head of the Office The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

77 298 The scale of pas for these posts may be revised as Rs 65-1-75-

73.219. The pe is an to be filed by direct recruitment by the Heal of the Off c. This mode of recruitment may be continued.

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The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 60-1-80-
   73.300.
2-90.
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Bellow Boy
                                      (1)
Path Karies
                                     (34)
Karkoons
                                   (130)
Fireman
                                     (17)
Khansama (Messman)
                                      (2)
Dispensary Attenders -
                                      (4)
Lady Attendants
                                      (2)
                                                (Rs. 50—1—60)
Conscrvancy Daffedars
                                      (8)
Chowkidars
                                     (61)
Bungalow Chowkidars
                                     (72)
Store Mazdocrs
                                 ... (26)
Boatmen
                                      (2)
Augur Measurers
                                           (Rs. 46—3—85)
                                     (10)
                                          (Rs. 30-1-60)
Augur Mukudams
                                     (10)
Fieldmen
                                      (6)
                                          (Rs. 46—3—85)
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These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules. They may be filled by direct recruitment by the Head of the office. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

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The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs. 60—1—80—
2-90.
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Managers (Grade I): (28) (Rs. 225—10—285—15—375)
Stenographers (Selection Grade): (2) (Rs. 225-10-285-15-375)
Managers (Grade II): (125) (Rs. 180-10-320)
First Division Accounts Clerks: (389) (Rs. 120-5-150-8-190-10-240)
First Division Clerks: (838) (Rs. 110-5-150-6-180-10-220)
Stenographers: (131) (Rs. 110-5-150-6-180-10-220+Special Pay of
    Rs. 30 per month)
II Division Clerks: (1,827) (Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)
II Division Accounts Clerk: (405) (Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)
II Grade Typists: (514) (Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-5-150+Special Pay
    of Rs. 10 per month)
Lorry Drivers
Truck Drivers
                                (72)
                                        (Rs. 70—1—80—2—100)
Van Drivers
Engine Drivers, etc.
                                        (Rs. 70—2—90)
Jamedars
                                 (5)
                                        (Rs. 65—2—85)
Daffcdars
                                (11)
                                        (Rs. 65—2—85)
Attenders
                                (88)
Daftries and Mutchis
                                        (Rs. 65—2—85)
                                 (9)
                                      (Rs. 55—1—65—2—75)
Lorry Cleaners, Cleaners
                            .. (282)
                                   (2,062)
Peons
                             ٠.
Watchmen
                                    (364)
                             . .
                                              (Rs. 50-1-60)
Sweepers
                                    (113)
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Cycle Orderlies

Sectional Peons

Malies

- 73 303 The non technical service of the Public Works Department consist of various categories of supervisory, clenical and class IV staff. The subordinote ministerial staff could be classified into two distinct categories viz., Administrative/General ministerial staff and the Accounts Fstablishment. Various posts in the general ministerial staff and Class IV staff correspond to similar posts in the other departments and modes of recruitment in respect of these posts could continue to be as they are and the scales of pay may be revised as indicated in Chapter 4
- 73 304 The scales of pay for the Accounts staff may be the same as as those for corresponding posts in the State Accounts Department
- 73 305 The Adviser has suggested that separate scales of pay should be given to the Stenographers and to the Typists and that they need not be in the scale of pay npplierable to elerical staff and be given a special pay. For the reasons given in Chapter 4 the Commission does not agree with this suggestion and recommends that the existing procedure may continue
- 73 306 The Adviser has also suggested that the Second Division Clerks must also know typing so that when necessity arises they might be able to attend to typing of letters or notes. The Commission has examined this question and considers that it is not necessary that every second Division Clerk should also have additional qualification of typing

Hork Charged Fstallishment

- 73 307 The Work Charged Lstablishment constitutes a very hig branch of the Public Works Department. Some of the members of this establishment have been in charge of maintenance works while others are in charge of construction works. Government have already taken a decision in the year 1005 that extain categories of work charged establishment should be made permanent, but it has been represented to the Commission that no specific action has been taken in pursuance of this decision and the orders. It is also represented that a reasonable proportion of persons working in the work charged establishment should be made permanent.
- 73 308. The Adviser has suggested that the entire Work Charged Pstablishment engaged in maintenance works and 40 per cent of the Work Charged Istablishment in the construction works should be made permanent and that senior persons in the cadres concerned should be confirmed against these permanent vacancies. The Commission igness with this view and recommends that action may be taken accordingly. There are 109 categories in the work Charged Lata bushment. A statement industing the designations of these cadres and the existing scales of pay is appended. The members of the Work Charged Istablishment cannot be treated on the same footing as Government Servants for the purpses of determining the revised scales of pay. The Commission, therefore recommends that purely as an alsoo measure the empluments of Work Charged Latal subjects at various levels may be increased by 20 per cent, the other

terms and conditions of their service may remain as they are at present. The Adviser has suggested that such of the members of the Work Charged Establishment as are posted to work in Project areas should be eligible for project allowance to the same extent as the members of the regular establishment. The Commission considers this to be a reasonable suggestion and recommends that action may be taken accordingly.

- 73.309. The Adviser has suggested the medical facilities that are now extended to the Government employees should also be extended to the members of the work charged establishment. Since they are, for some purposes, like wholetime Government employees, the Commission recommends that action may be taken accordingly.
- establishment in certain construction works and in maintenance units is much more than it should be and has suggested that after a detailed examination of the existing position with reference to the actual requirements for the jobs, it might be possible, on the basis of approved norms, to reduce the establishment to some extent. The Commission has suggested in para 73.9 that matters of common interest to the various zones should be handled by the Board of Chief Engineers. This subject would come under the category of common subjects and it is, therefore, recommended that the Board of Chief Engineers may be asked to get the position examined in detail, prescribe norms of work for the various categories of establishment and determine the actual number of persons to be retained in each of the existing units on the basis of these norms.
- 73.311. The Commission found considerable difficulty in proposing revised scales of pay for posts for which Cadre and Recruitment Rules have not been framed and the qualifications of the existing members were not indicated. The scales now proposed have been proposed taking into consideration the present scales for such posts and on the assumption that the qualifications to be prescribed for appointment to such posts would be more or less the same as are prescribed for other posts carrying similar scales of pay. If Government eventually prescribe lower qualifications for such posts, the scales of pay for such posts would have to be refixed suitably.

Special Pay

73.312. Special pay was attached to the following posts until they were discontinued with effect from the dates noted against them:—

Deputy Chief Engineers (Executive Engineers) Rs. 75 per Working in Administrative offices.

Technical Assistants (Assistant Engineers in Rs. 50 per administrative offices).

Junior Engineers in Administrative offices .. Rs. 15 per month.

Superintending Engineers (Designs)	Rs 75 per month.]
Executive Engineers (Designs)	Rs 75 per month	1-4-1968
Junior Engineers (Designs)	Rs 15 per month	}

- 73 313 The Adviser has singgested that special pay might be given to the Deputy Chief Figureers at Rs 75 per month and to Superintending Engineers at Rs 100 per month, to Lveentive Engineers at Rs 75 per month, to Assistant Engineers at Rs 50 per month and to Junior Engineers in Rs 25 per month when they are working in the Central Designs Organisation
- 73 314 In accordance with the general principles laid down by the Commission in Chapter 5 no special pay need be given to these officers.

Special pay to Officers working in the Architectural Organisation

73 315 The Commission has suggested in the case of the Town Planning Department that all the technical posts should be filled by taking on deputation officers of the Public Works Department who have the necessary qualification in Town Planning and has suggested that officers with such specialised qualification may be given special pay so long as they work in the Department of Town Planning so that it would be an incentive to them to work in posts ditties and responsibilities of which no different from those attached to posts in the parent department. The same principle applies to the unit of the Chief Architect The Commission recommends that in these cases also special pay at the following rates may be given to the technical officers who are on deputation to the Chief Architect s unit so long as their work, on such deputation and provided that they have the requirite special qualification.

Deputy Architect	••	Rs	75 per month
Assistant Architect		Rs	50 per montb
Junior Architect		Rs	25 per month
Architectural Draughtsman		Rs	15 per month

Special Pay to the stuff of the Mysore Fingineering Research Station, Krishnaraja Sagar

- 73 316 Government in the Public Works and I lectricity Department have suggested grant of special pay to the staff of the Mysore Engineering Research Station Krishnaraja Sagar, which they were drawing till the Government Order of 18th October 1963 relating to rationalisation of allowances come into effect
- 73 317 In accordance with the general principles laid down by the Colirussion in Chapter 5 the staff of the Research Station will not be entitled to any Special Pay

Project Allowance

- 73.318. The Advisor has recommended that the Project allowance might be paid to officers employed on the construction and Investigation of Irrigation and Hydro-Electric Projects at Rs. 150 per month to Superintending Engineers at Rs. 125 per month to Executive Engineers and at 20 per cent of the pay subject to the maximum and minimum limits of Rs. 100 and Rs. 30 per month respectively to others.
- 73.319. The Commission has already made its recommendation in regard to the payment of Project allowance in Chapter 6. The principles indicated therein would apply to the officers of the Public Works Department also. The Commission does not consider it necessary to provide to the officers of the Public Works Department amenities, and facilities other than those specified therein.

Non-Practising Allowance

- 73.320. Some officers of this Department have requested for permission to have private practice on the analogy of the officers of the Department of Health and Family Planning Services. The Adviser has stated that private practice would be determintal to the Public interest and has added that non-practising allowance is allowed in the Medical Department the payment of such allowance would be justified in the case of Engineers also.
- 73.321. All the officers in the employ of the State are wholetime Government Servants and they are expected to place their services at the disposal of Government exclusively. The question of allowing them to have private practice does not arise. If the suggestion regarding the payment of non-practising allowance to the Engineers is accepted, then the specialists in other Departments like Agriculture and Animal Husbandry Services may also claim this allowance on the ground that they are not allowed to have private practice and this will lead to all sorts of anomalies. For example, an Administrator may also claim non-practising allowance on the ground that he is not allowed to give private advice to companies in regard to managerial or administrative aspects of their working.
- 73.322. The principle involved in payment of such allowance to the Doctors in the Department of Health and Family Planning Services is different and this has been dealt with in Chapter 52 relating to that Department.
- 73.323. In view of these circumstances, the Commission cannot accept to suggestion regarding payment of non-practising allowance to Engineers.

Delegation of Powers

73.324. The Adviser has suggested the delegation of certain powers to the officers at various levels in the Department. The Commission has considered the suggestion and agrees that powers may be delegated on the lines indicated by the Adviser. A statement furnishing the views of the Adviser is found at Annexure X—(Part III Chapter 15) of his Report which is annexed to this Report. The Commission recommends that the powers may be delegated to the officers at various levels accordingly.

Sl	No Designation	Existing Scales
Ger	neral Section (Roads and Buildings)	
ı	Senior Work Inspectors Maistries (Senior) Selection Scale	Rs 80-3-110-1-130-5-150
2	Work Inspectors Grade I Karkuns Road Inspectors Grade I and Temporary Maistries	Rs 70—1—80—2—100
3	Work Inspectors Grade II Labour Maistries Gang Maistries etc	Rs 50-1-05-2-75
4	Literate Cooly or Head Cooly or Mukadama (New Entrants)	Rs 55—1—65
Sk	illed Labour	
1 2	Grader	3
3	Carpenter Brick Layer	i
4	Mason	Rs 70-2-80-3-110
5	Plumber	
6 7	Blaster Painter	j
8	Black smith	J 10 55-1-01 0 55
9	Assistant Blaster	Rs 55—1—65—2—75 Rs 50—1—60
10	Hamnerman	Rs 50—1—60
11		Rs 50—1—60
12	Gardner or Avenue Plant Cooly	Rs 50—1—60
_	scellaneous Lstablishment	113 00—1—00
1	Computors (Fmployed in Office)	Tr. 60 2 110 4 100 2 110
2	Caretaker	Rs 55—1—65—2—75
3	Helper (All Types))
4	Bookbinder	Rs 50—1—60
5 0	Luseurs Cook or Butler or Messman	Rs 50-160
7	Watchman Bungalow Chowkidar or Attender	
9		R 50—1—60
В	Irrigation Branch	
1		Rs 110-3-140
2		Rs 82—2—105
3		Ps 70-2-80-3-110
4	Sluiceman	Rs 55-1-65-2-75
5	Cluice Helper	R: 55-1-63
7] Re 55-1-er

Rs 50-1-60

Heal Sow less Sow lies or Tathkaries Statement Showing the existing pay scales of Work-charged Established—(Contd.)

SI. :	No. Designation	Existing Scales
C.	Mechanical Section	
1.	Head Fitter	Rs. 80 3 110 -4 -130 -5 -140
2.	Fitter	Rs. 60 1 -70 2 -90
3.	Assistant Fitter	Rs. 55 -1 65 -2 -75
4.	Mechanic	Rs. 80311041305140
5.	Assistant Mechanic	Re. 551 05275
6. 7. 8.	Turner Welder Moulder	}Rs. 70 2-80 -3 -110
9,	Tool Keeper	Rs. 55—1 ~65 ~2 ~75
10.	Foreman	Rs. 110 - 5 - 1506 - 180 10200.
11.	Assistant Foreman	Rs. 80 -3110-4130 -5140
c.	(b) Mechanical Transport Section	
ι.	Lorry Mechanic	Rs. 80—3 -110 -4 -130 -5 -140
2.	Lorry Truck Jeep Van Tractor, etc.	(Old Entrants). (Sew Entrants)
3. 4. 5. 6.	Diesel Road Roller Driver Steam Road Roller Driver Mortar Mills Driver Concrete Mixer Driver	Rs. 70-280-3 -110 (Old Entrants) Rs. 70-1-80-2-100 (New Entrants)
7. 8.	Fireman Cleaner	$\begin{array}{c} \cdots \\ \cdots \end{array} $ Rs. 55-1-65-2-75
9.	Heavy Earth moving Machinery Drivers Shover Operators Bull Dozer Operators Grader Operators Scraper Operators	} Rs. 150—8—190—10—240
10.	Heavy Earth moving Machinery helpers) Rs. 70—2—80—3—110
11.	Time Keeper	Rs. 70—2—80—3—110

Statement showing the existing pay scales of Work charged Establishment—(Concid)

SI 2	o Designation	_	Existing Scales
D	Electrical Section		
1	Station Attendant		Rs 70-2-80 -110
2	Lineman		Rs 55 -165275
3	Telephone Maistry or Operator		Rs 70-2-80-3-110
4	Telephone Attender		Rs 55-1-65-2-70
5	Liectric or Telephone Mechnanic		Rs 70-2-80-3-110
E	Notor Launch Section		
I	Mechanic		Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-140
2	Launch Driver		Rs 70-2-80-3-110
3	Launch Assistant Driver		Rs 55-1-65-2-75
4.	Boarman		Rs 50-1-60-2-70
5	Ticket Collector		Rs 55-1-65-2-75
F	Pumping Section		
1	Maistry		Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-14
2	Pump Attender		Rs 50-1-60
3	Pump Driver Air Compressor		Rs 70-2-80-3-110
4	Plumber		Rs 60-1-70-2-00

CHAPTER 73

Public Works Department.

St. No.	o. Designation	-	Number of posts	Existing ceale of pay and special pay	Recovereded reals of prog and special jery	Remarks
-	ç,		3			II
			•	. A	R*.	
ï	1. Chief Bngineer (including Chief Architect)	hitect)	. 01	1,300501,500	1,8131-1141-2,1450 (Selection Grade) (1 post). (1,332-60) 1,7(4)-3,60-1,900	Includes Deparation ports.
ei	Superintending Engineer	:	ä	01011-00-01111-01-006	1,109-20-1,204-69-1,609	
က်	Security Officer	:	9 -4	I. P. S. Senle	I. P. S. Scale	
4	Executive Engineer	:	183	600 - 10 1,00	710) 10	
٠. د	Deputy Chief Architect	•		600-10-1,000	7(0-40-(44)-50-1,249 +Special pay Rs. 75 p.m.	
ဖ်	Research Officer	:	, 1	600101000	0.02(1020.03010.)2	
7.	Chief Accounts Officer	:	က	600-10-1,00	7(9-11-300-20-120)	
ထ	General Assistant	:		350-25650-30-80	:	Port to be abolished.
o d	Assistant Accounts Officer		9	350-25-650-30-800	(rg - 2n - 7(0 - EB - 10 - 52)	
2	Senior Geologist	:	-	330-25 - 630-30-800	(00-30-700 EB-10-90)	
=	Assistant Engineer	:	792	300-25-550-30-700	350 -25-010-30-750-EB-(n -900)	(7)
12.	Assistant Architect	:		300-25-550 -30-700	350-25-500-30-780- EB-10-940 + Special Pay Re, 50 p.m.	ç
	Geologist	:	, 1	3002555030700	350-25-609-50-750-EB-10-500	€.
14.		:	:	300 25550-39-700	350-25-600-30-780-EB-10-900	•
10	Health Officer	:	-	300-25-550-30-700	400-30-700-EB-10-900	
16	Registrar	:	19	250-20-350-25-500	275-20-375-EB-25-525	To be designated as.
						Assistants.

Public Works Department-(contd)

36 18	Prigation	Number of posts	Existing scale of pay and Special	Exiting scale of pay and Special Pay Recommended scale of pay and Special Pay	Remarks
•			P.	Rs.	
ĽΪ	17. Schitten 14. June Leguest	2011	250 -20 - 350 - 25 - 550 250 - 15 - 400 (68	(680) 200 25-570 TB 20-525 To l	To le deugnated as Juntor Saustant
			(130	(13C4) 227-20-373-TB-25-525 In +Special pay 14. 25 p.m To J	Ingineers To Jumor Architects
2	Manager Grada 1	ę,	223-10-285-15-375	250 10-300-15-420-FB 20-500	
8	Sprongrapher (Selection Gearle)	c+	225-10-283-13-375	270-10-300-13-420-TB-20-500	
F	Heal Pringhaman	2	225-10-235-17-375		(For Head Draughts- man Grade 1)
				2:0-10-300-15-420-EB-20- (For	(For Head Draughts- m in Gra le 11)
:	21. Urhitectoral Dringhteman	\$	225-10-2% 15-355	275 20 373 178-27-723	
ñ	21. "Little ad Deaughteman	-	225-10-295-15 - 375	275-20-375-10-25-525	
-:	of 14 Undaged	-	225-10-245-15-375	250 10 300-15-420-PB 20 500	
a	tinh legether of Pelice	ç.	2.5-10-241-15 375	275-20-375-FB-25-725	
ï	Leceurite Supernetrafert	130	227-10-370-15 440	250~10~300~15~430~131~20~500	
į.	Veneu'tural Overwee	e	200-10-230-15-400	250 10-300 15-420 FB-20-700	
7.	Vessetant their gest	n	200-10-300-15-375	225-10-305-13-350-FB-20-450	
ţ;	Chrucal Engineer	-:	200-10-300-15-375	275-20-375-1 B-25-525	
ñ	Vartematical fourtant	-	3-0-10-300-15-375	275-20-375-711-25-525	
3	Maraper Grate 11	E	199-10-320	200-10-250-15-370-FB-20-450 To be designated as	he designated as
				as c	Superintendent
Ľ,	"ture apenater feat"	11	180-10-329	200-10-250-15-370-EB-20-470	rane r
#	33. Makeal Officer	•7	173-10-225-15-309-20-400		
ñ	Gent t (New r Crats)	(~			
r	The Graduate Laborat or Spreedant	_	170-8-190-10-320-15-35	170-8-150-10-320-15-330 173-10-275-15-370-FB-20-450	

Public Works Department-(could)

.ov .is	Designation	Number of posts		Existing scale of pay and special Recomm	Recommanded scale of pay and special pay.	Remarks
				R4,	R ₄ ,	
36.	Supervisor	:	2750	150819010320	$\frac{176-10-275-15-350-EB-20-150}{250-10-300-15-120-EB-20-500}$	(Selection Grade).
37.	Mechanical Foreman	:				
တ္တဲ့ င	Shift Engineer	:		120 0 000	CALL CASC AND LAND CO. ARE	
, S	Research Assistant (Diploma Monde Dranghtsman	:.	ر 178	025-01-08-001	1.02-10-213-15-300-1515-20-15()	
; ;	Electrical Supervisor		# 63			
,	Senior Operator	:	-4 (
	Electrician	:	¢1	_		
#	Water Analyst	:	-	150-8-190-10-320	170 - 5 - 180 - 8 - 220 - EB - 10 - 300	
1		:	13	150-8-190-10-270		
16.		:	က	150-8-190-10-270		
÷;	Sarang	:	- - 9	150-8-190-10-250	175-10-275-15-350-EB-20-150	
<u> 2</u>		•	GF.	016-01-061-8-0910		
64 02		:	1 0 ←	150-8-190-10-210		
3		:	•			
<u>.</u>		:	1	110-5-150-8-190-10-250	170-5-180-8-220-EB-10-300	
52		:	7	110-5-150-8-190-10-250	170-3-180-8-220-EB-10-300	
53.	Photographer	:	3	110 - 5 - 150 - 8 - 190 - 10 - 250	170-5-180-8-220-EB-10-300	
54.	Revenue Surveyor	:	n	110-5-150-8-19010-250	110-5-150-8-190-EB-10-260-15-990	069
55.			 4	110 - 5 - 150 - 8 - 190 - 10 - 250	170-5-180-8-220-EB-10-300	
56.	I Division Accounts Clerk	:	389	120 - 5 - 150 - 8 - 190 - 10 - 210	110-5-150-8-190-EB-10-260-	
r.	I Director Stone Koone		S		15290.	
5		:	80	120-2-120-8-190-10-210	170-5-180-8-220-EB-10-300	
58		:	838	110-5-150-6-180-10-220	110-5-150-8-190-EB-10-260 $15-290$	
59.	. Stenographer	:	131	110-5-150-6-180-10-220	110-5-150-8-190-E3-10-260-	
				+ Spl. Pay Re. 30 p.m.	15-290+Spl. Pay Rs. 30 p.m.	
				110-5-150-8-190-10-260-15-320	175-10-275-15-350-EB-20-450	0

Public Works Department- (contd)

However by Contract	٩					
Harter Lipscie 110 - 3 - 130 - 6 - 180 - 120 - 1	4 24		Estella and ?		commended scale of 1sty and Special 1sty	Kemarks
	ŧ			Rs.	111	
10 10 20 20 20 20 20 20	3	Reserve hoperty	-1	110-3-150-6-180-10-220	140-5-150-8-190RB-10-	
	₹		150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	110-5-150-6-180-10-220	139-5-170- 6-200-EB-10-240	
	ť	Physolog	 =	119-5-139-6-189-10-239	139-5-170-4-200-EB-10-240	
	: :		~ *	110-5-150-6-180-10-230	175-10-275-15-370-138-20-450	
Marie Nater Investor (Qualifical) 3 110-3-150-6-189-10-250	c	C'errist (Juni e Grate)	69	110-5-150-6-180-10-220	100-3-150-8-190-EB-10-	
	2		•	119-5-150-6-180-10-220	130-5-170-6-200-EB-10-210	
Constitution Cons	Ç	Juney Statistical Assessant	8	110-5-150-6-160-10-220	140-5-150-8-190-EP-10- 200-15-200	
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	ť	I Cass Wimman in I Mechanic (Lower (7ra le)	131	100-5-150-5-160	130-5-170-6-200-KB-10-210	
	٤	Jur or Health Ingrets r	•	100-5-150-6-180	110-4-130-5-170-1-B-6-200	
	Ē.	Il Din . n 'tore Keeper	0,	99-3-150-5-180	95-3-125-4-115-EB5-200	
Val. (M. 24 P. 4) War I Intervent		Heat C. mats) to	G	83-2-103		
With Impactor 17 Ni-3-110-4-130-5-189 Mint Inspector 19 Ni-3-110-4-130-5-189 Minterest Version of the Color o	;:	Na.k (M.S. R. P.)	-	87-2-105	953-125-4-145KB-5200	
	ř	Wesk Inspector	-	89-3-110-1-130-5-180	95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200	
H. Drivon P. W. D. Crick 18.77 80-3-110-4-150-5-150	7	Manter	6	80-3-110-4-130-5-189	95-3-125-4-145-RB-5-200	
Trict 10-130-5-120 Water Injector (Un qualified) 10-130-5-130 Tricer (*A.L.C.) 10-1-130-5-130 Tricer (*A.L.C.) 10-1-130-5-130 Tricer (*A.L.C.) 10-1-130-5-130	r.r		18.15 (7.07)	R0-3-110-1-130-5-150	95-3-125-4-145-RB-5-200	
Water leapertor (In qualified) 80-3-110-4-130-3-130 There (4541.C) 373 80-3-110-4-130-5-130 There (4541.C) 70-2-80-3-110 70-2-80-3-110	:	Typest	514	50-3-110-4-130-5-150 +5rd Par Re 10 nm	95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200	
373 80-3-110-4-130-5-159 70-2-80-3-110	7. 1	Water Lispector (Un qualified)		80-3-110-4-130-3-150	95-3-125-1-245-EB-5-200	
011-0-00-0	î: ê	ç	373	20-3-110-4-120-5-120	110-4-130-5-170-EB-6-200	
	ı			011-6-08-7-0	99-3-129-4-149-KB-3-200	

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Works
Public

No. of Existing scale of pay and special Recommended scale of pay and special Posts pay	Rs. IRs.	21 80 -3-110-1-130-5-150 95-3-125-1-115-EB-5-200	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	noo 9 11	12	2 } 80-3-110-4-130-5-150 95-3-125-1-145-EB-5-200	1 80-3-110-1-130-5-150 110-1-1-10 21 80-3-10-10-1-130-5-150 110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-1-130-5-150 110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-1-130-5-150 110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-1-130-5-150 110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-1-130-5-150 110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-1-130-5-150 110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-1-130-5-150 110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-100 21 80-3-110-1-100 21 80-3-100 21 8	L.C.) (37—1—70—2—30	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	hanic $\frac{3}{176}$ $\frac{80-3-125}{80-3-110}$ $\frac{95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200}{80-3-110}$		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Designation		Computor Blue Deinter Geode T	Blue Printer Grade II	Meter Reader Mustering Karkoon	neiper Assistant Photographer Transport Smeentendent	Sectional Irrigation Karkoon Canal Inspector Gauge Karkoon	Measurer Canal Karkoon	Telephone Operator Revenue Surveyor	Head Master Assistant Master (S.S.L.C.)	Assistant Master (Non-S.S.L.C.)	Compounder Mechanic Black-smith (Welding)	Shroff II Class Wireman & Mechanic Lift Mechanic-cum-Attender	Mid-wife Meehanieal Driver	Fitter

Public Works Department-(conid.)

1	Pregnation	Number of Posts	Existing scale of pay and Special	Existing scale of pay and Special Recommended Scale of pay and Special Pay	Remarks
K					
			ě	В.	
=	Neille and Turner	e1			
Ē		,		90-9-90-3-190-4-140	
ΞΞ	First Smith	- r	211-2-20-2-07		
==		Ξ	70-1 80-2-100	80-2-90-3-120-4-140	
Ξ	114 L or Diver, Truck Daver Van Daver,	22	10-1-80-2-100	85-2-95-3-125-EB-4-145	
£	-	•	20-2-00	85-2-95- 3-125-EB-4-145	
ž	No.	=	63-3-85	80 2-30-3-120-4-140	
Ξ		Ŧ,	3-3-5	85-2-95-3-125-EB-4-145	
==	Diffra ar I Mateli Lealing Premas	e-	65-2-85	80-2-90-3-120-4-140	
25235	weard P. T. Collector S. M. Medanic Vetras Helyer	8	60-1-70-2-90	80-2-90-3-120-4-140	
5455	Hea I Gankmer Ma - err Make-Jarrest Matr-ewn Co L.	무 스럽			
esen	Mark - Marke Mark - Marke Park Mare Marke Carpenter	287-2	· ·>-1-63-2-83	65-1-73-2-93	

Public Works Department-(contd.)

.on .ie	Designation	No. of Posts	Existing scale of pay and special pay	Recommended scale of pay and special pay	Remarks
			Rs.	R_{3} ,	deriga entre de la companya de la co
133. 134.	Time-Keeper Road-Inspector Grade II	e 62			
136. 137. 138.	Helper	65 65	55165-275	65175295	
139.	Line-man	; es			
140.	Cleaner, Lorry Cleaner, etc	585	55-1-65-2-75	00-1-8(-5-00	
141. 142.	Telephone Attender Black-smith	-	35-1-65-2-75	6,717,72(1,5	
144.	Khalasi.	E	55-1-65	65-175-2-95	
145.	Assistant Gardener				
. 148. 148. 149.		30 10			
150.	(-) (-) (2.062	•		
152. 153.		361	20-1-60	60-1-80-2-90	
154. $155.$		1.0 5			
156. 157.	,	ge.	and the second s		
158.) 1			:
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CHAPTER 74

Department of Endowments

- 74.1. The Department of Endowments is responsible for ensuring the proper administration of the temples and charitable institutions. Prior to the re-organisation of States, the administrative set up and the Laws in force in each of the integrated areas were different, and they have been continued without any change so far, as the various enactments and Rules have not been replaced by common legislation. The Commission was informed that the question of promoting uniform legislation for the entire State was under the consideration of Government, that the draft Bill was before the Scrutinising Committee, and that after the enactment of the new Act, it would be possible to evolve a common pattern of administration for the entire State.
- 74.2. This Department is classified as a Major Department and the Commissioner for Endowments is declared the Head of the Department. He is also the Commissioner of Stamps, the Inspector General of Registration and the Registrar of Societies. The Additional Secretary to Government, Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs is the Charity Commissioner for the Bombay Area and functions under the Bombay Public Trusts Act, 1950. Excepting for certain common administrative matters, the Commissioner of Endowments is not concerned with the administration of endowments in the Bombay area.
- 74.3. The Commissioner of Endowments is assisted by a Headquarters Assistant and the requisite subordinate staff at the Headquarters. The Deputy Commissioners of Districts (other than in the Bombay Area) are the District Level officers of the Endowments Department functioning under the relevant Acts and Rules. Some staff has been allotted exclusively for the work pertaining to the Endowments Department in the Offices of the Deputy Commissioners where the work is heavy and in other eases, the work is attended to by the regular staff of the Deputy Commissioners' Offices. There is one Assistant Commissioner functioning under the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Act at Mangalore and his jurisdiction extends over the entire South Kanara District. There is also an Adviser appointed on a token salary of Re. 1 per mensem for giving advice to the Department on technical matters relating to Muzrai Administration.
- 74.4. The Charity Commissioner is assisted at Headquarters by some ministerial staff working in the Office of the Commissioner for Endowments. There is an Assistant Charity Commissioner at Belgaum and he attends to the work in the Bombay area under the Bombay Public Trusts Act, 1950. He is assisted by requisite subordinate staff—both executive and ministerial.

Separate Staff for the Department

- 74.5 There is no whole time Officer exclusively in charge of this Department At present the Commissioner of Findowments is saddled with very many duties He is the Head of other Departments like 'Survey and Settlement', 'Registration', 'Stamps and 'Registration of Societies' It was represented that there was need for a whole time Officer to be in charge of this Department
- 74 6 While Findowment work at lower levels in the entire! State except in the Bombay area and the Madris area, is being carried on the staff of the Revenue Department, there was separate staff for the work in these two areas It was represented that there should be separate officers and staff at District Sub Divisional and Taluk levels even in the areas other than the Bombay and Madras areas, as the existing structure of the Department did not ensure efficient and proper disposal of work at ull levels. It was also represented that the executive staff functioning in the offices of the Assistant Charity Com missioner Belgaum and the Assistant Commissioner, Hiadu Religious and Chari table I ndowments, Mang dore, was required to be strengthened as the present staff was not able to cope with the work in these regions which had been increas ing steedily Since Government are considering the question of promoting a new uniform legislation for the catire State and since it cannot be stated at this stage with any degree of occuracy os to what shape the new Legislation may tale the Commission considers that neither the existing structure of the Department nor the number of posts in any of the Districts need be modified until the new Bill is passed into Law A full time Head for the D partm nt of Endowments may be appointed after the new Bill is passed or be would have to organise the Depart ment unfer the new let and that work would naturally require the whole time att ation of an officer of that status

Charity Commissioner

74.7 It was represented to the Commission that disposals of eases pending before the Charity Commissioner under the Bombay Public Trusts Let. 1840 were very poor. Include pirticulars were obtained from the Charity. Commissioner regarding the institution and disposal of cases, before him during the last few sears. It was seen therefrom that as many as 240 cases were pending as on 1st August 1968 inspite of the fact that there were no institutions during, several months and that the maximum number of cases instituted in any month was not more than six. The Additional Law Socretary is now appointed at the Charity Commissioner. He is already burdened with other legal with relating to the Secretariat and cannot find time to increase the disposals. Mercover the hit, are public fall from the Bombay area as the let applies only to that areal have to come all the way to Bangdize for their work. In the interest of expeditions disposal of esset are labour the interest of clearly, the Commission could less that it would be desirable to appoint one of the Detret Industry in the Bombay area as the Commission therefor a commission therefor a commission is better for a commission is better for a commission therefor. The Commission therefor a commission is better for a commission therefor a commission that the all the Commission that the theory of the commission of the Debard of the commission of the Debard of the Commission of the Commission of the Debard of the Com

which is now being given to the present Charity Commissioner may be given to the Judge who may be appointed as Charity Commissioner. The High Court is also agreeable to this course.

Absorption of Executive Officers of the Madras Area in Government Service

74.8. It was represented before the Commission that the executive officers of the Madras Area should be treated as Government Servants and absorbed in Government service as was done in the Madras State. The Commission considers this representation to be reasonable and recommends that the officials who were appointed under the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Act may be treated as Government servants and absorbed in Government service by amending the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Act as applicable to Mysore State, suitably without waiting for the new legislation. The Commission also suggests that suitable provision may be made in the new legislation in this regard.

Remuneration to Temple Servants

74.9. It was represented to the Commission that temple servants like Archakas were getting only nominal remuneration and that it was necessary to give them adequate salary ranging between Rs. 60 and Rs. 100 per month to enable them to lead a decent life. Archakas are part-time workers and enjoy several perquisites attached to their offices. The Commission does not, therefore, consider it necessary to treat them as Government servants or to give them scales of pay comparable to the scales of pay of Government Servants. The Commission suggests that the existing arrangement under which honorarium is given to them may be continued.

Levy of Darshan fees in the temples.

74.10. It was represented before Commission that the system of levying fees for Darshan of the Deity should be discontinued as this would be a great burden on the poorer sections of the community. The Commission is of the view that no fee may be levied for Darshan of the Deity but that suitable fees may, however be prescribed for "sevas".

Puduvat Funds

74.11. It was brought to the notice of the Commission that 'Puduvats' i.e., endowments made by private individuals for the performance of specific 'sevas' in the temple were misused in several cases and that it would be desirable to set up an Inspectorate in the Department to ensure that the amounts were promptly drawn and properly utilised. The Commission considers that it is not necessary to set up a separate Inspectorate and that the concerned Officers may be held responsible for ensuring that the interests on 'Puduvat funds' are drawn regularly and utilised properly. The Sub-Division Officers may personally ensure during the course of their tours that the amounts have been so drawn and utilised properly.

Safe custody of jewels and other valuables belonging to the temples

74 12 In the Mysore Area, the jewels and other valuables belonging to the temples are kept in safe custody in the District or Sub Treasuries while elsewhere, they are often kept with the trustees. The Commission considers that jewels and valuables belonging to the temples may be kept in safe custody in the District or Sub Treasuries in all the areas as is being done in the Mysore Area.

Cadre and Recrustment Rules and Scales of Pay

Commissioner of Endowments

74.13 This post is filled by an officer in the senior time scale of the Indian Administrative S rivee/Vivore Administrative Service professing the Hindu Religion. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as that prescribed for the service to which the officer belongs.

Headquarters Assistant to the Commissioner of Endowments, the Assistant Commissioners Hinly Religious and Charitable Endowments, Yangalore, Bellary and Kollegal The Assistant Charity Commissioner, Belgaum and The Assistant Commissioner, Bangalore Division (Disposal of Femple Lands (6 posts) (Rs 350-25-30-30-800)

While the post of Headquarters Assistant is encadred in the Mysore Administrative Service Class I Junior Scale, the post of Assistant Commissioner, Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments, Mangalore is filled by promotion from the cadre of Manager and Muzrai Assistants to the Deputy Commissioners of Bangaloreand Masore The posts of Assistant Commissioners, Hindu Religious and Charitable Indowments, Kollegal and Bellary and the Assistant Commissioner, Bin_alore Division (Disposal of temple lands) have not yet been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department. The scale of pay for the post of Assistant Charty Commissioner, Rs 350 800 but this post has been temporarily upgraded so long as the present meumbent is working in that post and the scale of pay now fixed is Re 600 1000 This post is filled by posting a Judicial officer of the rank of a Civil Judge, Senior Division, Bombay Area or by direct recruitment qualification prescribed for direct recruitment is that the person must have been an Advocate enrolled under the India Bar Councils Act for a period of not less than seven years and must be above 45 years of age. It was represented before the Commission that all the posts in the Class I Junior Scale cadre should be made available for promotion from amongst Class II Officers in view of the limited number of higher posts in the Department. The Commission has considered this at gges'1) 1 and r omnieitly that while the existing arrangements may continue in respect of the post of the Assistant Charity Commissioner, Beleaum till the new Bill is passed into Law and suitable charges are made after taking into consideration the relevant provisions of the new Act all the other Class I posts may be filled by ptot otion of Class II Officers of the Department. The resised scale of pay for there peats not be Rs 400 - 30-700-FB -40-900 subject to the understanding

that for so long as the existing incumbent continues in the post of Assistant Charity Commissioner, the scale of pay for this post may be the same as what is applicable to a Civil Judge in the Judicial Department.

Special Tahsildar for Muzrai Works, Bangalore
Muzrai Assistants to the Deputy Commissioners, Bangalore and Mysore
Manager, Head Office and Muzrai Assistant, Bangalore (Disposal of Temple Lands).
(5) (Rs. 250—20—350—25—500)

74.15. While the post of Special Tahsildar, for Muzrai works is filled by deputation of an officer from the eadre of Tahsildar, the posts of Muzrai Assistants to the Deputy Commissioners, Mysore and Bangalore and of the Manager are filled by promotion on the basis of seniority-cum-merit from the eadre of Superintendents who have passed the Departmental examinations and completed five years of service as Superintendents. The post of Muzrai Assistant (Disposal of Temple lands) has not yet been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules. It was represented before the Commission that all the Class II Posts should be made available for promotion from the eadre of Superintendents and that the condition of five years' service in the eadre of Superintendents should not be insisted upon. In view of the limited chances of promotion available to the officials in the Department, the Commission recommends that the posts of Special Tahsildar for Muzrai works and Muzrai Assistant (Disposal of Temple lands) may also be filled by promotion on the basis of seniority-cum-merit from the cadre of Superintendents. The Commission considers that some experience in a supervisory capacity is quite necessary for being considered for promotion to the gazetted posts but suggests that the length of such service in the eadre of Superintendents may be reduced from the present limit of 5 years to 3 years. The Rules of Recruitment may be modified suitably. The revised seale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 275-20-375-EB-25-525.

Superintendents Grade I: (6) (Rs. 225—10—285—15—375) Superintendents Grade II: (3) (Rs. 180—10—320)

74.16. The posts of Superintendents Grade I and Grade II are filled by promotion from the eadre of Superintendents Grade II and I Division Clerks or I Grade Revenue Inspectors respectively. These modes of recruitment are adequate and may be continued. The revised scales of pay for these posts may be Rs. 250—10—300—15—420—E.B.—20—500 and Rs. 200—10—280—15—370—E.B.—20—450 respectively.

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Inspectors Grade I/I Division Clerk's (including Auditors, Accountants) (28) (Rs. 110-5-150-6-180-10-220)
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II Division Clerks/II Grade Inspectors (41) (Rs. 80—3—110—4—130—5—150) Stenographers (7) (Rs. 110—5—150—6—180—10—220) Typists (6) (Rs. 80—3—110—4—130—5—150)

Driver: (1)—(Rs. 70—1—80—2—100) plus Special Pay of Rs. 12 per month Attender:

Mutchi: Daffedar: (3) (Rs. 65—2—85)

Safe custody of jewels and other taluables belonging to the temples

74 12 In the Vysore trea the jewels and other valuables belonging to the temples are kept in safe custody in the District or Sub Treasuries while elsewhere they are often kept with the trustees The Commission considers that jewels and valuables belonging to the temples may be kept in safe custody in the District or Sub Treasuries in all the areas as is being done in the Misore Area.

Cadre and Pecruitment Rules and Scales of Pay

Commissioner of Indocuments

74 13 This pot is filled by an officer in the senior time-scale of the Indian Administrative Service/Unsore Administrative Service professing the Hindu Religion. The scale of pay for this post may be the same as that prescribed for the service to which the officer belongs.

"4 I4 While the post of Headquarters Assistant is encadred in the Mysore Administrative Service Class I Junior Scale, the post of Assistant Commissioner Ilindii Religious and Charitable Endowments, Macgaloro is filled by promotion from the cadre of Manager and Muzrai Assistants to the Deputy Commissioners of Bangaloreand Mysore The posts of Assistant Commissioners Hindu Religious and Charitabl Codowments Kollegal and Bellary and the Assistant Commissioner, Ban slore Division (Disposal of temple lands) have not yet been included in the Cadre ood Recruitment Rules of the Department The scale of pay for the post of Assistant Charty Commissioner Belgum is Rs 350 800 but this post has been temporarily upgraded so long as the present incumhent is working in that post and the scale of pay now fixed is Rs 600 1000 This post is filled by posting a Judicial officer of the rank of a Civil Judge, Senior Division Bombas Area or by direct recruitment. The qualification prescribed for direct recruitment is that the person must have been an Advocate enrolled under the India Bar Councils Act for a period of not less than seven years and must be shove 45 years of ago. It was represented before the Commission that all the posts in the Class I Junior Scale cadre should be made available for promotion from smongst Class II Officers in view of the limited number of higher posts in the Department. The Commission has considered this s agests and recommends that while the existing arrangements may continue in respect of the post of the Assistant Charity Commissioner Belgium till the new Bill 18 passed into haw and suitable changes are made after taking into consideration the relevant provisions of the new Act all the other Class I posts may be filled by piomoticn of Class Il O'Ecers of the Department. The revised scale of pay for these route may be its 400-31-700-FB -40-900 subject to the understanding

that for so long as the existing incumbent continues in the post of Assistant Charity Commissioner, the scale of pay for this post may be the same as what is applicable to a Civil Judge in the Judicial Department.

Special Tahsildar for Muzrai Works, Bangalore
Muzrai Assistants to the Deputy Commissioners, Bangalore and Mysore
Manager, Head Office and Muzrai Assistant, Bangalore (Disposal of Temple Lands).
(5) (Rs. 250—20—350—25—500)

74.15. While the post of Special Tahsildar, for Muzrai works is filled by deputation of an officer from the cadre of Tahsildar, the posts of Muzrai Assistants to the Deputy Commissioners, Mysore and Bangalore and of the Manager are filled by promotion on the basis of seniority-cum-merit from the cadre of Superintendents who have passed the Departmental examinations and completed five years of service as Superintendents. The post of Muzrai Assistant (Disposal of Temple lands) has not yet been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules. It was represented before the Commission that all the Class II Posts should be made available for promotion from the eadre of Superintendents and that the condition of five years' service in the cadre of Superintendents should not be insisted upon. In view of the limited chances of promotion available to the officials in the Department, the Commission recommends that the posts of Special Tahsildar for Muzrai works and Muzrai Assistant (Disposal of Temple lands) may also be filled by promotion on the basis of seniority-cum-merit from the eadre of Superintendents. The Commission considers that some experience in a supervisory capacity is quite necessary for being considered for promotion to the gazetted posts but suggests that the length of such service in the eadre of Superintendents may be reduced from the present limit of 5 years to 3 years. The Rules of Recruitment may be modified suitably. The revised seale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 275-20-375-EB-25-525.

Superintendents Grade I: (6) (Rs. 225—10—285—15—375) Superintendents Grade II: (3) (Rs. 180—10—320)

74.16. The posts of Superintendents Grade 1 and Grade II are filled by promotion from the cadre of Superintendents Grade II and I Division Clerks or I Grade Revenue Inspectors respectively. These modes of recruitment are adequate and may be continued. The revised scales of pay for these posts may be Rs. 250—10—300—15—420—E.B,—20—500 and Rs. 200—10—280—15—370—E.B.—20—450 respectively.

Inspectors Grade I/I Division Clerk's (including Auditors, Accountants) (28) (Rs. 110-5-150-6-180-10-220)

II Division Clerks/II Grade Inspectors (41) (Rs. 80—3—110—4—130—5—150) Stenographers (7) (Rs. 110—5—150—6—180—10—220) Typists (6) (Rs. 80—3—110—4—130—5—150)

Driver: (1)—(Rs. 70—1—80—2—100) plus Special Pay of Rs. 12 per month Attender: Mutchi: Daffedar: (3) (Rs. 65—2—85)

Peons and other Class IV Servan's (33) (Rs 50-1-60)

74 17 These posts are common to all Departments The scales of pay for these posts may be those prescribed for similar posts in other. Departments The scales of pay for I Grade Inspectors and II Grade Inspectors may be the same as are applicable to the posts of I Division Clerks and II Division Clerks respectively

Professors (6) (Rs 200—20—400)
1ssistant Professors (6) (Rs 130—5—150—8—190—10—230)
Prabhandha Teachers (2) (Rs 75 fixed)

- 74 18 The posts of Professors and Assistant Professors are filled by direct recruitment of persons who have passed the Pravena Examination in the particular Agami and the Vidvat Examination in any of the Sistras. The posts of Prabandha Teachers are filled by direct recruitment of persons who have passed the Ushayavedanta. Pravarthaan Sabha Lxamination in Prahandha and the Vedanta Vidvata Examination and have good knowledge of Sanskrit. Theoposts have not yet been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department. All these posts are attached to the Sanskrit Colleges at Mysore and Welkhot. The Commission suggests that the posts of Professors may he filled by promotion of Assistant Professors and the posts of Assistant Professors by promotion of Prahandha Teachers if they possess the qualifications prescribed for these posts and if there are no such Prabandha Teachers by direct recruitment of persons who possess such qualifications. The Rules of Recruitment may he framed necordingly. The Professors and Assistant Professors may be given the same scale of pay as officials holding corresponding posts in the Education Department.
- 74.19 The Department has stated that the Prahhanda Teachers have to study hard for a period of ten years, after acquiring a basic knowledge of Sanskit for securing the qualifications presembed for the posts and that the Vidiat Framination was considered to be equivalent to the BA Degree. The Commission considers that the Prahandha Teachers may be redesignated as Language Plandits and given the same scale of pay as for similar posts in the Education Department

Agama Pandit (Senior) (1) (Rs 180--10--320)
Agama Pandit (Junior and Agama Pandits) (11) (Rs 110--5--150--6-180-10--220)

74.20 The post of Agama Pandit (Senior) and two posts of Agama Panlit (Junior) are attached to the office of the Commissioner of Endowments. The other nine posts of Pendita are attached to the Sankirt College at Melkott. The posts of Agama Panlit (Junior) while the posts of Agama Panlit (Junior) while the posts of Agama Panlit (Junior) while the posts of Agama Panlit (Junior) are filled by direct recruitment of pressus who has passed the appropriate Agama Panlit Frammation. It was represented on behalf of the Department that the Agama Panlits working in the Head Office should be absorbed as Professors or Assistant Professors in the Arskirt Colleges as they were men of great learning. It was also points lost that there was no necessity for these posts in the Head Office. The Commission

accepts this suggestions and recommends that the Agama Pandits at present working in the Head Office may be absorbed as lecturers, Assistant Professors or Professors, according to their qualifications, in the Sanskrit Colleges at Mysore or Melkote. These officials may be given the same scales of pay as officials holding corresponding posts in the Education Department.

74.21. This post is attached to the Sanskrit College, Melkote and it is filled by a graduate in Arts with Sanskrit and with B.Ed. qualification or M.A., in Sanskrit. The revised scale of pay for this post may be the same as for similar posts in the Education Department.

74.22. These post are filled by taking on deputation officers holding corresponding posts in the Public Works Department. The existing mode of recruitment may continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as is applicable to the corresponding posts in the Public Works Department.

Special pay

74.23. The special pay to the Stenographers and Typists may be regulated in consonance with the general principles laid down by the Commission in Chapter 5. The Special pay of Rs. 12 per memorial which is being paid tot the Driver may be discontinued.

Delegation of Powers

74.24. The existing powers delegated to the various authorities are adequate and no suggestions have also been received regarding the delegation of additional powers. The Commission, therefore, recommends that the existing powers may continue

CHAPTER 74 DIPARTHENT OF PADOWMENTS

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CHAPTER 75

Mysore Revenue Appellate Tribunal

- 75 1 The Nysore Revenue Appellate Tribunal is constituted under the provisions of the Nysore Land Revenue Act, 1964 According to Section 40 of the Act, the Tribunal should consist of a Chairman of the rank of a Divisional Commissioner and five members three of whom should be persons who are District Judges and others should be officers having experience in administration of revenue matters not below the rank of a Deputy Commissioner (i.e., not below the rank of officers in the senior time-scale of the Indian Administrative Service) Government are further empowered to appoint persons having these qualifications to be Additional Nembers of the Tribunal for such period as might be epecified. Unler Section 41 of the Act every Bench should consist of a District Judge and an Officer having experience in administration of revenue matters. There are four Benches currently functioning in the Tribunal. The Tribunal has Banalore as its Headquarters.
- 75 2 The Chairman is an officer in the supertime scale of the Indian administrative Service. The Revenue Members are officers in the senior time scale of the Indian Administrative Service and the four Julicial Members are of the rank of District Judges on deputation to the Tribunal. The cause lists are prepared under instructions of the Chairman and the work of the various Benches is regulated suitably.
- 75.3 The establishment of the Tribunal consists of one Sceretary, two Assistant Sceretaries and the subordinate staff. It was represented that the staff now working in the office of the Tribunal was not adequate that the number of cases instituted before the Tribunal was gradually increasing year after year and that the average number of cases filed in a year before the Tribunal was about 5,000 to was also represented that with the existing number of Benches it would not be possible for the Iribunal to dispose of more thin about 5,000 cases per year even if all the Benches put forth their hest efforts and that as the pendency of cases inforce the Tribunal was very heavy, it might not be possible to bring down the file to a reasonal I level unler the existing lumin with the existing number of Benches
- 75.4 According to sub-section (1) of Section 40 of the Mysure Land Revenue Act 1974 there shall be a District Judge and an officer laving explained an alministration of revenue matters or each Bench. In case one Member goes on leave or is at ferwise alsent, the other Member cannot also function except for aftending to retime matters like admiss in of appeals, issue of stay orders and matters of an interlocutary charter. This adds to the delay. Even though the stuation is leared to improve if all littonal Burch sure constituted the same difficulties would be encountered in respect of the two men Bench.

- 75,5. Apart from Labour Courts and Industrial Tribunals the work of which is separate and distinct, the other administrative Tribunals functioning in the State are:--
 - (1) The Mysore Co-operative Appellate Tribunal,
 - (2) The Mysore State Tran-port Appellate Tribunal, and
 - (3) The Mysore Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal.
- 75.6. The following table indicates the number of institutions before and the disposals by the Mysore Revenue Appellate Tribunal and the other three Tribunals referred to above:—

Mysore Revenue Appellate Teilsmal

Yest	Opening Balance	Institu- tions	Total	Disposal	Closing Balance
1965	3906	6326	10,232	3752	6480
1966	6480	4899	11,379	4633	6746
1967	67:6	3657	10,403	4605	5798
Mysore Comper	ativ Appellate	Tribunal			
1965	****	441	441	118	323
1966	323	ផ្ទៃក្ន	725	519	206
1967	206	381	690	450	140
Mysore State T	ransport Appa	llate Tribuna	1		
. 1965	118	684	752	528	221
1966	221	1114	1,338	541	707
1967	797	667	. 1,464	736	728
Mysore Sales T	ax Appellate I	Tribunal .	• •		
1965	•	773		772	*
1966	t	414		679	
1967	•	615		372	

- * The Department could not furnish the information in respect of these items.
- 75.7. The number of cases pending before each of these Tribunals as on 1-8-1968 was as follows:—

The Mysore Revenue Appellate Tribunal	4,698
The Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal	145
The Mysore State Transport Appellate Tribunal	644
The Mysore Co-operative Appellate Tribunal	177

75.8. The Commission examined the feasibility of merging all these Tribunals into a Single Tribunal as some of them have very inadequate work while others have remained in heavy arrears. The Commission has studied the question of amalgamation both in the interest of economy in administration and of facilitating quicker disposals in the interest of the litigant public. The present

constitution, purediction and allied matters relating to these Tribunals and the feasibility of merging them with the Revenne Appellate Tribunal are indicated in the succeeding paragraphs

The Mysore State Transport Appellate Tribunal

75 9 A serving or a retired District Judgo is appointed as a one man Tribunal Ilis jurisdiction under Sub Section (1) of Section 64 of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939 is to hear appeals against the orders passed by the Regional Transport Authorities or their Secretaires But under Sub Section (2) of Section 64 of the Act read with Rule 178 of the My-ore Motor Vehicles Rules 1963, appeals against the orders passed by the State Fransport Authority he to the My-ore Revinus Appellate Tribunal If the juri ilection now vested in the My-ore State Transport Appellate Tribunal is also transferred to the Revenue Appellate Tribunal, then all appeals under vect on 64 of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939 will he directly to the Revenue Appellate Tribunal and it would then be possible to abolish the independent Transport Appellate Tribunal and it would then be possible to abolish the independent Transport Appellate Tribunal and it would then be possible to abolish the independent Transport Appellate Tribunal as now constituted

The Mysore Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal

- 75 10 The Mysore Sales far Appellate Trihunal consists of Three Members a Chairman who should be a Judicial Officer not below the rank of a District Judge and one Member who should be no officer of the Commercial Tax Department not below the rank of a Deput; Commissioner and another Member who should be a non official practising the profession of accountancy for a period of not less than five years and who is an Accountant as defined in the Chartered Accountant Art. 1849.
- 75 11 Under Sub-Section (3) of Sec function of the Tribunal may be exercised of the Tribunal or by a Bench consisting ... Chairman

cxperience in the Co-operative movement for a period of not less than ten years. The functions of the Tribunal may be excreised by a Bench consisting of all the Members or of any two Members as constituted by the Chairman. Just as in the case of Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal the Commission recommends the amalgamation of the Tribunal with the Revenue Appellate Tribunal as the points raised in such cases present no complication for a Tribunal with a District Judge and another Administrative Officer.

- 75.15. It may not be necessary to have a Non-official Member who is an Advocate. An officer of the status of Joint Registrar with knowledge of Law and practical experience in the co-operative movement borne on the cadre of the Department, if co-opted would be able to advise the Tribunal when necessary.
- 75.16. In these circumstances the Commission recommends that a common Tribunal designated as the "Mysore State Appellate Tribunal" may be constituted under a special Act with an officer in the super time scale of the Indian Administrative Service as the Chairman and with the following officers as Members:—
 - 5 officers in the senior time scale of the Indian Administrative Service;
 - 6 officers holding the posts of District Judges.

At present, the Government has no power of supervision or control over the work of the Tribunals and rightly so, as they are quasijudicial bodies and the executive Government eannot appropriately have such powers of supervision and control. The result has, however, been that there are instances of delays and laxity in the disposal of matters before the Tribunals. The Commission, therefore, recommends that the new composite Tribunal may be placed under the control of the High Court which can eview the monthly returns of work and issue appropriate instructions in the interest of expeditious disposal as in the case of District Courts.

- 75.17. Prior to 1964 when the Mysore Land Revenue Act came into force, the Mysore Revenue Appellate Tribunal had its Head Office in Bangalore with one Bench in Belgaum and Benches of the Tribunal itinerating to Gulbarga and Mangalore for the disposal of the eases arising in those areas. The Bench at Belgaum was abolished in 1964 but the Benches at Bangalore were permitted to itinerate to other places in the State and this system is being followed now. The other three Tribunals have their seats in Bangalore only.
- 75.18. The Commission considers that it would be much better to have local Benches in important stations than to have the system of itineration in the interest of expeditious disposal of cases and in the interest of the litigant public. Under the present system all the appeals etc., have to be filed only at the headquarters and if cases are posted for hearing outside the headquarters the litigants have to incur additional expenditure and if cases are adjourned for any reason, the adjournments will be necessarily of a long duration.

75 19 The following table indicates the number of cases pending before the four Tribunals as on 1 8 1908 which relate to each of the areas —

Division	Revenue Appellate Tribunal	Sales tax Appellate Tribunal	State Trans port Appellate Tribunal	Co-operative Appellate Tribunal	Total
Bangalore	2599	92	253	62	2336
My sore	1278	30	344	41	1693
Belgaum	589	71	6	52	718
Gulbarga	232	22	41	12	307

75 20 The Commission suggests that Benches of the new Irihunal may be established with one Revenue Member and one Judicial Member eich at Mysore and Belgaum in addition to four Benches in Bangalore. The Chairman could have his Headquarters in Bangalore. As the figures pertaining to the Gulbarga Division do not justify the creation of an independent Bench, the Bench at Belgaum may deal with cases arising in the Belgaum and Gulbarga Divisions while the Bench at Mysore may deal with cases arising in the Districts of Mysore Division and the Benches at Bangalore with all other cases.

75 21 It is not necessary that every matter coming up before the Tribunal should be beard by a Bench of two Members. There are matters which are simple and can be disposed of by n single Member, preferably and if necessary by a Judicial Officer. If a Comprehensive Law is cancical vesting the Tribunal with jurisdiction over nil these matters and with power to dispose of simple matters by a single Member the Commission has no doubt that the litigant public would have expeditious disposal of their cases. It may be pointed out that a party aggreesed is the decision of the Tribunal would have still a remedy as at present under Article 226 of 227 of the Constitution of India.

75 22 The Regulations governing the work of the Tribunal may lay down guide lines regrating the categories of cases that could be heard by single Member Benches and Division Benches Generally speaking first appeals may be heard by Division Benches and second appeals and Revision Petitions by single Member Benches. The Chairman may be empowered to decide in in his lual important cases in which the position is not clear whether a single Member or a Division Bench is to hear such cases.

75.23 The various Benches may request the Joint Registrar of Co-operative book field beparts Commission of Commercial Taxes whose Heal quarters is rearies; to the Heal justifies of the Bench (lut offer than the effect against whose decis in the appeal is fled) to satical the Rinch as an Albitimal Member when compliated carefacting under the relevant on etiments are bend

- 75.24. The Tribunal must have a separate office of its own and the Chairman should be declared as the head of the office of the Tribunal.
- 75.25. If the Appellate Tribunal has to function as now proposed, the ministerial staff will have to be strengthened suitably by transferring some of the staff now working under the Sales Tax, Co-operative and Transport Appellate Tribunals to the new Tribunal. The Commission recommends that for the present all the ministerial posts which are now existing in the various Tribunals may continue in the new set up excepting for the following posts:
 - 1. Secretary, Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal.
 - 2. Secretary, Co-operative Appellate Tribunal.
 - 3. Manager, Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal.
- 75.26. The present incumbents of these posts may be reverted to their parent Departments. The Secretary of the new Tribunal would be in overall charge of its entire establishment.
- 75.27. The work load of several officials in the Sceretariat of the Tribunal may be studied for about six months after the new Tribunal is constituted and the strength of the staff regulated in consonance with such study.
- 75.28. The Mysore State Appellate Trihunal will be a very small unit and the opportunities for promotion available to the staff and officers would be very limited. The Commission therefore recommends that the entire staff attached to the Tribunal may be filled by taking on deputation officials holding corresponding posts in the Revenue Department, the Judicial Department or any other Department like the Department of Commercial Taxes, the Transport Department, the Department of Co-operation etc., as may be considered appropriate. The liens of the officials now working in the various Tribunals may be shifted against corresponding posts in the Revenue Department or such orther Department as may be considered appropriate and the officials may be treated as on deputation to the Tribunal.

Representation of State Interests before Tribunals

- 75.29. Government have appointed an officer in the cadre of Assistant Commissioners as the State representative hefore the Revenue Appellate Tribunal. He is assisted by three Assistant State Representatives in the Cadre of Tahsildars. These officers represent the interests of the State in cases in which such interests are involved. They have the necessary supporting subordinate staff. In the case of the Commercial Tax Department one of the officers of the rank of Commercial Tax Officer is posted as the State representative, before the Tribunal. He has the necessary supporting subordinate staff.
- 75.30. Co-operative and Transport Appellate Tribunals have no State Representatives.
- 75.31. The matters that come up before the Tribunal sometimes involves lakhs of rupees and it is very necessary that the State should be properly and

adequately represented befare the Tribunal Tbe Cammission considers that persons from the legal profession, or senar officers who have necessary back ground both in law and in the special subject with which they are dealing may be amounted as State Representatives before the Tribunal

75 32 If senior officers are appainted as State Representatives they may be home an the Cadre of the Department concerned

Journal of the Tribunal

75 33 It was represented that it would be desirable for the Trihunal to publish journals containing its decisions and judgements. The suggestion does not commend itself to the Commission since the Kurnataka Law Journal is already publishing the important decisions of the Tribunal.

Special Pay

- 75 34 Special pay of Rs 100 per month is being given to the afficers of the Indian Administrative Service wha are posted as Members of the Trihunal under the Indian Administrative Service Pay Rules The Commission has recommended in Chapter 5 that the special pay may be cantinued at this rate The Commission considers that it is only right and equitable that whatever special pay is given to sny ane Member af the Tribunal is given to other Members also. The Commission accordingly recammends that a special pay at Rs 100 may also be given to the Judicial Members of the Tribunal. The Churman who would be in the suportime scale of the Indian Administrative Service will not, however, be entitled to any special pay.
- 75 35 The nature of dities of the Stenographers in the Tribunal is of a more ardinous nature than that of Stenographers in the administrative departments as they have to take down orders to ditation from the Members not only in the affice but an occasions at their residences. The nature of duties discharged by these Stenographers are more ar less the same as those discharged by the Stenographers in the various Conts. The Commission considers that it would be more appropriate to take Stenographers from the Judicial Department an deputation because (1) the nature of duties expected of the Stenographers in the Tribunal is more or less the same as that of their counterparts in the Judicial Department (2) all the ministerial staff in the Tribunal is proposed to be drawn on deputation from other Departments, (2) has special pay is admissible to persons taken on deputation from one Department to another and (4) the scale of pay for the Stenographers of the various Courts is higher than those of the Administrative Department in
 - 75.36 The existing Stenographers after than those who are working in the Tril in all on deputation may be transferred to the Cadre of Stenographers of the Judicial Department and drawn from there on deputation. Those working or deputation may be reverted to their parent departments.

75.37 It has been represented that special pay may be given to the Cashier of the Secretariat of the Tribunal. Special pay of Rs. 10 per month may be granted in accordance with the general principles laid down in Chapter 5 in respect of officials handling cash.

Scales of pay and allowances

75.38. The Commission has recommended that all the ministerial posts in the Tribunal may be filled by taking on deputation officers from other Departments. The scales of pay as are admissible to them in the parent Department may be given to them while serving in the Tribunal.

Delegation of Powers

75.39. The Chairman of the Tribunal may be classified as the Head of a Major Department and authorised to exercise all the general powers vested in the Heads of Departments under the Manual of Financial Powers.

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-	tee stant Secretary	C1	250-20-350-25-500	275-20-375-EB-25-525	
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•	First Directon Clerk	8	110-5-150-6-180-10-220	140-5-150-3-150-EB-10-260 •	
•-	Second Division Clerk	12	60-3-110-4-130-5-150	95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200	
•	Mesographer	a	110-5-150-8-190-10-260-15-		
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-	Member	-	A serving or a retired Judge		Vide Myaore State Appellate Tribunal
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First Division Clerk	:	C1	110-5-150-6-18010-220	110-5-150-8-190-FB-10-260 -15-290	
Second Division Clerk	:	-	80-3-110-1-130-7-150	95-3-125-1-115-138-5-200	
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	:	-	55-1-65-2-75	85-2-95-3-125-EB-1-115	
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Superintendent	:	-	180-10-320	200-10-250-15-370-EB-20-150	To be designated as Superintendent Gr. I
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	ω	During Jude 1,100-50-1,200- 60-1,800	1,300-60- 1,600-50-1,800	Special pay at Its 100 p m as recommended to judicial members also

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CHAPTER 76

Department of Registration and Stamps

- 76.1. The Department of Registration and Stamps was re-organised and its cadre strength was refixed as per Notification No. GAD 50 ORR 65, dated 29th November 1965.
- 76.2. This Department is classified as a Major Department. The Inspector-General of Registration and Commissioner of Stamps, who is holding this post in addition to his principal post as Commissioner for Survey Settlement and Land Records is the Head of this Department. He is an officer in the Senior time-scale of the Indian Administrative Service.
- 76.3. There are two Headquarters Assistants to assist him generally in the administration and in the implementation of the several Aets and Rules pertaining to the Department. The Headquarters Assistant to the Inspector-General of Registration deals with the Department of Registration and the Additional Headquarters Assistant to the Inspector-General of Registration and Commissioner of Stamps and Ex-Officio Superintendent of Stamps deals with the Department of Stamps. These two posts are in the seale of pay of Rs. 350—800. The ministerial staff in the Head Office consists of Managers, Head Clerks, First Division Clerks, Second Division Clerks, Attenders, Peons, etc.
- 76.4. The State has been diveded into 19 Administrative Divisions coextensive with the Revenue Districts and the Deputy Commissioners of the respective districts are the Ex-Officio District Registrars, Ex-Officio Deputy Commissioners of Stamps and Ex-Officio Inspectors of Stamps. They are assisted by Headquarters Assistants to the District Registrars and the requisite subordinate staff.
- 76.5. The Teehnieal Staff in the Office of the Commissioner of Stamps consists of Foreman, Counters and Pressmen. The functions of this Office are to receive stamps of all denominations from the Security Press, to check and to store them and to arrange for their supply to all the Treasuries in the State and to emboss documents on requisitions. For the sake of administrative convenience and to ensure better supervision over the work of the staff, it is proposed to transfer the Superintendent of Stamps along with the technical staff to the control of the Treasury Department. This matter has been examined in Chapter 41. Sub-Registrars of various grades viz., Headquarters Sub-Registrars, First Grade Sub-Registrars and Second Grade Sub-Registrars are in charge of the Sub-Registry Offices. They have been given necessary supporting staff of Clerks, Attenders, etc.

- 76 6 In 15 specified Taluks, where the work relating to Registration is not heave, the Taluk Sheristedars of the respective taluks are appointed as Ex officio Sub Registrats
- 76 7 As regards the administration of the Stamp Act and Rules, below the Deputy Commissioners of Districts, who are the Deputy Commissioners of Stamps and Ex Officio Inspectors of Stamps, there are the Assistant Commissioners of Revenue Sub Divisions who are the ex officio Deputy Commissioners of Stamps in their respective Sub Divisions Besides, there are 5 Inspectors of Stamps in the Clays I scale of Rs 350—800, whose duty is to inspect the stamp accounts of stamp vendors, Banks and Offices etc., and to verify whether the applications and documents are duly stamped according to law

GENERAL

Filing of documents presented for Registration

- 76.8 At present, documents tendered for registration are classified into two groups $-\!\!\!-$
 - (i) Documents that are to be copied in the Books Maintained in the Sub-Registrars Offices,
 - (11) Documents in respect of which copies are filed under rule 114 of the Rules framed under Section 69 (1) of the Indian Registration Act, 1909
- 70.0 Out of 10 likhs of documents registered in a year in the State approximately 10 per cent of them come under the latter category while the remaining documents require the procedure of copying to be followed. Since the statem of copying the documents causes considerable delay in the return of the documents to the parties concerned, apart from the possibilities of committing mistakes in copying, etc., the question of adopting the system of filing duplicate copies of all types of documents, as is in vogue in Madras State, is being considered by Government.
- 76 19 It is understood that necessary action is being taken to amend the provisions of the Indiao Registration Act 1908 for this purpose
- 76.11 While the Commission is in favour of the proposal for adopting the system of filing duplicate copies of all types of doucements presented for registration, in sew of the obvious advantages of this system, it would like to emplaise the need for making adequate provisions in the rules to ensure that the copies are filed only after due and proper verification and not as a matter of routine.

Bijure ite of Sub-Peristry Offices

70 12 The Inspector General of Registration had recommended to Government that the Sub-Pegistry Offices as noted in the margin might be bifurcated (except in the case of Stiraiopurary Sub Registry Office which was proposed to be

trifnreated) in view of the large number of documents registered in these offices. When the matter was referred to the Commission, Government were requested to

Kunigal
 Tumkur
 Kanakapura
 Shivajinagar, Bangalore
 Gandhinagar, Bangalore
 Hassan
 Gadag.

review the question on the basis of a regular work-study and inspection of the documents received and registered in some of the Sub-Registry offices, with reference to the number of documents received for registration each day, the

actual time taken by the Sub-Registrar for scrutiny of each document and the number of documents kept by for detailed scrutiny, etc.

- 76.13. Accordingly, a work study of some of the Sub-Registry Offices proposed to be bifurcated or trifurcated was conducted and the result of the work study has revealed that although the unmber of documents registered per day in the different sub-registry offices ranged from 10 to 35, none of the documents was carried over for scrutiny to the next day, the time taken for scrutiny of each document being on an average 10 to 15 minutes and that in many cases it was the copying work and not the work of registration that was in arrears. that the time taken by the Sub-Registrars for scrutiny of the documents was inadequate, rendering the scrutiny imperfect and liable for error, and that taking the easy and the complicated cases together a Sub-Registrar can scrutinise about 12 documents per day or about 3500 documents per year in a thoroughly satisfactory manner with due regard to the provisions and the procedure prescribed by the Indian Registration Act and the Mysore Registration Rules. Accordingly, it has been suggested by Government that Sub-Registry Offices registering more than 6000 to 7000 documents might be bifurcated so as to see that no Sub-Registry Office has more than 3500 or less than 3000 cases and to reconstitute the Sub-Registry Offices in Bangalore City on these lines by sanctioning two more Sub-Registry Offices.
- 76.14. After taking into consideration all aspects of the matter including the recommendations of the Mysore Resources and Economy Committee, 1961 (according to which a Sub-Registrar could easily be expected to register about 4000 documents per year and for every increase in the documents registered by about 3000 he should be given the assistance of an Additional Sub-Registrar), the Commission recommends that:
 - (i) The Sub-Registry Offices registering more than 7000 documents in a year may be bifurcated and constituted into separate Sub-Registry Offices in such a way that neither of the two Sub-Registry Offices receives less than 3000 documents in a year. The Department may also take up the re-constitution of the Sub-Registry Offices generally with a view to ensure that there are no full fledged Sub-Registry Offices receiving less than 3500 documents in a year, offices with just over 3,000 documents being allowed only in rare and marginal cases;

- (ii) Pending overall reorganisation or reconstitution of the Sub Registry Offices generally, the Sub Registry Offices registering more than 5000 documents per year may be given additional Sub Registrars of the 11 Grade, to be designated as Joint Sub Registrars, as per rule 7 of the Nysore Registration Rules which provides for the appointment of such Joint Sub Registrar under this set up, the Sub Registrar and Joint Sub Registrar will bave so extensive jurisdiction and common office and staff. The Sub Registrar will receive the documents presented for registration in the office and pass on every alternate document to the Joint Sub Registrar.
 - (iii) Comparatively heavy Sub Registry Offices registering more than 3500 documents annually hut less than 5000 documents may be placed in charge of I Grade Sub Registrars, and
 - (ix) As regards bifurcation of Gadag Sub Registry Offices one at Gadag and another at Mundargi, on the basis of the documents registered olooc, there would be no justification for such bifurcation. However, since the proposal is mooted on the ground of convenience to the public of Mundargi it is suggested that nn ex officio Sub R gistry Office may be opened at Mundargi.

Sanctioning of Additional Clerical Staff for the Sub Registry Offices

70 15 It is commonly complained that copying work in many of the Sub-Registry Offices his remained in heavy orrears as adequate elerical staff is not sanctioned in time. The elerical ond other staff has been ond is being sanctioned to the various Sub-Registry Offices according to the scale that had been presented by Oovernment under the Manual of Financial powers (1959 Polition). In the Manual is revised in 1967 it has been stated that the Inspector General in Registration is competent to order increase or decrease in the establishment for the Sub-Registry Offices in occordance with the "presentled scale" and report the fact to Government and to the Accountant General, Government have stated in the introduction to this Manual that all previous orders issued on subjects covered by the matters included in the Manual stand superseded. The result, therefore is that there does not appear to be any index now in force rigulating the scale with reference to which staff can be sanctioned to the Sub-Registry Offices.

76.10 The scale as prescribed under the Manual of Pinanenal Powers (1959) I dition) has worked generally satisfactorily in the past and is being followed by the Department even now. Under that Manual, (a) Offices registering between 800 and 1.200 documents a year, and (d) Offices registering between 1,200 and 2.000 documents a year are both given staff at the same scale though they are shown as separate classes of offices. The Commission considers that these two mult be club bed to etter any that the following classification and scales of estal by ment might be five with certain marginal indigationers.

(a) O rees registering less than 1,000 documents a year One Secot I Division Clerk One Attender (b) Offices registering between 1,000 and 2,000 documents a year consecutively for three years;

Two Second Division Clerks One Attender

(c) Offices registering between 2,000 and 3,000 documents a year consecutively for three years:

Three Second Division Clerks One Attender

- N.B:—These scales of establishment apply to the Clerks employed in ex-officio Registry Offices also.
 - (d) For every 1,500 documents registered in excess of 3,000 one additional Second Division Clerk.
- 76.17. The Inspector-General of Registration may examine the extent to which additional staff has to be sanctioned to each of the Sub-Registry Offices on this basis and ensure that the staffing pattern is strictly in consonance with these scales.
- 76.18. Pending the appointment of additional staff on this basis, the Clerks or Copyist-Clerks in the Sub-Registry Offices may be given some extra remuneration at the rate of Re. 1 for every 600 words copied by them in excess of the standard norms fixed for them, over a period in a calendar month, as recommended in Chapter 6 so as to afford an incentive to them to leave as little copying work as possible in arrears.

Upgrading the 14 posts of Head Quarters Assistants—Class II to Class I

76.19. Of the 19 posts of Head Quarters Assistants to the District Registrars, 5 are Class I posts in the scale of pay of Rs. 350—800 and the other 14 are Class II posts in the scale of pay of Rs. 275—600. It has been represented to the Commission that the 14 posts of Head-Quarters Assistants in the Class II scale might also be upgraded to Class I so as to have uniformity in all the Districts. The posts of Head Quarters Assistants in the Class I scale have been sanctioned both in order to provide promotional opportunities to the Junior Grade Head Quarters Assistants as also to see that experienced and senior officers are posted as Head Quarters Assistants in Districts where the work is relatively heavier. The Commission is therefore, of the view that it is not necessary to upgrade the 14 posts of Head Quarters Assistants to District Registrars in the Class II scale to Class I and accordingly recommends that the status quo may be maintained.

Equating the posts of I Grade Sub-Registrars with posts of Head-Quarters Sub-Registrars:

76.20. At present the Headquarters Sub-Registrars in the scale of pay of Rs. 225—375 are Class II Gazetted Officers while the I Grade Sub-Registrars though in the same scale of pay are non-Gazetted and the former category of posts is treated as a promotional post for the persons in the latter category. It has been represented to the Commission that this distinction might be abolished and

both the posts treated as equal in status There seems to be no rationale helind the distinction. The Commission therefore recommends that the posts of Head Quarters Sub Registrars and I Grade Sub Registrars may be clubbed together and treated as Class 11 Officers.

76.21 It was represented to the Commission that these posts might be equated with those of Head Quarters Assistants to the District Registrars (Class II) This request caoact be conceded since it is essential that the Bead Quarters Assistants to the District Registrars who are required to supervise the work of the Head Quarters Sub Registrars and the I Grade Sub Registrars should be higher in status and in scale of pay

Conversion of the Ex officio Sub Registry Offices unto full fledged Sub Registry Offices

76 22 There are at present 15 Ex Office Sub Receitty Offices immined by Taluka Shirestedays as Ex Officeo Sub-Registras. It has been suggested that these Ex Officeo Sub Registry Offices might be converted into regular and full fledged Sub Registry Offices with full time 11 Grade Sub-Registras. Since it is accretained that these Ex Officeo Sub Registry Offices are working satisfactorily and since the work load in these Sub Registry Offices does not warruit the appointment of whole time Sub Registrars the Commission recommends that the status quo may be maintained

Declaring Bangalore os "Presidency Town '

70 23 It was suggested to the Commission that the Head Quarter of the State, that is Bangalore might be declared a "Presidence Town" for the purposes of the Registration Act ro as to facilitate the registration of documents in Bangalore, irrespective of where the properties in respect of which the documenta executed are to be registered, are situated. The Commission, however, does not see any special merit in the proposal and recommends that the existing system for the registration of documents may continue

Registration of Societies

76 24 At present the work relating to the registration of firms and societies to the State is being attended to in the Office of the Inspector (ceneral of Registration with a special staff of a I Division Clerk three II Division Clerk a Typist and a Peoa — It was represented that the work might be decentralised and entrusted to the Depots Commissioners of Districts in the interest of xpeditions disposal of work. It may be desirable to continue the existing mild steam with a view to guard against registration of bogus Institutions and to extil sure a better check over such Institutions. The Commission, therefore our mends that the existing system under which the Inspector-General of stration in his capacity as the Registrar of Societies alone registers the existy continue-

Uprading the posts of Attenders as II Division Clerks

It was represented to the Commission that the posts of Attenders in the Department might be upgraded to those of II Division Clerks on the ground that their duties and functions were more or less similar. On a close examination of the matter it is seen that though the Attenders may sometimes be called upon to assist the II Division Clerks in copying the documents etc. in the exigencies of service, their main function is to maintain records properly and up-to-date, and that the nature of work, duties and reponsibilities of the posts of attenders and of II Division Clerks are distinct and different. The Commission has recommended in Chapter 4 that persons in this cadre who are qualified for being appointed as II Division Clerks may be so appointed, the other retained in this cadre till their retirement and that no fresh appointments be made to this eadre. These principles may be applied to the category of officials in this Department also. Such of the persons who are retained as Attenders may discharge the duties attached to these posts so long as they continue in service; in the case of those who are promoted as II Division Clerks and in offices in which there are at present no Attenders, this work may be entrusted to one of the II Division Clerks by suitable readjustment of work.

Watch and Ward arrangement for the Sub-Registry Offices

- 76.26. It was stated that 55 Sub-Registry Offices located in independent and separate premises had been provided with Watchmen whereas in the case of the other Sub-Registry Offices located in the premises of the Taluk Offices no such posts had been sanctioned nor arrangements made for Watch and Ward of these Offices. It was, therefore, represented that separate posts of Watchmen might be sanctioned for such Offices.
- 76.27. As already observed in Chapter 9, the Commission is of the opinion that in all such eases where more offices than one are situated in the same building, the head of the office having the largest staff and occupying a major portion of the building should be entrusted with the responsibility of arranging for the Watch and Ward of all the offices, and that for that purpose, a post of Watchman should be sanctioned to such office only, who will be responsible for guarding all the offices in the premises. In the instant ease, therefore, the Watchmen appointed to guard the Taluk Offices may be made responsible for guarding the Sub-Registry Offices also, without any extra remuneration being paid to them.

Photo-copying system

76.28. There was a proposal for the introduction of the system of Photo copying of documents as in vogue in Maharashtra and a promise to this effect was also made on the Floor of the House. Preparations were also under way for purchase of the necessary equipment, a few components of which were required to be imported from abroad. However, in view of the dearth of Foreign Exchange and also in view of the proposed introduction of the system of filings of documents referred to in para 76.11 above, the proposal has been dropped.

76 29 The Commission recommends that even if the "filing system" is introduced, the question of introducing the Photo-copying system may be pursued as it has obvious advantages in ensuring economy in the administration and precise and faithful reproduction of the original document at a reasonable cost

Enhancement of Fees for Registration of Firms and Societies, filing of Annual Returns etc

76 30 The fees levied for registration of Firms and Societies, filing of Annual Returns, Registration of Documents, etc., were fixed fong ago when the general price level was comparatively low and the circumstances were quite different, for example, the fees levied for the Registration of Firms and Societies and for filing of Annual Returns by them are only Rs 3 and Re 1 respectively, which are too low considering the work involved in the process etc. The Commission, therefore, recommends that these Fees may be enhanced to Rs 10 and Rs 5 respectively.

Cadre and Recruitment Rules and Scales of pay

(1) Inspector General of Registration and Commissioner of Stamps (1).

70 31 This is an Ex-officio post held by an Officer in the Senior time scale of the Indian Administrative Service in addition to his principal charge as Commissioner for Survey, Settlement and Land Records Tho same position may continue

(11) District Registrars (19)

76 32 These are Ex-officio posts held by the Deputy Commissioners of Districts It has been represented to the Commission that the system of having Lz officio District Registrars might he discontinued , that whole time posts of District Registrars might be created and these posts filled by promotion of departmental officers One of the arguments advanced in support of the proposal was that in the present set up, the Deputy Commissioners were not in a position to devote as much attention to the administrative and other work of the Department as was necessary or desirable. In actual practice, however, the Deputy Commissioners are not finding difficulty in attending to the work of the Department, more particularly since there are Head quarters Assistants exclusively to attend to the work of the Department Since the work of the Department is being carried on smoothly and satisfactorily under the existing arrangement which has the additional advantage of having officers of the status of Deputy Commissioner as the Head of the Department at the District level, without involving any extra expenditure to Government, the Commission considers that there are no reasons for changing the existing position

- (iii) (a) Healquarters Assistant to the Impector General of Registration and Commissioner of Stamps (1) (Rs 250-25-650-20-800)
 - (b) Additional Headquarters Assistant to the Inspector General of Pegistration and Commissioner of Stamps and Irofficio Superinten dent of Stamps (1) (lis 350-25-650-20-800)
 - (c) Headquarters Assistant to the District Registrars (Senior Grade) (5) (Rs 350-25-650-30-800)

- 76.33. According to the existing Rules of Recruitment, these posts are filled by promotion from the cadre of Head-quarters Assistants to the Registers of Districts (Junior Grade) on the basis of seniority-cum-merit. The Commission considers that that the mode of recruitment to the posts is proper and may be continued. The revised scale of pay for the posts may be Rs. 400—30—700—EB 40—900. It has been recommended in para 28 of Chapter 41 and in para 5 of this Chapter that the post of Additional Headquarters Assistant to the Inspector-General of Registration and Commissioner of Stamps and Ex-officio Superintendent of stamps should be transferred to the control of the Department of Treasuries. The present incumbent of the post may carry the scale of pay of Rs. 400-30-700 EB-40-900 with him when he goes to the Department of Treasuries. On his retirement the post may be equated with those of Treasury Officers / Assistant Directors of Treasuries in the revised scale of pay of Rs. 350—600—30—780—EB 40—900 and filled by transfer from that cadre.
 - (iv) Inspectors of Stamp Class I: (5) (Rs. 350-25-650-30-800)
- 76.34. These posts are filled by taking on deputation officers from the Junior time scale (Class I) of the Mysore Administrative Service.
- 76.35. It was represented to the Commission that instead of filling these posts by taking on deputation officers from the Mysore Administrative Service, departmental officers might be appointed to these posts by promotion by selection after giving them necessary training. Since the performance of the duties of the posts requires, officers commanding independence of judgement and who are not amenable to the influence of Presiding Officers, the Commission considers that the existing practice of filling these posts by taking officers on deputation from the Mysore Administrative Service may continue. These posts are sanctioned from year to year. It was represented to the Commission that these posts should be sanctioned on a permanent basis. The Commission agrees with the suggestion and recommends that these posts may be made permanent and that these officers may be authorised to inspect not only the offices of Sub-Registrars, Block Development Officers and Tahsildars as at present, but also other offices of Government in the Departments of Public Works, Forests, Agriculture, Corporation and firms for the limited purpose of their works.
- 76.36 The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as that for officers of corresponding rank in the Mysore Administrative Service.
- (v) Head-quarters Assistants to the District Registrars (Juniors Grade): (14) (Rs. 275-20-375-25-600)
- 76.37. According to the Rules of Recruitment, these posts are to be filled by promotion from the eadre of Head-Quarters Sub-Registrars on the basis of Seniority-cum-merit, the other conditions prescribed for such promotion being that they should have passed the priscribed departmental examinations and put in at least two years of service as Head-Quarters Sub-Registrars.
- 76.38. It was suggested that 25 per cent of the posts in the eadre might be filled by direct recruitment. After taking into consideration the nature of duties involved and all other relevant factors, the Commission is of the opinion that no

direct recruitment need to be made these posts. The Commission bis recommended earlier that the posts of First Grade Suh Registrars may be clubbed with the posts of Head Quarters Suh Registrars and that all of them may be treated as Gazetted Class II Posts. For purposes of promotion from that cadre the posts of Managers of the Head Office base been equated with the posts of First Grade. Sub Registrars These posts may also be included in this combined. Class II endre. The posts of Head Quarters Assistants (Class II) to the District Registrars may be filled by promotion from the combined cadre of Head Quarters. Sub Registrars, First Grade. Sub-Registrars and Managers of the Head Office on the basis of seniority cumment. The scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 300—25—550—EB—30—700.

(vi) Head quarters Sub-Registrars (Ga-etted) (19) Rs 225-10-285-15-375) and First Grade Sub-Registrars (Non Gazetted) (22) Rs 225-10-285-15-375)

76 39 According to the Rules of Recruitment, the posts of Head Quariers Sub Registrats (Gazetted) are filled by promotion from the eadre of First Grade Sub Registrats and Managers of the Head Office on the basis of seniority cumment and the posts of First Grade Sub Registrats are being filled by promotion on the basis of seniority cum ment from eadre of H Grade Sub Registrats who bave put in not less then two years of service as H Grede Sub Registrats

76 40 Since the posts of First Grade Sub-Registrats are recommended to be clubbed together with the posts of Headquarters Sib Registrars (Gracited) and formed into a single cadre in the Closs II the posts in this combined cadre may be filled by promotion from the cadre of II Grade Sub Registrars on the basis of seniority-cum merit

76.41 It has been represented that the Headquarters bub Registrirs and First Gride Sub Registrars might be given the same seals of pay as that for Inhalidars on the ground that the duties of the posts are as onerous and responsible as those of the Tabsildars. The duties of the posts of Headquarters and Lirst Grade Sub-Registrars are of a standard and routine type and cannot beer comparison with those of Tabsildars either with rigard to the responsibility involved or the onerous nature of the duties. These posts may be given the resided also for pay of Rs 250—10—300—15—420—EB—20—500

Managers of the Head Office (2) IRs 205-10-085-15 3751

II Grade Sub-Registrars: (130) (Rs. 120—5—150—8—190—10—240)

76.43. As per the rules of recruitment 60 per cent of the posts are filled by direct recruitment, 38 per cent by promotion from the cadre of I Division Clerks of the Department on the basis of Seniority-cum-merit and the remaining 2 per cent by promotion from the cadre of First-Grade Stenographers of the Department also on the basis of seniority-cum-merit. For direct recruitment, a degree of a recognised University or equivalent qualification is necessary and a probation of one year is prescribed. For promotion from the cadre of I Division Clerks, a pass in the Departmental Examinations with two years of service in the cadre of I Division Clerk is prescribed as the necessary qualification. For pormotion from the cadre of Stenographers, they should have passed the departmental examinations, should have put in two years of service as Stenographers and one year of Service as I Division Clerk. The Commission considers that the existing rules governing recruitment to these posts are quite in order and may be continued.

76.44. It has been represented to the Commission that the scale of pay for the posts is meagre and not commensurate with the nature of duties and responsibilities devolving on the posts. The revised scale of pay for the posts may be Rs. 170—5—180—8—220—EB—10—300.

Common Category of Posts

- (i) I Division Clerks, Head Clerks and (80) (Rs. 110—5—150—6—180 Assistant Store keeper. **—10—220**) (ii) Stenographer (Rs. 110-5-150-6-180 (1) -10-220 plus special pay of Rs. 30 p.m. (iii) II Division Clerks (396) (Rs. 80—3—110—4—130— 5-150) (iv) II Grade Typist and Typist-cum- (6) (Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-Clerk. 5-150) plus special pay of Rs. 10 and Rs. 5 p. m. respectively. (Rs. 55—1—65—2—75) (v) Attenders and Mutchis (95)(vi) Daffedar (Rs. 55—1—65—2—75) (1)(260) (Rs, 50-1-60) (vii) Peons and Watchmen
- 76.45. The existing rules of rucruitment to these posts are quite in order and may be continued. The revised scales of pay for the posts may be the same as those prescribed for corresponding posts in other departments.

Technical Posts

Foreman: (1) Rs. 100—5—150—6—180 Counters: (4) Rs. 70—2—80—3—110. Pressmen: (6) Rs. 65—1—70—2—90.

- 76 46 According to the rules of recruitment, the post of Foreman is filled by promotion from the cadre of counters and consters from the cadre of Pressmen 50 per cent of the posts of Pressmen are filled by direct recruitment from among the candidates who have passed the VII Standard Examination and have knowledge of press work and the remaining 50 per cent of the posts by promotion from the cadre of Class IV Officials, the prescribed qualification being the same as for direct recruitment
- 76 47 It was represented to the Commission that the duties devolving on the Forema and the persons holding the other posts in this section were of a very ardinous and responsible nature as they were required to operate on elaborate and combersome machines and also headle stumps north crores of rupees and that the scales of pry sanctioned in them were not commensurate with their duties and responsibilities. It was also represented on helalf of the foreman that the scale of pay for the post should be on par with that for the Foremen in the Department of Printing and Stationery
- 76 48 After a detailed examination of the matter based on an on the spot study of the work of the personnel in the Section, with a view to establishing proper relativities with corresponding posts in other Departments, it was found that although the quantum of work was large it did not require any technical skill of a high degree. After considering all aspects of the matter, the Commission recommends that the revised scales of pay for the posts of Foreman, Counters and Pressure may be Rs 130-5-170-6-200-LB-10-240, Rs 85-2-95-3-125-FB-4-145 and Rs 80-2-90-3 120-4-140 respectively.
- 76 49 The existing mode of recruitment to these posts is in order and may be continued
- 70 50 For the sake of administrative convenience and for ensuring better co-ordination of the work with the work of the Treasuries, the Commission has recommended in Chapter 41 that the entire unit may be transferred to the control of the Director of Treasuries

Special Pay

- 76 '1 Special Pay of Rs 100 pm is being paid to the Inspector General of Registration in accordance with the Indian Administrative Service Pay Rules in view of the fact that this Officer is the Head of in Major Department the Special Pay may be enhanced to Its 150 pm mas recommended in chapter 5
- 76.52 Iz Officio Sub Registrars in the 15 Ix Officio Sub Registry officers are extering a Special Pay of Rs 10 pm for discharging a littional duties as ex Officio Sub Registrars in a lition to their own duties as Taluk Shirestedars. The paym at of Special Pay may be continued at this rate in these cases.
- 76 53 The Foremen and other Technical Staff of the Stamps Section are in receipt of some Special Lay on the ground of their landling stamps worth lakks of rupees

76.54. Their scales of pay have been fixed taking into consideration the nature of their duties and responsibilities. The Special Pay that is being given to them may be discontinued.

Delegation of Powers .

Headquarters Assistants to District Registrar

- 76.55. The Headquarters Assistants are assisting the District Registrars in regard to the day to day administrative and technical departmental work. It was represented that the powers delegated to the Headquarters Assistants are not either uniform or adequate so as to enable them to discharge their duties effectively.
- 76.56. It was therefore, represented that the following powers might be delegated to the Headquarters Assistants:—
 - (i) Powers to sanction all Detailed Contingent Bills, Travelling Allowance Bills, Pay Bills, Medical Bills and Refund Bills of subordinate officers and surcharge duty bills payable to local bodies subject to Budget provisions.
 - (ii) Powers to accept quotations for supply of articles of stationery, cloth, etc., to subordinate offices subject to Budget Provision.
 - (iii) Powers of transferring officials in subordinate offices subject to standing orders.
 - (iv) Sanction of increment and leave of officials of subordinate offices as per rules in the Mysorc Civil Service Rules.
 - (v) To attend to all routine correspondence from subordinate offices and the head office.
 - (vi) To register documents and accept sealed covers when the District Registrar is absent from Headquarters.
- 76.57. It has also been represented that certain powers under the Mysore Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules may also be delegated to the Headquarters Assistants empowering them to impose at least minor penalties.
- 76.58. Since in the existing set up, the Deputy Commissiones of Districts are the Ex-O flicio District Registrars, they cannot be expected to attend to all the routine duties of the office and it is only proper that adequate powers should delegated to the Headquarters Assistants. The Commission, therefore, agrees to the suggestion about delegating the Headquarters Assistants powers listed at (ii) to (vi) above.
- 76.59. As regards the powers proposed to be delegated to Headquarters Assistants as at (i) in para 76.56, in view of the specific provisions made in article 24 (F) of the Mysorc Financial Code empowering the Head of the Department to authorise a Gazetted Government Servant under him to sign bills, etc. the Commisson does not consider it necessary to make any recommendations for a specific delegation of powers in this regard.
- 76.60. The Commission also does not consider it necessary to delegate any powers under the Mysore Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules to the Hedquarters Assistants.

CHAPTER 76

Registration and Stamps Department

08 18	Вендвайов	No of posts	Exiting scale of pay and Aperial Pay	Recommended scale of pay and Special Pay	Remarks
ĺ			ě	Ra	
-	Inspector General of Registration and Commissioner of Samps	-	145	1 A S	
"	District Registrar	5	Ex-office posts held by the Destrets concerned (Encaded in the Districts	80 Y I	
•	Healquarters tenitable to the borger ton the Regulation and former inconer of blamps	-	330-23-659-30-F09	400—30—700—LB—40—900	
÷	Additional Healquarters Arristant to the lappertor Central of Registration and Commissioner of Stamps and Associate Superintendent of Stamps	-	350-25-650-30-900	100-30-700-EB-(0-900	To be transferred to the Treasury Department.
•	Inspector of Stamps	10	250-25-650-50-400	400-30-700-DB-10-900	
·	Healfquattern Assistant to the Registrary of Districts (Serior Grade)	ń	350-25-050-30-600	400-30-700-JB-40-900	
+2	Begietrare for stant to the Registrare of Dietricia (Junior Grade).	Ξ	275-20-377-25-60	300_25_550_EB-30_700	
r.	Headquartera Sub Registrars (Baretted).	6	225_10_245_15 375	250-10-300-15-420-EB-20-500	
c.	I Grade Sab-Registrar (non Garetted)	5	225-10-255-15-375	230-10-300-15-420-EB-20-500	
2	Manager of the Head Office	es	225-10-245-13-375	250-10-300-15-420-EB-20-500	
i	11. Head Clerk Stamp Section	-	150-8-190-10-270	No post	
<u> </u>	12, 11 Gente bub Regietrare	133	120-5-150-8-190-10-240	170-5-180-8-220-EB-10-200	

Registration and Stamps Department-(concld.)

on le	Nu Designation of 1	Number of posts	Existing scale of pay and Special Pay	Recommended scale of pay and Special Remarks Pay
 			Rs.	Rs.
13.	13. I Division Clerk, Head Clerks and	80	110-5-150-6-180-8-220	$140-5-150-8-190-\overline{\mathrm{BB}}-10-260-155-290$
14.	Assistant Store-Ecopor Stenographor (I Grado)		110-5-150-6-180-8-220 +Special Pay of Rs. 30 p. m.	140-5-150-8-190-BB-10-260- 15-290 +Special Pay of Rs. 30 p.m
15. 16.	II Division Clerk II Grade Typist and Typist-cum-Clerk	396 6	80-3-110-4-130-5-150 80-3-110-4-130-5-150 LSnecial Pay of Rs. 10 or 5 p. m	95—3—125—4—145—BB—5—200 95—3—125—4—145—BB—5—200 +Rs. 10 p.m. in the case of Typist
17.	Attenders and Mutchis	95	55—1—65—2—75	and 5 p.m. in the caso of Clerk-cum- Typist. 85-2-95-3-125-EB-4-145 (Attenders) 80-3-90-3-120-4-140 (Mutchis)
18. 19.	Daffedar Peons and Watchman	1 260	55165275 50160	80-2-90-3-120-4-140 60-1-80-2-90
22.23	- 1	1 4 0	100-5-150-6-180 70-2-80-3-110 65-1-70-2-90	130—5—170—6—200—.EB—10—240 To be transferred to the 85—2—95—3—125—EB—4—145 control of the Transury 80—2—90—3—120—4—140 Department.

CHAPTER 77

Revenue Department

- 77 1 Traditionally the Resenve Department concerned itself with the collection of Revenue and the maintenance of Law and Order, at the same time, it has been attending to welfare activities, supervision of the work of Local Bodies and such other Public duties which Government undertook from time to time It was more of a General Administration and "Residuary" Department than a "Revenue' Department in the strictly hmited sense of the term bowever many of the Welfare or developmental activities which were formerly being handled by the Revenue Department are being taken over by local hodies fike the Taluk Boards and the Village Panchavats, the Community Development Department or by the special agencies of Government like the Social Welfare Department The Revenue Department pevertheless continues to maintain its position as the General Administration and "Residuary" Department Ad hoc special items of work like Elections. Census and Food and Civil Supplies are catrusted to this Department Co ordination of the netivities of the various Developmental Departments has been entrusted to the officers of the Revenue Department at the higher levels
- 77.2 The Revenue Administration of the State vests in Government but there is no single executive agency misucrable to Government for the efficient working of this department in the field. There are four Divisional Comminissioners each in charge of a Revenue Division and are responsible for the efficient functioning of the Departments under their control in their respective Divisions.
- 77.3 The Divisions are divided into Districts, each in charge of a Diputy Commissioner. The Bangaloro Division has five Districts, the Mysoro Division has six Districts and the Belgaum and Gullarga Divisions have four districts each. Fach District is generally divided into two or more sub-divisions and each sub-division into two or more sub-divisions and each sub-division into two or more sub-divisions are including of Assistant Commissioners and the Tabula in charge of Tabulatis Each Tabula is divided into a few circles/hobbies in charge of Revenue Inspectors.
- 77.4 The functions of officers and officials at various levels are indecated. in Chapter 3 relating to "General Administration". Chapter in the structure of the Dispariment.
- 77.6 There is uniform pattern of staffing at different levels but the pattern of staffing within offices varies from area to area. The staffing pattern in each of the areas was conditioned largely by the circumstances obtaining in the former States to which these areas belongs 1, the pattern of admin stration in such areas and the Acts. But a Regulation and Notifications which were in force in such areas. I you though the rew State indicate that the world have containing in the different areas, the Commission conditions that it we'll be

desirable, at least now, to evolve a uniform pattern particularly in view of the fact that many of the Acts and Regulations that were in force in the different areas have been replaced by uniform Acts passed by the Legislature of the State of Mysore.

Abolition of the system of Divisional Commissioners.

77.6. The Commission has examined the question of continuance of the system of Divisional Commissioners and its retention in the existing or modified form by constituting a Board of Revenue. It has fully considered the powers now exercised by the Divisional Commissioners under the various enactments in force in the State; and it has taken into consideration the views expressed by Senior Officers and responsible members of the public. After taking into account all these factors and the evidence placed before it, the Commission has come to the conclusion that the system of Divisional Commissioners should be abolished and that the appointment of the "Revenue Commissioner" as the Chief Revenue Authority of the State would meet the needs of the administration fully and efficiently.

SPECIAL ESTABLISHMENT

Special Deputy Commissioners for Inam Abolition.

- 77.7. Special Deputy Commissioners for Inam Abolition have been appointed for the Bangalore Division, the Gulbarga Division, and the Hassan Division. The work pertaining to Inams Abolition in Mysore and Mandya Districts and in the Belganm Division is attended to by the regular Deputy Commissioners of these Districts.
- 77.8. The following Acts pertaining to Inam Abolition are being administered by the Officers concerned in their respective Jurisdictions.
 - I The Mysore (Personal and Miscellaneous) Inams Abolition Act, 1954 (Mysore Act No. 1 of 1955);
 - 2 The Mysore (Religious and Charitable) Inams Abolition Act, 1955 (Mysore Act No. 18 of 1955);
 - 3 The Hyderabad Abolition of Inams Act, 1955 (Act No. VIII of 1955);
 - 4. Bombay Pargana and Kulkarni Watans Abolition Act, 1950.
 - 5 The Bombay Personal Inams Abolition Act, 1952 (Bombay Act No. XLI of 1953).
 - 6 The Bombay Service Inams (Useful to Community) Abolition Act 1953 (Bombay Act No. LXX of 1953).
 - 7 The Bombay Merged Territories and Areas (Jagirs Abolition) Act, 1953 (Bombay Act No. XXXIX of 1954).
 - 8 The Bombay Merged Territories Miscellaneous Alienations Abolition Act, 1955 (Bombay Act No. XXXII of 1955).
 - 9 The Madras Estates (Abolition and Conversion into Ryotwari) Act, 1948 (Madras Act No. XXVI of 1948).

77 9 The Commission is given to understand that ceratain Bills relating to Inam Abolition have been prepared and that they would be placed before the Legislature shortly

77 10 The Special Deputy Commissioners, Bangalore, Gulharga and Hassan have been given requisite subordinate staff Statistics of pending cases pertaining to Inam Aboliton for the period from 1-1 1968 to 30 6 1968 are given in the subnoined Statement

Opening Balance on 1 1-68	Receipts from 1 1 68 to 30 6 68	Total number of eases	Disposals from 1-1 68 to 30 6 68	Closing Balance on 30 6 69
		Bangalore Division		
435	895	1330	738	592
		Gulbarga Division		
140	201	347	347	Nil
		Hassan Duisson		
1191	275	1460	540	926
		Mandya District		
840	584	1430	702	728
		Mysore District		
05	28	93	4	89

77 11 It is seen from these statistics that the Special Deputy Commissioner, Inam Abolition, Gulberga Division has disposed of all the cases received up to the end of June, 1968. It is not, therefore, necessary to continuo the post of Special Deputy Commissioner for Gulbarga Division and his establishment any longer. The residuary work, if any, could be transferred to the Deputy Commissioners concerned for heing attended to in the normal course inlong with other items of work.

- 77 12 So far us the Bangalore Division is concerned, 592 cases were pending as on 1 7 1068. The Special establishment may be continued till the end of March, 1969 with instructions to decide all cases by 31 3 1069.
- 77 13 There is heavy pendency of casses in the Hassan Division. The Special Deputs Commissioner, Hassan appears to be of the view that it may not be possible to increase the pace of disposils with the present inexperienced staff and only one stenographer. Government may, examing whether it would not be jour it to post rome experienced staff to the establishment of the Special Diputs Commissioner, Hassan and, they may also consider the question of giving one more Stenographer to the Special Diputs Commissioner in order to see that the leavy arrears are cleared as quickly an possible.
- 77.14 The Deputy Commissorer Mandya has been given additional elected are starce for atter ling to the work of Inam Abolition. The number of cares perdire in the Detertor on 17.1968 was 728. Government may examic whether it would be possible for the Deputy Commissorer to attend to and dispose

of these cases expeditionsly in addition to his normal work and if not, whether it is possible to transfer this work to the Special Deputy Commissioner, Hassan. Government may also examine the extent to which the subordinate staff is to be strengthened in either case.

- 77.15. In the Mysore District there were only 89 cases pending as on 1-7-1968. It is expected that the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore would be able to dispose of all the pending cases by the end of March 1969.
- 77.16. Though the Inam Abolition Acts were passed nearly 14 years ago and the intention of Government was to settle all matters pertaining to abolition of Inams as expeditiously as possible, the balance of work still to be attended to is considerable. Government, may, therefore issue instructions to all the officers concerned to dispose of all pending cases as quickly as possible. Covernment may also obtain fortuightly or monthly progress reports, review them and keep a close watch on the progress of the work.

Land Tribunals

- 77.17. The Mysore Land Reforms Act, 1961, came into force on 2-10-1965. From that date, the jurisdiction Munsiffs were exercising all the powers and performing all the duties of the Land Tribunals under the Act. The High Court pointed out to the Government that the work connected with the Land Reforms Act was very heavy before some Tribunals (the applications being as many as 5000) and that the existing Munsiffs would not be able to attend to that work in addition to their normal work. Consequently, it recommended to the Government the constitution of 30 independent Tribunals and sanction of additional staff to the Courts of the District Judges at Bangalore, Belgaum, Bijapur, Dharwar, North Kanara, South Kanara and Shimoga, who function as Appellate authorities under the Act. as also to certain Munsiffs, who function as Ad hoc Tribunals.
- 77.18. In their Order No. RD 125 LRY 67 dated 30th September 1967 Government accorded sanction to the constitution of 30 independent Tribunals Additional staff was also sanctioned to the District along with the requisite staff. Courts at Bangalore, Belgaum, Bijapur, Dharwar, North Kauara, South Kanara and Shimoga. As the High Court could spare the services of only 24 Munsiffs for being appointed as independent Land Tribunals, the total number of Land Tribunals was reduced to 24. Some Munsiffs have been attending to this work in addition to their civil work. Since the Officers appointed as Land Tribunals are Munsiffs. attending either whole-time or part-time to this work, the Commission considers that it would be desirable to transfer the entire administrative control over the Tribunals to the High Court as they would be able to review the monthly work turned out by the Tribunals more effectively than Government. It would be in the interest of the policy underlying the scheme of Land Reforms to expedite the work before, the Land Tribunals. Government may, therefore, in consultation with the High Court take adequate steps to ensure that all the cases pending before the several Tribunals are disposed of as soon as possible.

Land Acquisition staff

7719 Sperial Land Acquisition Officers have been appointed in several districts where the work pertaining to land acquisition is very heavy particularly in the areas covered by irrigation projects. These Special Land Acquisition Officers have been given subordinate staff to assist them in their work. While these special establishments have been sanctioned for specific items of work, it would be necessary to specify the period within which such items of work are to be completed. Monthly progress reports should be obtained from them and after reviewing such reports adequate instructions should be issued to the Special Land Acquisition Officers from time to time to expedite their work. The Commission has recommended that there should be one Revenue Commissioner as the Head of the Revenue Department in place of the existing 4 Divisional Commissioners. The Revenue Commissioner should keep a close watch on the work of the Special Land Acquisition Officers and terminate their posts along with those of their subfordinate staff immediately after the special items of work entristed to them are completed.

Mysore Administrative Scruce

- 77 20 The blysoro Administrative Service is the General Administrative Service of the State from which officers are drawn to soveral Departments of Government Even though this Service is not a Department as such, most of the officers belonging to this service hold posts in the Revenue Department. The Commission accordingly considers it appropriate to deal with the Service is this Chanter.
- 77 21 The Mysore Administrative Service consists of three categories, us; Class I (Senior Scale) Class I (Junior Scale) and Class II Cadres
 Class I (Senior Scale) (12 (lts 909 40 1.100 50 1.300)
- 77 22 The sauctioned strength of this cadre is 12 hut no posts are specifically carmarked for the officers beloaging to this cadre. Whenever officers of the Mysore Administrative Service are appointed to the Class I Senior scale in excess of the authorised strength of 12, the posts against which they are so appointed are added to the Class I Senior Scale of the Service as temporary additions. At present there are 33 officers holding posts in this cadre. Out of 37 posts, 3 posts irr., Special Deputs Commissioner, Budar District, Deputy. Commissioner (Administration) Corporation of the City of Bangalore, and Special Officer. Land Acquisition and Richabilation (Bataprabla and Malaprabla Projects, Belgaum, have been recently created temporarily for limited periods. The remaining posts are in exist ace for more then three years but they are brought within this cadre as and when otheres of the Semior scale of the Service are apposited thereto.
- 77 23 Since 30 posts are in existence for more than three years, the Commission recommends that at least 24 posts may be made permanent and included in the cadre strength and the particulars of these posts may be specified or listed at ledenging to this cadre as in the case of the Indian Administrative Service. Out of these 24 posts which are to be made permanent, 10% of the posts i. c., 2 posts right be treated as Selection Grule posts so as to provide promotional opportunities to the efficient officers in this cadre.

- 77.24. It is noticed from the list sent by Government that several posts such as the Administrator, Belgaum City Municipality, the Managing Director, Pandavapura Co-operative Sugar Factory, etc., which should be outside this cadre but to which officers of this cadre might be sent on deputation are included in the cadre. The Commission considers that this cadre should strictly consists of only posts which are created for the regular departments o Government; all other posts coming under semi-Government or autonomnos bodies may be treated as deputation posts and accordingly suggests that a suitable deputation reserve might be created in this cadre to provide for deputation of officers to such posts.
- 77.25. According to the existing Rules of Recruitment the posts in this cadre are to be filled by promotion by selection of State Civil Service Officers in the Junior Scale of Class I or by deputation of officers of the Indian Administrative Service or by appointing officers of other allied departments in the Service of the State at the discretion of Government. These modes of recruitment may be continued.
- 77.26. The scale of pay for Selection Grade posts for Class I, Senior Scale, may be Rs. 1,600-50-1,800 and the scale of pay for Class I Senior Scale may be Rs. 1,100-50-1,300-60-1,600.
- Mysore Administrative Service Class I (Junior Scale) (205) (Rs. 350-25-650-30-800)
- 77.27. There are at present 205 posts (comprising 151 permanent and 54 temporary) in this cadre including a deputation reserve of 30, training reserve of 10 and leave reserve of 10. According to the existing Rules of Recruitment, 66 & per cent of the vacancies are to be filled by promotion by selection from Class II officers who have worked as Tahsildars or in equivalent posts in the same cadre for not less than a total period of five years and 334 per cent by direct recruitment of graduates by competitive examination held by the Public Service Commission. The Assistant Commissioners who are recruited directly by examination have to undergo probation for a period of two years. The Officers who are recrnited to this cadre could expect to get promoted to the senior time scale of the Service or to the Indian Administrative Service against the promotional quota. The chances for promotion either way are few and far between and they have to continue in this cadre for years together. It is not desirable to recruit large numbers of brilliant candidates on the results of a competitive examination to such senior posts when adequate opportunities of promotion are not available. The Commission therefore recommends that only 25% of the vacancies in this cadre may be filled by direct recrnitment and the other 75% by promotion. The Rules of Recruitment may be amended accordingly.
- 77.28. The scale of pay for these posts is Rs. 350—25—650—30—800 and the probationers are paid the initial pay of Rs. 350 per mensem in the prescribed scale during the period of probation. The scale of pay for the posts in this eadre may be Rs. 400—30—700—EB—40—900.
- Mysore Administrative Service Class II (325) (Rs. 250-20-350-25-500).
- 77.29. There are 325 posts in this eadre comprising 200 permanent and 47 temporary posts, a deputation reserve of 28, a leave reserve of 25 and a training reserve of 25.

- 77 30 The Rules of Rectuitment provide for direct rectuitment of graduates to 50% of the posts hy competitive examination held by the Public Service Commission, 283 by promotion of officials in Class III Service (other than Stenographers) in the Revenue Department and Survey Settlement and Land Records Department, on the hasis of Semonty cum efficiency, 2% by promotion of Stenographers in the Revenue Department, and Survey Settlement and Land Records Department on the basis of Seniority-cum-efficiency and the balance of 20% of the posts by appointment by selection through the Public Service Com mission of persons who have put in at least 5 years of service in any one of the Development Departments etz , Agriculture Co-operation, Local Self Government, Community Development etc. The Tubsildars who are directly recruited to this class by examination have to undergo probation for 2 years in which provision has been made for filling some of the posts in the promotional quota of 30% by promotion of officers in the Department of Survey. Settlement and Land Records and for filling 20% of the uncancies in this eadre by the appoint ment of officers of Departments other than the Revenue Department and the Department of Survey, Settlement and Land Records have not been indicated to the Commission Whatever the circumstances at the time the Rules of Recruit ment were framed might have been, the officers of all such Departments have not got adequate avenues of promotion in their respective Departments and there is no instification for depriving the officials of the Revenue Department of the opportunities of promotion to this cadre The Commission, therefore, recommends that this mode of recruitment need not be retnined, this block of 20% may be added to the promotional quota, only officers of the Revenue Department should he considered for promotion against the quote and within this quote the propor tinn as hetween the Stenographers and others may be maintained more or less at the present level ac, out of every fifteen vacancies the first fourteen may be given to the officials in the ministerial cadre and the fifteenth to the Stenogra phers who are continued in this cadre. So far as the Ministerial cadres of the Revenue Department are concered, the Commission recommends that only officers in the cadre of Deputy Tabsildars may be considered for promotion to this cadre
 - 77.31 This system of earmarking posts for the Stenographers may be given up after the persons now in the cadre of Stenographers are either promoted or retire from service, us the present recruitment of even Stenographers to the eferical grade giving them in position in the gradation list of clerks entitles them to promotion in their own turn
 - 77 32 While 50% of the vacancies in this called may be filled by promotion from the lower caders in the Revenue Department on the lines in licited above, the other 50% may be filled by direct recruitment as at present. The Rules of Recruit ment may be amended suitable.
 - 77 33 The scale of pay for these posts is Rs 250-20-350-25-500 and the probationers are paid a probationary pay of Ps 250 per mensem during probation. The scale of pay for the posts in this cadre may be lts 275-20 315 FR-25-315.

Cadre and Recruitment Rules and Scales of Pay Divisional Commissioners: (4) (Rs. 2,500-125/2-2,750)

77.34. The Divisional Commissioners are officers in the Supertime scale of the Indian Administrative Service. The scale of pay for the posts is Rs. 2,500—125/2—2.750. As indicated in para 6 the posts of Divisional Commissioners may be abolished and in their place, a post of Revenue Commissioner may be created in the Super-time scale of the Indian Administrative Service. He may draw the pay applicable to such posts in that service.

Deputy Commissioners: (19) (Rs. 900-50-1,000-60-1,600-50-1.800).

77.35. The Deputy Commissioners are officers in the Senior time seale of the Indian Administrative Service. The seale of pay for the posts is Rs. 900—50—1,000—60—1,600—50—1,800. If the Officer concerned is in the selection grade, the seale of pay applicable to him would be Rs. 1,800—100—2,000. All the posts of Deputy Commissioners have been encadred in the Indian Administrative Service. There are, however, instances in which officers in the select list of the Service are posted as Deputy Commissioners; such officers would get pay in the same scale of pay as officers of the Indian Administrative Service. If, for a short period, an officer in the Senior time scale of Class I of the Mysore Administrative Service, is posted as Deputy Commissioner in charge of a District, he would carry the scale of pay applicable to him in that Service.

77.36. The officers in the Indian Administrative Service may draw their own scales of pay and the scale of pay for officers belonging to the Mysore Administrative Service may be the same as for other officers in this eadre.

Special Deputy Commissioners, Inam abolition: (3) (Rs. 900-40-1,100-50-1,300)

77.37. The Special Deputy Commissioners are drawn from the Senior time seale of Class I of the Mysore Administrative Service. This mode of recruitment may be continued.

77.38. The scale of pay for these officers may be the same as is applicable to officeres in the senior time scale of Class I of the Mysore Administrative Service.

Assistant Commissioners and other equivalent posts: (89) (Rs. 350-25-650-30-800)

77.39. Officers in the Junior time scale of the Indian Administrative Service, and officers in the Junior Time scale of Class I of the Mysore Administrative Service are posted as Assistant Commissioners. This mode of recruitment may be continued.

77.40. The scale of pay for the posts is Rs. 400—400—500—40—700—EB—30—1,000 if the officer is a member of the Indian Administrative Service and Rs. 350—25—650—30—800 if he is a member of the Mysorc Administrative Service. Traditionally he was treated as equal to the District Officers of the other departments. This position is of course, undergoing a change in view of the fact that relatively senior officers are now being posted as District Officers of the Development Departments like Agriculture, Co-operation and so on and the scale of pay applicable to these posts are higher than the scale of pay applicable to the Assistant Com-

missioners The Commission considers that horizontal relativity of the Assistant Commissioner us a us the District Officers of other Departments would have to be determined afresh both for pirpos s of his position in the District Administration as also in respect of the scale of pay. This principle applies to the Assistant Commissioners in charge of Sub Divi ions. Assistant Commissioners posted as Headquarters Assistant to the Deputy Co unit sioners and so on. The scale of pay for these posts would be the same as for Class I (Junior Scale) of the Mysore Administrative Service.

Tahsildars and other equivalent Posts (325) (Rs 250-20 350-25-500)

- 77 41 The Tal ildars are officers in Class II Cadre of the Visore Administrative Service The existing mode of recruitment to these posts may be continued
- 77 42 The scale of pay for the post is Rs 250-20-350-25-500 The scale of pay for these officers may be the sauce as is applicable to the officers in Class II Cader of the Waser Administrative Service

Deputy Toksildars and other equivalent posts (78) (Rs 220-10-320) (36) (Rs 150-8-190-10-270)

- 77 47 According to the Rules of Recruitment these posts are to be filled by promotion from the eader of Sheri-tedars—There are far too many categories of posts in Clars III of the Revenue Department—The existence of the Cadro of Deputy Tabsildars in the Hyderahrd and Madras areas has created new problems of posts and of promotional stages in the department—There is so much of heart burning amongs the officials and there are writ petitions also—So the Commission considers that it vould be in the interests of efficiency and of the officials their schess that the number of citegories of posts in this class should be reduced—The Commission accordingly recommends that the posts of Sheristedars and of Deputy Tabsildars and that all the posts in this Cass that the posts in the Dyatment which are now heigh field by officers of these two categories should be fall by officers in the new combined eather.
- 77 44 The mole of recruitment row applicable to Taluk Sheristedar would then lave to apply with such imodifications as are considered necessary to the ante-pated cadre of Deputy Tabuillars. The Rules of Recruitment may be amendel accordingly
- 77.45 The scale of pay for all the posts in this combined cadre may be revised as Rs 225-10-205-15-250-LB-20-450

Surrey Supercusors (7) (fls 1.0-8-190-10-270)

7746 These posts base not lean ancluded in the Calre and Recruitment Rules of the Digatiment. The may be fill dividing an deputation official holding array and gainst the Digatiment of Survey. Settlement and Land Pecceds. The Pules of I arm tent may be framed accordingly.

- 77.47. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for corresponding posts in the Department of Survey, Settlement and Land Records.
- Sheristedars and other equivalent posts (495) (Rs. 140—5—150—8—190—10—250)
- 77.48. Under the Rules of Recruitment these posts are to be filled by promotion from the common gradation list of the combined cadre of I Division Clerks and Revenue Inspectors, Grade I who have worked for at least 3 years as Revenue Inspectors (the condition of having worked as Revenue Inspector for 3 years was not being enforced temporarily till 1964). In view of the recommendation made in para 43 that all the posts of Sheristedars etc., may be included in the cadre of Deputy Tahsildars, the Commission recommends that the existing mode of recruitment to the cadre of Sheristedars may be applied to the Cadre of Deputy Tahsildars but that the condition of having worked as Revenue Inspectors for at least 3 years may be deleted so that officials in this cadre who, for reasons beyond their contral, had no opportunity of working as Revenue Inspectors for the prescribed period might not lose the opportunity for promotion on the basis of their seniority merely on the ground they had not worked as Revenue Inspectors.
- 77.49. The scale of pay for these posts may be revised as Rs. 225—10—305—15—350—EB--20—450 as indicated in para 45.
- I Division Clerks (Accounts), Accountants (15)

- 77.50. These posts are to be filled by taking on deputation officials holding corresponding posts in the State Accounts Department. This mode of recruitment may continue.
- 77.51. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for corresponding posts in the State Accounts Department.
- I Division Clerks and I Grade Revenue Inspectors, Revenue Peishkars, Record Assistants (1209) (Rs. 110—5—150—6—180—10—220)
- 17.52. This is a combined cadre of I Division Clerks and I Grade Revenue Inspectors. The officials in this cadre may be posted either as Revenue Inspectors or as I Division Clerks. 50% of the posts are to be filled by direct recruitment of graduates and the other 50% by promoting persons from the combined cadre of II Division Clerks and Revenue Inspectors, Grade II. The existing modes of recruitment are adequate and may continue. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as that for I Division Clerks in the other Departments of Government.
- Draughtsman (1) (Rs.110-5—150-6—180-10—220)
- 77.53. The post has not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department. It may be filled by taking on deputation an official holding a corresponding post in the Public Works Department. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly. If the present incumbent has been recruited directly

his lien may be shifted against a corresponding post in Public Works. Department and he may be treated as on deputation to the Revenue Department.

- 77.54 The scale of pay for the post may be the same as for corresponding note in the Public Works Department
- I Division Surveyors (18) (Rs 100-5-150-6-180-10-200)
- 77.55 These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department. They may be filled by taking on deputation officials holding corresponding posts in the Department of Survey Settlement, and Lind Records. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.
- 77.56 . The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as that for corresponding posts in the Department of Survey, Settlement and Land. Records
- (I) II Di mon Clerks and II Grade Revenue Inspectors (2689) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)
 - (2) Copyrsts (5 S L C) (14) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)
- 77 57 The II Division Clerks and II Grade Revenue Inspectors belong to a continued cidre and the officials in this combined cadre are posted either as R venue Inspectors or is Clerks 60 of these posts are filled by direct recruit ment of cindidates who have passed the S S L C examination, 30 per cent by promotion from the cidre of Taktis and 10 per cent by promotion of Class IV staff provided that they have passed the VIII Standard examination have put in a years of service and have passed the prescribed Departmental Examination
- 77.58 The Commission recommends that 25 per cent of the posts may bereafter be filled by direct recruitment of candidates who have passed the SSLC examination and 75 per cent by transfer of persons from the cadre of Village Accountants who have passed the SSLC examination. The Rules of Recruitment may be revised accordingly.
- 77-59. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for II Division Clerks in other Departments of Government

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I Grale Talatis (68) (Rs. 70 2-80-3-110-4-170)
II Grade Talatis (1279) (Rs. 65-1-70 2 80 1-110)
Australia Talatis (7500) (Rs. 65 1-70-2-90)
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- 77 (0 The posts of Talatis are to be fill d by directre ruitment from among the persons who have passed the VIII Standar I examination
- 77.61 The Cadre of Villag Accountants is noneweather or etc. 1 under the Mysore termeral Services (Research Sabordmate Branch) Villagi Accountants (Cadre and Permuta ent) Rules. 1961 There are about 7700 posts in this culte. All these posts are to be filled:
 - (s) by direct recruitment from among those who have presed the SSLC Practication

- (b) by appointment of persons who were hereditary Village Officers prior to the abolition of the Offices and who have passed the S.S.L.C. Examination for the first 2 advertisements and Lower Secondary or Vernacular final or equivalent examination beyond that; and who are not over 40 years of age for the first 2 advertisements and 50 years beyond that; and
- (c) by absorption of persons who were serving as Talatis and Shanbogues of Bombay area and Coorg District.
- 77.62. Most of the Village Accountants are persons who have passed the S.S.L.C. examination and are eligible for appointment as II Division Clerks; there are also persons who have come into this category even though they have not passed the S.S.L.C. examination. In future, however, all the posts of Village Accountants may be filled only by the appointment, whether it be by direct recruitment or by promotion from the lower cadres, of persons who have passed the S.S.L.C. examination. This cadre may be commonly designated as Village Accountants.
- 77.63. The Commission recommends that 75 per cent of the posts may, hereafter, be filled by direct recruitment of candidates who have passed the S.S.L.C. Examination and 25 per cent by promotion of persons from the lower cadres who have passed the S.S.L.C. Examination.
 - 77.64. The Rules of Recruitment may be revised accordingly.
- 77.65. The scale of pay for the posts of Village Accountants (including Talathis) as have passed the S.S.L.C. Examination may be the same as for II Division Clerks, while the others may be in the scale of Rs. 85—2—95—3—125—EB—4—145.
- 77.66. Such of the persons who are absorbed in this cadre by virtue of the position which they are now holding as Village Accountants, Talatis, Shanbogues etc., but who have not passed the S.S.L.C. Examination need not be transferred as II Division Clerks as it has been recommended that S.S.L.C. Examination may be prescribed as a necessary qualification for appointment to these posts but they may be allowed to continue in their present posts in the revised scale of pay till they retire from service.

II Division Surveyors (9) (Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)

- 77.67. These posts have not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department. They may be filled by taking on deputation officials holding corresponding posts in the Department of Survey, Settlement and Land Records. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.
- 77.68. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for corresponding posts in the Department of Survey, Settlement and Land Records.

Tracer (1) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)

- 77 69 This post has not been included in the Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department. It may be filled by taking on deputation an official bolding a corresponding post in the Public Works Department. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.
- 77.70 The scale of pay for the post may be the same as for corresponding posts in the Public Works Department

III Drasson Clerks Copyrsts (Non S S L C) (38) (Rs 70-1-80-2-100)

- 77.71 As already indicated in Chapter 4 there need not be any fresh recruitment to these posts. The officials who are eligible for absorption as II Division Clerka may be so absorbed and the rest may continue in the present posts till they reture from service.
- 77 72 The scale of pay for these posts may be fixed as Rs 85-2-95-3-125-EB-4-145

\almanegars (12) (Rs 55-1-65-2-85)

- 77.73 According to the Rules of Recruitment these posts are to be filled by promotion of Niraganties and Sowdis. They may now be filled by taking on deputation officials holding corresponding posts in the Public Works Department. The lieus of the existing incumbents of these posts may be shifted against corresponding posts in the Public Works. Department and they may be treated as on deputation to this Department. The Rules of Recruitment may be rovised accordingly.
- 77.74 The scale of may for these posts may be the same as for corresponding posts in the Public Works Department

Soudies Neergantses (6) (Rs 50-1-60)

- 77.75 According to the Rules of Recruitment, these posts are to be filled by direct recruitment by the Jubsiliar. No posts of Neerganties have been entited, according to the Cadre Rules, but prosison has, however, been made in the Rules of Recruitment for filling these posts if created. They may now be filled by taking on deputation of officials holding corresponding posts in the Public Works Department. The Rules of Recruitment may be revised accordingly. File head of the existing incumbents may be shifted against the corresponding posts in the Public Works Department and they may be treated as on deputation to this Department.
- 77.76 The scale of pas for these posts may be the same as for corresponding posts in the Public Works D partment

Sul-Jail winters (3) (Rs *0 -1 -60)

OF inners (27) (Rs *0 -1 -00)

Process Series (2) (Ps *0 -1 -60)

77.77 These pents have not been included in the Culto and Recruitment less of the Department. The pests of Sub-Jail Warders, Chainmen and Process

Servers may be filled by taking on deputation officials holding corresponding posts in the Prisons Department. Department of Survey, Settlement and Land Records and the Subordinate Judiciary respectively. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

77.78. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for corresponding posts in their parent Departments.

Stengaraphers Grade I (39) (Rs. 110-5-150-6-180-10-220) 4 Special pay Rs. 30 per mensem.

Stenographers Grade II (Rs. 80-3-110-4: -130-5-150)
+ Special Pay Rs. 20 per mensem

Typists (288) { (Rs. 80-3-110-4: -130-5 -150) }
+ Special pay of Rs. 10 per mensem.

Daffedars, Dafterbunds, Mutchis, Attenders, (343) (Rs. 65 --2-85) Book Binders.

Peons, Chowkidars, Cycle Orderlies, (2051) (Rs. 50-1-60) Sweepers, Watchmen, Scavengers and other equivalent posts.

77.79. These are posts common to all Departments and the scales of pay for these posts may be the same as for corresponding posts in the other Departments of Government.

Special Pay

- 77.80. At present no Special Pay is attached to any of the posts in the Department, except for the posts of Stenographers. Typists and Cycle Orderlies. Some of the witnesses have suggested that Special Pay might be given to the Officers at various levels at rates ranging from Rs. 100 per mensem to Rs. 10 per mensem.
- 77.81. In accordance with the general principles laid down by the Commission in Chapter 5, no Special Pay need be given to the officers and officials of the Department except for the Stenographers, Typists and Cycle Orderlies.

Fired Travelling Allowance.

77.82. At present, the Tahsildars in charge of Taluks are entitled to Fixed Travelling Allowance of Rs. 80 per mensem and the Revenue Inspectors of Rs. 20 per mensem in connection with their normal duties. It was represented to the Commission that the existing rates of Fixed Travelling Allowances were quite inadequate and that they might be enhanced. Taking into consideration the enhanced rates of Travelling Allowance recommended in Chapter 6, the Commission recommends that Fixed Travelling Allowance at Rs. 100 per mensem may be paid to the Tahsildars in charge of taluks and Rs. 30 per mensem to the Revenue Inspectors. It was brought to the notice of the Commission that during

the period of food procurement, the Tahsildars in charge of the taluks and the Rosenue Inspectors who attend to the procurement work are given additional Fixed Travelling Allowance at the rate of Rs. 40 and Rs. 20 per mensem respectively. The Commission does not consider it necessary to grant any additional Fixed Travelling Allowance to any of them during the period of food procurement. The grant of additional Fixed Travelling Allowances for this purpose may, therefore, be discontinued.

Delegation of Powers

77 83 It was represented to the Commission that certain indultional powers both financial and statutory might be delegated to the officers at various levels in the Department. The Commission has examined this question and recommends that (a) all powers now vested in the officers at various levels under the Manual of Financial Powers may continue and (b) that the additional powers (both financial and statutory) is indicated in the appended statement may be delegated to the officers of the various levels.

77 84 As regards administrative powers, the recommendation made is Chapter 9 may also apply to this Department

Delegation of Powers proposed by the Department and recommended by the Commission

.01		Divis (Now R	Divisional Commissioner (Now Revenue Commissioner)	1	Depu	Deputy Commissioners	-ionera	. Lasin	nnt Commi	**1011011*		Tshaildara	_
si. N	Nature of powers	Existing	Existing Proposed Recommended		Existing	Proposed	Existing Proposed Recomm-	Existing	perodeld	Existing Proposed Recomme Existing	Existing	Proport	Existing Proposed Recommend
					R4. (i) Fil	R4. R4. R4. (1) Financial Powers	R4. Powers	Parket of the section	¥.	R4,	R4,	R4.	R³.
-	To incur expenditure under Contingencies	į	:	:	I(s) per aumum	2(4) per annum	2000 Leef annum	:	34 per sonum	50 per runam	25 per anoum	es ret	50 prr annum
¢1	Sanction of Permanent Advance	•	:	:	60	2(10)	(F)	:	3)	631	i,i	1(%)	90
က	Sanction of arrears of Up to pay, increments and 5 years condonation of delay	Up to 5 years	Up to 10 years	Up to	Up to	i	Up to	:	:	:	:	:	:

* Subject to Pre-audit by the Accountant General.

(II) Statutory

The Mysore Land Revenue Act 1964

- (i) Section 91 of the Mysore Land Revence Act 1964 may be so amended as to delegate the powers regarding graot of unalienated and unooccupied lands to the Revence Commissioner
- (2) The Deputy Commissioners may be empowered to confirm the excess area up to 50 per cent of the original grant detected during the purca phodi operations subject to ceilings of ½ on acre of wet or garden land and 2 acres of dry laod
- (3) Where the gomal land is in excess of the requirements of the cittle of the Village concerned and the odjoining villages the Assistant Commissioners may be empowered to oppropriate such excess lands for actuallytical purposes.
- (4) The power to grant permission to convert agricultural lands into non ogneultural hods in their jurisdiction excepting in case of towns with population exceeding 5000 may be delegated to the Tahsildars

The Mysore Land Revenue Rules 1966

- (5) The power to direct a Village Accountant to restrain n defaulters moveable property under Role 112 (2) of the Land Revenue Rules 1998 may be delegated to the Tahaildar
- The Mysore Lard Improvement Ioans Act 1963 and the Agriculturists Loans Act. 1963
 - (0) The powers of Assistant Commissioners to grant Inklavi Loun under the Mysore Land Improvement Ioans Act 1963 and Agriculturists Loans Act 1963 may be enhanced up to Rs 5 000 and Rs 3,000 respectively.
 - (7) Powers to grant Takavi I cans under the Mysore Land Improvement I cans let 1963 up to Rs 2 500 and under Agriculturist Loans Act 1963 up to Rs 1 500 may be delegated to the Talisildars

The Mysore Stamp Act 1967

- (8) Powers to exaction refund and recewals of the value of damaged or spoilt court fee stumps under Section 52 of the Mysore Stamp Act, 1906 may be delegated to
 - (1) Tabsil lars up to the value of Rs 100
 - (2) As istant Commissioners from the value of Rs 101 to Rs 250
 - (3) Deputy Commissioners above Rs 250 subject to the existing condition that the application for such refund or renewal 15 made with in six months from the date on which the stamp papers in question were purchased.

CHAPTER 77 Revenue Department

No.	Designation	Number of posts	305	Existing scale of pay and Special Pay	Recommended scale of pay and Special Pay	Remarks
-	Mysore Adminstrative Service	:		П.	Ra, Selection Grade	The state of the s
-	Cinsa 1 (Senior scale)	-1		9(4) [0], [04]50.	Lifth Man Lifth Scale Lifth Lifth Lifth	
c3 c3	Class I (Junior scalo) Class II Revonuo	325		350-25650-30 - 80 25026-350-25500	(6) _3016)EB16366 31526315EB25525	
-, :	16.	:	-	2,500-1,25/2-2,750	ladian Administrativa Service	These posts are
						proposed to be aboliched and a post of a Revenue Com- missioner may be created in the super-
ıO	Deputy Commissioner	19		300-30-1,000-60-1,500-50-1,500 1,800-100-2,000 (Selection Grade)	Indian Administrative Service	time scale of LA.S.
9	Special Deputy Commissioner, Inam abolition.	E 33		900-10-1,100-50-1,300	1,102-50-1,304-60-1,700	
	Assistant Commissioners and other equivalent posts.	er 89		3502565959409 (for Mysore Administrative Service)	10030L760KB10 _ 900	
သ ဝ	Inhisidars and other equivalent posts	65	,	250-20-350-25-500	275-20-375-EB -25-525	
1		36		150-8-190-10-270	225—10—305—15—350 - EB 20—150	The posts of Sheristedars and Deputy Tabsidars should be combined into a
						ringir new combined cadre of Deputy Tabsildar

Hevenue Department (conid)

e/ 1/	Des aton	amber of	Fristing scale of pay Special Pay	Recommended scale of pay and Special Pay	Remarks
i			Ra	AN A	
=	10 h-ray haperness	-	150-8-159-10-270	17510-275-15350EB- 20450	
=	II skriveckas and other equivalent	193	1405150919010240	225 10~905~15~350~EB 20 -450	All the posts of Sheris- te lars etc. may ba included in the cadro
=	12 Pirst Division (Terk (Accounts) 15 Vecusatante	5	120-5-150-9-190-10 210	110-5-150-8-190-EB- 10-260-15-290	of Deputy Tabsildara,
=	First Division Clerks and First Grale Revenue 1209 Perchue 1209 Perchus Perchus 1209 Perchus Perchus 1209 Perchus Perchu	1200	110-5-150-6-180-10-220	140-5-150-8-190-EB - 10-260-15-290	
=	Dranghteman	_	110-5-150-6-180-10-220	130-5 -170-6 - 200-EB-10-210	
2	First Divise in Surveyor	18	100 5-150-6-18010-200	140-5-170-8-190-EB-10-	
2	Grade Bernern Clerks and Second 2003	6-75	80-3-110-1-130-5-150	95 -3-125-4-115-EB5-200	
=	Copyit (4 \$ 1, C)	=	80-3-110-4-130-5-150	93-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200	
<u>-</u>	First Grade Talatis	63	70-2-40 3-110-1-130	93-3-123-1-145-EB-5-200	
13	Second Grada Talatus treestant Talatea	1279	65-1-70-2-80-3-110	95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200	
2,	bil'age Accountants	1500	65—1—70. 2—90	97-3-127-1-145-BB-5-200 **&7-2-95-3-125-BR-4-145	** For Talaties and S Village Accountants
74	Second Division Sagregors	6	50-3-110-1-130-5-130	95-3-125-4-145-FB -5-200	non o o re c
7:	Tracet .	-	50-3-110-4-130-5-130	110-4-130-5-170-1811-6-200	
77	Third Diras on Clerks Coprut	88	70-1-40-2-100	85-2-95-3-125-EB-4-145	
= 1	26 Salamanogar	13	55-1-65-2-85	65-1-75-2-95	

,' Revenue Department—(concld.)

l. No.	Designation	40	Number of posts	Bxisting scalo of pay and Special Pay	Recommended scala of pry and Special Pry	Remarka
g				R*,	184.	
Š			ی	09-1-09	60-1-80-2-99	
3	Sowdies, iveergandes	:	, e	00 - 02	60-1-80-2-30	
56	Sab-Jail Warder	:	7	00-1-00		
27	Chainman	:	27	201(n		
28	Process Server	:	SI	20-1-60	(8) (13) (13) (19)	
39		:	39	110-5-150-6-180-10-220	140-5-150-8-190-EB-10-200-	
	•			table ray les, so p.m.		
30	Stenographer Grade II, Typist	:	288	80-3-110-1-130-5-150 +Sol pay Rt. 20 p.m.	233123. 12-1331243373 +8pl. Pay Re, 20 p.m.	
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33	Driver	:	: #	111-1-21-21-1111		
32	Jamedar	:	100	10-2-20	25 A 1	
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		:				
	Watchman	<u>.</u>				
	Scavenger and other equivalent post.	at)				

CHAPTER 78

Department of Survey, Settlement and Land Records

- 78 1 The Department of Survey, Settlement and Land Records is in charge of the preparation and munitenance of the land records. The Department st present deals with the measurement of lands, measurement of eneroachments on Government lands, city surveys, scheme of consolidation of holdings, classification of soil, determination of land revenue, survey of big village sites, preparation of village, taluka and district maps etc. The Department has also recently under taken the new scheme of Hissa Survey preparatory to introduction of Record of Rights in areas transferred from the Madras Stato and in Coorg District
- 78 2 This Department is classified as a Major Department and is headed by the Commissioner of Survey, Settlement and Land Records He is also exofficion Commissioner for Endowments, Inspector General of Registration, Commissioner of Stamps and Registrar of Societies The Commissioner is assisted at the head-quarters by the Deputy Commissioner of Land Records For the purposes of administration of the Department, the State is divided into four divisions, as in the cree of the Revenue Department and officers in Class I Junior scale of the rank of Superintendents of Land Records are in charge of the Divisions The Assistant Superintendents of Land Records are in charge of the Districts and these Diviriet Offices are provided with subordinate staff ranging from 35—40 officials according to the size and work load of each District
- 78 3 There is also a Deputy Commissioner for Settlement (with headquarters at Bangalore) for attending to temporary items of work like re classification and revision settlement. Temporary staff consisting of (i) Four posts in Class I Junior scale, (ii) Twenty one posts in Class II and (iii) six hundred and ten posts in Class III has been saictioned for the implementation of these temporary schemes. The Commission was informed that further proposals submitted to Government for ranction of additional staff comprising three Class I posts, thirteen Class II posts and four hundred Class III posts for the scheme of introduction of Record of Rights in the districts of Bellivy, South Kanara, Coorg and Kollegal Taluk of Mysore District were unjust their consideration.

Peorganisation of the Department

"8.4. It was suggested to the Commission that it was desirable to reogranise the Department to cope with the increase in work resulting from the additional activities unlertaken by the Department as also for the proper administration of the Land Reforms Act in future. Proposals in this regard suggesting certain changes in the Dijatrient'al structure were referred to the Commission. It has

to Section 108 of the Mysore Land Reveaue Act, 1954, and the point made out has heen met The Commission has, therefore, no suggestions to offer in this regard Deductions from salary of Surveyors for short work.

78 8 It was represented that proportionate cut was being effected in the pay and allowances of Surveyors for short-full in the out turn of work prescribed for them, that the system should be discontinued and that as in other Departments disciplinary action necording to the rules might be taken against persons who fail to put in the total work load laid down for them. The Commission has examined this representation and considers that there are no specific advantages in continuing this old system. The Commission, therefore, recommends that the practice of effecting cuts in the salary of Surveyors for short fall in work may be discontinued and that if may Surveyor were to default consistently in attending to the work in accordance with the norms prescribed, he may be awarded a black mark for such short work in any month and when a Surveyor is awarded hlack marks on two or three occasions sintable disciplinary action may be taken against him, if he fails to explain satisfactorily his shorting during those months

Headquarters of Surveyors and Supercisors

78.9 It was represented to the Commission that the headquarters of the Surveyors and the Supervisors might he at the bendquarters of the taluk concerned instead of at the headquarters of the District. It was pointed out that the Surveyors actually stayed in stations where they had to work but that for the purpose of drawing their pay and getting the work checked they had to go to the District. Headquarters at the commencement of each month. The Commission considers that it is a waste of time of these officers are asked to go to the District Headquarters merely for drawing their pay and getting their work checked, and necordingly recommends that the survey staff may have their headquarters at the faluk and be kept under the administrative centrol of the Tahsildar while the technical control may remain with the District Survey Officer, the Tahsildar may disburse the pay of the Surveyors along with the pay of the other establishment under his control, the Surveyors may subant to the Tahsildar copies of their tour diarnes which they submit to the District Survey Officer and if the Tahsildar has any comments to offer he may do so and send them to the District Survey Officer who may take such action as he considers necessary to ensure that the Surveyors attend to their work property.

78.10 It was represented to the Commission that the Record of Rights Clerk should be treated as part of the Survey Department and that he should be under the control of the Assistant Superintendent of Land Records. It was also represented that it was necessary to apgrade these posts from HI Grade to II. Division Clerks since these clerks were discharging important items of work. Since the tip present saxtem of drawing an official of the Revenue Dipartment for Leng posted as Record of Rights Clerk was working properly, the Commission recommends that the sarrangement russ be continued for the present and that the fiture values of Record of Rights Clerks may be filled by Second Division Clerks of the Revenue Department who have undergons Survey training.

Training in Surveys for the Staff

78.11. It was represented to the Commission that officers of the Department should be deputed from time to time for Survey Training in the Survey Training Institutes of the Government of India. The Commission has examined this representation and considers that advanced courses of training in survey work are quite essential for the staff of the Department. The Commission, therefore, recommends that Gazetted Officers of the Survey and Settlement Department may be deputed for Survey Training at the Survey Training Institutes at Hyderabad and Deharadun. The Commission also suggests that training in survey work may be given by organising training classes at Taluka Headquarters to I Division and II Division Clerks of the Department and that for fresh appointments in the Department, only persons trained in survey work may be taken. For this purpose, the authorities of the Polyteehnies may be requested to give 3 months' or 6 months' survey training to those who have secured "Diploma in Civil Engineering" and issue certificates to them so that such trained personnel could be recruited to this Department.

Posts of Surveyors

78.12. It was brought to the notice of the Commission that five hundred special posts of Surveyors were sanctioned for the work of detection of encroachments on Government lands but that those posts had not been filled so far, as a measure of economy and that the Department had been still considering the question of filling those posts. It was pointed out to the Commission that as against the sanctioned posts of 367 I Division Surveyors and 1,700 II Division Surveyors, only 319 and 1081 posts of I Division and II Division Surveyors respectively had been filled leaving a balance of 48 posts of I Division Surveyors and 619 posts of II Division Surveyors vacant. The Commission suggests that these regular posts may be filled in the first instance and that the question of filling special posts may be considered later if there is real need.

Permanent Travelling Allowance

78.13. It was represented to the Commission that the staff of the Department should be given either regular travelling allowance or fixed travelling allowance at higher rates than at present. The Commission has examined this representation and considers that the existing rates of fixed travelling allowance payable to the staff of this Department are adequate and that there is no need for their enhancement.

Cadre and Recruitment Rules and Scales of Pay

78.14. It was represented to the Commission that the seales for pay of the executive staff should be higher than those for the ministerial staff as their work required technical skill and knowledge and was much more arduous than the work of the ministerial staff. It was also represented on behalf of some of the staff of the Department that officers working in the executive and ministerial branches should be transferred from one branch to the other and that there should be a

single State wide seniority list for each cadre instead of Division wise lists as at present. The Commission has examined these representations and considers that the duties and responsibilities of the executive and ministerial posts are of different kinds and hence these posts have to be kept separate. The gazetted posts in the Department are State wide while the posts upto the rank of Supervisors including Survivors are Division wise. The Commission considers that the existing arrange ment is satisfactory and may, therefore be continued. The Commission has taken into consideration the nature of duties and responsibilities of both the ministerial and the executive posts while proposing the revised scales of pay for the several posts in this Department.

Commissioner for Survey, Settlemes t and Land Records

78.15 This pot is filled by posting an officer in the senior time scale of the Indian Admilitrative Service. This arrangement may continue

Deputy tommessioners (Land Pecords and Settlement) (2) (Its 000-40-1,100-50-1300)

3

78.16 The posts are filled by appointment of officers in the senior time scala of the My ore administrative Service or by promotion of officers in the calre of Suparintendents of Land Records. The existing modes of recruitment may continue subject to the condition that officers from the Mysore Administrative Service may be posted only when suitable persons from the Department fit for prome ion in not available. The revised scale of pay for these posts may be 1 s 1 100 - 50--1 300 --00 --1 600

Survey Officer City Sire y Office Bangalore (1) (Ps 100-40-1 000)

*\$17 Fhis post is filled by promotion of an officer from the calr of Superitendents of Land Records etc., (Class I Junior Scale) This mode of recruitment may continue. The revised scale of pay for this post may be 18-700—40 000—50—1,200

Superiotes les la of Land Records (15) (Rs. 350-25-650-30-800)

78.18 Two of these posts are filled by taking on deputation officers from the Class I Junior Scale of the Vision Administrative Sorvice and the ordinating posts by premotion from the cadre of Vasion Properties and Superint indents of Lind Records. The existing modes of recruitment mass centum. The Revised scale of pay for these posts pays by Rs. 400-70-700-10B-40-996

posts are filled by promotion on the basis of seniority-cum-merit; 80% from the eadre of Supervisors and 20% from the cadre of Head Clerks subject to the condition that the officials should have put in three years of service in the cadre from which they are promoted. For the sake of uniformity in designation all these posts may be designated as 'Assistant Superintendents' and the work of which they are in charge may be indicated within brackets against the designation.

78.20. The Head Clerks promoted to Class II posts must undergo survey training for not less than six months during the period of probation of one year. The post of Assistant Superintendent (Mapping and Press) is filled by promotion from the cadre of Supervisors (Mapping), if a suitable candidate is available or from the general cadre of Supervisors. It was represented on behalf of the Executive Officers' Associations that the proportion of the ministerial staff for promotion to the Class II cadre should be reduced from 20% to 10% and that for executive staff it should be raised from 80% to 90% while it was represented by the ministerial staff that the existing ratio should be continued. The Commission considers that there should be some reasonable chances of promotion for the ministerial staff also and therefore recommends that the existing proportion in which the ministerial staff and the executive staff are promoted to Class II gazetted posts may be continued. The revised scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 275—20—375—EB—25—525.

Head Supervisors(4) (Rs. 225--10-285-15-375)

78.21. These posts are filled by promotion of Supervisors. This mode of recruitment may continue. The revised scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 250—10—300—15—420—EB—20—500.

Supervisors (including Supervisors, Mapping Section). (234) (Rs. 150—8—190—10—270)

78.22. While the posts of Supervisors are filled by promotion from the cadre of I Division Surveyors, the posts of Supervisors (Mapping Section) are filled by promotion of officials from the eadre of I Division Mappers who have completed five years of service in that cadre. The existing modes of recruitment may be continued. The revised scale of pay for these posts may be Rs. 175—10—275—15—350—EB—20—450.

I Division Surveyors (367) (Rs. 100-5-150-6-180-10-200)

78.23. The Posts of I Division Surveyors are filled by promotion from the cadre of II Divison Surveyors. This mode of recruitment may be continued. The scale of pay for these posts may be the same as that for I Division Clerks since they are filled by promotion of II Division Surveyors who are equated for purposes of scales of pay with the II Division Clerks. Their scale of pay may be Rs. 140—5—150—8—190—EB—10—260—15—290.

II Division Surveyors (1700) (Rs. 80—3—I10—4—I30—5—150)

78.24. The Posts of II Division Surveyors are filled by recruitment of persons who have passed the S. S. L. C. Examination. The period of probation is fixed as

one year The existing mode of recruitment and period of probation may continue. The revised scale of pay for the H Division Surveyors may be 18: 95—3-125—4-145—EB-3-200

I Division Mappers (10) (Rs 110-5-150-6-180-10-220) and II Division Mappers (33) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)

78.25 While the posts of I Division Mappers are filled by promotion from the cadre of II Division Mappers who have completed three year of service in that cadre the posts of II Division Mappers are filled by reer i map persons who have passed the S S L C or equivalent examination with "drawing" as one of the subjects The existing modes of recruitment may continue

78 26 It was represented that the scale of pay for the posts of Mappers in this Department should be the same as that for Draughtsmen in other Departments like Agriculture Forest and Mines and Geology etc. As the quilifications prescribed for these posts in different departments are different, the Commission considers that the scales of pay for Mappers have necessarily to be different in the several Departments and that this request cannot be concided. The revised scales of pay may be Rs. 140—5—150—8—190—EB—10—200—15—290 and Rs. 95—3—125—4—145—FB—5—200 for the I Division and the II Division Mappers respectively.

Head Pressmen (2) (Rs 65-1-70-2-90) Pressmen (12) (Rs 55-1-65-2-75)

Wheelers and Stone Polishers (12) (55-1-65-2-75)

78 27 The posts of Head Pressmen and Pressmen are filled by promotion from the cadre of Pressmen and Wheelers and Stone Polishers respectively while the posts of Wheelers and Stone Polishers are filled by direct recruitment. The existing modes of recruitment may continue. Though the posts of Pressmen are filled by promotion from the cadre of Wheelers and Stone Polishers they have both been given the same scales of pay. This anomaly deserves to be rectified. The revised scales of pay for these posts may be 18 at 85-2-95-3-125-EB-4-145, 18 at 80-2-90-3-120-4-140 and 18 at 85-2-95 for the Head Pressmen, pressmen and for Wheelers and Stone Polishers respectively.

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78 28 The following posts are common to all Departments -
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- (1) Head Clerks (35) (Rs 150-8-100-10-270)
- (ii) I Division Clerks (89) (Rs 110-5-150-6-180-10-220)
- (iii) II Division Clerks (207) (Rs 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)
- (iv) Stenographers I Grade (2) (11: 110-5-150-6-180-10-220)
- (v) Typista (27) (Rs. 80-3-110-4-130-5-150)
- (vi) Diftarbands and Attenders (73) (Rs 65-2-85)
- (vn) Jamelar (1) (lis. 70-2-90)
- (vm) Daffedars (5) (Rs. 65-2-85)
 - (14) Drivers (4) (fls 70-1-80-2-100)
 - (x) Peors etc (1432) (Ps 50-1-60)

78.29. It was represented to the Commission that there should be no direct recruitment to the cadre of I Division Clerks and that all these posts should be filled by promotion from the endre of II Division Clerks. It was also represented that Stenographers working in the Department should be promoted to the higher cadre. The minimum qualification for recruitment to the posts of 11 Division Clerks is a pass in the S.S.L.C. Examination. The Commission considers that the present ratio provides adequate promotional opportunities to the Second Division Clerks and that there should be scape for Graduates to join as 1 Division Clerks. The Commission, therefore, recommends that the existing arrangements for filling the posts of 1 Division Clerks may be continued. As regards promotion of Stenographers to higher cadres, the Commission recommends that they may be promoted to the cadre of Head Clerks in the ratio of 6:1 (i.e. six 1 Division Clerks and one Stenographer) subject to the condition that the Stenographers should work as I Division Clerk for atleast one year. The rules of recruitment may be modified suitably.

78.30. The scales of pay for these posts may be revised as indicated in Chapter 4.

Delegation of Powers

- 78.31. It was represented to the Commission that additional financial powers might be delegated to the Deputy Commissioner for Land Records, Deputy Commissioner for Settlement and to the Survey Officer, City Survey Officer, Bangalore. The financial powers which are being exercised by the several officers of the Department at present are enumerated in the Manual of Financial Powers. These may continue. Further financial powers may be delegated to the officers of this Department in accordance with the general principles enunciated in Chapter 9.
- 78 32 It was also represented that further administrative powers might be delegated to the Deputy Commissioner for Land Records, Deputy Commissioner for Settlement and to the Survey Officer, City Survey Office, Bangalore. While the existing administrative powers may continue further powers may also be delegated to them in accordance with the general principles ennueiated in Chapter 9.
- 78.33. It has been suggested to the Commission that the Deputy Commissioner for Settlement may also be given certain statutory powers under the Mysore Land Revenue Act, 1964 which are at present being exercised only by the Deputy Commissioner for Land Records. The statutory powers which have been delegated to the Deputy Commissioner for Settlement under Section 49 (c) and Section 143 are adequate. The settlement work is now almost over but there is still some residuary work which remains to be attended to. The Commission, therefore, considers that the Deputy Commissioner for Settlement may be redesignated as Deputy Commissioner for Land Records and Settlement so that he could exercise the powers of the Deputy Commissioner for Land Records as well as those of the Deputy Commissioner for Settlement. Section 18 of the Mysore Land Revenue Act, 1964 provides for appointment of the officers for purposes of Survey Assessment etc., and such officers are to be designated as Commissioner

for Survey Settlement and I and Records, Deputy Commissioner of Land Records, Deputy Commissioner for Settlement, Superintendent of Land Records etc. It is open to the Government to give suitable designations under the latter part of Section 18 (1) of the Act as the words or otherwise as the State Government mix deem fit seem to have been deliberately inserted to clothe the Government with power to designate the officers by such nomencituires as they deem fit.

78.34 It has also been suggested to the Commission that some additional statutory powers might be deligated to the Survey Officer, City Survey Office Bingalon. At present he is exercising powers under Section 133(a) of the Mysore I and Revenue. Act 1964. These powers are adequate and the Commission does not consider it necessary to delegate any further statutory powers to him.

Special Pay

78 33 The following staff borne on the Re-classification establishment and City Survey extillabilishment are in receipt of special pay at the rates indicated against each of them.

mot t	The state of the s			
1	Deputy Commissioner for Settlement		Rs.	100 p m
2	burves Officer		,,	80 ,,
3	Superintendents for Re classification we	ork (2 posts)	,,	50 ,
4	Assistant Superinten lent for Re classifi	cation work		
		(10 posts)	**	35 ,,
5	Assistant Survey Officers (10 posts)		11	35 ,,
C	Head Clerk (1 post)		**	15 ,,
7	l Division Clerks (2 posts)	-	••	15 ,
8	Il Division Clerks (4 posts)		,,	10 ,,
Ð	lliad Sup rvisors (4 posts)		,,	30 ,,
10	Surces (50 posts)		,,	20 ,,
11	1 Division Surveyers (142 posts)		**	15,
12	Il Division Survevers (168 posts)		"	10 ,,

75.36 It was represented to the Commission that the special pay for the staff connected with the City Survey work had to be continued as the work involved was of an ardinous nature even if the special pay to the staff borne on re-classification extal habitant were abolished. It was also urged before the Commission that the special pay should be granted to the Deputy Commissioner for Land Records. Headquarters: Assistant, Technical Assistant and Office Assistants as their work and responsibility were heavy. The Commission has cumined him que tion and considers that there is no need to attach special pay to any cf these posts in view of the given paying the carried for the contraction of these posts in view of the given paying the carried paying that the carried paying the carried pa

78.37 The stenographers and Typists may continue to get special pay at the rates indicated in Chapter 5.

CHAPTER 78

Survey, Settlement and Land Records Department

ļ				Service Constitution of the service service services of the service of the servic	SANDONE SERVICE SERVICES SERVI
SI. No.	Designation	Number of posts	Existing scale of pay and Special Pay	Recommended scale of pry and Special Pry.	Recinika.
-	Commissioner of Survey, Settlement and Land Records	-	R4.	I. A. S.	
್ರೀ ಬ	Deputy Commissioner for Settlement	pre4 gas	90010-1,10070-1,300 +Special pay Re. 100 p.m. 90010-1,10950-1,300	1,100	
)44 1.0	Survey Officer, City Survey, Bangaloro. Surperintendent of Land Records	- 12	600 101,000-5 Special pay Rs. 50 pan. 35025650-30800 + Special Pay Rs. 50 for two posts.	709-30-701 -215-1,200	
ဗ	3 (E) (E) (E)	•			
	classification (vi) Assistant Superintendent, Administration (vii) Assistant Superintendent (Mapping and Press) (viii) Assistant Survey Officer (ix) Assistant Superintendent of Cadestral Survey of Inam villages	٠ <u>-</u>	250	27620375BB25525	All these posts to be designated as 'Assistant's ant'S aperintendents
-	7 Head Supervisor	- 44	225-10285-15375 + Special Pay Rs. 39 p.m.	250-10-300-15-110-EB 20-503	i
	8 (i) Supervisor (Mapping)	234	150—8—190—10—270 + Special Pay Rs. 20 p.m. for 50 posts of Supervisors	175-10-275-15-370-EB- 20-150	
	9 First Division Surveyor	367	100-5-150-6-150-10-260 :: Special Pay Rs. 15 p.m. for 112 posts	110- 7-150-8-190-EB-10- 260-15-290	

Survey, Settlement and Land Records Department -(concld)

ďž.	Des gration	,, 0	Number of posts	Existing scale of pay and Special Pay	Recommended scale of pay and Special Pay	Remarks
1				Re	R.	
10	10 Piret Direction Mappers		2	110-5-150-6-190-10-220	110-5-150-8-190-EB-10- 260-15-290	
=	11 Second Divinion Surveyor		1700	*0-3-110-4-170-5-150 + Special Pay Re 10 pm for 163 rosta.	95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200	
21	12 Second Danson Maybers		ដ	80-3-110-1-130-5-150	95-3-125-4 115 EB-5 200	
:	13 Heal Clerk		23	170- 8-130-10-270+Special Pay Rt. 15 pm for one post	175-10-275-15-350 FB-20-450	
=	14 First Drewion Clerk	:	60	110-5-150-6-150-10-229 + 140-5-150-8-150-EB-10- Special Pay Re 15 pm for two 200-15-290	140-5-150-8-190-EB-10- 260-15-290	
2	15 Second Division Clerk	:	101	S0-3-110-1-130-5-150 + Special Pay its 10 pm for four posts	95-3-125-1-145-EB-5-200	
2	16 Stenografber	•	¢1	110-5-170-6-180-10-220 + Special pay Re 30 pm	140—5—150—8—190—RB—10— 260—15—290 + Special Pay Re 90 p m.	
=	lT Typist		53	80-3-110-(-130-5-150 + Spread Pay Rs 10 p.m.	95-3-125-4-145-EB-5-200 +Special pay Rs 10 p.m.	
£	Head Presences	:	Ç)	63-1-70-2-90	35-2-95-3-125-ER-4-145	
2	Prestnen	:	합	55-1-67-2-75	80-2-90-3-120-4-140	
ç	Wheeler and Stone Polisher		13	55-1-65-2-75	65-1-75-2-95	
7.	Jamedar		-	70-2-90	85-2-95-3-125-EB-4-145	
::	Deftarbend and Attenders		5	63—2—85	80-2-90-3-120-4-140	(for Daftarband)
ņ	Daffeler	:	۲.	67-2-83		(10000000000000000000000000000000000000
::	24 Durer		7	70-1-80-2-100	85-2-95-3-125-EB-4-145	
:	25 Pren, ether Class IV staff	٦.	, 1432	50-1-60	60-1-80-2-90	

CHAPTER 79

Conclusion

- 79.1. In studying the problems raised by the terms of reference, the Commission had the benefit of looking into the Reports of the Pay Commissions of other States and of the Government of India. The Secretary was also able to make available through the good offices of some of his colleagues working in other Departments some foreign publications and reports including the Report of the Fulton Commission published in June 1968, bearing on some of the subjects under consideration.
- 79.2. The Commission undertook the task with the sole object of assisting the State and its employees in solving the various problems relating to the adminis tration, conditions of recruitment and service, structure of pay scales and other benefits that should accrue to the employees during service and on retirement. The problems have been approached as dispassionately as possible, bearing in mind the economic conditions of the State and the needs of an efficient, clean and honest administration. It is hoped that the recommendations of the Commission will be helpful in the solution of many of the vexed questions that have arisen as a result of individual and public aspirations to evolve a socialistic pattern of society.
- The Commission noticed a tendency on the part of the Heads of some Departments to resist any changes in the existing set up of their Departments, however desirable and logical they might be and on the part of some others to exaggerate the importance of the work of their Departments and to ask for more staff and better paid staff than they have now without taking into account either the relative importance of the work of the Department to the welfare of the people of the State or the capacity of the State. The Commission has however taken into account all points made out by all the officers of Government in examining the requirements of the staffing strength in different cadres and made recommendations on all relevant matters as judiciously as possible. Commission trusts that the recommendations now made would be approached and implemented dispassionately, keeping the larger interests of the State in view. The Commission also trusts that both Government and the Heads of Departments will take suitable steps to implement early such of the recommendations as Government might accept, keeping in view the urgent need to improve the administration and to bring about economy in expenditure.
- 79.4. Mention must be made of the reasons which have weighed with the Commission in the working of the revised pay structures and fixation of scales of pay for different categories of the State services: (1) It is well-known that there are today more than hundred scales of pay in vogue in the State. In most

of the cases though the initial pay and the rates of increments are identical the maximum of the scales differed at various levels in an inexplicable manner. The Commission has rationalised and reduced the number of seales to twenty seven only so as to eliminate disparities in the rates of increments and the maximum in scales which had an identical starting pay (2) There are numerous instances of officials, with identical qualifications and with comparable duties and responsibilities, who are paid differently simply because they were employed in different departments The Commission has tried to set right such inequitable and discriminatory treat ment (3) There are numerous instances of officials in the non gazetted cadre who have here fixed in the scale of pry prescribed for officials who have passed the SSLC Lxamination or possess a Degree, without thing note of their additional academic or technical attainments. The Commission has tried to set right these anomalies by prescribing such pay seales for different jobs commensurate with qualifications and consistent with the skill and intelligence which such officials are required to bestow in the discharge of their duties and responsibilities 1 ast, little notice seems to have been taken of the importance of certain jobs and their impact on society with the result that there have been coustant charges of indifference towards or neglect' of those services by the Govornment attempt has been made to oppreciote the values' of these services by prescribing what the Commission might call such satisfactory scales of pay os the finances of the State permit (5) The length of the seales and the rates of increments here been so adjusted that officials who have no promotional opportunities or who have such opportunities but miss them should continue to get increments in their respective scales at least for about 15 to 20 years of their service (6) Wherever there are isolated posts of any codre in a Department, the Commission has recommended filling such posts by toking officials on deputation from Depart ments which have such posts and offer chances of promotion for such officials

- 70.5 The Commission fervently hopes that the revised scales of pay now recommended would satisfy the officers and officials in the State and that they would work with all sincerity and honesty for public good. The Commission desires to employise that every Government servant ought to place public good above all personal considerations and be always convicious of the fact that he is paid from the public revenues for serving the cause of the public. Their services have much higher and nobler ends to achieve than production in factories and hance, moral considerations must weigh supreme with them in the discharge of their public duties and responsibilities.
- 70.0 The Commission takes this opportunity of gratefully acknowledging all the assistance that was reality given by those who replied to the questionnaire, by the assistance that was reality special form and the second of Government of the second of the
- 79.7 The Commission desires to place on record its appreciation of the valuable services rendered by the efficies and the officials attached to the PAF

Commission Secretariat. Mr. N. Narasimha Rau who worked as Secretary has brought to bear upon his work not only his wide administrative experience which is of a very high order but also marked ability and hard work in discharging all the onerous functions of his office. His keenness in collecting very valuable data and material from all quarters has helped the Commission not a little in the study of all the problems covered by the terms of reference. His work has been arduous and his assistance most satisfying. Besides, Mr. V. Ramanathan (Deputy Secretary,) Mr. U. B. Ramachandra (Accounts Officer), Mr. P. R. Nadgir (Under Secretary) and Mr. M. B. Nanjappa (Deputy Director of Statistics) have done very valuable work in the matter of collation and analysis of material on different subjects and departments allotted to them. They have been conscientious and efficient officers. Mr. Nadgir who accompanied the Commission throughout the tours exhibited both diligence and tact in making arrangements for going through the programmes of interviews and discussions as scheduled.

- 79:8. Mr. P. Padmanabha, Director of Evaluation, Mr. T. S. Narayana Rao, Deputy Secretary, 'O. & M.', Mr. B. K. Viswanath Rao, Special Officer (Development) and Mr. B. Subbarao (Work-Study Analyst, 'O. & M.') undertook studies of plans, schemes and departments at the instance of the Commission and have presented very illuminating and studious reports that have been of much assistance to the Commission. Mr. V. K. Kulkarni, Special Officer, Judicial Cell, has done a very useful work in preparing a Digest of the decisious on administrative actions, of our High Court and the Supreme Court.
- 79.9. Mr. A. C. Mitra who was appointed as Adviser to the Commission in regard to the Public Works Department of the State has given an excellent and able report based on his vast administrative experience and deep technical knowledge. Mr. P. R. Nagendra Murthy (Executive Engineer) who worked with the Adviser has also been of much assistance to the Commission in handling the departmental matters. All the Stenographers, Typists and other officials have worked hard and co-operated with the Commission in expediting its work.

Bangalore,

457.530 C 11

Date: 2nd December 1968.

T. K. TUKOL

Mysore Pay Commission.

Establishment in the Secretariat of the Mysore Pay Commission

(i) Officers

ı	Мr	1	Narasımba Rau	
1	Мr	7	Narasımba Rau	

- 2 Mr M S Narayanaswamy
- 3 Mr V Ramanathaa
- 4 Mr P R \agendra Murthy
- 5 Mr U B Ramachaadra
- 6 Mr P R Nadgir
- Mr M B Narjappa
- k kulkarm
- Mr B K Viswanath Rao
- 10 Mr B T Patil
- 11 Mr Nazeer Wahamood
- 12 Mr & B Surendragath
- 13 Mr Abdul Salcem
- 14 Mr S R Todurkar
- 15 Mr G S Yalgı

- Secretary
- Deputy Secretary (since transferred)
 - Deputy Secretary
 - Executive Engineer (P W D)
 - Accounts Officer
 - Under Secretary
 - Deputy Director of Statistics
 - Special Officer (Judicial Cell)
 - Special Officer (Development)
 - Assistant Director of Statistics
 - Assistant Director of Statistics
- Section Officer (stace transferred) Section Officer (Judicial Cell).
- Section Officer
 - Court Officer

(11) Personal Establishment of the Commission

- 16 Mr N Lakshman Rao
- 17 Mr G R Annaswamy Rao
- Personal Assistant to the Commission Personal Assistant to the Commission

(111) Other Establishment

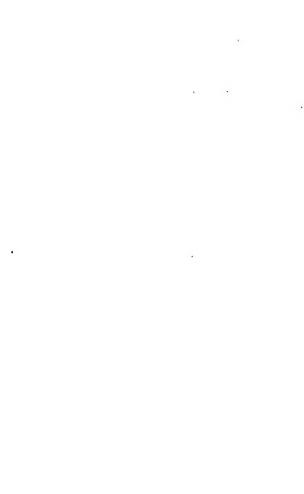
- 18 Mr N S Mant
- 19 Mr D Dhananiaya Rao
- 20 Mr B 1 Kulkarns
- Mr f K Raghupathi 21
- 22 Mr A T V Seehadri
- 23 Mr S Sivaraman
- 24 Mr II Aujanappa
- 25 Vir II B Chikkanarase Gowda
- 26 Mr M R Raisgonal
- 27 Mr S Mfred Samuel
- 25 Mr M I raigh
- Mr R Shivan Rao
- 30 Mr \ T Mannur 31
- Mr R Bilagangadhar 32 Mr R B Gopala Rao
- 33 Mr H S Arantlaiab
- 34 Mr S Doressams
- 35 Mr M S hrishna Murthy
- 36 Mr > Narayana Murthy

- Superintendent (since transferred)
- Senior Assistant Senior Assistant
- Auditor
 - Auditor
 - Auditor
 - Senior Statistical Assistant Senior Statistical Assistant
 - Senior Statistical Assistant
 - Senior Statistical Assistant

 - Senior Statistical Assistant (since trans ferred)
 - Assistant
 - Assistant
 - Assistant
 - Indexer
- Stenographer
- Stenographer
- Stenographer
- Stenographer

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37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 47 48 49 51 53 54 55	Mr. P. H. Shamanna Mr. M. Rangappa Mr. K. K. Nadgir Mr. Vittoba Mr. K. S. Kashiraya Mr. C. S. Doreswamaiah Mr. D. Srinivasa Murthy Mr. R. Chandra Mouli N. G. Kulkarni Mr. R. Thippanna Mr. B. D. Narayan Mr. K. Bylappa Mr. S. Narayana Rao Mr. S. V. Aswathanarayana Mr. G. V. Narayana Mrs. S. Lalitha Mrs. K. K. Saleela Mrs. H. A. Prameela Mr. B. R. Gangachaluvaiah Mr. H. L. Anantha		Stenographer. Stenographer. Stenographer. Stenographer. Stenographer. Stenographer. Junior Stenographer. Junior Stenographer. Junior Assistant. Junior Assistant. Junior Assistant. Junior Assistant. Junior Assistant. Junior Assistant Junior Assistant (since transferred). Junior Assistant Junior Assistant (since transferred). Junior Assistant. Junior Assistant. Junior Assistant. Typist Typist. Typist.
56 57	Mr. H. L. Anantha Mr. S. C. Shankar	••••	Typist.



SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDATIONS

(The figures in brackets represent the Chapter and the paragraph numbers).

CHAPTER 3

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Mysore Government Secretariat

- 1. (a) (i) The Planning and Social Welfare Department, as such, may be abolished; (3.13)
 - (ii) The Planning Wing along with its staff may be transferred to the Finance Department; (3.13) and
 - (iii) The Social Welfare Wing along with its staff may be transferred to the Education Department (3.13).
 - (b) Administrative control over the Department of Stationery and Printing may be transferred from the Education Department to the Department of Commerce and Industries (3.13).
- 2. The Development Commissioner may function as the Commissioner for Development, Municipal Administration and Agricultural Production and he need not be saddled with Secretariat work. (3.13 and 3.21)
- 3. The Secretary, Development, Housing, Panchayati Raj and Co-operation Department who is at present concurrently the Joint Development Commissioner may be given relief from this work and the entire establishment of that wing may be transferred to the Office of the Development Commissioner. (3.13)
- 4. The Food and Civil Supplies Department may be abolished when the controls over foodgrains are removed and the present system of rationed distribution is discontinued. (3.14)
- 5. Administrative control over the Department of Labour and the Department of Employment and Training may be transferred to the Law Department and to the Department of Commerce and Industries respectively when the Department of Food, Civil Supplies and Kabour is abolished. (3.15)
- 6. The Departments of the Secretariat may be classified into "Heavy" and "Normal". (3.17)

- 7 The designations of the Departments of Secretariat may be adjusted suitably with reference to the illotment of the portfolios among the Ministers, Ministers of State and Deputy Ministers (3-19)
- 8 The post of Special Secretary, Agricultural Production may be abolished (3.21)
- 9 The Secretary to Government, Home Department, may be given rehef from the work relating to Organisation and Methods and the post of Special Secretary (Organisation and Viethods), may be sholished (3 22)
- 10 The post of Land Reforms Commissioner and Let Officio secretary Revenue Department, may be abolished and the post of Revenue Secretary created instead (3.23)
- 11 The status of the Chief Engineer who is now working in the Public Works Department of the Secretariat may be raised to that of an Additional Secretary and a distinct block of work entrusted to him (\$3.53)
- 12 The Director of Agriculture may be appointed concur rently as Additional Secretary to Government in the Department of Agriculture and Forest as an experimental measure (\$ \$4)
- 13 Apart from the posts of the Chef Secretary and the Law Secretary, three posts of Secretaries to Government may be in the super time scale and eight in the time scale of the Indian Administra tive Service (3 80)
- 14 The Secretary in charge of a 'Heavy Department may be given the assistance of one Additional Secretary and at Jest one Deputy Secretary, the Secretary in charge of a 'Normal' Department may be given the assistance of at least one Deputy Secretary (8 89)
- 15 Deputy Secretaries may be appointed at the rate of one for every three Under Secretaries in Departments in which there are 4 or 5 Under Secretaries the Deputy Secretary could be in charge of the work of three Under Secretaries and the other Under Secretary or Under Secretaries may work directly under the Secretary, in Departments with six or more Under Secretaries three should be one Ad Internal or fourt Secretary in things of the work of three Under Secretaries one Deputy Secretary in things of the work of every three other Under Secretaries and the Secretary may hindle directly the papers put mp by other Under Secretary/Under Secretaries (3-40)
- 16 The existing 113 Sections may be re-grouped according to the subjects allotted to the new Departments (3-12)

- 17. A compilation of legal opinions recorded by the Law Department may be prepared and copies sent to all the Departments. (3.44)
- 18. The Digest of decisions of the High Court and the Supreme Court in regard to important administrative matters which has been got prepared by the Commission may be got printed and copies distributed among all the administrative officers: the Digest may be maintained up-to-date. (3.45)
- 19. While re-organising the work of the Secretariat at the Departmental level the work of the Ministers/Ministers of State/Deputy Ministers may also be suitably re-organised in relation to the work of the Department. (3.51)
- 20. A detailed time and motion study should be conducted in respect of each Section of the Secretariat. (3.53)
- 21. The authorities at all levels may be trusted and encouraged to exercise the powers vested in them. (3.53 and 3.54)
- 22. Finance Cells and Law Cells may be created in each of the 'Heavy' Departments. (3.57)

Pre-Budget Scrutiny

23. Government in the Finance Department may introduce pre-budget scrutiny in regard to Budget Estimates; this system may be introduced in respect of the Judicial Department, the Public Service Commission and the Vigilance Commission to begin with. (3.56)

Heads of Departments/Divisional Offices

- 24. Two separate officers in the super-time scale may be appointed to the posts of Commissioner of Excise and Commissioner of Commercial Taxes. (3.62)
- 25. The post of Commissioner of Survey, Settlement and Land Records, Inspector-General of Registration and Stamps and Registrar of Societies and Commissioner for Charitable Endowments may be bifurcated and a separate post of Commissioner for Charitable Endowments created and both these posts may be in the time-scale of the Indian Administrative Service/Mysore Administrative Service. (3.63)
- 26. All the four posts of Divisional Commissioners and their offices may be abolished. (3.65)
- 27. A post of Revenue Commissioner in the super-time scale of the Indian Administrative Service may be created. (3.65)

- 28 All the offices at Divisional level, i.e., intermediary level, may be aboushed (3.67)
- 59 The staff working in the Divisional Offices may be absorbed in other units of the concerned Departments (3 68)

District Administration

- 30 The image of the Deputy Commissioner as an important per onige in the District may be built up (\$ 72)
- 31 Steps may be taken to ensure that all the Departmental Heads at the District level work in close co-ordination with the Deputy Commissioner (3.78)
- 32 All the District Heads of different Departments may be delegated with the same powers as are delegated to the Deputy Commissioner in respect of his own Department (3 74)

Sub Divisional Offices

- 33 The Sub Divisional Officer (Revenue) may co ordinate the developmental activities at the Sub Divisional level (3 76)
- 34 Except for the Sub Divisional Offices like those of the Assistant Commissioner in the Revenue Department and the Deputy/Assistant Superintendents of Police, fill other Sub Divisional Offices may be abolished (3.77)

Taluk Offices

35 The importance of the Office of the Tahsildar may be enhanced, all the officers of the Development Department at the taluk level may work in close co-ordination with the Tahsildar (3.79).

Village Administration

- 36 The Mysore Land Revenue Act may be amended so as to entrust the responsibility for handhog the monies due to Government to the Village Patels and to confine the duties of Village Accountants to the maintenance of village records and accounts (3-83)
- 37 Responsible persons of the village may be appointed as Village Patels on an honoranium of Rs 100 per annum, they may also discharge the duties of Police Patels in villages of normal size, multipendent functionaires may be appointed as Police Patels only in very large villages (5.50).
- 25 Inferior Village Servants may be designated as 'Grain ralld &s' and they may be given honoraria of Rs. 12 per month (3.67)

- 39. The expenditure incurred on the payment of honoraria to the Village Patels and to the Inferior Village Servants may be shared equally by the Revenue and the Police Departments. (3.88)
- 40. The Village Accountants should be concurrently the Secretaries of the Village Panchayats and in exceptional cases separate individuals may be appointed as Secretaries of the Village Panchayats. (3.92)
- 41. Specific duties and responsibilities may be attached to Village Accountants and Secretaries of Village Panchayats. (3.89 to 3.94)

CHAPTER 4

1 1

PRINCIPLES FOR THE DETERMINATION OF PAY

Minimum Remuneration

- 42. The minimum remuneration for the last grade employees may be fixed as Rs. 60 per month at the All-India working class cost of living index level of 100. (4.58)
- 43. Allowing for 100 per cent neutralisation in the increase in the cost of living between the levels of 100 and 160 points (reached in 1965), the amount of Rs. 35 required to neutralise this gap may be treated as additional basic pay. (4.59 and 4.60)
- 44. The aggregate of the additional basic pay and the dearness allowance paid to the employees in the State may be equal to the amount of dearness allowance paid by the Central Government to their own employees. (4.60 and 4.61)

Pay Structure

- 45. Longer span of time-scale may be provided in cases where there are no adequate promotional opportunities; a special scale of pay may be prescribed for isolated posts. (4.96)
- 46. The differentiation between the scale of pay in the Secretariat and the other subordinate departments may be made only from the level above which the work in the Secretariat s demonstrably different from that in other offices. (4.97)
- 47. The employees of the State Government may continue to be classed as Class I, Class II, Class III and Class IV as at present. (4.104)

- 48 The suitability of a person to cross the Efficiency Bar may be determined by application of purely objective tests (4 108)
- 49 The scales of pay for technical personnel should not be ruised to meet any temporary shortages, they may be raised only when the remuneration compares so unfavourably with outside rates that Government are not able to get even a reasonable share of the available personnel to meet their administrative needs (4 112)
- .0 Incumbents who acquire special knowledge or higher qualification which would add to the efficiency of their services in the departments concerned, may be given advance increments or Qualification Pay (4 113)
- 51 Government may prepare a special list of officers who have received training in specific discriptines and take adequate steps to ensure proper posting as wrong postings would result in waste of talent and money (4 114)
- 52 As the degree of expertise varies from one service to another, it may not be possible to maintain any horizontal relativities with reference to technical jobs of various departments (4-115)
- 33 The maximum of the incremental scale has to be fixed with due regard to the duties and responsibilities of the post and the qualifications required for holding the post (4 123)
- 54 The number of scales of pay should be reduced from the existing number of 108 to 27 (4 127)
- 55 The State Government may grant pay in the selection grade as recummended to an officer who has revelied the maximum of the time scale in cress where no specific recommendation has been unde by the Commission (4 129)
- 36 Pro in the revised scales may be fixed in the principle of point to point fixation subject to limitations suggested (3-133 and 1-135)
- 57 Instead of issuing orders in individual cases as in Government Order No. GAD 7. ASR 67, dated 5—6th January 1969 a suitable coneral rule based on these principles may be issued as a modification to the Revised Pay Rules 1961. (§ 198)
- 55 Persons who have not opted to any of the earlier revised scales of pay should be given the benefit of the 'dearness pay' being counted for purposes of fixation in the new scales of pay (4 199)

Common Scales of Pay

- 59. Government may revise the scale of pay for such posts as have not been brought to the notice of the Commission, bearing in mind the principles enunciated by the Commission. (4.140)
- 60. The present incumbents of all the posts may be given the option either to retain their own scales or to come under the new scales, but all persons recruited to these cadres after these scales come into force smould be only in the new scales. (4.143)
- 61. Dalayats, Peons and other categories of employees like Malis, Cycle Orderlies, Sweepers, Watchmen, Cleaners etc., who are now in the scale of pay of Rs. 50-1-60 may be given the same scale of pay unless recommended otherwise for any specific category of posts and the Cycle Orderlies may continue to draw the allowance which they are at present drawing. (4.146 to 4.147)
 - 62. There should be a uniform system in respect of Cooks and other Class IV employees employed in hostels of various educational institutions both in matters of emoluments and service conditions. (4.152)
 - 63. There is no uniform scale for Attenders. The posts of Attenders in the Secretariat have been abolished. The existing employees are, however continued. Future recruitment to this cadre may be stopped and the cadre of Attenders abolished as soon as the persons retained in this category retire or are promoted. The same scale of pay may be given to the persons who remain in this category irrespective of the office in which they might be working. (4.160)
 - 64. All the Drivers (including those in the Selection Grade) may be given the same scale of pay (4.162).
- 65. The eadre of III Division Clerks may also be abolished as in the ease of Attenders. (4.163)
- 66. The scale of pay for Second Division Clerks/Junior Assistants shall be uniform in all departments. Such of the officials who are graduates at the time of entry into this cadre or obtain a degree while in service may be given four advance increments. (4.164)
- 67. The posts of Accounts Clerks, Time-Keepers, Store Keepers, Librarians, Store Clerks, Record Keepers etc., who are in the same scale of pay as Second Division Clerks may all be designated as Second Division Clerks and may be allowed to do the work assigned to them; the scale of pay for these posts may be the same as for Second Division Clerks/Junior Assistants. The system of giving

four idvance increments to graduates in these cadres may also be continued (4 165)

- 68 The Assistants/First Division Clerks working in the Secretariat, the High Court, the Public Service Commission, the Legislature Secretariat and the Vigilance Commission may be given a common scale of pay and the First Division Clerks of all other Departments may be given another common scale of pay (4 168)
- 69 Accountants, Head Clerks Store Keepers, Record Keepers Internal Auditors etc. who are equated for purposes of pay with the Irst Division Clerk may also be given corresponding scales depending on the Department in which they are working (4 169).
- 70 Typists may be given the same scale of pay as Second Division Clerks and a Special Pay of Rs 10 as at present. The Typists who acquired knowledge of typing in a language other than I rightly and possess the required Certificate may be given an additional remaineration of Rs 10 per measure when asled to attend to typing work in such a language also (4 171)
- 71 The scales of pay for Stenographers (Grade I) and (Grade II) may be the same as far First Division Clerks and Second Division Clerks and Second Division Clerks and ditton to Special Pay of Rs 90 and Rs 90 respectively as at present. In addition they may be given a Special Pay of IIs 15 per measure if they are asked to attend to stenography and typing work in a language, other than Fighish for which they to sess the prescribed certificate. (3 173)
- 72 Selection Grade Stenographers may be given a Special Pay of Rs. Lo per men on if they are asked to attend to Stenography and typing works in a language other than Finglish for which they possess the prescribed Certificate. (4-175)
- 73 I Grade Stenographers II Grade Stenographers and Typicts who had not opted to the element scales of pay during 1901 may be given the revised scales of pay as indicated († 176)
- 71 The muniterral Heads of sections/branches in the offices of the Heads of Departments and of subordinate offices are variously destinated as Superintendents Managers etc. They may be for radio classified into four categories (a). Chief or Supervisory Ministerral Officers in the paretted Class II cada designated as Head quarters. Assistants in the effices of Heads of Departments (b) Senty Class III Officers designated as Wanagers and (c) relations of the Heads of First Division Class III officers (above the Grade of First Division Class Aldreggrated as Superintendents Grade Land II. (§ 175).

CHAPTER 5—SPECIAL PAY

- 75. The unhealthiness of a locality may be omitted from the definition of Special Pay. (5.16)
- 76. Special Pay may be granted in cases where the duties attached to a post are intrinsically more arduous as compared to other posts in that cadre and where the work to be performed involves much mental strain and hard work as distinct from work normally attached to other posts in the cadre. (5.21)
- 77. Special Pay may be given to a Government servant who is required to perform work which falls outside the ordinary scope of the duties of his post and which involves substantial addition to his work and where the addition to responsibility creates distinct difference in the level of responsibility. (5.22)
- 78. There is no justification for grant of Special Pay on the ground of confidential or secret nature of work. (5.25)
- 79. Special Pay may be granted to Typists and Stenographers recruited in the clerical scales of pay. Additional Special Pay may be granted to the Typists and Stenographers posted to the establishments of the Ministers and the Secretaries to Government. (5.26)
- 80. Clerks who are entrusted with the work of handling heavy cash or heavy stores may be given Special Pay and may be required to furnish security. (5.27)
- 81. Additional Charge Allowance may be paid in the case of combination of appointments only if the additional responsibility involves extra hours of work. (5.29)
- 82. Special Pay or Deputation Allowance need not be sanctioned where deputation involves only a change of office without specific addition to duties and responsibilities. (5.30)
- 83. The amount of Special Pay need not ordinarily exceed 10 per cent of the average of the time-scale of pay of the post and in no case exceed 20 per cent of such average pay. As far as possible, the amount of Special Pay may be expressed in terms of fixed amounts. (5.32)
- 84. There should be periodical review of Special Pays by the Finance Department so that they are not sauctioned as a matter of course and on an *ad hoc* basis and do not get permanently attached to posts without special reasons. (5.33)

CHAPTER 6-ALLOWANCES

Dearness Illonance

- So. In the context of the prevailing price fluctuations though an upward trend has persisted, it is not possible to rule out the possibility of a fall in prices. Dearness Allowance may, therefore, continue as a separate and distinct element in the remuneration of State Government employees. (6-6)
- 56 The rates of Dearness Allowance for the State employees may be kept at the same rates as for the Central Government employees (6.7)
- 57 The difference between what the basic pay would have been had it been determined on the basis of the cost of hiving at 100 points and the basic pay recommended to be paid on the basis of the cost of hiving of 100 points may be trented as additional basic pay (6.9).
- 68 I or future adjustments, the aggregate of the additional basic pay and the Dearness Allowance of the State Government employees may be equal to the Dearness Allowance paid to the Central Government employees for corresponding pay ranges (6.9)

Compensatory Allowances

1 The system of paying Compensatory Allowance may continue in order to compensate Government employees for the high cost of living in certain localities or meas or in consideration of special reasons (6-16)

City Compensatory Allowance

- 90 City Compensatory Allowance may be separated from the customy consolidated Compensatory cum House Rent Allowances, and determined with reference to the element of extra expensiveness of cities not covered by Dearness Allowance and House Rent Allowance (6.18)
- 91 City Compensator, Allowance may be paid only in respect of places with a population of one lakk and above (6-19)
- 92 Special arrangements for transport on subsidised basis may be made in Bangalore, My sore, Hubb Dharwar, Mangalore, Belg min and Guibarga. In these places monthly passes may be issued to such of the Class IV and III employees as wish to come under the scheme of subsidised transport at a concessional fixed rate of Re 5 per month. The balance between the full fare and the sum of Re 5 may be paid by Government to the Mysore State Road Transport Corporation (6 20).

93. City Compensatory Allowance may be paid in eities at the rates recommended. (6.21)

House Rent Allowance

- 94. Government may assume greater responsibility for providing residential accommodation to their employees and take up construction of quarters or encourage the Life Insurance Corporation of India, the Housing Board, the Housing Corporation and the Housing Co-operative Societies to construct houses and to give them on long lease to Government for alloting them to individual employees on a rent of 10 per cent of the pay. (6.26)
- 95. In smaller places, if other organisations are not inclined to take up construction of houses, Government may themselves accept direct responsibility for constructing houses. (6.27)
- 96. Until such quarters are made available House Rent Allowance may be paid at the rates recommended. (6.30)
- 97. The present classification of cities and towns based on the decennial census figures of population is reasonable for grant of House Rent Allowance and may be continued. (6.31)
- 98. Government may provide quarters to Judicial Officers by constructing houses for their use or by taking private houses on long lease and letting them out to these officers at a standard rate of rent of 10 per cent of their basic pay. (6.33)

Hill Allowance

99. The Hill Allowance that is being paid at present may be continued at the existing rates. (6.37)

Project Allowance

- 100. The definition of 'Projects' may be modified to include "projects" of departments like Agriculture, Horticulture, Animal Husbandry, Forests etc., located in remote and out-of-the-way places in addition to the Irrigation and Power Project estimated to cost not less than Rs. 10 lakhs. (6.38)
- 101. The staff attached to the projects and staying on the project sites may be granted Project Allowance at 20 per cent of the pay subject to a ceiling of Rs. 100 per month. This allowance should not be admissible to such staff residing in city or taluk or district headquarters or within a radius of 3 miles thereof. Land Acquisition staff may be given Project Allowance only in the event of their having to stay at the Project Sites. (6.38)

102 In the case of the Irrigation or Hydro Electric Projects the Project Allowance may be reduced by 30 per cent after rent free house free electricity and free water supply are provided and may be completely stopped after the project is commissioned (6-39)

Bad Chmate Allouonce

10.3 Bad Chante Allowance need not be paid as there are no localities in the State warranting the grant of such allowance (6.40).

Travelling Illowance

- 104 Government servants may be divided into grades, instead of into classes and the revised classification adopted (6-15)
- 10. The existing arrangements in respect of entitlement to accommodation for journess by Radiu is may be modified (6.50)
- 106 The incidental charges and the rates of road mileage may be revised (6.33 to 6.55)
- 107 In respect of road journess exceeding 50 miles (90 kilometer) is any road underge may be paid at 25 pm e per Kilometer beyond the first 50 kilometers (6.55)
- 105 Road male age may be given both for the forward and the return journeys between places connected by rail under certain circumstances (6-62)
- 109 The entitlement to classes of accommodation for journeys by see or river may be revised (6-67)
- 110 The rates of dark allowance applicable within and outside the State may be modified (6.69 to 6.77)
- 111 The duly allowance during the period of deputation for training or study to places outside the State within India may be revised (6.79)
- 112 The existing rules regarding the travelling allowance on tran for may be modified. (6.51)
- 11. Payment of Convergnes Allowance may be regulated a c rdms, to the principles laid down (8-86)
- 113 Rules regarding travel concessions to Government 5 resets may be medified (6.67)
- 11" Mileage rates nay be paid to a Government Servant summer of to give exist use in a Court Hough situated within 5 miles for the headquartes (G.S.)
- 110 Suitable Trivelling Allowance may be paid to a return, Government Service (C 91)

117. A Government Servant may be paid an advance of two months' pay on transfer. (6.92)

Clothing and Washing Allowance

- 118. The policy of supplying only Khadi Uniforms or Khadi Cloth for Uniforms to be worn by Class IV staff may be reconsidered and white-drill suits made of handloom cloth may be supplied to the Class IV Officers. [6.98(i)]
- 110. As far as possible only ready-made suits may be supplied to the Class IV Staff; whenever this is not feasible, stitching charges at the rate of Rs. 10 per suit may be given. [6.98(ii)]
- 120. Specific and detailed rules may be framed requiring the Class IV staff to attend office neatly and properly dressed, in the uniform supplied to them providing for punishment of defaulters. A responsible official in each office, may be entrusted with the work of supervision for ensuring strict observance of the rules so framed. (6.99)
- 121. The payment of washing or dress allowance now being paid to the Class IV and other staff of different departments may be discontinued. (6.101)

Overtime Allowance

- 122. No Overtime Allowance need be paid to the ministerial and other classes of employees of Government Offices generally. (6.106)
- 123. Overtime allowance at the existing rate may be continued, in the case of the subordinate employees of the Government Press, particularly those coming under the Industrial Establishment. (6.108 and 6.109)
- 124. Overtime allowance now being paid to Class III and Class IV staff of the Legislature Secretariat may be continued subject to the restrictions specified. (6.110)
- 125. Similarly, the Typists or Typist-copyists of the Judicial Department and Clerks or Copyist-Clerks in the Sub-Registry and other offices may be paid overtime allowance subject to the restrictions specified. (6.114)

AMENITIES

Medical Aid

- 120 If the employees consult and get treatment from qualified Registered Private Practitioners the expenses incurred by them in this regard need not be reimbursed (7.4)
- 127 Free Medical treatment both in patient and out patient, as given as present may be continued (7.5)
- 128 In order to enable the Government employees to attend Office at 10 90 AM all the Government Hospitals may be asked to give priority to the Government servants between 9 and 10 AM for their treatment in the Out nationt Wards (7.5)
- 129 In the case of hospitalisation all aspects of medical treat ment may be provided free as at present (7.5)
- 110 All the medianes required in connection with the treat nicut of major illness may be given free from the stores of the Covernment Hospitals (7.5)
- 111 If any particular medicine which is presented is not readily available in the stores the employee may be asked to purchase such medicine and the cost of such medicine paid out of the impress amount after taking the medicine to the stock of the hospital. For this purpose sufficient amount may be kept as impress in the Hospitals. (7.5)
- 137 for treatment of minor adments a Cash allowance of Rs per month may be prud to the Class II employees and allowance of Rs 8 per mouth may be prud to Class III officials. No such each I syment need be made to Class I and Class III officers. (7-5)
- 103 The cost of spectacles may be re unhursed to the extent of Rs 15 only once during the service of nu official (7.5)

House Building Advance

13. Government may exempt their employees from payment of stamp data and Reg stration charges in respect of documents executed by their imidertaking to repay House Building Advances or Lorus (7-15)

Motor Car and Motor Cycle Advances

195 The procedure regarding the grant of second and subsequent advances may be simplified (7.2) and 7.25)

Marriage Advance

- 136. Advances for performance of marriages of the Government employees themselves or of their children and dependents may be granted if they have put in not less than 5 years of service. (7.27)
- 137. The advances may be limited to 12 months pay of an employee subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,000 in the case of Class IV employees, of Rs. 2,000 in the case of Class III employees and of Rs. 5,000 in the case of others; simple interest at 5 per cent per annum may be charged on such advances. (7.27)

Education Facilities

- 138. For Collegiate Education, for the grant of freeships and scholarships, the norm of a parent's annual income may be raised from the existing level of Rs. 2,400 to the level of Rs. 4,200. (7.31)
- 139. Education Loans may be granted to the children who pursue courses of study in Agriculture, Veterinary and Medical College if their parents' income does not exceed Rs. 4,200 per annum. (7.33)
- 140. The amount of the loan may not exceed Rs. 1,500 per year. The present condition that the loanee should bind himself to serve the Government for a period of 5 years on completion of studies is unnecessary and the condition may be replaced by a solvent third party surety for repayment. (7.33)
- 141. In the case of Government employees who are stationed at places at or near which no Government or Aided School is available and whose income does not exceed Rs. 500 per month, an allowance of Rs. 5 per month per child studying in the Primary and Rs. 10 per month per child studying in Secondary Schools may be granted. The children of Government servants studying in Colleges outside the places of work of the parents may be given freeships or half-free-ships. (7.35)
- 142. The children of the employees who are transferred from one station to another may be given admission in the corresponding classes in the schools in the places to which the officers are transferred.

 (7.36)
- 143. Government may persuade the three Universities in the State to adopt common courses of study and text-books at least for the under-graduate course as they themselves have been in the case. of schools. (7.36)

Canteen and Lunch Room Facilities

- 144 Government may provide separate room with facilities for drinking water and other incidental needs for every office having an establishment of 30 persons and more to enable the employees to take their lunch. In smaller Offices some portion of the office building may be set apart for this purpose. (7-39)
- 145 In Offices where the stuff strength is not less than 250 private hotelers may be encouraged to run canteens (7 40)
- 146 If the employees themselves wish to start Canteens on co operative basis Government may provide accommodation, light and water free of cost and may also meet the initial cost of furniture, crockers, and cuttlery and a reasonable proportion of the expenditure on the catering staff. (7 40)

Consumer Co-operatives

- 117 While it would not be advisable for the State Government to undertake the establishment of Departmental Stores, Government may, if approached encourage the employees to start Co-operative Stores or Societies of their own, by providing some facilities and assistance (7 15 and 7 46)
- 148 The Department of Co-operation may assist such Co operative Societies in the procurement of articles at reduced prices (7-17)

Working Conditions

- 119 As the available office necommodation is not satisfactory in many cases. Government inny pay greater attention to the provision of accommodation on standard scales. (7-19)
- 150 Government may undertake the construction of buildings Offices selection of such buildings may be made with care and in for locating offices to save enormous amount of rent paid at present (7-50)
- 151 While taking private buildings on bire for Government Offices section of such buildings may be made with care and in proper to althe and in the proximity of other Government Offices pest offices and Banks. (7-50)
- 152 All Government Offices may be provided with decent furniture and equipment such is books of reference, articles of stationers and copies of Acts Rules and Regulations (7.51)
- 1'. Greater attention may be 1 aid to the provision of proper highting ventilett in suntation supply of drinking water and hath receive in Government Offices (7.52)

154. Sufficient attention may be given to the matter of efficient and economic lay-out of space in all Government Offices. (7.53 and 7.54)

Recreation Facilities

155. Government need not establish and maintain Social or Recreational Clubs or establish any Amenity Fund for this purpose. If a sizeable number of Government servants form Associations amongst themselves and approach Government for assistance, Government may assist them by a matching grant. (7.56)

Incentives

- 156. It is advisable to institute the system of incentive awards in the State for efficient work; the award may be in the form of Letters of Appreciation, Certificates of Merit, Medals, or token cash awards. (7.61)
- 157. In order to scrutinise the cases for Incentive Awards screening committees both at the State level and at the District level may be constituted. (7.62)
- 158. The present system of granting advance increments (not exceeding the limit of Rs. 100) may continue in the case of the officials who acquire graduate qualifications, but continue to work in non-graduate cadres. (7.63)
- 159. In Technical Departments where acquisition of Post-graduate or higher qualifications is conducive to better efficiency 4 advance increments subject to a maximum of Rs. 100 may be granted. If the person who has acquired post-graduate qualifications and has been granted advance increments is appointed to a post for which post-graduate degree is the minimum qualification, advance increments granted may be merged with his pay. (7.64)
- 160. In order to encourage the administrative personnel at various levels to acquire knowledge of Hindi, a lumpsum cash award of Rs. 100 may be paid to Non-Gazetted Government servants who pass the 'Pravcshika' or equivalent examination in Hindi. The rule restricting the award to a pass in First Class may be repealed. (7.65)

Welfare Fund

- 161. Welfare funds may be established in all the Departments mainly on the basis of contribution by the employees themselves. The membership of the fund may be made voluntary. (7.69 to 7.72)
- 162. Government may give an ad-hoc grant initially and later continue the grants on an ad-hoc or matching basis. (7.72)

Home Orderlies

- 167 Home Orderlies may be provided to all Class I Officers of the State Government The number of Orderlies may be restricted to one for each Class I Officer (7 82)
- 164 The Secretaries to Government, Heads of Departments Deputs Commissioners of Districts and District Judges, may be permitted to appoint persons of their own choice as Home Orderles and if any of the officers does not like to appoint a Home Orderly, a compensators cash allowance of Rs 60 per month may be paid to him (7-83)

CHAPTER 8

SERVICE CONDITIONS

(1) Recruitment

- 16. Vacancies may be filled as and when they occur, accumulation of vacancies by postponing recruitment may be avoided (9.6).
- 166 The Public Service Commission may arrang for the remitment of candidates only to Class 1 and Class 11 Cudres by holding competitive examinations as well as by interviewing the six cessful candidates. Recruitment Committees may be constituted with the Hends of Departments and some others of equal status for regular candidates to posts in lower levels. (8 6 and 8 d. 6)
- 167 Competitive examinations need not be held for selection of candidates for Ministerial cidres, the performance of the candidates at the University Examination or any other "qualitying" examination may be taken into consideration for preparing a list of candidates for interview and the final list of candidates clightly for appointments may be prepared in the light of their performance at the interview (8-9).
- 168 Candulates getting higher ranks in the schetion may be assigned to the Secretarist, the others may be usuaged to regions or dept trients of this closes to the extent possible (8-10)
- (c) It may be ensured that fair representation is given to be due ted wimen in Government service (8.11)
- to The present system under which the Head of the Tee near Department experience is associated with the Public Service Commission as an Advisor while selecting combisting for app. blue ent to technical posts may continue (8-12).

- 171. The practice of appointing local candidates may be discouraged. (8.13)
- 172. Government may ensure that their instructions about regular submission of forecasts of the requirements of staff based on the expected retirements during the following year are followed scrupulously. (8.14)
- 173. Promotion of officers to vacancies reserved for direct recruitment may be as rare as possible. (8.16)
- t74. While the general age limit for entry into Government service may remain at 28 years, Government may consider whether the age limit of 33 years prescribed for Scheduled Castes and others cannot be reasonably reduced to 30 to 32 years. (8.18)
- 175. No changes need be made in the minimum qualifications prescribed for the several posts in the general eadres. (8.20)

(ii) Probation

- 176. Provision in the Probation Rules for discharging (or reverting as the case may be) a probationer who fails to pass the prescribed tests or to acquire the prescribed special qualifications, within the specified period of probation, should be enforced strictly and the probationary period once prescribed should not be extended in any but exceptional cases. (8.25)
- 177. Probation of two years may be prescribed in all eases and immediately after a candidate completes his probation satisfactorily, declaration to that effect should be issued and it should be followed by an order of confirmation. Probationers should be allowed to draw pay at the minimum of the scale of pay applicable to the concerned cadre during the period of probation. (8.26)
- 178. As Rule 9 of the 'Probation' Rules goes counter to the definition of the word 'Probationer' in Rule 2, it may be amended suitably. (8.28 and 8.29)

(iii) Training

- 179. The Administrative Training Institute, Mysore, may continue as it is and perform the functions as already assigned to it by Government. (8.36)
- 180. After a candidate is selected for appointment to a Gazetted post he may be given training for some time in the Training Institute and for some further time on the job. (8.37)
- 181. A candidate may be posted for regular duties after he completes the institutional and inservice training successfully and passes all the prescribed departmental tests. (8.37)

- 182. The training for the candidates recuited to non-gazetted posts may be "on the job" or "of the job" in a separate class depending on the nature of work. (8 42)
- 183 The Heads of Departments may look upon the training to Government servants as essential fir the building up of the manpower and may ensure that persons working under them are trained in suitable courses. (8.43)
- 184 Suitable short-term training course may be arranged for Gazetted Officers and for the supervisory staff. (8.44)
- 185 Training Institutions may be established at the headquarters of each District. (8,45)
- 186 Tacilities may be provided during the period of training for learning the theory and practice of the basic duties and to pass the departmental examinations. (8 48)
- 157 The candidates who complete the training successfully may be posted as supernumeraries for n period of six months to one year to the various offices. (8.49)
- 158 The proposed Institutions may provide different training courses (8 50)
- 189 The Institutions may also provide a wide range of shortterm refresher courses for a much larger body of stall. (8-51)
- 100 In the proposed Institutions teaching work may be done by some of the senior Officers, part-time, n few Instructors, wholetime and a few others may be taken on deputation from the Universities (8-52)
- 101 Pending the establishment of such Institutions, the Heads of Offices may themselves mrange for giving training to the new recruits. (8-53)
- 102 Even in the case of technical departments, the Heads of such Departments may ensure that the recruits to be appointed in such Departments receive proper technical and administrative training before being put on the job. (8-51)
- 193 Government may instruct nil the Heads of Departments that whenever they inspect their subordinate offices they must make it a point to impress on the Heads of the subordinate offices the importance of giving training to the new recruits in their offices. (5.55)

(iv) Seniority Rules

194. Rules regulating seniority of Government servants should not only be equitable but protect their rights fully. (8,57)

- 205 The benefit of "added years" may be extended to certain categories of employees (8 101)
- 206 The "average emoluments" for pension may be calculated on the basis of the emoluments drawn during the last 12 months of service (8 103)
- Non Practising Allowance" paid to the medical personnel may be allowed to count for pension in full if the system of paying this allowance is continued (8 107)
- 208 "Emoluments" drawn by a Government servant whether in an officiating or substantive capacity and charge allowance given for duties performed in addition to the work of a regular appointment for a period of more than three months continuously may count for pension (8 108)
- 209 The procedure for sanctioning pension in respect of both Gazetted and Non Gazetted Officers may be simplified (8 110 to 8 115)

(vn) Provident Fund

- 210 In cases where the subscription to the Provident Fund is compulsors, the subscription may be mised from 01 per cent of the embluments to 10 per cent of the mean between the maximum and the minimum of the scale of pay applicable to the Government servant (8 119)
- 211 Such of the officials whose cases for further Compulsory Insurance are not approved by the Mechael authorities may be required to subscribe compulsorable to the Provident Fund, an amount not less than the difference between the monthly premium that is already paid and an amount equal to 10 per cent of the mean between the maximum and minimum of the scale of pay applicable to them (8 119)
- 212 The maximum limits both in respect of advances and withdrawals may be limited to 75 per cent of the accumulations as on the date of sanction. The withdrawals need not be limited to pay for particular number of months. (8 123)
- 213 The question of introducing the system of financing Insurance Policies from the accumulations in the Provident Tunid of the employee may be considered (8 124)

CHAPTER 9-EFFICIENCY AND WORK-LOAD

Organisation and Methods Division

- 214. An independent Department designated as the Department of Administrative Reforms may be created in the Secretariat both for inspection of offices and Organisation and Methods. (9.5)
- 215. Systematic and detailed inspections may be conducted by the Departmental Officers at all levels. (9.6 to 9.9)
- 216. Instructions may be issued to all the inspecting officers that while inspecting offices they should give detailed instructions on the steps to be taken to improve the efficiency of the office inspected and to dispose of matters pending disposal for long periods. (9.10)
- 217. Inspection Minute Books may be prescribed for ensuring compliance of the points noted at the time of inspections. (9.11)
- 218. The Secretary in-charge of Organisation and Methods and the Secretaries of the Administrative Departments concerned may continue, as at present, to discuss specific cases or entegories of cases in which delays have occurred and bring to disposal the old cases. (9.14)
- 219. The Department of Administrative Referms as contemplated may undertake time and motion studies in the offices of the several Departments at different levels. (9.15)
- 220. Each Department should set up a small 'Organisation and Methods' Cell to study the methods and techniques applicable to the work of the Department and to tender advice to the Head of the Department as also to the officers subordinate to him. (9.15)
- 221. Standards of work may be prescribed after conducting time and motion studies for officials at each level in each Department. (9.19)
- 222. While prescribing the standard of work and judging the work of officials with reference to such standards, not only the quantity of work attended to but the manner in which it is attended to may be taken into consideration. (9.20)
- 223. Even in the Sceretariat, attempts may be made to step up the rate of disposal by simplifying the methods of work by using standard forms, printed reminders cards, printed acknowledgement cards etc. (9.21)
- 224. The Department of Administrative Reforms may undertake time and motion study of groups of offices and fix the workloads for different categories of staff. (9.23)

- 220 The Department of Administrative Reforms may assess the excess or surplus in the existing staff in relation to the optimum standards of work and recommend the extent to which the administrative staff could be reduced (9 24)
- 226 After the surplus posts are determined, steps my be taken to easure that the incumbents of such posts are deployed in the vacancies which arise over a specified period (9 24)
- 227 The staff need not be mercased any further even when additional items of work are entrusted to any office or Department if such work merely results in a marginal increase in the quantum of work (9 26)
- 228 Test studies may be conducted by the Department of Administrative Reforms norms of work determined and staff sanctioned wherever necessary with reference to such norms (9 26)
- 220 The tendency of the Departments to ask for staff without justification or without detailed examination of the work involved may be checked (9 26)

Conferences and Meetings

- 239 Steps may be taken to ensure that firm decisions are reached at meetings conferences and discussions and that the decisions are recorded promptly (9 27 to 9 35)
- 231 Meetings and Conferences may be reduced to the mim mum (9.36)
- Confirmation of Temporary Government Servants
- 232 At least 50 per cent of the existing temporary posts in all the eadres may be made permanent (9.39)
- 233 Government may take expeditious steps to finalise all the pending later State Seniority Lists (9 40 and 3 47)

In charge Arrangements

234 The practice of making in-charge arrangements may be discontinued and regular promotions may be ordered against vacaucies lasting for more than one month in higher eadres (9.44)

Proper utilisation of services of Trained Personnel

235 The special sed knowledge or skill of the Government servants who have undergone truining in a particular field may be made use of to the best advantage of the administration (9.45)

Re employment of Government Servants

236) I viens on of service to or re-employment of retired Government servants may be refused in all cases except when compe

tent substitutes are not immediately available to replace retiring officers with technical qualifications and such officers on retirement, may be employed purely on a contract basis. (9.50) and (9.51)

237. When an officer is re-employed on this basis he may be given only the salary last drawn minus the pension admissible to hun. (9.52)

Watch and Ward for Government Offices

238. The responsibility of maintaining Watch and Ward where more than one offices are located in the same premises may be entrusted to the Head of the Office which has the largest staff and which has occupied the greater portion of the building. (9.54)

Maintenance of Duplicate Service Registers

239. Duplicate Service Registers may be given to all employees without levying any fees. (9.58)

Class W Institution

- 230. The Department of Administrative Reforms may assess the work done by the Class IV Officials and evolve a new scale for appointment of Class IV staff. (9.65)
- 241. Pending such examination by the Department of Administrative Reforms, steps might be taken to reduce the strength of Class IV staff in all administrative offices. (9.66)

Identity Card

242. Identity Cards may be issued to all the employees in all the Government Offices in the State. (9.67)

Maintenance of Motor Transport.

- 243. Maintenance workshops may be maintained in each of the four regions at Bangalore, Mysore, Hubli-Dharwar and Gulbarga for attending to the major repairs of Government Vehicles in each region. (9.68)
- 244. Service Stations may be opened at each district headquarters for attending to the servising and minor repairs of all Government Vehicles. (9.68)
- 245. All the Government Vehicles in the district may be placed in a pool under the control of the Deputy Commissioner. (9.69)
- 246. In Bangalore City also such a common pool of Government vehicles may be formed and placed under the control of the officer in charge of the Regional Workshop at Bangalore. (9.69)

MUNICIPALITIES, CITA MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS AND CITA IMPROVENIENT TRUST BOARDS

- 266 The Local Bodies may be given 10 per cent of the Labrary Cess collected by them as Collection charges (10.5)
- 267 The staffing pattern in the municipalities may be determined with reference to the work involved at various levels (10-11)
- 268 The constitution of the Mysore Municipal Administrative Service may be expedited (10-12)
- 260 Employees of Local Bodies may get the same scales of prv and be governed by the same conditions of service as the employees of Government holding comparable posts (10 15 to 10 19)
- 270 All efforts may be made to recover loans from municipalities and irrecoverable loans may be waited (10 21)
- 271 The cost involved in the maintenance of the various categories of roads by the Local Bodies and the loss of toll and motor vehicle tax may be reviewed and grant of compensation determined on a about and well defined basis (10.22)
- 212 If Octro is abolished a portion of the sales tax collected within the limits of the local bodies may be made over to them (10.24)
- 273 Assessment of work involved in various levels in the office of the Bringalore Corporation may be made and the strength of the staff of officers determined with reference to such assessment (10/33)
- 271 Rules for recruitment to various posts in the Bangalore Corporation may be framed so as to ensure adequate promotional opportunities without sacrificing efficiency (10.34)
- 275 The principles governing the payment of grant in aid to the Bangalore Corporation for certain purposes may be liberalised (10-39)
- 276 There may be a uniform law governing corporations in the State (10 \$1)
- 277 Appointments to various posts under the City Improvement Trust Boards Bangslore and Mysore may be made by taking officers on deputation from other Government Departments or Minnopalities (10 49)

- 278. Assessment of work at clerical and supervisory levels in the City Improvement Trust Board, Bangalore, should be made with a view to rationalising the number of posts at each of these levels. Similarly the staffing position on the technical side should be reviewed having due regard to the volume of work. One post of Land Acquisition Oilicer may be abolished. (10.47)
- 279. The Heads of various Local Anthorities in Bangalore City should periodically meet to discuss common problems; a suitable machinery should be devised to assist the citizen in getting clearance from all authorities in matters connected with the allotment of sites. (10,48)
- 280. There should be a single agency for the maintenance of water works, underground drainage system and distribution of water in Bangalore City. (10.51)

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ORGANISATION AND PARCHAYATHRAJ
INSTITUTIONS.

- 281. There is no need to have Community Development Department as such for attending to work of a developmental nature; Community Development may be treated as an Organisation for assisting the Pauchayatiraj Institutions in the discharge of their responsibilities. (11.3)
- 282. The Cadre and Recruitment Rules, may provide for all the posts in the Department being filled by taking on deputation officers of appropriate status and rank from other permanent Departments of Government. (11.3 to 11.9)
- 283. The Development Commissioner may be assisted in developmental works by a Deputy Development Commissioner and the latter by two Assistant Commissioners and requisite supporting staff. (11.10 and 11.11)
- 284. The Deputy Commissioners-cum-Deputy Development Commissioners of Districts may be assisted by District Development Assistants and by requisite subordinate staff. (11.12)
- 285. The posts of Planning Officers appointed in the cadre of Block Development Officers and Deputy Block Development Officers may be abolished after the work of drafting of the District Plans is completed, the work of inspection and overseeing the work of the Panchayats may be entrusted to the Chief Executive Officers of the Taluk Development Boards. (11.12)

- 286 All the District Officers of the Development Departments may be given the additional designation of "District Development Officers of the respective Departments" (11–13)
- 957 Meetings of the District Co ordination Committee may be held once a month and only matters of general interest may be considered at such meetings (11 13)
- 255 Co-ordination Committees may be set up for each Taluk with the Assistant Commissioner as the Chairman and the Chairman of the Taluk Development Board the Chief Executive Officer of the Taluk Development Board and the Tahasildar of the Taluk as niembers (11-14).
- 289 The Block Development Officer may be designated as the Chief I security Officer of the Taluk Development Board (11-16)
- 200 The cadre of the Deputy Block Development Officers may be abolished excepting in cases in which an officer of that status would be required for assisting the Chief Executive Officer the number of posts in this culre may be himted to 20, the Deputy Pl (k D velopment Officer may be redesignated as Talish Development Officer and such officer may be placed in independent charge of a specified area of the taluk concerned and may be authorised to exercise all the powers of the Chief Executive Officer subject to take the control and subject also to matters of policy leng routed through the Chief Precutive Officer (11.16)

- Development Board and all the grants for soil conservation work may be channelised through the Board hereafter. (11.20)
- 295. The Department may reduce the existing number of returns to be submitted by the Taluk Development Board to 26. (11.21)
- 296. The Confidential Reports on the work of the staff of the Taluk Development Board under the new set up may be written by the Chief Executive Officer; the Confidential Reports on the work of the Block Development Officer (Chief Executive Officer in the new set up of the Taluk Development Board) and the Taluk Development Officer may be initiated by the Assistant Commissioner and sent to the Deputy Commissioner. The Deputy Commissioner may consult the District Officer of the various Development Departments and then record his remarks along with such comments as the District Officers in the Development Departments have to make in regard to the work of the Chief Executive Officer and Taluk Development Officer. The Deputy Commissioner may initiate the Confidential Reports on the work of the District Development Officers and pass them on to the concerned Heads of Departments. (11.23)
- 297. The members of the Village Panehayats may be continued to be cleeted directly. (11.24)
- 298. A portion of the Land Revenue may be given as "selective grants" to the Village Panchayats taking into consideration the taxes which the Village Panchayat has raised, the manner in which it has utilised the grants given to in the previous year and the purpose for which it wants to utilise the grants for the current year. (11.27)
- 299. The works of a purely local character proposed to be undertaken by Government or the Taluk Development Board may be entrusted to the Village Panchayats and the amount earmarked for the purpose placed at their disposal. (11.29)
- 300. The Chairman of the Village Panchayats in the taluk and the Chairman of the Taluk Agricultural Produce Marketing Society and may be made *Ex-Officio* members of the Taluk Development Boards. (11.31)
- 301. Uniform principles should be followed in making selective grants to the Village Panehayats and to the Taluk Development Boards. (11.34)
- 302. All developmental schemes of a local nature may be executed through the Taluk Development Boards only. (11.38)

- 303 Additional schemes may be transferred to the Tuluk Development Boards (11 39)
- 301 The Tulik Development Board may have a single budget covering all the resources made available to them (11 40)
- 305 The Village Accountants may be appointed as Secretaries of Village Panchayats. If separate functionaries are required to be appointed to such posts the persons so appointed may be taken in deputation either from the cadre of Village Accountants or from cadre of H Division Clerks of am Department. (11-42)
- J06 The posts of the Cluef Evecutive Officers of the Taluk Development Boards the Extension Officers and other posts created in the Community Development Blocks may be transferred to the idministrative control of the Taluk Development Boards and all of them may be filled by taking on deputation officers and officials holding corresponding posts from the concerned Departments of, Government (11 43)
- 307 Class IV Officials working in the Talul Development Boards an Panchavats need not be transferred from one local body to mother they need not also belong to any 'Service' is such (11-14)
- JOS Class III Officers who have been directly recruited may continue to work as employees of the concerned Talil Development Boards till they retire from service and may continue to be governed by the terms and conditions of service by which they were being governed their scales of pay may, however, be the same as for the employees of Government holding corresponding posts, all future vacancies in such cadres may be filled by taking on deputation officials holding corresponding posts in the Revenue and other Departments of Government (11-35)
- 50) Nother the Local Government Service nor the Local Government Lund as contemplated under the Act need be constituted (11.46)
- 510 Doctors and Vaidyas appointed by the former Local Bodies may continue with their own conditions of service but with su tably revised scales of pay (11-47)
- oll—The Mysox Village Panchayats and Local Boards Act 1959 roas Is, amended conferring power on the State Government as proposed in the Mysore Village Panchayats Bill 1963 which has sino Iap of to make Rules authorising payment of contribution to any Provident I and which may be established by the Tallak Development Board—(11 49)

- 312. The set up and the constitution of the Zilla Parishads may be more or less what it is in respect of the existing District Development Councils. In case it is necessary that the Chairman should be elected from among the non-official members, he need not be a whole-time Chairman but he may continue to function as a Member of the Parliament or the State Legislature, or as President of the Taluk Development Board, as the case may be. (11.49)
- 313. It is unnecessary to have direct elections to the Zilla Parishads. (11.50 and 11.51)
- 314. If the Government decides to have a non-official Chairman, then an officer in the senior time scale of the Indian Administrative Service or the Mysore Administrative Service will have to be appointed wholetime as Chief Executive Officer of the Zilla-Parishad and the District Development Officers of all the Development Departments may be appointed as Ex-Officio members of the Parishad. The staff working under the Parishad may be taken on deputation from among officers holding corresponding posts in Departments of Government. (11.52)
- 315. All grants in future which are of a developmental nature may be channelised through the District Development Councils which may distribute grants among the taluks. (11.53)

RETIRED EMPLOYEES OF GOVERNMENT

- 316. The Dearness Allowances given to the pensioners of the Paigahs may be enhanced by 50 per cent on an ad hoc basis. (12.9)
- 317. In case pensioners drawing a pension of less than Rs. 100 per mensem or their wives were to be hospitalised, medical treatment including diet may be provided free. [12.11(ii)]
- 318. Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 per mensem may be paid to a retired Class IV employee and Class III employee respectively towards the cost of medicines for minor ailments [12.11 (iii)]
- 319. In respect of teaching and non-teaching staff of the State Aided Schools governed by the Triple Benefit Scheme, the concessions given to persons who retired/retire after 1st April 1967 may be given prospectively to the employees governed by the scheme who retired from service between 1st April 1963 and 1st April 1967. (12.13)

- 320 The facility of Triple Benefit Scheme may be extended to Class IV servants of Aided Schools (12-15)
- 321 The benefit of Dearness Allowance and such other pensioners benefits as are available to retired employees of Government may be extended to the teachers of South Kanara District governed by the Madras Teachers' Contributary Provident Fund, Insurance and Pension Rules 1935 (12 16)

1

CHAPTER 13

Impact on the Financial Resources of the State

- 3'2 With the proposed allocation of the entire amount of Land Revenue to Village Panchayats and Taluk Development Boards they may bear the burden on account of the revision of the scales of pay and allowances of the employees of the Local Bodies on par with Government Servants (13-12)
- 23 Some slight changes may be made in the sales tay in terms of a pase and 10 pase. The question of increasing the rates of tax an luxur, goods, and of widening the scope of such goods for leaves thingher rates than at present may be examined. The cases of cossion of tay have to be dealt with firmly. (13-13 and 13-11)
- 324 The scope for increase in the yield on account of Agriculty I Income-tax by rationalising the tax structural and by lowering the present exemption limit may be considered in due course (12 Lo).
- 33) The value of the Revenue Stamp may be ruled from 10 pure to 1) pure (13 17)
- 996 The Mysor, Shops and Commercial I stablishments Act 1961 may be so amended as to provide for the renewal of registration every year on payment of a prescribed fee (13/92)
- 337 I very marriage may be registered and a fee may be prescribed for such registration (13-23)
- ³9 Government may appoint an Expert Committee consisting of representatives unconnected with Government to undertakent expension of the working of all Government Industrial 1 ider takings to avoid uneconomic and wasteful expenditure [13, 27].
- oon. The administrative Departments may examine proposals for Conferences or Seminus with an eye on strict nighty and economy and sanction only such of them as are of real benefit to the administration and the State. (13-29)

- 330. The resources of the State should not be frittered away on too many Projects at the same time but utilised for expeditious completion of Projects already in progress in the first instance. New Projects should be taken up only when the Projects in progress reach a suitable stage. (13.31)
- 331. Government may ensure that observations made in the Audit Reports and by the Public Accounts Committee are considered and suitable action is taken without loss of time. (13.34)
- 332. Provision may be made in the Budget of each year initially for the sanctioned works which are already in progress and the balance available earmarked for such other projects as are essential and could be proceeded with, expeditiously during that year. (13.35 and 13.36)
- 333. The evaluation work of any Project may be made not so much with reference to its financial progress as its physical progress. (13.37)
- 334. The Departments should not resort to much of expenditure at the end of the financial year with a view to prevent "lapse" of the Budget grants of the year. (13.39)
- 335. Government may examine the steps to be taken to organise a systematic collection drive to ensure that all the amounts due to Government are recovered within a reasonable period and that in future, recoveries are made promptly. (13.49)
- 336. The resources of the State may be carmarked for Plan Schemes only after meeting the expenditure on maintenance at a reasonable level. (13.52)

DEPARTMENTAL CHAPTERS

SUMMARY OF RECOMMEND VIIONS

Chapter 13 to 78 deal with matters relating to the individual departments. The recommendations contained therein could be broadly classified as those relating to—

- (a) modes of recruitment, qualifications prescribed for posts, and scales of pay, and
 - (b) organisation, structure, efficiency and other matters of a general nature

The recommendations falling under the latter class alone have been included in the summary so that they could be highlighted. The main Chapters have to be looked into in regard to matters of detail relating to each post or each category of posts.

CHAPTER 14

DEPARTMENT OF ACRICULTURE

- 237 The posts of Divisional Joint Directors of Agriculture may be at obshed along with their supporting staff and direct connection established between the Head Office and the District offices (14-16)
- 5 The posts of Divisional Soil Conservation Officers and Div onal Agricultural Engineers may be abolished along with their supporting staff (14-18)
- 339 While officers of the status of Deputy Directors may be appointed generally as District Agricultural Officers, in smaller Districts like Cong Chickingalur and Bidar, officers of the status of Assistant Directors of Agriculture may be appointed as 'District Agricultural Officers' (13-21)
- 310 The Posts of Assistant Agricultural Pugineers in the districts of North Kanara South Kanara and Coorg may be also lished (14 22)
- 341 The Deputs Directors at the District level may be given adequate powers and placed in overall charges of all the agricultural engineering programmes in the Districts and held responsible for their implementation (14-22)
- 312 The Officers of the Soil Conservation and Agricultural Wings working at or below the District level may function as Assistants to the Deputy Directors of Agriculture of the District (14-92)
- All the posts at the sub-divisional level may be abolished (11.25)



- 353 The Department may organise well organised farms with a capacity to care substantial returns (14-44)
- 304 The supplies of seed grams etc to the farmers may be subsidised so long as there is need to popularise them but the element of subsidy may be reduced and finally abolished when the farmers reality their utility and take to them as a matter of course (14 45)
- fire subsidy may be shown clearly in the accounts of the farms and debited to a separate head of account (11 43)
- 3.66 The Fractor and Bulldozer Organisation may be so rim that no loss is incurred over them. The subsidy, if my, may be shown separately in the accounts and debited to a separate head of account. (14-46)
- °57 The Department may have an Internal Tynhustion Unit for evaluating the benefits derived by the adoption of improved methods of cultivation (14.47)
- 3.58 The nomenelature of the Gramsevak Francis Centres now be changed as Agricultural Training Schools (14-48)
- 3.9 The truning courses in the Agricultural Training Schools may be oriented suitably and their coverage enlarged (14.45)
- 500 The three Soil Conservation Truming Centres may be abolished or experted into Agricultural Truming Schools' if requisite truming in soil conservation could be imported in the Agricultural Training Schools (14.48)
- 361 The work of stocking and distributing chemicals furthleses etc. may be entrusted to the Co-operative Societies as heretofore A thorough examination may be made of the existing system and the defects rectified. This work may however, be entrusted to the Agro Indiastries. Corporation only if it is not possible to rectify the defects in the existing system. (14-50)
- "60" New posts under plan schemes should not be created only because Central assistance is mailable. They may be created only if there is real need and that too in the scale of pay sanctioned for similar posts in the Department. (11-52)
- 4.3 The Department may concentrate its energies on achieving concrete results in the schemes undertaken by it. The Department need not embark upon rambitious programmes which cannot be implemented with the limited resources available to it. (11-36).
- °C. All the technical posts in the existing scale of pay of Rs (100—1 000 may be diagnated as 'Deputy Directors of Agriculture and their specialisation may be indicated in brackets after their designation (14-06).

- 365. All the technical posts in the existing scale of pay of Rs. 350—800 may be designated as 'Assistant Directors of Agriculture' and their specialisation indicated in brackets after their designation. (14.71)
- 366. All the technical posts in the existing scale of pay of Rs. 275—600 may be designated as 'Agricultural Officers' and the work in their charge may be indicated within brackets against their designations. (14.75)
- 367. The nomenclature of 'Gramsevaks' may be changed to 'Agricultural Assistants' and only graduates recruited to this cadre in future. (14.87)
- 368. The posts of Field Assistants and Fieldmen may be combined into a single cadre and redesignated as 'Field Assistants'. These posts may in future be filled by persons who have passed the S.S.L.C. Examination with Agriculture as one of the subjects. (14.88)
- 369. Project Allowance may be paid to the officers of the Agricultural Department working in Project Areas. (14.124)
- 370. The Farm Managers may be empowered to purchase all the equipment required for one season. They may be given an imprest of Rs. 100 for this purpose. (14.125)

DEPARTMENT OF ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND VETERINARY SERVICES

- 371. In case the contemplated Corporation for the management of the Bangalore Dairy is not constituted by Government, the Milk Supply Schemes in the moffussil areas which are operated by the Department of Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Services at present may be transferred to the control of the Dairy Department. Otherwise, the existing arrangement may continue. (15.3)
- 372. The Government may examine the working of livestock and poultry farms in the State and assess their utility and retain only such of them as are really serving the purpose for which they were established. On account of their practical utility, the Stud Farm at Kunigal and the Livestock Farm and Research Station at Hessaraghatta may be continued and further improved. (15.4 to 15.6)
- 373. The extent of any overlapping in the objectives and the staffing pattern between the Special Development (Crash) Programmes and the normal schemes of Development may be got

examined and the jurisdiction of the staff in the two types of scheines suitably adjusted (15-7)

- 374 There is no need to have Subject Matter Specialists in charge of each type of Investock and 50 per cent of the posts of Development Officers may be abolished and the work suitably readjusted among the rest (15 11)
- 375 The posts of Regional Deputy Directors of the Department may be abolished (15-12)
- 376 There is no justification for the creation of a post of Joint Director at the Headquarters The post of Indian Director, Indo Danish Project on the expiry of the current agreement may be treated as the post of Joint Director in the Department of Animal Hisbandry and Veterinary Services (15–18)
- 377 All the posts with different designation in the present grade of Rs 600—1000 (proposed grade Rs 700—1200) may be designated as the posts of Deputy Directors of Animal Husbindry and Veternary Services (15 18)
- 378 Similarly various posts with different designations in the present grade Rs 275—600 (proposed grade Rs 300—700) may bear the common designation of Assistant Directors and the special subjects of which they are in charge indicated in brackets after the ilesignation (15-19)
- 979 The posts with different designations in the present grade of Rs 450—320 (proposed grade Rs 200—150) may be commonly designated as Acteriory and Livestock Supervisors' (15-36)
- 950 Various posts with different designations in the present grades Rs 140—520, 150—200, 100—200 and 100—180 may be equited and placed in the same cadre and given a common it signation of Veterinary and Livestock Inspectors (Grade I) and a common scale of Pay. (15.36)
- 351 The posts in the present grade Rs 60—150, with different designations may be given a common designation of Veterinary and Livestock Inspector (Grade II) (15-37)
- 382 The posts of Senior Compounders may be equated with the posts of Compounders (Grade I) (15-38)
- 383 The posts of Dr. s-ers may be equated with the posts of Comportuder (Grade II) (15.38)
- 384 A fixed Travelling Allowance of Rs 10 per month may be paid to the Vetermary and Livestock Inspectors (Grade II) as they have to visit the villages around the Rural Vetermary. Dispensaries (17-59)

185. The lien of the present incombent of the post of Veterinary Inspector in the Mysore Zoological Gardens may be shifted from the Department of Horticulture against a corresponding post in the Department of Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Services. (15.62)

CHAPTER 16

Bangaloin: Danny

- 386. As the Bangalore Dairy is running under loss on account of poer sales, the entire costing structure may be examined. The prices at which raw milk is procured may be reduced slightly, the cost of processing reduced to the minimum and the price at which processed milk is sold reduced substantially. (16.4)
- 387. An Expert Committee may be appointed to study the staffing pattern required for the Bangalore Dairy and to rationalise the existing staff structure. The Cadre and Recruitment Rules for the Dairy may be framed in accordance with such rationalised staffing pattern. (16.5)
- 388. Additional administrative and financial powers may be delegated to the General Manager, the Dairy Engineer and the Accounts Officer. 116.29 and 16.30)

CHAPTER 17

Department of Fishernes

- 389. Three administrative Zones may be created with Head-quarters in Bangalore, Mysorc and Shimoga, each under the charge of a Deputy Director. (17.6)
- 390. The Fisheries High Schools and Primary Schools may be transferred to the control of the Department of Public Instruction (17.7)
- 391. The posts of Superintendents of Fisheries, Assistant Directors of Fisheries and Fisheries Officers may all be designated as "Assistant Director of Fisheries" indicating the speciality of each officer within brackets after his designation. (17.20)
- 391. (a) The following posts may be given uniform designation of Deputy Director of Fisheries and the special item of work of

which they are 10 charge may be indicated within brackets against their designation —

- 1 Deputy Director of Fisheries
- 2 Director Marine Products Processing Training Centre Maggalore
- 3 Four Heads of Sections in the Marine Products Processing Training Centre Mangalore.
- 4 Assistant Project Officer Indo Norwegien Project (17-15)
- 391 (b) The Special Pay of Rs 100 per month given to the Director Marine Products Processing Training Centre Mangalore may be continued (17-18)
- 313 Special pay paid to the Administrative Assistant, Marine Products Processing Training Centre may be discontinued (17-81)
- 393 The senior most clerks in the Divisional Offices may supervise the work of the other officials in the office in addition to their own duties and they may be given a special pin of Rs. 10 per mensein for this work. Special Pay may be given to the staff working in the Fishermen's Truming Centres at 10 per cent of the me in between the minimum and maximum of the scales of pay applicable to them. (17-83)

CII\ITTR 18

LOREST DEPARTMENT

- 394 Torest Prosecutors may be appointed for each of the Forest Circles (18-4)
- 395. Officers of the Department of Industries and Commerce may be taken on deputation to this Department and placed in immediate charge of the Lurinture making Units of the Department the overall control over such Luris however remaining with the Officers of the Lorest Department. The various Departments of Government including the Lucation Department may obtain their requirements of furniture from the nearest furniture making unit of the Distriment. (18-7)
- The polit of the Lorest Linguistics in the Saw Mills Danich mass be abounded and a post of Deputs Conservator of Lorests created in tend if a being in charge of the Mills (8-12)

- \$97. Steps may be taken to cusure that timber is supplied to the various Jails from the Forest Depots nearest to the concerned jail, in order to avoid unnecessary expenditure on its transport. (18.18)
- 898. "Amenities" allowance and free housing facilities may be provided to the officers of the Department of and below the rank of Range Forest Officers whose duties require them to live in the interior of the forests. (18.16)
- 899. Enhanced financial powers may be delegated to the officers of the Department. (18.64)

DEPARTMENT OF HORTICULTURE

- 400. There are certain superflows posts in the Department. It is suggested that the Department should conduct a proper internal evaluation of the work done by the officers at the various levels, locate the surplus or redundant staff and take action to abolish such posts. (19.6)
- 401. A specialist may be placed in charge of more than one scheme. Thus the work that is now being done by 8 Deputy Directors may be re-distributed among 4 Deputy Directors and the posts of the other 4 Deputy Directors may be retreached. (19.7 and 8)
- 401. (a) The 8 Divisional Units of the Department may be abolished and the officers now holding these posts may be posted as District Level Officers to those Districts in which the work is heavy. (19.9)
- 402. Horticultural farms may be established in each taluk and sufficient land may be made available for the horticultural farms. These farms should be demonstration farms, self supporting and able to earn profit. They should not be losing concerns. (19.10)
- 403. The present Assistant Director of Horticulture who is working as Headquarters Assistant to the Director, may be redesignated as "Technical Assistant" to the Director and he may be entrusted with technical work. A Chief Ministerial Officer may be appointed in Class II cadre to work as Headquarters Assistant to the Director. (19.11)
- 404. The Zoological Gardens may be kept as a separate unit with separts cadres of posts constituted for it. The administrative control over this unit may, however, continue to yest with the Director of Horticulture. (19.12)

- 405 There is justification for creating some additional posts for the Zoological Gardens. A proper evaluation of the work done by the Officers at the various levels may be got conducted and a decision taken on the extent to which the staff is to be augmented (19-12).
- 106 Officers who have come to this Department retaining their his in their parent Departments and who have been further promoted in their parent Departments by virtue of their seniority in their respective Departments may be treated as on deputation to this Department retaining their liens on the posts which they could have held in their parent Department. Such of those officers of the Department of Agriculture who have come to this Department and one villing to get absorbed in this Department may be so absorbed their rank and position being determined recording to Schoothy Rules. (19-13)
- 407 The other officers of the Department of Agriculture who do not come under any of these categories may be repaired to that Department as early as possible (f9.13)
- 403 The University of Agricultural Sciences should come forward with new schemes and assist the Department in handling the existing schemes or introduction of new schemes and the Department should undertake the extension aspect of the work (10 14)
- 100 The Apiary (Bee Keeping) section may be transferred to the flap attach of Horiculture from the Department of Industries and Commerce (19-15)

CHAPTER 20 INDO-DANISH PROJECT

110 The Project may be taken over by the State Government on the expiry of the present Agreement in 1070. There is no need for extension of the Agreement either in its present form or in any modified form. The work of the Project may thereafter be carried on as a normal activity of the Department of Animal Illushandry and Veterinary Services. (20.6)

CHAPTER 21

DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE

111 The two posts of the Commissioner for Industries and the Director of Industries are not necessity and in case the post of the Commissioner is filled the post of the Director may be abolish? (21.1)

- 412. Some of the posts of Joint Directors, Deputy Directors and Assistant Directors are superflows. Government may get a study of the work-load of various categories of posts conducted, determine the extent to which they are redundant and retrench them. Even pending such an examination, one-third of the posts in each of these categories at the Hendquarters may be retrenched. (21.5)
- 413. It is not necessary to have unform staffing pattern in all the districts. Government may examine this aspect and abolish redundant pasts. (21.5)
- 414. The post of the Secretary, Board of Management for Industrial Concerns may be filled by an officer in the junior timescale (Clast I) of the Mysore Administrative Service. (21.6)
- 415. The work relating to Industrial Co-operatives may be handed over to the Department of Industries and Commerce and the Joint Director (Industrial Co-operatives) may be placed completely under the control of the Director of Industries and Commerce. (21.7)
- 416. All the posts with different designations in the present grade of Rs. 600—1,000 (proposed grade Rs. 700—1,200) may be designated as Deputy Directors of Industries and Commerce. (21.14)
- 417. The special pay of Rs. 250 per mouth that is being paid to the present incumbent of the post of Director of Industries and Commerce may be continued so long as he holds the post and reduced to Rs. 150 per month thereafter. (21.95)
- 418. Special pay of Rs. 100 given to Secretary, Board of Management for Industrial Concerns may be abolished. (21.96)

CHAPTER 22 .

DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND GEOLOGY

- who would be staying in camps for months together for survey work may be paid normal Daily Allowance for the entire length of their stay. In addition to normal Daily Allowance, Field Establishment Allowance of Rs. 50 per month may be paid if the stay in the eamp exceeds 3 months and Preparatory Allowance of Rs. 25 may be paid if the tour exceeds 5 months at a stretch. (22.7)
- 420. Free First-Aid Boxes may be provided to Assistant Geologists whenever they go on tour. (22.8)
- 421. The additional financial powers sought for different categories of officers may be delegated. (22.35 and 22.36)

DEPARTMENT OF SERICULTURE

- 422. In view of the various developmental schemes undertaken by the Department, one post of Joint Director may he created in order to give effective assistance to the Director. The post of Joint Director may be filled by promotion by selection from the cadre of Deputy Directors. (23.3)
- 423 The number of sericultural Divisions may be reduced from seven to five and the territorial Divisions may be so adjusted as to enable en Assistant Director to be in charge of a Division comprising only contiguous areas. (23.5)
- 494. At the end of one year of the operation of the Mysore Silk Worm Seed and Cocoon Act, 1959, the progress made by Cocoon Markets may be reviewed and the markets with little or no business may be elosed down. The areas within the jurisdiction of uneconomic markets may be attached to suitable nearby prosperous markets. (23.6)

CHAPTER 24

STORES PURCHASE DEPARTMENT

- 425 All Departments of Government may purchase articles required by them only through the Stores Purchase Department, except petty purchases. (24.4)
- 426. If any Rate Contract Holder is unable to supply the articles to the indenting Department, the Sores Purchase Department may take suitable action against the defaulting Rate-Contract Holder. (21.4)
- 427. Government may induce the Local Bodies to operate on rate contracts fixed by the Stores Purchase Department and also insist on the Rate-Contract Holders to supply the articles to the Local Bodies also at the rates fixed in the Contract. (24.5)
- 428. The normal purchases of Government Industrial Concerns also may be brought within the purview of the Stores Purchase Department and direct purchases may be permitted only in the case of energent requirements. (21.0)
- 420. A Statistical Cell may be formed in the Stores Purchase Department for maintenance of all the required information relating to various types of stores. (24.7)

- 430. It is not necessary to create a Technical Cell in the Department. The quotations received may be scrutinised by the indenting Departments themselves. (24.7)
- 431. For purposes of examining tenders and taking decisions on the spot, Departmental Committees may be constituted. (24.8)
- 432. There is no justification for grant of special pay for persons who have come on deputation to this Department. (24.17)
- 433. The volume of work for the Assistants is low in the Department and it is possible to reduce the staff at clerical level by 40 per cent. (24.18 to 24.20)
- 434. Enhanced purchase powers may be delegated to the Director and he may be empowered to dispose of all cases upto the value of Rs. 2 lakhs and upto Rs. 5 lakhs if the tender quoted is the lowest and is accepted by the indenting Department. (24 22)
- 435. The Departmental Committees may be empowered to approve purchases of the value of Rs. 2 lakhs and upto the value of Rs. 5 lakhs in all other cases. The cases beyond this limit may be referred to the concerned Minister. (24.22)
- 436. Government Departments may be induced to purchase articles of common use manufactured by the Government Industrial Concerns and in such cases there is no need to fix rate contracts in regard to such articles. (24.23)
- 437. Specified indentors may be earmarked for each Rate Contract Holder and likewise different areas also may be earmarked for the Rate Contract Holders in those areas. (24.24)
- 438. Time limits may be prescribed for various stages of purchase activity and woking procedures may be evolved so as to ensure that these time limits are adhered to strictly. (24.25)

DEPARTMENT OF CO-OPERATION

- 439. The audit wing, though within the Department itself, may be independent of the control of the administrative officers of the Department. (25.2) (25.6)
- 440. The items of work at the Headquarters office may be grouped in the manner suggested. (25.8)
- 441. Some of the Gazetted and Non-Gazetted posts at the Headquarters may be abolished as suggested. (25.14)

- the Divisional Level Officers may be abolished and statutory powers delegated to officers at lower levels in the manner suggested (25 15)
- 443 The Department may be reorganised at the district level to ensure adequately the inspection of the working and the indit of accounts of the societies and administrative supervision (25 $^{\circ}$ 0)
- 444 Definite norms of work for audit of accounts of Cooperative Societies may be prescribed. The cost ou the audit staff should not normally exceed the amount of audit fee realised (20 21)
- 445 The number of categories of posts in the Department may be reduced (25-22)
- 146 The staff in the Department may be reduced substantially (20-20)
- 417 Requests for deputation of officers to Co operative Institutions may be properly scrutinised the Institutions may be encouraged to have their own officials trained and fitted for the jobs (22-26)
- 448 Development Schemes may be taken up by the Depart ment initially on a pilot lines in a local area and later extended to other areas (25.28)

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

- 449 The Director of Training who is in charge of various Gramescake Framing Centres and all other Institutions run by the Depirtment for imparting training at various levels may be given the status and scale of pay of a Joint Director of Agriculture (26.8)
- 450 Only such of the Social I duention Organisers/Mukhya sevikas who have got requisite general educational qualification and relunteer to become trachers after undergoing truming may be it sorbed in the I duention Department in the tutural cadres subject to the condition that their semonty would be counted with reference to the service rendered by them in the terching cadre others may be retained in the Development Department till they are absorbed in the ministerial or executive cadres of other departments like Revenue Health and Lamib Plania in Services Agriculture Information and Teurism etc. depending in the qualifications and aptitudes of the individuals concerned. For this purpose, Convernment

may constitute a Selection Committee with the Deputy Development Commissioner as Chairman and one representative each from the Departments of Revenue, Health and Family Planning Services and Agriculture, etc. (26,27)

- 451. Requisite number of supernumerary posts at the rate of one Panchayat Extension Officer for each Taluk may be created in the electical cadre of the Revenue Department to accommodate the liens of the Extension Officers (Panchayat) and their liens shifted against such posts. (26,29)
- 452. The posts of Gramsevaks may be abolished in their present form and all the officers holding these posts re-designated as Agricultural Assistants. (26,33)
- 453. The Gramsevikas may be absorbed in other Departments keeping in view their qualification and aptitude after screening by the Committee constituted in respect of Social Education Organisers and Mukhyasevikas. (26,34)
- 454. Progress Assistants may be members of the Taluk Development Board Team; but may be entrusted with all the statistical work in the Taluk, irrespective of whether this work refers to development activities directly under the Board or not. (26.36)

CHAPTER 27

Mysore Housing Board

- 455. The post of the Secretary may be upgraded to Class I Junior Scale. (27.5)
- 456. The Housing Board may engage separate counsel for representing it before the Courts of Law in Legal matters. (27.6)
- 457. All the posts in the Board may be filled by taking on deputation officials from suitable Departments. The liens of the Class III officers who have been appointed so far directly may be shifted against corresponding posts in other Departments. (27.10)
 - 458. The post of General Assistant may be abolished. (27.18)
- 459. Orders of allotment of houses may be issued when the houses are nearing completion. (27.21)
- 460. The authorities of the local bodies like the Mysore State Electricity Board, the Bangalore City Corporation etc., may meet periodically for discussion of common problems. (27.21)

161 The proposals for (1) construction of residential accoin modifion for Judicial Officers (n) construction of multi-storeved quarters for Government Servants in Bangalore, and (m) installation of brick and wood plant may be findised early (27 22)

CHAPTER 28

MARKETING DEPARTMENT

462 The posts of Deputy Chief Marketing Officers at the Divisional level may be aboushed. Out of the four posts of Deputy Chief Marketing Officers existing in the Divisions, three posts may be shifted to the Headquarters and the fourth post may be abolished (28-12).

163 The posts of Deputy Chief Marketing Officer, Key Market Superintendents (Class I) and Secretaries (Grade I) may constitute a single cadre and bear the common designation of Deputy Chief Marketing Officers (28 13)

- 464 The posts of Hendquarters Assistant Senior Marketing Officer Marketing Officer, District Marketing Officers, Key Market Superintendent (Class II), Senior Market Superintendent Secretaries (Grade II) and l'innopal in the existing grade Rs 275—t00 (proposed grade Rs 300—700) may be placed in one endre and given the common designation of Senior Marketing Officers (28 17)
- 165 The posts of Secretaries and Assistant Secretaries (Grade II) in the present grade, i.e. Rs 250—500 (proposed grade II) in the present bear the common designation of Junior Marketing Officers (29-10)
- 466 The posts of Grading Assistants, Semor Market Superint tendents, Semor Marketing Inspectors Junior Market Superintendents, Secretaries and Assistant Secretaries (Grade IV) may be placed in the same cadre with common designation of Semor Marketing In perters and with a "minion scale of pay (% 20 to 29 22)
- 167 The posts of Marketing Inspectors Junior Market Superintendent, Assistant Marketing Superintendent, Graders (Betchint product) Secretaries and Assistant Secretaries (Grade V) in the present grade Rs 120—210 (proposed grade Rs 110—200) may be placed in a common cadre and designated as Junior Marketing Inspectors (28-25)
- 405. The powers proposed to be delegated to District Market ing Officers may be sometioned. (25-37) and (25-35)

DEPARTMENT OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

- 469. The Mysore Weights and Measures (Enforcement) Act, 1958 may be amended to provide for appointment of Joint Chief Controller. (29.2)
- 470. The Department may, in due course be merged with the Department of Labour. (29.3)
- 471. The main function of verification of weights and measures may be entrusted to the Inspectors; the higher officers confining themselves to the work of supervision. (29.4)
- 472. The strength of the cadre of Senior Inspectors and Inspectors may be in the proportion of 1:4. (29.5)
 - 473. The post of Maistry may be abolished. (29.6)
- 474. The number of Class IV Officers may be regulated with reference to the general recommendations made in this regard. (29.7)
- 475. The provisions of the Mysore Weights and Measures (Enforcement) Act may be extended to water meters, taxi meters, etc. (29.10)
- 476. Training of officers of the Department may be expedited. (29.21)
- 477. Special Financial Powers of the Controller may be delegated to the Joint Controller. (29.25)

CHAPTER 30

DEPARTMENT OF ARCHAEOLOGY

- 478. One post of Deputy Director may be created by abolishing the existing post of Assistant Director (part-time), to look after the routine administrative work so that the Director could devote more time for research and publication work. (30.3)
- 479. The existing arrangements regarding maintenance and preservation of ancient monuments by the Public Works Department may continue; but two posts of Conservation Assistants may be created in the office of the Director of Archaeology and a sum of Rs. 25,000 per annum may be placed at the disposal of the Director for getting minor works executed through the Conservation Assistants from out of this special allotment and other important works got executed through the Public Works Department under the supervision of the Conservation Assistants. (30.4)

DEPARTMENT OF COLLEGIATE EDUCATION

- 480 A post of Special Accounts Officer in the cadre of Deputs Cootroller, State Accounts Department may be created (31 3)
- 481 The two posts of Assistant Directors recently upgraded to Class II Gazetted Cadre may be continued no the upgraded cadre (31.4)
- 182 The posts of Non-Gazetted Superintendeuts recently sanctioned to all the Government Colleges may be appraided to Class II Gazetted Cadre (31.6)
- 183 The post of the Manager in the Directorate may be up graded to Class II Gazetted Cadre (31.7)
- 484 The senior most Professor in each College may be designated as Vice-Principal (31.8)
- 485 The proposed formula of one Render for every 8 Lecturers, and one Professor for every 3 Renders, may be adopted (31 9)
- 186 The Contributory Provident Fund Rules may be finalised early and the managements of Private Aided Colleges persuaded to adopt them (31-10)
- 487 The rates of part time allowance to the part time staff working in the Hostels attached to Government Colleges under the control of the Director of Collegate Education, may be revised as proposed. The Wardens and Part time Clerks may be provided with quarters as early as practicable and rent may be recovered from them at 10 per cent of their pay or at 7½ per cent of the capital cost of the Building whichever is lower. (31-12 and S1-13)
- 188 The Universities may be persuaded to bring about uniformity in the syllabias soon as possible (31.11)
- 189 The existing posts of tutors may be recognised for pur poles of grants under the Grant in aid Code but no fresh re ruit ment to this cadre need be made in future (31-15)
- 190. The limit of Rs 500 fixed in the Grant in aid Cod. for purchase of furniture and Laboratory requirements through tender system may be rused in Rs, 1 000. (31 20)
- 391 A Hand Book indicating the admissible items of expenditure for purposes of grant in aid may be supplied to the Principals of Colleges for their guidance. (31-22)
- 492 There may be three grades of Professors 10 per cent of these ports may be in the Selection Grade and 15 per cent of the Yooks in the Cadre of Semor Professors and the rest of the Professors

in the time scale. The status and scale of pay for the Principals may be regulated on the basis of the strength of students in the College. (31.27)

- 493. A separate Professor need not be appointed for the discipline in which the Principal is a Professor. (31.28)
- 494. Special Pay need not be paid to the Principals of Colleges. (31,29)

CHAPTER 32

DEPARTMENT OF LAW COLLEGE

- 495. The scale of pay for the Principal may be the same as that for District Judges. (32.13)
- 496. The whole-time Professor may be appointed as the Vice-Principal in addition to his duties as Professor. (32.4)
- 497. Part-time teaching staff may be appointed strictly on the recommendations of a Committee. (32.5)
- 498. 50 per cent of the teaching staff including the Principal and the Vice-Principal may be appointed as full time staff. (32.6)
- 499. All the posts in the ministerial cadre may be filled by taking on deputation officials holding corresponding posts either from the Department of Public Instruction or the Department of Collegiate Education. The liens of the existing staff directly recruited may be shifted against existing vacant posts or supernumerary posts in either of these Departments. (32.7)
- 500. The rates of honoraria to part-time Professors and part-time Assistant Professors may be raised to Rs. 600 and Rs. 400 per mensem respectively; No Dearness Allowance need however be paid to part-time teaching staff. (32.16)
 - 501. The post of the Manager may be upgraded to Class II Gazetted cadre, in consonance with the general recommendation made in respect of all Government Colleges. (32.10)
 - 502. Cash work may be entrusted to one of the existing clerks other than the Accountant and he may be paid an allowance. (32.11)
 - 503. The existing temporary posts of Physical Culture Instructor, One I Division Clerk and one Stenographer may be made permanent. (32,12)

DIFFCTORATE OF NATIONAL CAPET CORPS

- 504 All the ministerial staff recruited as per Rules prior to 1st January 1965 may be absorbed against clear vacancies in the clerical coder in the regular Departments of Government like Public Instruction and Collegate Education—and thereafter these officials may be treated as on deputation to the Directorate of the National Codet Copis (33.9)
- 103 Cadre and Recrustment Rules of the Department may be frunced early. To the extent to which the officials are taken or prope ed to be taken on deputation from the Department of Public Institution and Collegate Education the Cadre and Recrustment Rules of these Departments may be modified so as to provide for increase of strength under deputation reserve. (33 10)

CHAPTER 31

DELARTMENT OF PRINTING AND STATIONERY

- note The Department may be classified as a Major Department and the status of the Director raised to that of an Head of a Major Department Technical posts in the Department may be treated on per with the corresponding posts in the Public Works Department. The scales of pay for the Technical posts in the Department may be the same as are prescribed for corresponding posts in the Public Works Department. (34.6)
- .07 Posts of Typewriter Mechanics may be created in each of the Brinch Preses at Dharwar Gulbarga and Mercara for attending to the major repurs of typewriters in the Mofusul areas coming within the jurisdiction of the respective Branch Prisses (33.7)
- 507(a) Posts of Book Binders may be created in the High Court and the District Courts for nitending to the work of binding the Law Reporters registers and documents of the respective Courts as an experimental mesure and in each the experiment is not found site factors the binding work in question may be entrusted to the Bligh Court Press and the posts of Book Binders created in the Press (34.9)
- 308 Small I note of Printing Proceedings be opened in as many Central and District Justias possible (34-12)

- 509. The matter to be printed in the Gazette should be chosen with utmost care and zealousy, unnecessary and un-important matter being scrupulously avoided. (34.14)
- 510. Quarters for the officers in charge of all the Government Presses may be constructed in close proximity to the Presses and allotted to them free of rent. (34.22)

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

- 511. One post of Joint Director in the Directorate may be retrenehed. (35.3)
- . 512. All the five Divisional Level Officers may be abolished. (35.5)
- 513. The Inspectorate at the District level may be strengthened. There may be an officer (Class I-Senior Scale) of the status of a Deputy Director as the District Level Officer and one Class I (Junior Scale) Officer for every 40 High Schools and a class II Officer for every 60 Primary Schools in the District. (35.9)
- 514. Half the existing number of officers in the Directorate may be posted to the field against the posts to be created under the re-organised pattern. (35.9)
- 515. The status of the Inspectors of Schools at the Taluk level may be raised to Class II Gazetted Cadre. (35.10)
- 516. There may be at least one Graduate Teacher as Head Master of a Primary School in each Taluk. (35.11)
- 517. The Deputy Directors may inspect Higher Secondary Schools, the Assistant Directors may inspect the High Schools and the Inspectors may inspect the Primary Schools. (35.14)
- 518. The Secondary Education Examination Board may continue in its present form, but there should be proper co-ordination between the Board and the Department of Public Instruction. (35.18)
- 519. The existing system of granting two advance increments to graduate teachers who acquire/have acquired post graduate qualifications whether at the cost of Government or at their own cost may be continued. Graduate Language Teachers may also be brought under this scheme. (35.23)

- 520 Each period of work in the M Standard Classes may be equited to two periods of normal work and the total work load of 26 periods per week may be calculated on this basis
- o21 The teachers who handle the M standard classes in addition to the normal work load of 96 equated periods per week may be given part time allowance subject to a maximum of Rs =0 per month (3) 24)
- 022 Only persons who have secured in the aggregate not less than 00 per cent of the maximum number of marks at the qualifying evanuations may be considered eligible for appointment as Teachers (33-23)
- 525 Twenty five per cent of the posts in the culre of Prinary school teachers may be in the selection grade (35-27)
- 321 Definite principles like seniority cum ment may be laul down for selection of teachers for truining and the principles once laid down in it be strictly followed (35 29)
- 200. The principles had down in the case of Aided Private Colleges under the control of the Director of Collegate Tducation Depirtment in respect of pensioners benefits may be followed in the college abo (30.31)
- J26 One post of Manager may be sauctioned to each of the B I d Colleges (35 35)
- 527 Specific rules may be framed that teachers may be continued in the same school upto 5 years unless there are any complaints against them or they request for a change (35-37)
- 539 Confidential reports of all Primary School Teachers in it be in untained and such reports may be written clearly indicating the work turned out by them (3, 39)
- pon Fisherics Schools and schools run by the Social Welfare Department etc. may be brought under the control of the Depart ment of Public Instruction. (35-43)
- 30 Fution fees may be levied at the specified rates in respect of children whose parents pay meome tax (35-46)
- 31 The teachers in Private Art Institutions may be given higher scales of pay than at present (35-19)
- 593 Lill such time as a common grant in ail code for aided primary schools is evolved the rates of dearness allowances grant paid to Primary Schools may be raised to the rates at which such grants are given in respect of Secondary Schools 155-50)

- 533. The managements of Private Aided Institutions may recover Building Fee at a nominal rate from the parents of pupils for a specified period only. (35.52)
- 534. An imprest amount of Rs. 5 may be placed at the disposal of the Head Masters of Primary Schools for meeting expenditure on items of contingency; a sum of Rs. 10 may be sanctioned annually towards contingent expenditure. (35.53)
- 535. A sum of Rs. 100 per annum may be placed at the disposal of each Primary School and the Head Master of the school authorised to utilise the amount for maintenance of the school building and for carrying out petty repairs. (35.54)
- 536. The text books once prescribed may be continued for atleast a period of five years. (35.55)
- 537. Book Depots may be opened at the Taluk level to avoid artificial searcity and to ensure proper supply of text books. (35.56)
- 538. Libraries may be built up in all the Primary Schools in the State over a period of ten years and a sum of Rs. 100 may be sanctioned every year to each such schools for the purchase of books. (35.57)
- 539. The Sanskrit Colleges may be affiliated to the concerned University as a first step and taken over by them in due course. (35.21)

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC LIBRARIES

- 540. The District Libraries at District Headquarters may have two wings, one wing for providing facilities to the people at the District Headquarters and the other wing for providing facilities to the people at the Taluk Headquarters and villages. (36.3)
- 541. The existing staff of the Department including the staff in the Training Institute may continue with a suitable leave reserve as recommended in respect of all the Departments. The question of augmenting the staff may be considered in due course, after the existing Libraries get stabilised and acquire adequate number of books and new Libraries are established. (36.5)
- 542. The Cadre and Recruitment Rules may be framed providing not only for the staff required initially for such of the Libraries as are existing but also for the staff that would be required when the Department is expanded in due course, so as to cover the other Libraries to be established under the Act. (36.6)

- 345 The officers drawn on deputation from other Departments may be repatrated to their parent Departments and duly qualified person appointed either by direct recruitment or by promotion of suit-dily ourlified persons (36-6)
- 54t The Special Pay of Rs. 75 per measem now paid to the State Labrarian may be discontinued. (36-16)

DEPARTMENT OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

- 34) The benefit of four advance merements allowed at present in the case of Non graduate technical persons in the Medical/Public Health/Agriculture Departments who acquire a degree in the respective disciplines may be extended to officers in the Technical Education Department who are similarly creamstanced (37-5)
- off. The propo ed staffing pattern in the Government Polytechnics may be adopted subject to certain modifications suggested (17-b).
- 547 The State's scale of prv now recommended may be given to the members of the staff who are in the scales of pay recommended by the All India Council of Technical I duestion only after the Central assistances is stopped and to others with effect from the date of implementation of the recommendation (37-13)
- 545. It is desirable to bring all the Technical institutions from Certificate to Degree Level under the unitary control of the Director of Technical I ducation. But in view of the apprehension that if all the technical Institutions are brought under the control of the Director of Technical I ducation, it may not be possible to get the Central assistance to the extent to which such assistance is now available the existing set up may be continued for the present and the change-over effected as early as possible in consultation with the Gavennucti of India. (37-11)
- 540 The three posts of Superintendents (Non-gazetted) one cash in the Sri Jayachamar gendra Polytechnic Bangalore Sri Kri binarajendra Silver Jubilee Technological Institute Bangalore and P D T College of Linguisting Davangere may be upgraised to Class II (Gazetted) cudre and adequate powers delegated to them (37-27)
- O The distinction in the scales of pay between the two cate games of efficies of Graduate Lecturers and Lecturers with D₁I car promated from the lower cadre holding identical posts may be removed (97-40).

- 551. The draft Cadre and Recruitment Rules in respect of newly established Institutions may be adopted with such modifications as have been proposed in the case of existing Institutions. (37.81)
- 552. The special pay attached to the posts of the Principals of Sri Krishnarajendra Polytechnic, the Krishnarajendra Silver Jubilee Tcchnological Institute, Bangalore, and the B.D.T. College of Engineering, Davangere may be abolished. (37.83)
- 553. The Special pay given to Heads of Sections while officiating as Principals may be abolished. (37.85)
- 554. Powers for filling Class III posts and for making in-charge arrangements against Class II posts, pending concurrence of the Public Service Commission, may be delegated to the Director so that Government need not have to be approached for orders every time an occasion arises. (37.87)

COMMERCIAL TAXES DEPARTMENT

- 555. The pecuniary jurisdiction of the Assistant Commercial Tax Officers may be raised from Rs. 40,000 to Rs. 60,000. (38.6)
- 556. The work-load of the Assistant Commercial Tax Officers and Commercial Tax Officers may be reduced from 75 to 45 and 45 to 30 cases per month respectively. (38.6)
- 557. The Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal may be abolished and a separate Bench may be created in the Mysore Appellate Tribunal to hear Sales Tax Appeal cases. (38.7)
- 558. The State Representative before the Sales Tax Bench may be an officer of the status of a Deputy Commissioner of Commercial Taxes. (83.7)
- 559. The results of the system of separation of administrative and appellate functions introduced in the Bangalore City Division and Bangalore Division may be watched for a year or two and then extended to the other Divisions, if found useful. (38.8)
- 560. In the case of Touring Cinemas, a himpsum amount may be collected as Entertainment Tax taking 50 per cent of the total seating capacity of the theatre as representing the average attendance at each show and the number of days on which shows are exhibited as the basis for calculation. (38.9)

- 561 The Licensing Anthonties may be empowered under the Cinematograph Rules to cancel or suspend the licences of Cinema Theatre in case of default in the payment of Entertainment Tax continuou is for a period of two months (38-9)
- of? The Commercial Tax Inspectors may be empowered to inspect business premises (38-34)

VINSORE GOVERNMENT INSURINCE DEPUBLIEST

- of? The post of the Deputy Secretary may be revived abolishing one of the posts of Assistant Secretaries (39.3)
- 504 It may be impressed upon all the Unit Officers that they must ensure that insurance premin are deducted at the rates presented by Rules in the monthly salary bills (39.4)
- of a All the posts of Superintendents may be filled by promotion (39 6)
- of 6 Production of Succession Certificates may be insisted up in it to absence of nonunations. All the officials may be advised to make nonunations. (39.8)
- (* The rate of subscription towards insurance premium may be cobanced to 10 per cent of the mean of the manimum and the maximum of the scale of pay of the employee. The rate of subscription (ward. General Provident Fund may also be the same is far insurance in respect of the officials in whose cases insurance is refused (3) 10).
- 568 Temporary vacancies may be filled by promotion as a purely temporary measure and they need not be filled by direct recruitment (39 17)
- ,69 The Secretary may be empowered to accept the estimates for annual repairs to the buildings belonging to the Department upto a limit of Rs 10 000 (\$2.20)

CHAPTER 40

STATE ACCOUNTS DELARTMENT

- 570 Four posts of Deputy Controllers may be upgraded as Senior Deputy Controllers (40.4)
- 571 The Mysore Village Panchavats and Local Boards Act 1979 may be amended so as to make it obligators on the Village Panchavats to produce their books of accounts and other documents by audit (40.5)

572. Posts of Superintendents may be sanctioned at the rate of one each for a District, for supervising the work of audit of accounts of the Taluk Boards and Village Panchayats. The other staff proposed by the Department may also be sanctioned.

Government may issue instructions to the Local Bodies and to the Deputy Commissioners of the Districts to send copies of the compliance Reports sent to the Deputy Commissioners and of the Orders passed by them thereon to the Assistant Controllers of the concerned Local Andit Circles. (40.5)

- 573. The relevant Acts may be amended to provide for the Reports of Audit and accounts of the Local Bodies and Autonomous Bodies being placed before the Legislature. (40.6)
- 574. The post of the Controller, State Accounts Department may be filled by promotion by selection from the cadre of Senior Deputy Controllers. (40.5)
- 575. While for the time being the Gazetted posts in the Public Works Accounts Unit may be filled by posting officers in the Local Fund Audit Wing of the Department, all the gazetted posts in the Public Works Department wing may be filled by promoting and posting officials in the lower cadres in this unit, by stages. (40.28)
- 576. The special pay that is now being paid to the staff working in the Community Development Department may be discontinued. (40.29)
- 577. The Conveyance allowance that is being paid to the officer and officials of the Department working in the Bangalore City Corporation may be discontinued. (49.31)

CHAPTER 41

DEPARTMENT OF TREASURIES

- 578. The new entrants to the Clerical cadre may be given both institutional and inservice training in the type of work which is entrusted to them. (41.4 and 41.10)
- 579. Tahsildars may be divested of the control of the Sub-Treasuries, by stages. Pending implementation of this recommendation, Government may issue strict instructions to the Tahsildars not to interfere with the day-to-day work of the Sub-Treasuries. (41.5 to 41.7)
- 580. The eadre of Gollars may be abolished and future recruitment to the eadre stopped. (41.8)

- 581 The question of augmenting the staff in each Treasury may be considered after a work study is conducted in respect of the work load devolving on each treasury (41.9)
- 552 Truning Institutions may be started to provide training, not only to the persons recritted to the Department of Treasures lut allo to the personnel of other Departments like the State Accounts Department (41-11)
- 583 A proper study of the work load may be conducted at the various levels and adequate staff sanctioned so that the work ould normally be completed during the working hours without having recourse to over time work. (41-12)
- 594 The sale of Lorms and other miscellaneous stems of work which are now being handled by the Treasures and which do not pertain to the work of a Treasury may bereafter be transferred to the concerned administrative Departments (41-13)
- 36) The locked Box system may be extended to other Treasures by stages (31-17)
- 56 The State Huzur Treasury may be abolished and in its place in independent. Pay and Accounts Office may be created in thin, lore City and a District Freisury may be opened in Bangalore to attend to the residuary items of work of the State Huzur Treasury infter the formation of the Pay and Accounts Office (11-19-41-27)
- 557 The revised procedure regarding the dating of cheques i such by the State Hinzur Treasury in respect of Salary exhibits ment and other bill, as suggested may be adopted. (41,24,41,26)
- 58 The Central Stamp Depot along with the post of Superintendent Stamps Bangaline may be transferred to the Directorite of Treasures (41 28)
- 5) Steps into be taken to provide for certain posts in the Cailre and Recrimtment Rules and to regularise the appointments already made (41-31)
- 0 The cadre of H Division Clarks and Shroffs may be combined and formed into a single cadre (31-47)
- It The Special Pay of Rs. 1) per measure that is being paid to the Fre. ury Officer, State Huzur Freasure may be discontinued (11-17).

DIRECTORATE OF EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING

- 592. The Training Wing of the Department may be merged with the Department of Technical Education and the Employment Wing with the Department of Labour in consultation with the Government of India ultimately, though the existing arrangement may continue for the present. (42.7)
- 593. The posts of the Medical Officers attached to the Training Wing may be abolished. The services of the Compounders and Dressers of the Department may be utilised to render First Aid in cases of emergency. (42.8)
- 594. II Division Clerks may be placed in charge of the tools, etc., of the workshops and the qualified Attenders attending to this work may be promoted as II Division Clerks. (42.9)
- 595. The Training Institutions may be classified as Class I, Class II and Class III Institutions based on the strength of students and Principals of appropriate status posted to the Institutions. (42.10)
- 596. The need for continuing the post of the Deputy Director of Employment may be reviewed after the merger of the Department with the Department of Labour with reference to the work-load. (42.33)
- 597. The post of the Deputy Chief, University Employment Information and Guidance Bureau, may be upgraded to that of an Assistant Director of Employment and included in the cadre of Assistant Directors. (42.36)

CHAPTER 43

DEPARTMENT OF FACTORIES AND BOILERS

- 598. The administrative control over this Department may continue to vest in the Commissioner of Labour for some time more. But the Commissioner should not pass orders of transfer and postings in the Department without prior consultation with the Chief Inspector. (43.3)
- 599. The work of checking the basic statistics sent to the Department by the employers may be attended to by the Jurisdiction Inspectors of the Department and the work of collecting and interpreting the data may be attended to by the Statistical Assistant in the Department. (43.4)

- (**O Ten per cent of the posts of Inspectors may be upgraded to posts of Senior Inspectors (43.5)
- 601 The services of the present Medical Inspector of factories vibo has gone abroad for training in the relevant discipline may be utilised on his return (43-6)
- 60° Government may have a study of the work load conducted and then consider the extent to which the Department needs to be reorganised and strengthened (43.8)

DELARTMENT OF FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES

- 603 The Procurement Wing of the Headquarters organisation may be disbanded and the work of the Department strenmlaned the posts that were vacant for a period of more than one year may be retreated (14-11-44-12)
- 603 Smithle procedure may be evolved to scene co-ordination and understanding between the Administrative and the Accounts Winks of the Lood Sections of the Deputy Commissioners' Offices (44-13)
- (0) Control and discipline in a sintable form may be continued in respect of merchants and other distributing agencies dealing in foodgrains and other food staffs [41 14(1)]
- (06 The arrangements indicated for the Warchousing of food grams may be adopted [41 11(2)]
- to 7 One third of the present staff of the Lood Department may be made permanent and the work of the department regulated as indicated (44-15)
- (0) The posts of the Manager of the office of the Director of Lood and Civil Supplies may be upgraded to the Class II gazetted code in recordance with the general pattern suggested in this regard (14.16)
- (0) Special pay sanctioned to the officers of the Department may be abelished. (41-31)
- C10 Additional powers as indicated may be delegated to the Officers of the Department (11.32)

LABOUR DEPARTMENT

- 611. A proper assessment of the work-load for each category of Officers of the Department may be made and their jurisdiction redefined, consistently with such work-load. The existing pattern of administration may be continued till a work study is made as suggested. (45.5)
- 612. Ten per cent of the posts of Labour Inspectors may be appraised to those of Senior Labour Inspectors. The Senior Labour Inspectors may be posted to more important charges and the Labour Inspectors to others. (45.6)
- 613. The Labour Inspectors and the Senior Labour Inspectors may be given conveyance allowance on the basis that they would have to maintain bicycles and not on the basis that they would have to maintain Motor Cycles, (45.7)
- 1614. The Department of Weights and Measures may be merged with the Department of Labour eventually. (45.8)
- 615. The question of publishing the Labour Gazette in Kannada also in addition to English, may be considered if an adequate number of subscribers desires to have copies of the journal in Kannada and the publication in both the languages is not uneconomical. It would be enough if only the pertinent portions of the Awards of the Labour Courts are published in the Government Gazette. Government may accordingly amend the Rules framed under Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 prescribing the manner of publication of Reports and Awards. The Reports and Awards may be published in full in the Labour Gazette. (45.9)
- 616. The Mysore Shops and Commercial Establishments Act, 1961 may be amended to provide for the renewal of Registration every year on payment of fees to be prescribed (45.11).

CHAPTER 46

HIGH COURT OF MYSORE

- 617. Steps may be taken to adjust the staff in the High Court on the Secretariat staffing pattern and to fix the norms of work at various levels. (46.8)
- 618. The work-study of the various items of work dealt with at various levels may be undertaken for determining the work-loads, the points at which more powers than at present can be delegated and the points at which the system of level jumping may be introduced. (46.9)

- 619 The post of a Joint Registrar may be created (46 12)
- 620 The post of the Accounts Officer may be made permanent (46–13)
- 621 A Vigilinee cell may be created in the High Court for a period of two years in the first instance (46-12)
- 622 Two posts of Assistant Registrars may be created (46-14)
 - (23 A Cadre of Semor Assistants may be created (46 15)
- 624 If, after assessment of the work load, additional posts of I Grade Stenographers are found necessary, the High Court may upgrade the posts of such of the II Grade Stenographers as come up to the mark in taking down judgments and possess the necessary fitness for such promotions (46-17)
- 625 Posts of 5 Audit Superintendents and 16 Audit Clerks may be sanctioned for a period of three years on a temporary basis (46-18)
- 626 Additional posts created for election work may be also lished when the work is over (46-19)
- 627 The approval of the Governor to the Rules sanctioned by the High Court under the proviso to Article 220(2) of the Constitution in so far as they relate to salmes, allowances leave or pension, my lk obtained early, the Clucf Justice may finalise the Rules in respect of other matters (46 20)
- 628 The Personal Assistants to Indges and Judgment Writers necompanying Indges on tours may be given Travelling Allowance and Duly Allowance on the same lines as the Personal Assistants to Ministers (46/22)
- 629 The strength of the various cadres may be fixed and the Rules of Recruitment framed taking into consideration the recommendations made by the Commission (46-26)
- (30) The post of III Deputs Registrar may be treated as superimmerary and abolished in due course (16-27)
 - 631 The post of Special Officer may be abolished (16.3)
- 6-2 The grant of Special Pay to various officers in the High Court may be regulated in the manner suggested. (46-51)
- 633 Adequate arrangements may be made to ensure that the Law Reports are printed and published promptly (16-55)
- 634. The rates of sub-cription for the Law Reports may be revised suitably. (46-36)

this. Adequate powers may be delegated to officers at all levels, $\pm 40^{\circ}575^{\circ}$

- 647 The Class IV official in the General Library may be given a Special Pay of Rs. 10 per mensem. (47.28)
- 646 The General Library may be kept open an hour before and an hour after office hours as an experimental measure (47-29)
- 619 Appointments to the Watch and Ward may eventually be made of policenten or ex Servicemen and the posts of watchmen retrenched in the course (47.30)
- (50) A Health Inspector may be taken on deputation from the Department of Health and Tanish Planning Services to ensure conditions in the bath rooms in Vidhama Soudba building 17, 51)
- (a) I unch Rooms may be provided on every floor in the Vidhana Soudha building (47.33)
- ()2 A certain percentage of posts in the Secretariat may be filled by appointment of officers of the Indian Administrative Service/
- C5 Appointment of officers of the Subordinate Judiciary to Josts in the Department of I aw and Parliamentary Affairs may be mad by selection after consultation with the High Court (47-37)
- (a) Specific provision may be made in the Cadre and Recruit ment Hules for appointment of the Cluef Secretary (47-39)
- (... Appointment to the posts of Joint Secretaries (new eadre)
- Cob The post of Budget Officer in the I mance Department may be appraised to that of the Joint Secretary (47-50)
- (5" Under Secretaries should be placed in charge of Field Offices for the same tenure us an officer of the Mysore Administrative Server working in the Secretariat. The interchange of officers should not affect the promotional propects of Section Officers in the Secretariat (147.41).
- 6.8 Direct recruitment to the posts of Section Officers of the Draffing Sections in the Department of Law and Parliamentary Milles it as be resorted to only when suitable persons are not as abille for appointment by promotion (17.57)
- ()—Here po is of Drafting As istants may be abolished if the worl (bad does not justify the po its being filled (47/59)
- 600 He pests of Opter Assistant and Cabinet Assistant mas be coulleted into one post and included in the codin of Section Officers (47.60)

- 661. The status of the post of the Personal Assistant to the Chief Secretary need not be higher than that of a Selection Grade Stenographer. (47.62)
- 662. The Conveyance Allowance attached to the post of the Clock Mechanic may be abolished. (47.70)
- 663. The work of repairs to lifts in the Vidhana Soudha building may be entrusted to the Public Works Department and the post of the Lift Mechanic abolished in due course. (47.73)
- 664. Junior Assistants may be trained in the work of Telephone Operators and the posts of Telephone Operators abolished. (47.75)
- 665. Stenographers who have acquired Proficiency qualification in Shorthand and are not in the cadre of Selection Grade Stenographers may be paid Rs. 10 per day if their services are requisitioned for attending Conferences. (47.82)
- 666. Fifty per cent of the vacancies in the cadre of Stenographers may be filled by promotion from the eadre of duly qualified Typists. (47.85)
- 667. The strength of certain cadres in the Secretariat may be increased so as to include the posts in the Governor's Secretariat as indicated and the posts filled by transfer of officers from the appropriate cadres. (47.89)
- 668, Posts of Accountant, Cashier and House Superintendent in the Governor's Secretariat may, in future, be filled by appointment of officers from the Secretariat. (47.92)
- 669. Proper assessment of the work in the Governor's Secretarial may be made and reduction effected in the number and eadres of posts wherever possible in the interest of economy. (47.95)
- 670. Government may conduct a study of the work which the Special Commissioner in New Delhi has been doing and then decide on whether to continue his office and establishment in the present or a modified form. (47.115)

670 (A). Evaluation and Manpower Wing

(i) In view of the temporary nature of the Wing, it may not be necessary to make any appointment by direct recruitment to any of the posts in the Wing; these posts may be filled by taking officers on deputation from the corresponding eadres in the Bureau of Economies and Statistics. The Rules of Recruitment may be framed accordingly.

Under Secretary and F. Officio Deputy Director of
Engluation (Administration)

- (n) The post may be included in the cadre of the Under Secretaries to Government and filled in accordance with the Rules of Recruitment applicable to the Under Secretaries or in the alternative this may be filled by taking on deputation as Under Secretaria from the Secretarial
- (m) Section Officers—The existing mode of filling the posts by the appointment of Section Officers from the Secretaria may continue (47.96, 47.98 and 47.105)
- 671 The benefit of revision of scales of pay should be given to persons holding several entegories of posts in the establishment of the especial Commissioner in New Delhi wherever the scales of pay for the corresponding posts under the State Government become higher than the existing scales of pay attached to the respective posts (47-117)
- 672 More powers may be delegated to lower officers of the Secretariat (47 119)
- 673 Grant of Special Pay to virious posts in the Secretariat may be regulated on the lines suggested (47 121 to 47 128)

CHAPTER 18

MASORE STATE GAZETTIER

- 674 Ifforts should be made to secure duly qualified persons of proper calibre for working as Editors in the scales of pay suggested (18-5)
- 675 There is no need to give special pay to Stenographers in addition to the Stenographe Allowance admissible. The work load of Typists should be assessed and if necessary, additional posts of Typists created. (18-9)

CHAPTER 19

My-our Puncic Space Commission

676. The scales of pay for the various categories of posts in the Office of the Vivore Public Service Commission may be the same as for corresponding posts in the Mysore Government Secretariat (19/3).

- 677. A work study may be conducted at the various levels in the Office of the Public Service Commission and a decision taken thereafter as to which of the temporary posts including those of the Deputy Secretary and the two Assistant Secretaries should be made permanent. (49.4)
- 678. A cadre of Senior Assistants with the same scale of pay, duties and responsibilities as those in the Secretariat may be created to the extent necessary. (49.5)
- 679. The scales of pay and designations of the various categories of posts and the staffing pattern in the Office of the Public Service Commission should be identical with those in the Secretariat. (49.5)
- 680. The Special Pay attached to the post of the Deputy Controller of Examination should be withdrawn. (49.7)
- 681. The Public Service Commission may be empowered to appoint temporary staff for special work. (49.8)
- 682. All powers of the Hend of the Department generally should be vested in the Secretary of the Public Service Commission. (49.9)

THE MYSORE VIGILANCE COMMISSION

- 683. The respective roles of the Vigilance Commission and the Public Service Commission in disciplinary proceedings may be clearly defined. (50.5)
- 684. The provisions of the Mysore State Vigilance Commission Rules, 1965 and the Mysore Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1957 may be amended to enable the Vigilance Commission not only to have the preliminary investigation conducted but also order preliminary enquiry in cases in which it is satisfied that a prima facie case has been made out without the orders of the Government. (50.6)
- 685. A convention may be built up that the recommendations of the Vigilance Commission are ordinarily accepted and in cases in which the recommendations are not accepted the reasons for doing so are intimated to it, if necessary, by a-confidential letter. (50.7)
- 686. Necessary provision may be made in the Rules to secure the presence of the witnesses and the accused officers. (50.8)
- 687. Government may issue revised procedural instructions from time to time for the guidance of Inquiry Officers and get them printed along with the Mysore Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules. (50.9)

- 688 The jurisdiction of the Commission may be enlarged to cover officials working in I ocal Bodies and Corporations (30 10)
- 689 The liens of the officers who constitute the permanent establishment of the Vigilance Commission may be shifted against corresponding posts in one or the other of the regular Departments and they may be treated as on deputation to the Vigilance Commission (50-13)
- 690 The Personal Assistant to the Vigilance Commissioner may be given 'special Pay at the same rate as Private Secretaries to Vinns ters. The Special Pay given to officers of other Departments on deputation to the Office of the Vigilance Commission may be with drawu. (50-14)
- 691 The Vigilance Commissioner may be clothed with the authority to deal with grievances of parties approaching him for getting relief at the hands of officers of the various departments (a) 15 to 50 17)

DRUGS CONTROL DEPARTMENT

- 692 Four posts of Drugs Inspectors may be converted into posts of Senior Drugs Inspectors (51.3)
- 633 Additional Sections may be created in the Drugs Testing
 Laborators according to a phased programme on the basis of the
 work load (51.4)
- 691 There is no necessity to have a separate Police Wing for the Drugs Control Department (51.5)
- 695 Certain special powers now vested in the Superintendent of I ol ce under the Manual of I maneral Powers may be delegated to the Drugs Controller also Powers as are now vested in the Heads of Offices under the Manual of I maneral Powers may be delegated to the Superintendent Drugs Testing I aboratory and the Principal Government College of Pharmacy Bringalore (51 40)

CHAPTER 52

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND PARKET PLANNING SERVICES

606 The ministerial codies in the Medical Health and Medical Education Wines cray by integrated into a single codic a common semionty list drawn up and promotions rigulated accordingly (52-0)

- 697. The technical cadres in the Medical and Health Wings may be integrated, a single list of seniority prepared for purposes of promotion to the level immediately above the level of entry; but the placement of each officer may, however, depend upon his specialisation. (52.10)
- 698. The need for the continuance of the post of Joint Director (Medical Education) may be reviewed about three years later and the post continued if the work load justifies it. (51.12)
- 699. The post of the Joint Director (Special System) may be abolished and the work transferred to the Joint Director (Medical). (52.12)
- 700. The question of introducing the revised staffing pattern of ministerial staff at District and other major hospitals of the State may be considered after a "Time and Motion" study of the work load involved is got conducted. (52.14)
- 701. Nineteen posts of Lay Secretaries may be created to work as Headquarters Assistants to the District Health and Family Planning Officers. Two posts of Lay Secretaries may also be created to work as Gazetted Assistants in the Directorate. (52.16)
- 702. The post of the Deputy Director (Family Planning) may be upgraded to the status of a Joint Director. (52.17)
- 703. One post of Assistant Controller may be created in the Directorate for dealing with the accounts relating to Family Planning work. (52.18)
- 704. The posts of Accountants of the rank of an Accountant working in the Community Development Blocks may be created in each of the District Health and Family Planning Offices. (52.19)
- 705. Payment of Non-Practising Allowance may be wholly stopped and all the officers in the Department (including the Indian Medicine Branch) may be permitted to have private practice subject to the conditions specified. (52.34, 52.36 and 52.62)
- 706. The Officers in the Health Wing may be treated on par with their counterparts in the Medical Wing in respect of their scales of pay and Non-Practising Allowance. (52.35)
- 707. The Officers of both Medical and Health Wings who secure qualifications higher than those prescribed for the post they might be holding, may be given incentive pay or Specialist Allowance at the rates indicated. (52.37)
- 708. The posts of Resident Medical Officers in the teaching hospitals may be upgraded to the rank of Surgeons. (52.39)

- 700 The system of having Honorary Medical Practitioners may continue Suitable rules may be framed for plugging the loop hole, in the system (52 40)
- 710 The designation of the Superintendent, Nursing Services, may be changed as Assistant Director of Health (Nursing) (52 41)
- 711 The system of Subsidised Medical Practitioners' may be continued under the present terms and conditions in respect of those who have already come under the scheme but no further appointment need however be made under the scheme (52 12)
- 712 The House Surgeons (both Medical and Dental) may be given a stipend of Rs 150 per mensor (52 43)
- 713 The photenent of candidates as House Surgeons after the results of the final examination of the Degree Course in Medicine and Surgery, are declared may be regulated according to the principles indicated (52 44)
- 714 The posts of Electricians may be created for each of the District Hospitals (52 45)
- 715 The Nurse patient ratio may be reduced from 1 10 to 1 6 so that there would be one Nurse for every six patients (52 47)
- 710 The entire deficit in the recurring expenditure and 85 per cent of the non recurring expenditure may be sanctioned as Grantin Aid to private medical institutions of the State based on the actual expenditure (52,49)
- 717 The doctors required to be on night duty may be given a holiday on the succeeding day (52.50)
- 718 Rural Allowance may be given to the Lady Doctors posted to Taluk places and to places below Taluk level at the rates midicated Men Doctors however, may be given the allowance only when they are posted to places below the Taluk level (52 52)
- 719 Risk Mownice may be granted to the officers and staff working in the Vurvedic Colleges and Hospitals at the same rates as for the officers and the staff of corresponding status in the allo pathic Wing (52 35)
- 720 Senior Grade Health Inspectors may be posted to relatively more important charges and Junior Grade Inspectors to other charges (52 57)
- 721. The Jun or Chemists of the Department may be treated on par with the Chemists in the Department of Mires and Goology as regards the risides of pay (52.59).

722. Ten per cent of the posts in the cadre of Compounders may be converted into Senior Grade posts and designated as Senior Compounders. (52,59)

CHAPTER 53.

DEPARTMENT OF TOWN PLANNING

- 723. Suitable provision may be made in the Town and Country Planning Act, Municipal Corporation Acts and the Municipalities Act requiring these bodies to consult the Department of Town Planning before planning and implementing programmes. (53.5)
- 724. Fifty per cent of the posts in the Department, both technical and ministerial, may be made permanent. (53.6)
- 725. The question of augmenting the staff of the Department may be considered as and when Municipalities and other Local Bodies undertake schemes of Town Planning and seek technical assistance of the Department. (53.10)
- 726. The post of the Office Superintendent may be abolished and in lieu thereof, a post of the Headquarters Assistant in Class II Gazetted cadre may be created. (53.11)
- 727. Additional staff to the Central Office may be sanctioned in due course after a "Time and Motion" study is conducted, if the work load justifies it. Special Pay may be given to the technical staff of the Department who have acquired special qualification in Town Planning. (53.12 and 53.39)

CHAPTER 54

DEPARTMENT OF EXCISE

- 728. The existing post of the (Non-technical) Headquarters Assistant may be abolished and a post of a Financial Assistant in the scale of pay of Assistant Controller, State Accounts Department may be created and an officer of that status may be taken on deputation from the State Accounts Department. The post of Manager (Non-Gazetted) may be upgraded to Class II and the work which the (Non-technical) Headquarters Assistant is attending to may be distributed suitably among the (Technical) Headquarters Assistant, Financial Assistant and the Manager. The posts of Auditors may be created later after studying and determining the work-load. (54.6)
- 729. Such of the several posts as are necessary and continued on a temporary basis for long periods may be made permanent. (54.10)

- 730 In view of the relaxat on of prohibition the existing date reserves should be retained as such and regeneration of date trees undertaken wherever possible (54-12)
- 731 Government may frame Rules under the 1 verse \ct to regulate the location of liquor shops only in unobjectionable localities (34-13)
- 752 33 1 per cent of the posts of Assistant District Locise Officers may be filled by direct recruitment (54-16)
- 733 The present restriction of five years of service as First Division Clerks for promotion to the posts of Excise Inspectors may be kept in , beyance for a period of five years during which period service of three years as First Division Clerk with a total service of ten years may be adopted as the service qualifying in officer for promotion to the post of Excise Inspector (54 10)

DEPARTMENT OF FIRE FORCE

- 731 The Department may indicate to the Employment Exchange precisely the qualifications required of a candidate needed by it and the Exchange may sponsor the names of only such candidates. The Department need not be exempted from the purview of the Exchange (35.6).
- 735 Uniforms and Allowances may be given to the officers of this Department uptn the rank corresponding in the rank of the officers of the Police Department to whom such Uniform and allowances are given (55.7)
- 736 Housing furthers may be provided at least to the essential staff as early as possible (55/8)
- 7.7 Muntenance Workshops should be opened in Bangalore, Mysore Hubbi Dharwar and Gulbarga for attending to the major repairs and "service Stations should be opened in each District Headquarters for attending to the servicing and minor repairs of all Government vehicles. The vehicles of the Department of Live Lorce may be sent for attending to repairs to the Regional Workshops and the District Service "tatious which may be set up and view so sent they may be given the highest priority. (55-11 and 55-12)
- 7.68 is far is possible the various appliances and equipment required by the Department may be purchased through the Stores Lurch's Department. The Department may, however, Le authorised to aske direct purchases of tirgent requirements with the express prior standard of Government. (55–13 and 55–14)

- 739. An imprest of Rs. 500 may be placed at the disposal of the Director to enable him to give advances to staff when they go out on Fire Service duties. (55.15)
- 740. Government may issue necessary instructions that the present purely informal arrangement under which the Police Wireless Grid and the Police Stations are transmitting messages about the occurrence of fires, etc., are formalised. (55.17)
- 741. Fire Brigade Allowance drawn by some of the Fire Service personnel may continue to be paid to them. (55.19)
- 742. Such of the employees as are engaged on fire fighting work may be got examined incdically after twenty years of service and periodically thereafter and such of them as are medically fit may be continued in service till the normal age of superanuation. The others may be retired from service on payment of proportionate pension and other pensionary benefits. (55.20)
- 743. Full Daily Allowance may be given to Firemen going outside the Headquarters to attend to Fire Service work even though their absence from Headquarters is less than six hours. (55.21)
- 7.14. The proposals for the levy of inspection charges against "Fire Risks" and for the levy of annual fee for issue of licences to use any building or place as a warehouse or workshop may be examined by Government and finalised early. (55.22)
- 745. The Cadre and Recruitment Rules of the Department which are stated to be under the consideration of Government may be approved as early as possible. (55.24)

FILM, UNIT

- 746. The post of the Officer on Special Duty may be abolished after the expiry of the sauctioned term of the Film Unit and the entire work that is at present being attended to in the Film Unit along with the subordinate staff in the Unit may be transferred to the Department of Information and Tourism. (56.4)
- 747. The duties handled by the officer on Special Duty may be entrusted to an officer of the rank of Deputy Director in the Department of Information and Tourism in addition to his other work. (56.5)
- 748. The system of awards to the best films may continue; the system of subsidy merely on the basis of language may be abolished. Awards may be given instead, to the best Actors and Actresses, to the musicians and singers and to the story-writers and others connected with film production. (56.6)

HOME GUARDS AND CIVIL DEFENCE

- 749 The Department of Home Guards may be placed on a permanent footing (57-13)
- 750 The existing system of payment of fixed remuneration (honorarium) to Part time Instructors in the District Home Guards Unit may continue (57-15)
- 751 The fixed remuneration of Rs 24 per month paid to part time Peons in the Bombas area into be continued and may be extended to other areas whenever found necessary (57-16)
- 7.0° The existing arrangement under which some posts in the Dispartment are filled by taking officers from the Police Department and from the Public Works Department on department may continue for the present (57-17)
- 738 The Department may normally purchase its requirements through the Stores Purchase Department but may be authorised to purch use its requirements without going through the Stores Purchase Department only in exceptional cases and after getting the prior jupicoval of Government (57-18)
- 751 When the Department becomes permanent the officials taken on deputation from other Departments and found suitable for this Department may be absorbed after giving them option either for this Department may be absorbed after giving them option either Departments (57 20)

CHAPTER 58

DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION AND TOURISM

- 755 While the Information Centre in New Delhi may be continued Information Centres need not be established at other Places outside the State. The Information Centre at Gor may be clotd. (58-4)
- 736 Instead of the present three publications namely. If arch of Myrore (Inglish). Janapada. (Kannada) and I anchayata Ryyn. (Kaunada) at would be sufficient if there are only two jul heation—one in Fighsh and one in Kannada. These jublic is in should deal with matters of public interest and their standard should be found up so as to evoke interest among the general public (25).)
- 75" Whenever fittings disturbances and other meadents occur the pass may be suitable friefed fully by supplying correct information so that the pass may inform the public in their own fashion. The system of issuing land outs may be stopped altogether (58/6)

- Government as have no satisfactory machinery of their own may be channelised through the Department of Information and Tourism and in respect of those Departments which have the publicity work may be handled by the Departments themselves. For this purpose, a few important Departments of the former category may be attached to one afficer of the Department of Information and Tourism and the extent to which the work would improve may be watched. (58.7)
- 759. The Assistant Director and other Officers who deal with publicity and information may also attend to the public relations work in the Department. (58.8)
- 760. The contribution by the Village Panchayats towards the supply of Community Receiving Sets should on no account accumulate and every effort should be made to realise the arrears either by recovery or adjustment by consent to wards the amounts payable by way of grant to the Village Panchayats. (58.11)
- 761. The Community Receiving Sets may be kept in the Village Panchayat Halls wherever there are such Halls or in the Schools or other public buildings where there are no Village Panchayat Halls. (58.12)
- Tourist Guides should be appointed at places of Tourist interest. The Rest Houses in and near all the places of tourist interest in the State may be brought under the control of this Department. Whenever the Public Works Department takes in the construction of Rest Houses, they may also consult this Department. (58.16)

MOTOR VEHICLES DEPARTMENT

- 763. Tax on Passengers and Goods may be merged with Motor Vehicles Tax after the other States with whom the State has entered into agreement in respect of single point taxation agree to do likewise. (59.11)
- 764. All carriers—public or private—may be treated on the same footing and taxes collected from both at uniform rates. Taxes may also be collected from Government vehicles. (59.12 and 59.13)
- 765. The existing cheek-posts may be strengthened and the standard of cheeking improved. There is no need to increase the number of check-posts. (59.13)

- 766 The four posts of Deputy Transport Commissioners sanctioned in Government Order No. HD 184 TME 65 dated 4th March 1967 may be made permanent and filled by promotion from the new cadre of Regional Transport Officers. (59-23)
- The separate endre of Semor Regional Transport Officers may be abolished and there may be a common endre of Regional Transport Officers with a uniform scale of pay in all the Districts a selection grade may, however, be provided to the existing Semor Regional Transport Officers till such time as they get pressured or retire (a9 15)
- 7(8) The posts of Assistant Regional Transport Officers may be abloshed. The existing incumbents in this endra may, however be allowed to remain in it till they retire or are promoted to the endre of Regional Transport Officers. (59-93).
- 769 The post of Accounts Superintendent may be upgraded to that of Accounts Officer (59-18)
- 770 Flying Squads may be attached to the Deputy Fransport Commissioners instead of to the Deputy Inspector General of Police as at present (59-19)
- 771 Branch Treasures or Treasury Sections may be opened in all the Regional Transport Offices where the average collection exceed. Its 10 lakins per annum and where the vehicle strength is note than 2 000 (40 20)
- 772 Compensation physble to Local Bodies for the loss of toll tax and vehicle tax, should be refixed on a scientific basis and revised once in every five years (59 21)

CHAPTER on

THE MYSORE STATE SOLDIERS', SALLORS AND ARRIVER'S BOARD

- 773 The present arrangement under which one of the Under Secretaines is attending to the work of the Mysore State Soldiers', Saulors' and Airment's Board in addition to his own duties may be terminated soon after the post of the Secretary of the Mysore State Soldiers, Sulors' and Airmen's Board is regularly filed (60 2)
- 771 The concurrence of the Government of India may be obtained if considered necessary, for the revision of scales of pay in respect of the staff of the District Soldiers', Sullors' and Armen's Boxels (60-5)

Police Department

- 775. As the policy of Prohibition has undergone a material change, the staff entrusted with the work of Prohibition Intelligence may be abolished in those districts where Prohibition is removed. (61.1)
- 776. The Police Radio Wing of the Department may be treated as a technical wing with scales of pay different from those for the regular executive Police force. (61.9)
- 777. Three additional posts of Deputy Superintendents of Police may be created one each for North Kanara and Bangalore Districts and one for the Railway Police. (61.10)
- 778. Only the minimum number of transport vehicles of the Department may be kept under the direct control of the Officers of the Department and the rest may be placed in a common pool. (61.11)
- 779. The regular Police force may render such assistance as the Department of Drugs Control requires and no separate Police Cell need be created in that Department. (61.12)
- 780. The Posts of Deputy Superintendents of Police may be upgraded to Class I cadre. (61.28)
- 781. The posts of Police Inspectors may be appraded to gazetted Class II Cadre. (61.31)
- 782. Certain additional financial powers may be delegated to the Inspector-General of Police, Deputy Inspector-General of Police and the Superintendents of Police. (61.55)

CHAPTER 62

DEPARTMENT OF PRISONS

- 783. Government may issue circular instructions to all the Departments that they should place orders for the articles of furniture required by them during the entire year, at the commencement of the financial year itself. (62.8)
- 784. The percentage of profit to be charged by the various jails on the articles manufactured by them may be uniformly fixed at 15 per cent. (62.9)

- 785 The question of establishing a common Training Institution in Bangalore for training the officers of the Department for all the Southern States may be pursued with the State Government concerned and until such time as an Institution as established in Bangalore the existing arrangement under which officers of this State are being deputed for training to Bombay may be continued (CO 11)
- 786 Residential quarters to the jail staff may be taken upon a phase 1 programme and completed early (62 14)
- 767 Wherever sintable land is available in the vicinity of julk farms be attached to the julk (62-15)
- 785. There should be some male nurses during nights to look after in it. In principle and women nurses throughout the day to look after women inmates who fall ill and are hospitalised and i I adv Doctor should visit the jul regularly to treat the women patients (c? 16).
- 759 Overtune wages may be paid to the convicts in juls only after determining suitable norms of work for a full working day and when the production goes beyond such norms on an average over a month (6º 17)
- 790 It may be possible in course of time to create a cadre of officials for police duties in this Department itself and whitever is spent on a section of the police establishment may be spent on this section. Government may examine this question as early as possible (6° 19)
- 791 A leave reserve may be created for the warders at 5 per cent of the normal strength (69-32)
- 792 The Superintendents in the Major Juls at Bangalore Belganin Dharwar and Gulbarga may be provided with Stenogra phers (62 11)
- 703 A post of Stock Verifier in the grade of Superintendent Grade I may be sanctioned (62-46)

OFFICE OF THE ADVOCATE GENERAL

794 The present system of appointment of Law Officers by panels may be put an end to Suitable Advocates may be appointed by name either for specific type of cases or generally as the Governient may deem fit after consulting the High Court about their experience ability and fitness (CS 5)

500 The need for the additional staff may be considered after an assessment is made of the work load devolving on the different grades of Officers now working in the Secretariat (64-48)

CHAPTER 65

DEPARTMENT OF SUBORDINATE JUDICIARY

- The posts of Sheristedars of District Courts may be upgraded to Class II (gazetted) cadre and designated as "Registrars of District Courts" (65-4)
- 809 Sheristedars in all the Courts of Civil Judges may be in Class III (non-gazetted) cadre equated to posts of Superintendents (rade 1 (65.4)
- 809 Head Munshes of Munshfs Courts may be equated to Superintendents Grade II (65.4)
- 610 The staffing pattern for the City Magistrates' Courts at Bangalore Mysore and Kolar Gold Fields may be the same as in the Civil Judges Courts (65-5)
- 811 One Court of Vigistrate in each of the Cities of Hubb Mungalore Belgaum and Davangere may be converted into City Magistrates Courts (65.5)
- 512 Copyist Laminers in all Courts may be in the Tirst Division element endre (65-6)
- 513 Copyrists may be included in the cadre of H Division Clarks and promoted as Copyrist Frammers in their turn on the basis of seniority cum ment (65.6)
- 914 Then need not be a separate cadre for Copyist I vanuers (65,6)
 - Slo 'Non-S S L C Copusts" need not be equated with S S I ('Copusts (65.7)
- S16 Each Civil Court should be given an independent Typist, there is however no need to have independent Typists in Courts where there are Clerks knowing typing work and have been attending to typing work now in which case they may be paid additional allowance of Rs. 10 per measure for this work. (Co. 8)
- \$17 Fibre may be one Nazir for every District Court one for the Court of the Civil Judge and Munsiff in the District Headquarters and other places where there are Courts of Civil Judges, there may be \$\epsilon 1 \text{ Nazir each for a Court of a Munsiff where that is the only court (C7-9)

- 818. Process Servers may be in one grade and Ameens may be in a higher grade and redesignated as 'Bailiffs'. (65.10)
- S19. The Fixed Travelling Allowance attached to the posts of "Bailiffs" and Process Servers may be raised to Rs. 25 per mensem. (65.11)
- 820. As a working rule, there may be a District Court in the Headquarters of each District. (65.16)
- 821. Civil Judges' Courts which have insufficient work may be abolished by suitable amendment to the Civil Courts Act. (65.16)
- 822. Additional posts of Civil Judges may be created temporarily for Civil Courts where the work is very heavy. (65.16)
- 823. The recommendations made with regard to Civil Judges' Courts may apply to the Courts of Munsiffs also. (65.16)
- \$24. Ten per cent of the posts in the cadre of permanent District Judges may be created in the selection grade and this grade may be made personal to the officers concerned. (65.17)
- 825. The Mysore Civil Courts Act, 1964 may be amended to give effect to the following recommendations:
 - (1) Courts of Civil Judges which have insufficient work, may be abolished and the work of such Courts entrusted to the Districts Judges. Section 20 of the Mysore Civil Courts Act 1964 should be amended to provide for appeals against decrees and orders passed by Munsifis being filed directly in the Courts of District Judges.
 - (2) The Government should be invested with the power of enlarging the peeuniary jurisdiction upto Rs. 15,000 of such of the Munsiffs as have put in 10 years of service and are recommended by the High Court.
 - (3) Sections 25 and 26 should be amended to empower Civil Judges in charge of the post of a District Judge to pass orders in urgent matters.
 - (4) The Act should be so amended on the pattern of Section 23 of the Bombay Civil Courts Act to empower the High Court to create additional posts of Civil Judges and Munsiffs in any Civil Court by keeping similar posts vacant in any other Court. (65.18)
- 826. There should be a uniform staffing pattern for each category of courts based on the assessment of work-load. (65.19)
- 827. Further Administrative powers may be delegated to the Judicial Officers at different levels. (65.67)

THE OLLICE OF THE CHIEF TRANSLATOR TO GOVERNMENT

- 878 The Chief Franslator may be declared the Head of a Mance Department. The I am Department may however continue to be the administrative Department for all purposes. It would be adequate if the post of the Chief Translator is equated with the post of an I nder Secretary to Government. (66.4)
- 529 The translation unit of the Legislature Secretariat may be transferred to the office of the Chief Translator by stages. The translation unit of the Government Press may also be transferred to the office of the Chief Translator and a common cadre constituted for all these units. (66.5—66.7)
- 830 One post of I Division Clerk may be created to look after the administrative work (66.8)
- S31 The norms of work may be raised tentatively to eight folios per day and the final norms fixed after conducting a Time and Motion study (66.9)
- 83' Whenever fees or amounts in lumpsims are received from the Government of India towards work done for them. Government mix pass on fifty per cent of such fee to the officials who attended to such work out of office hours and without prejudice to the normal work according to the norms prescribed. (66 10)
- 833 The Kannada Translation As istants who have adequate knowledge of ininonty languages may be given a special pay of Rs. 15 per measure if they attend to the work relating to the minority languages in addition to their regular work. (66-18)

CHAPTER 67

BUREAU OF PRONOMICS AND STATISTICS

- 831 The Bureau of I conomics and Statistics may be declared a Major Department (67-1)
- 535 The Progress Assistants may be retained as members of the 12 k team with the administrative and technical control vested with the Development Department and the Burean respectively (C7.)
- 86 Though different Departments of Government can have small stat tech units they should be manned by efficient talen on deputation from the Bureau and the posts of Statisticians in the

various departments may be brought under the Cadre of the Bureau of Economics and Statistics except where suggestions are made to the contrary. (67.6)

- S37. Government may issue instructions to the Heads of all Departments to utilise the equipment available with the Bureau to the maximum extent possible. If at a later date the equipment is required to be replaced, Government may consider going in for the latest equipment which may be maintained centrally either with the Bureau or in a Central Office like the Vidhana Soudha and the work of all offices in Bangalore got done by this machine.
- S38. Government may examine the feasibility of introducing similar arrangements, in the Districts or 'Divisions' in case the work in a particular District or 'Division' justifies the installation of such equipment. (67.7 to 67.10)
- 839. Government may have a study of the work load conducted and then consider the extent to which the Department needs to be reorganised and strengthened. (67.32)

CHAPTER 68

PROBATION AND AFTER-CARE SERVICES DEPARTMENT

- 840. The Industrial and Agricultural Settlement at Bijapur may be closed down. (68.3)
- 841. The two District Shelters at Mysore and Belgaum may be closed down. (68.5)
- \$42. The four posts of Liaison Officers may be abolished. (68.6)
- S43. The post of Regional Probation Superintendent may be abolished. (68.7)
- 844. The question of forming Organisations consisting of nonofficials for undertaking the work now done by the Department may be considered. (68.8)
- 845. Government may run only a few Institutions to serve as model Institutions until private philanthropic organisations are induced to take up the work. (68:8)
- 846. The Department of Probation and After-care Services and the Department of Social Welfare may be merged into one Department after the transfer of the several schemes from the Social Welfare Department to other Departments. (68.9)

* 847 The inmates of the State Homes, etc., on their discharge from the institutions may be provided with sewing machines or other equipment in which they were given training in the Institution (68-31)

- 854. (a) The Electrical Inspectorate should be made an independent Department. (70.5)
- 855. Pending the Constitution of an independent Inspectorate, as a first step the posts of Junior Inspectors may be filled by direct restruitment of persons with necessary qualifications. (70.10).

GOVERNMENT FLYING TRAINING SCHOOL

- 856. Four posts of Aircraft Helpers may be converted into those of Aircraft Hands. (71.3)
- 857. One of the posts of Second Division Clerks may be upgraded to that of a First Division Clerk. (71.4)
- 858. Staff working in the work-charged establishment for maintenance of the Aerodrome, who have put in a continuous service of 10 years and more may be confirmed. (71.5)
- 859. The henefits and conditions of service recommended in respect of personnel working in the work charged establishment of the Public Works Department may be extended to cover the corresponding categories of personnel in this Institution also. (71.6)
- 860. The City Market Bus Stand at Bangalore may be taken as the point from which the hus fare is to be calculated for payment of conveyance allowance. (71.6)

CHAPTER 72

THE MYSORE PORTS DEPARTMENT

861. No recommendations of a general nature

CHAPTER 73

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

- 862. The Board of Chief Engineers may be placed on a formal footing and the seniormost Chief Engineer may be appointed as the Chairman of the Board. (73.9)
- 863. Four Zones may be constituted under four Chief Engineers. (73.11).

- 861 The Bangalore Water Supply and Swerage Board may have an Officer of the status of a Supermending Engineer the City Improvement Trust Board and the Mysore Housing Board may have officers of the status of Executive Engineers to be in charge of their respective Engineering Wings. (73-12)
- 865 Circles Divisions and Sub Divisions may be reconstituted on the lines indicated (73 16 to 73 36)
- 866 There may be a Central Designs Organisation working inder the Chief Figureer Minor Irrigation and Public I: ith Figurering In addition Designs Organisations may be set up in each Zone under an Faceutive Engineer (73 37)
- 867 The Research Station at Krishnarayasigar may be placed under the Chief Engineer, Minor Irrigation and Public Health Engineering (73-38)
- 565 The Regional Workshop at Bangalore at Bangalore may be treated also as the Central Mechanical Workshop it may be placed under a Superintending Engineer and the Regional Workshops in Mysore Belgaum and Gulbarga may be placed under Executive I numers (78-39)
- \$6.9 \ separate eadre of Mechanical Ingineers need not be constituted such of the Mechanical Engineers as are in service or as m v be recruited hereafter may be given placement in which they would have adequate opportunities to utilise their knowledge (73-10)
- 870 An Accounts Officer in the cidre of Assistant Controllers may be posted to the office of each of the Chief Engineers to super yet the accounts work in the several divisions under the control of the Chief Engineer concerned (73 42)
- 871 The present system of pre audit may be replaced by concurrent post audit in all major projects (73.45)
- 872 The Chief Architect may co-ordinate with the Chief Figureer in charge of the Designs Organisation and the other Chief Figureers as indicated (73 50 to 73 51)
- 873 All the Technical and Ministerial posts in the unit of the Chief Architect may be filled by taking Officers on deputation from the Pullic Works Department (73 52 to 73 53)
- 871 The transfers postings and placement of officers for the Investigation of Projects may be effected as indicated (73.56)
- 875 The norms of work load as indicated into be adopted (79.59 to 73.59)

- 876. The procedure indicated for purchases of Stores may be followed. (73.61)
- 877. The procedure indicated for obtaining sanction to the purchase of materials may be adopted. (73.63)
- 578. The suggestions made by the Adviser in regard to the proper management of Stores and proper maintenance of Stores Accounts may be implemented. (73.64)
- 879. The procedure as indicated with regard to the execution of works by heavy earth moving equipment, when the Department owns, maintains and operates such machines may be followed. 478.65 to 78.66)
- 880. Action may be taken as indicated for ensuring the control of the quality of works under execution whether executed through Contractors or by departmental agency. (73.68 to 73.71)
- 881. A revised Public Works Department Accounts Code may be prepared. (73.78)
- 882. The procedure as indicated in respect of Irrigation Management may be followed. (73.74 to 73.76)
- 883. The procedure as indicated with regard to the maintenance and upkeep of assets created in other sectors like Communication, Buildings and Public Health Engineering Works may be adopted. (73.77 to 73.78)
- 884. The procedure as indicated about according administrative approval to the estimates for Major and Medium Irrigations works may be followed. (73.79 to 73.81)
- 885. Action may be taken to prepare realistic schedule of rates as indicated. (73.82)
- 886. The procedure as indicated in respect of Land Acquisition may be adopted. (73.83 to 73.91)
- 887. The procedure as indicated with regard to the allotment of Government vehicles to the officers of the Public Works Department may be followed. (73.93)
- 888. The intake in the Engineering Colleges and Institutions conferring diploma may be reduced by stages till the persons with engineering qualification are able to secure suitable employment. (73.97)
- 889. The idle capacity in the Engineering Colleges and other Institutions of a like nature may be utilised for giving refresher courses etc., to inservice Engineers. (73.98)

- 890 The Departmental examinations in Engineering subjects and Accounts may be revived for Assistant Engineers. Junior Engineers and Supervisors. Government may make arrangements for efficiency of the Department forming a study term to go outside the State to observe and study projects of the type which they are required to plan and execute within the State. (73-99)
- 691 Full advantage may be taken of opportunities for sending the officers to Central Organisations like the Central Public Works. Department and the Central Water and Power Commission (73 100)
- 892 The Unit that has undertaken the studies about the Interactive Rivers may be placed under the control of the Chief I nameer, Minor Irrigation and Public Health Physicering (73-102)
- 893 The Board of Chief Fagineers may have an Administrative Officer in charge of administration (establishment matters) of the entire Department (73-112)
- 891 One post of Chief Fugureer may be in the Selection Grade (73 117)
- About 680 Junior Engineers or so may be absorbed as Junior Assistant Engineers (73 155)
- 5%. The services of the surplus Junior Engineers may be utilised by undertaking execution of various works Departmentally or their services may be placed at the disposal of the Construction Corporation and they may be gradually absorbed in the eadre of Jinnor Assistant Ingineers and further promoted as Assistant Figureers in course of time as and when symmetric prize [73, 157].
- 597 Iwo classes (Grade I and Grade II) may be constituted in the cadre of Head Draughtsman (73-161)
- 808 I en per cent of the posts of the Supervisors may be treated as Selection Grade posts (73 188)
- 599 The service conditions and the emoluments of the Work Charged Establishment may be revised as indicated (73 909— 73 910)
- 900 Special Pay at the rates indicated may be given to the officers in the Unit of the Chief Architect (73 316)

DEPARTMENT OF ENDOWMENTS

- 901. The Additional District Judge at Dharwar or Belgaum may be appointed as the Charity Commissioner. (74.7)
- 902. The Executive Officers of the Madras area may be absorbed in Government service. (74.8)
 - 903. No fee need be levied for darshan of the Deity. (74.10)
- 904. It may be ensured that Puduvats are drawn regularly and utilised properly. (74.11)
- 905. Jewels and valuables belonging to the temples may be kept in the District or Suh-Treasuries. (74.12)
- 906. The three Agama Pandits attached to the Office of the Commissioner for Endowments may be absorbed as Professors, Assistant Professors or Lecturers in Sanskrit Colleges at Mysore or Melkote. (74.20)

CHAPTER 75

Mysore Revenue Appellate Tribunal

- 907. A common Tribunal designated the Mysore Appellate Tribunal may be constituted by merging the Mysore Co-operative Appellate Tribunal, the Mysore State Transport Appellate Tribunal and the Mysore Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal with the Mysore Revenue Appellate Tribunal. The composite Tribunal may be placed under the supervisory control of the High Court. (75.16)
- 908. The Chairman of the Tribunal may be declared the Head of the Office. (75.24)
- 909. The Tribunal may have six Benches of which four may be in Bangalore and one each in Mysore and Belgaum. (75.20)
- 910. Special pay may be paid to all the members (including the Judicial Members) at Rs. 100 per month. (75.34)

REGISTRATION AND STAMPS DEPARTMENT

- 911 The system of filling duplicate copies of all types of documents presented for registration may be adopted after making proper provisions to ensure that the duplicate copies are filled only after proper verification (76-11)
- 912 The Sub-Registry Offices receiving more than 7,000 documents Jer year may be bifureated, the Sub-Registry Offices may be reorganized and reconstituted in such a way that no Sub-Registry Office receives less than 3,500 documents in a year. Pending such reorganisation and re-constitution Sub-Registry Offices registering more than 5,000 documents may be given additional Sub-Registrars of the H Grade to be designated as Joint Sub-Registrars Comparatively heavy Sub-Registry Office, i.e., Offices registering more than 3,500 documents but less than 5,000 documents may be placed in charge of 1 Grade Sub-Registrars (76 14)
- 913 The posts of 1 Grade Sub-Registrars may be clubbed together with the posts of Headquarters Sub-Registrars and treated as Class II posts (76 20)
- 911 In respect of the Sub-Registry Offices situated in the promises of the Taluk Officers, the watchman of the Taluk Office may be entrusted with the responsibility of guarding the Sub-Registry Offices also, without any extra remuneration (76 26)
- 915 The fees levied for the registration of Firms and Societies and for the filling of Annual Returns by them may be enhanced. (76-30)
- 216 The post of Superintendent of Stamps along with the technical staff of the stamp section may be transferred to the control of Treasury Department (70-50)

CHAPTER 77

REVINE DIPARTMENT

917 The post of the Special Deputy Commissioner for Inam Aboliton, Gulbarga Division and his establishment may be abolished and the residuary work entrusted to the Deputy Commissioners of the Districts concerned (77-11)

- 918. The Special Deputy Commissioner for Inam Abolition, Bangalore Division and his establishment may be continued till the end of March 1969 with instructions to decide all cases by 31st March 1969. (77.12)
- 919. The Special Deputy Commissioner for Inam Abolition, Hassan Division, may be given some experienced staff and also one more Stenographer. (77,13)
- 920. In order to dispose of heavy pendency of Inam Abolition cases, the Deputy Commissioner, Mandya, may be given additional elerical assistance or some of the cases may be transferred to the Special Deputy Commissioner, Hassan Division, Hassan. (77.14)
- 921. Government may issue instructions to all the officers conterned to dispose of all the pending Inam Abolition cases as quickly as possible. (77.16)
- 922. Government may, in consultation with the High Court, transfer the entire administrative control over the Tribunals to the High Court. (77.18)
- 923. The Revenue Commissioner may keep a close watch on the work of the Special Land Acquisition Officers and terminate their posts along with those of their subordinate staff immediately after the Special items of work entrusted to them are completed. (77.19)
- 921. Fixed Travelling Allowance may be paid at Rs. 100 per measurement to the Tahsildars in charge of Tahıks and at Rs. 30 per measurement to the Revenue Inspectors. No separate Fixed Travelling Allowance need be paid to telim in connection with the Food procurement operations. (77.83)
- 925. The powers that have now been given to the officers at various levels are not sufficient to enable the Officers to attend to their work promptly and efficiently. The Officers at various levels may continue to exercise the various powers which they are now exercising and in addition certain further powers as proposed may also be delegated to them. (77.84)

SURVEY, SETTLEMENT AND LAND RECORDS DEPARTMENT

926. Stone Depots may be opened by Government in larger villages in the Gulbarga District in the first instance and the system extended to other areas in due course if it is found to be useful. (78.5)

- 927 The survey maps may be made available to the public at the faluk Offices on payment of cash (78.6)
- 925 The practice of effecting cuts in the salary of Surveyors for short full in work may be discontinued and disciplinary action taken if there is persistent shortage in their work (78-8)
- 929 The Surveyors and Supervisors may be brought under the administrative control of the Tabsildars (78-9)
- 430 Future vacancies of 'Record of Rights Clerks' may be filled by the transfer of Second Division Clerks of the Revenue Department (78 10)
- 931 Irnung Classes may be organised at Taluk Headquarters for giving survey training to the I and II Division Clerks of the Department The Gazetted Officers of the Department may also he deputed for survey training at the Survey Training Institute at Hyderabad and Debra Dun (78-11)
- 932 Ouly persons trained in survey work may be recruited to the Department in future (78-11)
- 933 The authorities of the Polytechnics may be requested to give 3 months' or 6 months' Survey Training to those who have secured Diploma in Civil Engineering (78-11)
- 931 All the vacant posts in the permanent cadre of Surveyors may be filled in the first instance, the question of filling the additional (temporary) posts created for special items of work may be examined in due course (78-12)
- 935 All the Class II posts like District Survey Officers, Assistant Survey Officers etc. may be designated as "Assistant Super-intendents" (78-19)
- 936 I urther financial and administrative powers may be delegated to the Deputy Commissioner for Land Records and Survey Officer, City Survey Bangalore in accordance with the general principles enunciated in Chapter No. 9 (78-31 and 78-32)
- 977 The Deputy Commissioner for Settlement may be designated as 'Deputy Commissioner for Land Records and Settlement" (78-33)

